YOUR
GROUP INSURANCE
PLAN

COLUMBIA COLLEGE

CLASS 0001

AD&D, OPTIONAL LIFE, DENTAL, LTD, LIFE, STD, VISION, CRITICAL ILLNESS, VOLUNTARY AD&D, ACCIDENT BENEFITS, HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001
(212) 598-8000
www.GuardianAnytime.com

If Your Group Certificate includes any of the following coverages: Guardian Insured: Group Accident, Group Cancer, Group Critical Illness, Group Hospital Indemnity, Group Dental or Group Vision, the following consumer complaint notice is applicable. (Employer Funded Coverages, if any, are excluded from this Rider.)

New Mexico Residents
Consumer Complaint Notice

If You are a resident of New Mexico, Your coverage will be administered in accordance with the minimum applicable standards of New Mexico law. If You have concerns regarding a claim, premium, or other matters relating to this coverage, You may file a complaint with the New Mexico Office of Superintendent of Insurance (OSI) using the complaint form available on the OSI website and found at:

httsp://www.osi.stat.nm.us/ConsumerAssistance/index.aspx

CCN-2019-NM B999.0042

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001

We, The Guardian, certify that the employee named below is entitled to the insurance benefits provided by The Guardian described in this certificate, provided the eligibility and effective date requirements of the plan are satisfied.

Group Policy No.	Certificate No.	Effective Date
Issued To		

This CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE replaces any CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE previously issued under the above Plan or under any other Plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the Planholder by The Guardian.

B110.0023

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

SECTION I The benefits described in Section I of this booklet are directly funded through and provided by your employer, and are not insured by Guardian.

Your employer, has the sole responsibility and liability for payment of these benefits. Guardian supplies administrative services, such as: claims services and preparation of employee benefit booklets.

As used in Section I of this booklet, the terms:

- "certificate" refers to this booklet describing the benefits directly funded through and provided by your employer;
- "insurance" and "insured" refers to the benefits directly funded through and provided by your employer;
- "plan", "we", "us" and "our" refer to the benefits that are directly funded through and provided by your employer, and are not insured by Guardian;
- "premium," "premiums," and "premium charge" refer to payments required from you for coverage under this plan; and
- "proof of insurability" refers to any evidence of your good health which may be required under this plan.

All terms and provisions, maximums or limitations set forth in Section I of this Certificate Booklet will be applicable to the benefits described in Section I of this booklet and provided by your employer.

SECTION II These benefits are purchased and provided through a group insurance plan issued by Guardian to your employer.

B115.0127

SECTION I: Employer-Funded Benefits Not Insured By Guardian

B115.0002

An Important Notice About Continuation Rights

The following "Federal Continuation Rights" section may not apply to the employer's plan. You must contact your employer to find out if: (a) the employer is subject to the "Federal Continuation Rights" section, and therefore; (b) the section applies to you.

B235.0109

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

Federal Continuation Rights

Important Notice

This notice contains important information about the right to continue group dental coverage. In addition to the continuation rights described below, other health coverage alternatives may be available through states' Health Insurance Marketplaces. Please read the information contained in this notice very carefully.

This section applies only to any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to any coverage for loss of income due to disability. This coverage can not be continued under this section.

Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered actived employee or qualified retiree; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

If Your Group Health Benefits End

If you are a qualified continuee and your group health benefits end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, you may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if you were not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover you or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees

If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give your employer written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify your employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total cost of coverage also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by your employer during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents

If your group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, you may elect to continue such benefits, provided that:

(a) you are or become a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and

(b) you and your dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for your lifetime. After your death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for you and your dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If you die before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, your surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceedings. The continuation can last for your surviving spouse's lifetime.

This special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

B235.0568

If You Die While Covered

If you die while covered, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If Your Marriage Ends

If your marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If a Dependent Child Loses Eligibility

If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than your coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Concurrent Continuations

If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule

If you become entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after your later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of your earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities

A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify your employer, in writing, of: (a) your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of a covered dependent child; (c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to your employer within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses (or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determination must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

B235.0181

Your Employer's Responsibilities

Your employer must notify the qualified continuee, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the payments he or she must make to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

If your employer determines that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, they must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, your employer must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Election of Continuation

To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give your employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from your employer as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must make his or her first payment in a timely manner.

The subsequent payments must be paid to your employer, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by your employer. No further notice of when payments are due will be given.

The payment will be the total cost of coverage for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed covered under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by your employer. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total cost of coverage may also be required by your employer.

If the qualified continuee fails to give your employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to make any required payments in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment

A qualified continuee's payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the payment that must be made; unless your employer notifies the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to your employer.

When Continuation Ends

A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

(1) with respect to continuation upon your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(3) with respect to continuation upon your death, your legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of a covered dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(4) the date the employer ceases to provide any group health plan to any employee;

(5) the end of the period for which the last payment is made;

(6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or

(7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

B235.0190

Uniformed Services Continuation Rights

If you enter or return from military service, you may have special rights under this *plan* as a result of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 ("USERRA").

If your group health benefits under this *plan* would otherwise end because you enter into active military service, this *plan* will allow you, or your dependents, to continue such coverage in accord with the provisions of USERRA. As used here, "group health benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this *plan.*

Coverage under this plan may be continued while you are in the military for up to a maximum period of 24 months beginning on the date of absence from work. Continued coverage will end if you fail to return to work in a timely manner after military service ends as provided under USERRA. You should contact your employer for details about this continuation provision including required premium payments.

B235.0194

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

(To be attached to certificates issued to employees)

Group Policy No.: G-00463298-HC

Issued to: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Amendment Effective: Effective September 4, 2009, or the earlier of the effective date of any major medical, prescription drug, dental or vision coverage under this plan; or your first renewal on or following September 4, 2009

This rider amends this plan's group health benefits provisions so that the following is added to this plan:

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

State MoCOBRA - For Employer Groups of 2-19

Important Notice

This section applies only to any major medical, dental, vision and/or prescription drug coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to any coverage for loss of income due to disability. This coverage can not be continued under this section.

Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered active employee or qualified retiree ; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

Conversion

Continuing the group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

If Your Group Health Benefits End

If your group health benefits end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, you may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if you were not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover you or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees

If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give ADP COBRA Services (ADP) written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify ADP within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total cost of coverage also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by your employer during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents

If your group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, you may elect to continue such benefits, provided that

(a) you are or become a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and

(b) you and your dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for your lifetime. After your death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for you and your dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If you die before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, your surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceedings. The continuation can last for your surviving spouse's lifetime.

This special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

If Your Marriage Ends

If your marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If a Dependent Child Loses Eligibility

If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than your coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Concurrent Continuations

If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, either: (a) the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above; or (b) you become entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule

If you become entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after your later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of your earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities

A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify your employer, in writing, of: (a) your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child(c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to your employer within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses(or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determination must be given to your employer within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

B250.0014

Your Employer's Responsibilities

Your employer must notify the qualified continuee, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the qualified continuee within 14 days of: (a) the date a qualified continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to your death or your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; (b) the date a qualified continuee notifies your employer, in writing, of your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured dependent child; or (c) the date your employer declares bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States Code.

If your employer determines that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, they must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, your employer must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Your Employer's Liability

Your employer will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) he or she fails to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) he or she fails to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation

To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give your employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from your employer as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to your employer, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by your employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by your employer. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by your employer.

If the qualified continuee fails to give your employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums

A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless your employer notifies the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to your employer.

When Continuation Ends

A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

(1) with respect to continuation upon your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(3) with respect to continuation upon your death, your legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(4) the date the employer ceases to provide any group health plan to any employee;

(5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;

(6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or

(7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

B250.0015

ELIGIBILITY FOR DENTAL COVERAGE

B489.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees

To be eligible for *employee* coverage you must be an active *full-time employee* or a *qualified retiree.* And you must belong to a class of *employees* covered by this *plan.*

Other Conditions

If you must pay all or part of the cost of *employee* coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we consider you to be a late entrant.

If you initially waived dental coverage under this *plan* because you were covered under another group *plan,* and you now elect to enroll in the dental coverage under this *plan,* the Penalty for Late Entrants provision will not apply to you with regard to dental coverage provided your coverage under the other *plan* ends due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's *plan;* (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other *plan.*

But you must enroll in the dental coverage under this *plan* within 30 days of the date that any of the events described above occur.

B489.0123

When Your Coverage Starts

Employee benefits are scheduled to start on your effective date.

But you must be actively at work on a *full-time* basis unless you are a *qualified retiree,* on the scheduled effective date. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are an active *full-time employee* and are not actively at work on the date your insurance is scheduled to start, we will postpone your coverage until the date you return to active *full-time* work.

If you are a *qualified retiree,* you can not be confined in a health care facility on the scheduled effective date of coverage. If you are confined on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the day after you are discharged. And you must also have met all of the applicable conditions of eligibility and any applicable waiting period in order for coverage to start.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But coverage will still start on that date if you were actively at work on a *full-time* basis on your last regularly scheduled work day.

B489.0067

When Your Coverage Ends

If you are an active *full-time employee,* your coverage ends on the last day of the month in which your active *full-time* service ends for any reason, other than disability. Such reasons include retirement (except for *qualified retirees),* layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

Your coverage ends on the date you die.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for insurance under this *plan,* or when this *plan* ends for all *employees.* And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

B489.0742-R

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice

This section may not apply. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If Your Group Coverage Would End

Group coverage may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends

Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the *employee* under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other *employee;* or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which your coverage would have ended had you not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a) is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee.*
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

B449.0727

Dependent Coverage

B200.0271

Eligible Dependents For Dependent Dental Benefits Your *eligible dependents* are: (a) your legal spouse; (b) your dependent children who are under age 26.

B489.0516

Adopted Children And Step-Children Your "dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in your home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible We exclude any dependent who is insured by this *plan* as an *employee.* And we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

B489.0463

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself or herself. Subject to all of the terms of this coverage and the *plan,* such a child may stay eligible for dependent benefits past this coverage's age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he or she stays unmarried and unable to support himself or herself, if: (a) his or her conditions started before he or she reached this coverage's age limit; (b) he or she became insured by this coverage before he or she reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he or she reached such limit; and (c) he or she depends on you for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his or her support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

B449.0042

Waiver Of Dental Late Entrants Penalty

If you initially waived dental coverage for your spouse or eligible dependent children under this plan because they were covered under another group plan, and you now elect to enroll them in the dental coverage under this plan, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision will not apply to them with regard to dental coverage provided their coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan.

But you must enroll your spouse or eligible dependent children in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the date that any of the events described above occur.

In addition, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision for dental coverage will not apply to your spouse or eligible dependent children if: (a) you are under legal obligation to provide dental coverage due to a court-order; and (b) you enroll them in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the issuance of the court-order.

B200.0749

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin you must already be insured for employee coverage or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this *plan,* the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll your *initial dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date,* the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows your *eligibility date* and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this within the *enrollment period,* the coverage is scheduled to start on the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this after the *enrollment period* ends, each of your *initial dependents* is a late entrant and is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties. The dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the first of the month which coincides with or next follows the date you sign the enrollment form.

Once you have dependent coverage for your *initial dependents,* you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

If you do this within 31 days of the date the *newly acquired dependent* becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent first becomes eligible. If you fail to notify us on time, the *newly acquired dependent,* when enrolled, is a late entrant and is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties. The late entrant's coverage is scheduled to start on the date you sign the enrollment form.

B489.0254

Exception If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a *hospital* or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

B200.0692

Newborn Children We cover your newborn child for dependent benefits, from the moment of birth if: (a) you are already covered for dependent child coverage when the child is born; or (b) you enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date the child is born. If you fail to do this, once the child is enrolled, the child is a late entrant, is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties, and will be covered as of the date you sign the enrollment form.

B489.0019

When Dependent Coverage Ends Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your coverage ends. But if you die while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent benefits for those of your dependents who were insured when you died. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group plan remains in force; (b) the dependents remain *eligible dependents;* and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his or her dependent benefits under this *plan's* "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this *plan,* if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all *employees* or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an *eligible dependent.* This happens to a child on the last day of the calendar year in which the child attains this coverage's age limit.

B489.1107-R

It happens to a spouse on the last day of the month in which a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this *plan* carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

B489.1153-R

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

This rider amends the "Dependent Coverage" provisions as follows:

An employee's domestic partner will be eligible for dental coverage under this plan. Coverage will be provided subject to all the terms of this plan and to the following limitations:

To qualify for such coverage, both the employee and his or her domestic partner must:

- be 18 years of age or older;
- be unmarried, constitute each other's sole domestic partner and not have had another domestic partner in the last 12 months;
- share the same permanent address for at least 12 consecutive months and intend to do so indefinitely;
- share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses including food, shelter and medical expenses;
- not be related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in the employee's state of residence; and
- be financially interdependent which must be demonstrated by at least four of the following:

  a. ownership of a joint bank account;

  b. ownership of a joint credit account;

  c. evidence of a joint mortgage or lease;

  d. evidence of joint obligation on a loan;

  e. joint ownership of a residence;

  f. evidence of common household expenses such as utilities or telephone;

  g. execution of wills naming each other as executor and/or beneficiary;

  h. granting each other durable powers of attorney;

  i. granting each other health care powers of attorney;

  j. designation of each other as beneficiary under a retirement benefit account; or

  k. evidence of other joint financial responsibility.

The employee must complete a "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" attesting to the relationship.

The domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this plan on the same basis as if the children were the employee's dependent children.

Coverage for the domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partner no longer meets the qualifications of a domestic partner as indicated above. Upon termination of a domestic partnership, a "Statement of Termination" must be completed and filed with the employer. Once the employee submits a "Statement of Termination," he or she may not enroll another domestic partner for a period of 12 months from the date of the previous termination.

And, the domestic partner and his or her children will be not eligible for:

a. survivor benefits upon the employee's death as explained under the "When Dependent Coverage Ends" section; or

b. continuation of dental coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section and under any other continuation rights section of this plan, unless the employee is also eligible for and elects continuation.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

B210.0016

DENTAL HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the Dental Expense Insurance *plan* features which people most often want to know about. But it's not a complete description of your Dental Expense Insurance *plan.* Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit and exclude.

- **Benefit Year Cash Deductible for Non-Orthodontic Services**

  For Group I Services . . . . . None
  For Group II and III Services . . . . . $50.00 for each covered person

B497.0075

- **Payment Rates:**

  For Group I Services 100%
  For Group II Services 80%
  For Group III Services 50%
  For Group IV Services 50%

B497.0086

- **Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services**

  For Group I, II and III Services . . . . . Up to $1,000.00

- **Lifetime Payment Limit for Orthodontic Treatment**

  For Group IV Services . . . . . Up to $1,500.00

Note: A covered person may be eligible for a rollover of a portion of his or her unused Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services. See "Rollover of Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services" for details.

B497.1432

Group Enrollment Period

A group enrollment period is held each year. The group enrollment period is a time period agreed to by your employer and us. During this period, you may elect to enroll in dental insurance under this *plan.* Coverage starts on the first day of the month that next follows the date of enrollment. You and your *eligible dependents* are not subject to late entrant penalties if you enroll during the group enrollment period.

B497.2407

DENTAL EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of a *covered person's* dental expenses. *We* pay benefits for covered charges incurred by a *covered person.* What *we* pay and terms for payment are explained below.

B498.0007

Covered Charges

Covered charges are reasonable and customary charges for the dental services named in this *plan's* List of Covered Dental Services. To be covered by this *plan,* a service must be: (a) necessary; (b) appropriate for a given condition; and (c) included in the List of Covered Dental Services.

We may use the professional review of a *dentist* to determine the appropriate benefit for a dental procedure or course of treatment.

By reasonable, *we* mean the charge is the *dentist's* usual charge for the service furnished. By customary, *we* mean the charge made for the given dental condition isn't more than the usual charge made by most other *dentists.* But, in no event will the covered charge be greater than the 90th percentile of the prevailing fee data for a particular service in a geographic area.

When certain comprehensive dental procedures are performed, other less extensive procedures may be performed prior to, at the same time or at a later date. For benefit purposes under this *plan,* these less extensive procedures are considered to be part of the more comprehensive procedure. Even if the *dentist* submits separate bills, the total benefit payable for all related charges will be limited to the maximum benefit payable for the more comprehensive procedure. For example, osseous surgery includes the procedure scaling and root planing. If the scaling and root planing is performed one or two weeks prior to the osseous surgery, we may only pay benefits for the osseous surgery.

We only pay benefits for covered charges incurred by a *covered person* while he or she is insured by this *plan.* A covered charge for a crown, bridge or cast restoration is incurred on the date the tooth is initially prepared. A covered charge for any other *dental prosthesis* is incurred on the date the first master impression is made. A covered charge for root canal treatment is incurred on the date the pulp chamber is opened. A covered charge for *orthodontic treatment* is incurred on the date the *active orthodontic appliance* is first placed. All other covered charges are incurred on the date the services are furnished. If a service is started while a *covered person* is insured, *we'll* only pay benefits for services which are completed within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this *plan* ends.

B498.0069

Alternate Treatment

If more than one type of service can be used to treat a dental condition, *we* have the right to base benefits on the least expensive service which is within the range of professionally accepted standards of dental practice as determined by *us.* For example, in the case of bilateral multiple adjacent teeth, or multiple missing teeth in both quadrants of an arch, the benefit will be based on a removable partial denture. In the case of a composite filling on a *posterior tooth*, the benefit will be based on the corresponding amalgam filling benefit.

Proof Of Claim

So that *we* may pay benefits accurately, the *covered person* or his or her *dentist* must provide *us* with information that is acceptable to *us.* This information may, at *our* discretion, consist of radiographs, study models, periodontal charting, narratives or other diagnostic materials that document *proof of claim* and support the necessity of the proposed treatment. If *we* don't receive the necessary information, *we* may pay no benefits, or minimum benefits. However, if *we* receive the necessary information within 15 months of the date of service, *we* will redetermine the *covered person's* benefits based on the new information.

B498.0002

Pre-Treatment Review

When the expected cost of a proposed course of treatment is $300.00 or more, the *covered person's dentist* should send us a treatment plan before he or she starts. This must be done on a form acceptable to *Guardian.* The treatment plan must include: (a) a list of the services to be done, using the American Dental Association Nomenclature and codes; (b) the itemized cost of each service; and (c) the estimated length of treatment. In order to evaluate the treatment plan, dental radiographs, study models and whatever else will document the necessity of the proposed course of treatment, must be sent to *us.*

A treatment plan should always be sent to us before orthodontic treatment starts.

We review the treatment plan and estimate what we will pay. We will send the estimate to the covered person and/or the covered person's dentist. If the treatment plan is not consistent with accepted standards of dental practice, or if one is not sent to us, we have the right to base our benefit payments on treatment appropriate to the covered person's condition using accepted standards of dental practice.

The covered person and his or her dentist have the opportunity to have services or a treatment plan reviewed before treatment begins. Pre-treatment review is not a guarantee of what we will pay. It tells the covered person, and his or her dentist, in advance, what we would pay for the covered dental services listed in the treatment plan. But, payment is conditioned on: (a) the services being performed as proposed and while the covered person is insured; and (b) the deductible, payment rate and payment limits provisions, and all of the other terms of this plan.

Emergency treatment, oral examinations, evaluations, dental radiographs and teeth cleaning are part of a course of treatment, but may be done before the pre-treatment review is made.

We won't deny or reduce benefits if pre-treatment review is not done. But what we pay will be based on the availability and submission of proof of claim.

B498.0003

Benefits From Other Sources

Other plans may furnish benefits similar to the benefits provided by this *plan.* For instance, you may be covered by this *plan* and a similar plan through your spouse's employer. You may also be covered by this *plan* and a medical plan. In such instances, we coordinate *our* benefits with the benefits from that other plan. *We* do this so that no one gets more in benefits than the charges he or she incurs. Read "Coordination of Benefits" to see how this works.

B498.0005

The Benefit Provision - Qualifying For Benefits

B498.0072

Penalty For Late Entrants

During the first 6 months that a late entrant is covered by this *plan, we* won't pay for the following services:

- All Group II Services.

During the first 12 months a late entrant is covered by this *plan, we* won't pay for the following services:

- All Group III Services.

During the first 24 months a late entrant is covered by this *plan, we* won't pay for the following services:

- All Group IV Services.

Charges for the services we don't cover under this provision are not considered to be covered charges under this *plan,* and therefore can't be used to meet this *plan's* deductibles.

We don't apply a late entrant penalty to covered charges incurred for services needed solely due to an *injury* suffered by a *covered person* while insured by this *plan.*

A late entrant is a person who: (a) becomes covered by this dental *plan* more than 31 days after he or she is eligible; or (b) becomes covered again, after his or her coverage lapsed because he or she did not make required payments.

B498.0231

How We Pay Benefits For Group I, II And III Non-Orthodontic Services

There is no deductible for Group I services. *We* pay for Group I covered charges at the applicable *payment rate.*

A *benefit year* deductible of $50.00 applies to Group II and III services. Each *covered person* must have covered charges from these service groups which exceed the deductible before *we* pay him or her any benefits for such charges. These charges must be incurred while the *covered person* is insured.

Once a *covered person* meets the deductible, *we* pay for his or her Group II and III covered charges above that amount at the applicable *payment rate* for the rest of that *benefit year.*

B498.0187

All covered charges must be incurred while insured. And we limit what we pay each benefit year to $1,000.00.

B498.0192

The Benefit Provision - Qualifying For Benefits

A *covered person* may be eligible for a rollover of a portion of his or her unused *benefit year* payment limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services. See "Rollover of Benefit Year Payment Limit for Group I, II and III Services" for details.

B498.2041

Rollover of Benefit Year Payment Limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services

A *covered person* may be eligible for a rollover of a portion of his or her unused *benefit year* payment limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services, as follows:

If a *covered person* submits at least one claim for covered charges during a *benefit year* and, in that *benefit year,* receives benefits that are in excess of any deductible or co-pay fees, and that, in total, do not exceed the *Rollover Threshold,* he or she may be entitled to a Reward.

Note: If all of the benefits that a *covered person* receives in a *benefit year* are for services provided by a *preferred provider,* he or she may be entitled to a greater *Reward* than if any of the benefits are for services of a *non-preferred provider.*

Rewards can accrue and are stored in the *covered person's Bank.* If a *covered person* reaches his or her *benefit year* payment limit for Group I, II and III Non-Orthodontic Services, we pay benefits up to the amount stored in the *covered person's Bank.* The amount of *Reward* stored in the *Bank* may not be greater than the *Bank Maximum.*

A *covered person's Bank* may be eliminated, and the accrued *Reward* lost, if he or she has a break in coverage of any length of time, for any reason.

The amounts of this *plan's Rollover Threshold, Reward,* and *Bank Maximum* are:

- *Rollover Threshold* $500.00
- *Reward* (if all benefits are for services provided by a *preferred provider)* $350.00
- *Reward* (if any benefits are for services provided by a *non-preferred provider)* $250.00
- *Bank Maximum* $1,000.00

If this *plan's* dental coverage first becomes effective in October, November or December, this rollover provision will not apply until January 1 of the first full *benefit year.* And, if the effective date of a *covered person's* dental coverage is in October, November or December, this rollover provision will not apply to the covered person until January 1 of the next full *benefit year.* In either case:

- only claims incurred on or after January 1 will count toward the *Rollover Threshold;* and
- *Rewards* will not be applied to a *covered person's Bank* until the *benefit year* that starts one year from the date the rollover provision first applies.

If charges for any dental services are not payable for a *covered person* for a period set forth in the provision of this *plan* called Penalty for Late Entrants, this rollover provision will not apply to the *covered person* until the end of such period. And, if such period ends within the three months prior to the start of this plan's next *benefit year,* this rollover provision will not apply to the *covered person* until the next *benefit year,* and:

- only claims incurred on or after the start of the next *benefit year* will count toward the *Rollover Threshold;* and
- *Rewards* will not be applied to a *covered person's Bank* until the *benefit year* that starts one year from the date the rollover provision first applies.

Definitions of terms used in this provision:

"Bank" means the amount of a *covered person's* accrued *Reward* .

"Bank Maximum" means the maximum amount of *Reward* that a *covered person* can store in his or her *Bank.*

"Reward" means the dollar amount which may be added to a *covered person's Bank* when he or she receives benefits in a *benefit year* that do not exceed the *Rollover Threshold.*

"Rollover Threshold" means the maximum amount of benefits that a *covered person* can receive during a *benefit year* and still be entitled to receive a *Reward.*

B498.9137

How We Pay Benefits For Group IV Orthodontic Services

This *plan* provides benefits for Group IV orthodontic services.

We pay for Group IV covered charges at the applicable *payment rate.*

Using the *covered person's* original treatment *plan, we* calculate the total benefit *we* will pay. *We* divide the benefit into equal payments, which *we* will spread out over the shorter of: (a) the proposed length of treatment; or (b) two years.

We make the initial payment when the *active orthodontic appliance* is first placed. *We* make further payments at the end of each subsequent three month period, upon receipt of verification of ongoing treatment. But, treatment must continue and the *covered person* must remain covered by this *plan. We* limit what *we* pay for orthodontic services to the lifetime payment of $1,500.00. What *we* pay is based on all of the terms of this *plan.*

We don't pay for orthodontic charges incurred by a *covered person* prior to being covered by this *plan. We* limit what *we* pay for *orthodontic treatment* started prior to a *covered person* being covered by this *plan* to charges determined to be incurred by the *covered person* while covered by this *plan.* Based on the original treatment *plan, we* determine the portion of charges incurred by the *covered person* prior to being covered by this *plan,* and deduct them from the total charges. What *we* pay is based on the remaining charges. *We* limit what *we* consider of the proposed treatment *plan* to the shorter of the proposed length of treatment, or two years from the date the *orthodontic treatment* started.

The benefits *we* pay for *orthodontic treatment* won't be charged against a *covered person's benefit year* payment limits that apply to all other services.

B498.0059-R

Non-Orthodontic Family Deductible Limit

A *covered family* must meet no more than three individual *benefit year* deductibles in any *benefit year.* Once this happens, *we* pay benefits for covered charges incurred by any *covered person* in that *covered family,* at the applicable *payment rate* for the rest of that *benefit year.* The charges must be incurred while the person is insured. What *we* pay is based on this *plan's payment limits* and to all of the terms of this *plan.*

B498.0073-R

Payment Rates

Benefits for covered charges are paid at the following *payment rates:*

- Benefits for Group I Services 100%
- Benefits for Group II Services 80%
- Benefits for Group III Services 50%
- Benefits for Group IV Services 50%

B498.0084

After This Insurance Ends

We don't pay for charges incurred after a *covered person's* insurance ends. But, subject to all of the other terms of this *plan, we'll* pay for the following if the procedure is finished in the 31 days after a *covered person's* insurance under this *plan* ends: (a) a bridge or cast restoration, if the tooth or teeth are prepared before the *covered person's* insurance ends; (b) any other *dental prosthesis,* if the master impression is made before the *covered person's* insurance ends; and (c) root canal treatment, if the pulp chamber is opened before the *covered person's* insurance ends.

We pay benefits for *orthodontic treatment* to the end of the month in which the *covered person's* insurance ends.

B498.0233

Special Limitations

B498.0138

Teeth Lost, Extracted Or Missing Before A Covered Person Becomes Covered By This Plan

A *covered person* may have one or more congenitally missing teeth or may have had one or more teeth lost or extracted before he or she became covered by this *plan. We* won't pay for a *dental prosthesis* which replaces such teeth unless the *dental prosthesis* also replaces one or more eligible natural teeth lost or extracted after the *covered person* became covered by this *plan.*

B498.0133

If This Plan Replaces The Prior Plan

This *plan* may be replacing the *prior plan* you had with another insurer. If a *covered person* was insured by the *prior plan* and is covered by this *plan* on its effective date, the following provisions apply to such *covered person.*

- **Teeth Extracted While Insured By The Prior Plan** - The "Teeth Lost, Extracted or Missing Before A Covered Person Becomes Covered By This Plan" provision above, does not apply to a *covered person's dental prosthesis* which replaces teeth: (a) that were extracted while the *covered person* was insured by the *prior plan;* and (b) for which extraction benefits were paid by the *prior plan.*
- **Deductible Credit** - In the first *benefit year* of this *plan,* we reduce a *covered person's* deductibles required under this *plan,* by the amount of covered charges applied against the *prior plan's* deductible. The *covered person* must give us proof of the amount of the *prior plan's* deductible which he or she has satisfied.
- ***Benefit Year* Non-Orthodontic Payment Limit Credit** - In the first *benefit year* of this *plan,* we reduce a *covered person's benefit year payment limits* by the amounts paid or payable under the *prior plan.* The *covered person* must give us proof of the amounts applied toward the *prior plan's* payment limits.
- **Orthodontic Payment Limit Credit** - We reduce a *covered person's* orthodontic *payment limits* by the amounts paid or payable under the *prior plan.* The *covered person* must give us proof of the amounts applied toward the *prior plan's* payment limits.

B498.0129

We will not pay for:

- Any service or supply which is not specifically listed in this *plan's* List of Covered Dental Services.
- Any procedure performed in conjunction with, as part of, or related to a procedure which is not covered by this *plan.*
- Educational services, including, but not limited to, oral hygiene instruction, plaque control, tobacco counseling or diet instruction.
- Precision attachments and the replacement of part of a precision attachment, magnetic retention or overdenture attachments.
- Overdentures and related services, including root canal therapy on teeth supporting an overdenture.
- Any restoration, procedure, *appliance* or *prosthetic device* used solely to: (1) alter vertical dimension; (2) restore or maintain occlusion, except to the extent that this *plan* covers *orthodontic treatment;* (3) treat a condition necessitated by attrition or abrasion; or (4) splint or stabilize teeth for periodontal reasons.
- The use of general anesthesia, intramuscular sedation, intravenous sedation, non-intravenous sedation or inhalation sedation, including but not limited to nitrous oxide, except when administered in conjunction with covered periodontal surgery, surgical extractions, the surgical removal of impacted teeth, apicoectomies, root amputations and services listed under the "Other Oral Surgical Procedures" section of this *plan.*
- The use of local anesthetic.
- Cephalometric radiographs, oral/facial images, including traditional photographs and images obtained by intraoral camera, except when performed as part of the *orthodontic treatment* plan and records for a covered course of *orthodontic treatment.*
- Replacement of a lost, missing or stolen *appliance* or *dental prosthesis* or the fabrication of a spare *appliance* or *dental prosthesis.*
- Prescription medication.
- Desensitizing medicaments and desensitizing resins for cervical and/or root surface.
- Duplication of radiographs, the completion of claim forms, OSHA or other infection control charges.
- Pulp vitality tests or caries susceptibility tests.
- Bite registration or bite analysis.
- Gingival curettage.
- The localized delivery of chemotherapeutic agents.
- Tooth transplants.
- Maxillofacial prosthetics that repair or replace facial and skeletal anomalies, maxillofacial surgery, orthognathic surgery or any oral surgery requiring the setting of a fracture or dislocation.

- Temporary or provisional *dental prosthesis* or *appliances* except interim partial dentures/stayplates to replace *anterior teeth* extracted while insured under this *plan.*
- Any service furnished solely for cosmetic reasons. This includes, but is not limited to: (1) characterization and personalization of a *dental prosthesis;* (2) facings on a *dental prosthesis* for any teeth posterior to the second bicuspid; (3) bleaching of discolored teeth; and (4) odontoplasty.
- Replacing an existing *appliance* or *dental prosthesis* with a like or un-like *appliance* or *dental prosthesis;* unless (1) it is at least 10 years old and is no longer usable; or (2) it is damaged while in the *covered person's* mouth in an *injury* suffered while insured, and can't be made serviceable.
- A fixed bridge replacing the extracted portion of a hemisected tooth or the placement of more than one unit of crown and/or bridge per tooth.
- The replacement of extracted or missing third molars/wisdom teeth.
- Treatment of congenital or developmental malformations, or the replacement of congenitally missing teeth.
- Any endodontic, periodontal, crown or bridge abutment procedure or *appliance* performed for a tooth or teeth with a guarded, questionable or poor prognosis.
- Any procedure or treatment method which does not meet professionally recognized standards of dental practice or which is considered to be experimental in nature.
- Treatment needed due to: (1) an on-the-job or job-related *injury;* or (2) a condition for which benefits are payable by Worker's Compensation or similar laws.
- Treatment for which no charge is made. This usually means treatment furnished by: (1) the *covered person's* employer, labor union or similar group, in its dental or medical department or clinic; (2) a facility owned or run by any governmental body; and (3) any public program, except Medicaid, paid for or sponsored by any governmental body.
- Evaluations and consultations for non-covered services; detailed and extensive oral evaluations.
- The repair of an orthodontic appliance.
- The replacement of a lost or broken orthodontic retainer.

B498.2113-R

List of Covered Dental Services

The services covered by this *plan* are named in this list. Each service on this list has been placed in one of four groups. A separate payment rate applies to each group. Group I is made up of preventive services. Group II is made up of basic services. Group III is made up of major services. Group IV is made up of orthodontic services.

All covered dental services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of a *dentist.* And they must be usual and necessary treatment for a dental condition.

B490.0048

Group I - Preventive Dental Services

(Non-Orthodontic)

Prophylaxis And Fluorides

Prophylaxis - limited to 1 prophylaxis in any 6 consecutive month period, to a maximum of 4 total prophylaxis and periodontal maintenance cleanings in any 12 consecutive month period. Allowance includes scaling and polishing procedures to remove coronal plaque, calculus, and stains. "Also see Basic Periodontal Services."

- Adult prophylaxis covered age 12 and older.

Additional prophylaxis when needed as a result of a medical (i.e., a non-dental) condition - covered once in 12 months, and only when the additional prophylaxis is recommended by the dentist and is a result of a medical condition as verified in writing by the patient's medical physician. This does not include a condition which could be resolved by proper oral hygiene or that is the result of patient neglect.

Fluoride treatment, topical application - limited to covered persons under age 14 and limited to 1 treatment(s) in any 6 consecutive month period.

Office Visits, Evaluations And Examination

Office visits, oral evaluations, examinations or limited problem focused re-evaluations - limited to a total of 1 in any 6 consecutive month period.

Emergency or problem focused oral evaluation - limited to a total of 1 in a 6 consecutive month period. Covered if no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed in the same visit.

After hours office visit or emergency palliative treatment and other non-routine, unscheduled visits. Limited to a total of 1 in a 6 consecutive month period. Covered only when no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed during the same visit.

B498.4809

Space Maintainers

Space Maintainers - limited to *covered persons* under age 16 and limited to initial *appliance* only. Covered only when necessary to replace prematurely lost or extracted deciduous teeth. Allowance includes all adjustments in the first six months after insertion, limited to a maximum of one bilateral per arch or one unilateral per quadrant, per lifetime.

- Fixed - unilateral
- Fixed - bilateral
- Removable - bilateral
- Removable - unilateral

Recementation of space maintainer performed more than 12 months after the initial insertion

Fixed And Removable Appliances

Fixed and Removable Appliances To Inhibit Thumbsucking - limited to *covered persons* under age 14 and limited to initial *appliance* only. Allowance includes all adjustments in the first 6 months after insertion.

B498.0164

Radiographs

Allowance includes evaluation and diagnosis.
Full mouth, complete series or panoramic radiograph - Either, but not both, of the following procedures, limited to one in any 60 consecutive month period.

Full mouth series, of at least 14 films including bitewings
Panoramic film, maxilla and mandible, with or without bitewing radiographs.

Other diagnostic radiographs:

Bitewing films - limited to either a maximum of 4 bitewing films or a set (7-8 films) of vertical bitewings, in one visit, once in any 12 consecutive month period.

Intraoral periapical or occlusal films - single films

B498.0165

Dental Sealants

Dental Sealants - permanent molar teeth only - Topical application of sealants is limited to the unrestored, permanent molar teeth of *covered persons* under age 16 and limited to one treatment, per tooth, in any 36 consecutive month period.

B498.0166

Group II - Basic Dental Services
(Non-Orthodontic)

Diagnostic Services

Allowance includes examination and diagnosis.

Consultations - Diagnostic consultation with a dentist other than the one providing treatment, limited to one consultation for each *covered dental specialty* in any 12 consecutive month period. Covered only when no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed during the visit.

Diagnostic Services: Allowance includes examination and diagnosis.

Diagnostic casts - when needed to prepare a treatment plan for three or more of the following performed at the same time in more than one arch: dentures, crowns, bridges, inlays or onlays.

Histopathologic examinations when performed in conjunction with a tooth related biopsy.

Adjunctive pre-diagnostic test that aids in detection of mucosal abnormalities including premalignant and malignant lesions, not to include cytology or biopsy procedures - limited to one test in any 24 consecutive month period for covered persons age 40 and older.

Restorative Services

Multiple restorations on one surface will be considered one restoration. Benefits for the replacement of existing amalgam and resin restorations will only be considered for payment if at least 12 months have passed since the previous restoration was placed if the *covered person* is under age 19, and 36 months if the *covered person* is age 19 and older. Also see the "Major Restorative Services" section.

Amalgam restorations - Allowance includes bonding agents, liners, bases, polishing and local anesthetic.

Resin restorations - limited to *anterior teeth* only. Coverage for resins on *posterior teeth* is limited to the corresponding amalgam benefit. Allowance includes light curing, acid etching, adhesives, including resin bonding agents and local anesthetic.

Silicate cement, per restoration
Composite resin

Stainless steel crown, prefabricated resin crown, and resin based composite crown - limited to once per tooth in any 24 consecutive month period. Stainless steel crowns, prefabricated resin crowns and resin based composite crowns are considered to be a temporary or provisional procedure when done within 24 months of a permanent crown. Temporary and provisional crowns are considered to be part of the permanent restoration.

Pin retention, per tooth, covered only in conjunction with a permanent amalgam or composite restoration, exclusive of restorative material.

B498.2778

Endodontic Services

Allowance includes diagnostic, treatment and final radiographs, cultures and tests, local anesthetic and routine follow-up care, but excludes final restoration.

Pulp capping, limited to permanent teeth and limited to one pulp cap per tooth, per lifetime.
Pulp capping, direct
Pulp capping, indirect - includes sedative filling.

Vital pulpotomy, only when root canal therapy is not the definitive treatment
Gross pulpal debridement
Pulpal therapy, limited to primary teeth only
Root Canal Treatment
- Root canal therapy
- Root canal retreatment, limited to once per tooth, per lifetime
- Treatment of root canal obstruction, no-surgical access
- Incomplete endodontic therapy, inoperable or fractured tooth
- Internal root repair of perforation defects

Other Endodontic Services
- Apexification, limited to a maximum of three visits
- Apicoectomy, limited to once per root, per lifetime
- Root amputation, limited to once per root, per lifetime
- Retrograde filling, limited to once per root, per lifetime
- Hemisection, including any root removal, once per tooth

B498.0201

Periodontal Services

Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-treatment care. Requires documentation of periodontal disease confirmed by both radiographs and pocket depth probings of each tooth involved.

Periodontal maintenance procedure - limited to 1 periodontal maintenance procedure(s) in any 6 consecutive month period, to a maximum of 4 total prophylaxis and periodontal maintenance cleanings in a 12 consecutive month period. Allowance includes periodontal pocket charting, scaling and polishing. (Also see Prophylaxis under "Preventive Services")

Scaling and root planing, per quadrant - limited to once per quadrant in any 24 consecutive month period. Covered when there is radiographic and pocket charting evidence of bone loss.

Full mouth debridement - limited to once in any 36 consecutive month period. Considered only when no diagnostic, preventive, periodontal service or periodontal surgery procedure has been performed in the previous 36 consecutive month period.

B498.2854

Periodontal Surgery

Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Requires documentation of periodontal disease confirmed by both radiographs and pocket depth probings of each tooth involved.

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per tooth in any 12 consecutive months.

- Gingivectomy, per tooth (less than 3 teeth)
- Crown lengthening - hard tissue

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following once per quadrant, in any 36 consecutive months.

Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty, per quadrant
Osseous surgery, including scaling and root planing, flap entry and closure, per quadrant
Gingival flap procedure, including scaling and root planing, per quadrant
Distal or proximal wedge, not in conjunction with osseous surgery
Surgical revision procedure, per tooth

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per quadrant in any 36 consecutive months.

Pedicle or free soft tissue grafts, including donor site, or subepithelial connective tissue graft procedure, when the tooth is present, or when dentally necessary as part of a covered surgical placement of an implant.

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per area or tooth, per lifetime.

Guided tissue regeneration, resorbable barrier or nonresorbable barrier
Bone replacement grafts, when the tooth is present

Periodontal surgery related

Limited occlusal adjustment - limited to a total of two visits, covered only when done within a 6 consecutive month period after covered scaling and root planing or osseous surgery. Must have radiographic evidence of vertical defect or widened periodontal ligament space.

Occlusal guards, covered only when done within a 6 consecutive month period after osseous surgery, and limited to one per lifetime

B498.0203

Non-Surgical Extractions

Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-treatment care.

Uncomplicated extraction, one or more teeth
Root removal non-surgical extraction of exposed roots

Surgical Extractions

Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Services listed in this category and related services, may be covered by your medical plan.

Surgical removal of erupted teeth, involving tissue flap and bone removal
Surgical removal of residual tooth roots
Surgical removal of impacted teeth

Other Oral Surgical Procedures

Allowance includes diagnostic and treatment radiographs, the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Services listed in this category and related services, may be covered by your medical plan.

Alveoloplasty, per quadrant
Removal of exostosis, per site
Incision and drainage of abscess
Frenulectomy, Frenectomy, Frenotomy
Biopsy and examination of tooth related oral tissue
Surgical exposure of impacted or unerupted tooth to aid eruption
Excision of tooth related tumors, cysts and neoplasms
Excision or destruction of tooth related lesion(s)
Excision of hyperplastic tissue
Excision of pericoronal gingiva, per tooth
Oroantral fistula closure
Sialolithotomy
Sialodochoplasty
Closure of salivary fistula
Excision of salivary gland
Maxillary sinusotomy for removal of tooth fragment or foreign body
Vestibuloplasty

B498.1124

Other Services

Injectable antibiotics needed solely for treatment of a dental condition.

B498.0224

Major Restorative Services

Crowns, inlays, onlays, labial veneers, and crown buildups are covered only when needed because of decay or *injury,* and only when the tooth cannot be restored with amalgam or composite filling material. Post and cores are covered only when needed due to decay or *injury.* Allowance includes insulating bases, temporary or provisional restorations and associated gingival involvement. Limited to permanent teeth only. Also see the "Basic Restorative Services" section.

Single Crowns
- Resin with metal
- Porcelain
- Porcelain with metal
- Full cast metal (other than stainless steel)
- 3/4 cast metal crowns
- 3/4 porcelain crowns

Inlays
Onlays, including inlay
Labial veneers
Posts and buildups - only when done in conjunction with a covered unit of crown or bridge and only when necessitated by substantial loss of natural tooth structure.

- Cast post and core in addition to a unit of crown or bridge, per tooth
- Prefabricated post and composite or amalgam core in addition to a unit of crown or bridge, per tooth
- Crown or core buildup, including pins

Implant supported prosthetics - Allowance includes the treatment plan and local anesthetic, when done in conjunction with a covered surgical placement of an implant, on the same tooth.
- Abutment supported crown
- Implant supported crown
- Abutment supported retainer for fixed partial denture
- Implant supported retainer for fixed partial denture
- Implant/abutment supported removable denture for completely edentulous arch
- Implant/abutment supported removable denture for partially edentulous arch
- Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for completely edentulous arch
- Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for partially edentulous arch
- Dental implant supported connecting bar
- Prefabricated abutment
- Custom abutment

Implant services - Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Limited to the replacement of permanent teeth only. The number of implants we cover is limited to the number of teeth extracted while insured under this plan.

Surgical placement of implant body, endosteal implant
Surgical placement, eposteal implant
Surgical placement transosteal implant

Other Implant services

Bone replacement graft for ridge preservation, per site, when done in conjunction with a covered surgical placement of an implant in the same site, limited to once per tooth, per lifetime
Radiographic/surgical implant index - limited to once per arch in any 24 month period
Repair implant supported prosthesis
Repair implant abutment
Implant removal

B498.1129

Prosthodontic Services

Specialized techniques and characterizations are not covered. Allowance includes insulating bases, temporary or provisional restorations and associated gingival involvement. Limited to permanent teeth only.

Fixed bridges - Each abutment and each pontic makes up a unit in a bridge

Bridge abutments - See inlays, onlays and crowns under "Major Restorative Services"

Bridge Pontics
Resin with metal
Porcelain
Porcelain with metal
Full cast metal

Dentures - Allowance includes all adjustments and repairs done by the *dentist* furnishing the denture in the first 6 consecutive months after installation and all temporary or provisional dentures. Temporary or provisional dentures, stayplates and interim dentures older than one year are considered to be a permanent *appliance.*

Complete or Immediate dentures, upper or lower

Partial dentures - Allowance includes base, clasps, rests and teeth

Upper, resin base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Upper, cast metal framework with resin denture base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Lower, resin base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Lower, cast metal framework with resin denture base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Interim partial denture (stayplate), upper or lower, covered on *anterior teeth* only

Removable unilateral partial, one piece cast metal, including clasps and teeth

Simple stress breakers, per unit

Temporomandibular joint disorder (TMJ) services

- Any Group I,II or III service furnished in connection with TMJ diagnosis and treatment.
- TMJ and Craniomandibular Disorders: We pay benefits for dental services for the necessary diagnostic and surgical treatment of temporomandibular (TMJ) and craniomandibular joint disorders in a covered person. We cover charges for such conditions as a result of: (1) an accident (2) a trauma; (3) a congenital defect; (4) developmental defect or (5) radiographic evidence of pathology.
- Under this plan's dental expense provisions, we do not cover any charges for the medical treatment of TMJ.

B498.1132-R

Crown And Prosthodontic Restorative Services

Also see the "Major Restorative Services" section.

Crown and bridge repairs - allowance based on the extent and nature of damage and the type of material involved.

Recementation, limited to recementations performed more than 12 months after the initial insertion.

Inlay or onlay
Crown
Bridge

Adding teeth to partial dentures to replace extracted natural teeth

Denture repairs - Allowance based on the extent and nature of damage and on the type of materials involved.

Denture repairs, metal
Denture repairs, acrylic
Denture repair, no teeth damaged
Denture repair, replace one or more broken teeth
Replacing one or more broken teeth, no other damage

Denture rebase, full or partial denture - limited to once per denture in any 24 consecutive month period. Denture rebases done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the rebase is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to rebase done more than 12 consecutive months after the insertion of the denture.

Denture reline, full or partial denture - limited to once per denture in any 24 consecutive month period. Denture relines done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the reline is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to reline done more than 12 consecutive months after a denture rebase or the insertion of the denture.

Denture adjustments - Denture adjustments done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the adjustment is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to adjustments that are done more than 6 consecutive months after a denture rebase, denture reline or the initial insertion of the denture.

Tissue conditioning - Tissue conditioning done within 12 months is considered to be part of the denture placement when the tissue conditioning is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to a maximum of 1 treatment, per arch, in any 12 consecutive month period.

B498.0208

General Anesthesia General anesthesia, intramuscular sedation, intravenous sedation, non intravenous sedation or inhalation sedation, including nitrous oxide, when administered in connection with covered periodontal surgery, surgical extractions, the surgical removal of impacted teeth, apicoectomies, root amputations, surgical placement of an implant and services listed under the "Other Oral Surgical Procedures" section of this *plan.*

B498.0225

Group IV - Orthodontic Services

Orthodontic Services Any covered Group I, II or III service in connection with *orthodontic treatment.*

Transseptal fiberotomy

Surgical exposure of impacted or unerupted teeth in connection with *orthodontic treatment* - Allowance includes treatment and final radiographs, local anesthetics and post-surgical care.

Treatment *plan* and records, including initial, interim and final records.

Limited *orthodontic treatment,* Interceptive *orthodontic treatment* or Comprehensive *orthodontic treatment,* including fabrication and insertion of any and all fixed *appliances* and periodic visits.

Orthodontic retention, including any and all necessary fixed and removable *appliances* and related visits - limited to initial *appliance(s)* only.

B498.0071

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii) the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Policyholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this rider amends the Dental Expense Insurance provisions of the Group Policy as follows:

The Alternate Treatment provision is changed to read as follows when titanium or high noble metal (gold) is used in a *dental prosthesis.*

If more than one type of service can be used to treat a dental condition, we have the right to base benefits on the least expensive service which is within the range of professionally accepted standards of dental practice as determined by us. For example, in the case of bilateral multiple adjacent missing teeth, or multiple missing teeth in both quadrants of an arch the benefit will be based on a removable partial denture. In the case of titanium or high noble metal (gold) used in a *dental prosthesis,* the benefit will be based on the noble metal benefit. In the case of a composite filling on a posterior tooth, the benefit will be based on the corresponding covered amalgam filling benefit.

This rider is part of the Policy. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

B531.0029

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Important Notice This section applies to all group health benefits under this plan, if any. It does not apply to any death, dismemberment, or loss of income benefits that may be provided under this plan.

Purpose When a covered person has health care coverage under more than one plan, this section allows this plan to coordinate what it pays with what other plans pay. This is done so that the covered person does not collect more in benefits than he or she incurs in charges.

Definitions

Allowable Expense This term means any necessary, reasonable, and customary item of health care expense that is covered, at least in part, by any of the plans which cover the person. This includes: (a) deductibles; (b) coinsurance; and (c) copayments. When a plan provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an allowable expense and a benefit paid.

An expense or service that is not covered by any of the plans is **not** an allowable expense. Examples of other expenses or services that are **not** allowable expenses are:

(1) If a person is confined in a private hospital room, the difference between the cost of a semi-private room in the hospital and the private room is **not** an allowable expense. This does not apply if: (a) the stay in the private room is medically necessary in terms of generally accepted medical practice; or (b) one of the plans routinely provides coverage for private hospital rooms.

(2) The amount a benefit is reduced by the primary plan because a person does not comply with the plan's provisions is **not** an allowable expense. Examples of these provisions are: (a) precertification of admissions and procedures; (b) continued stay reviews; and (c) preferred provider arrangements.

(3) If a person is covered by two or more plans that compute their benefit payments on the basis of reasonable and customary charges, any amount in excess of the primary plan's reasonable and customary charges for a specific benefit is **not** an allowable expense.

(4) If a person is covered by two or more plans that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, an amount in excess of the primary plan's negotiated fees for a specific benefit is **not** an allowable expense.

If a person is covered by one plan that computes its benefits or services on the basis of reasonable and customary charges and another plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the primary plan's payment arrangements will be the allowable expense for all plans.

Claim This term means a request that benefits of a plan be provided or paid.

Claim Determination Period This term means a calendar year. It does not include any part of a year during which a person has no coverage under this plan, or before the date this section takes effect.

Closed Panel Plan This term means a health maintenance organization (HMO), preferred provider organization (PPO), exclusive provider organization (EPO), or other plan that provides health benefits to covered persons primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the plan; and that limits or excludes benefits for services provided by other providers, except in cases of emergency or referral by a panel member.

Coordination Of Benefits This term means a provision which determines an order in which plans pay their benefits, and which permits secondary plans to reduce their benefits so that the combined benefits of all plans do not exceed total allowable expenses.

Custodial Parent This term means a parent awarded custody by a court decree. In the absence of a court decree, it is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary visitation.

Group-Type Contracts This term means contracts: (a) which are not available to the general public; and (b) can be obtained and maintained only because of membership in or connection with a particular organization or group. This includes, but is not limited to, franchise and blanket coverage.

Hospital Indemnity Benefits This term means benefits that are not related to expenses incurred. This term does not include reimbursement-type benefits even if they are designed or administered to give the insured the right to elect indemnity-type benefits at the time of claim.

Plan This term means any of the following that provides benefits or services for health care or treatment: (1) group insurance; (2) closed panel or other forms of group or group-type coverage, whether insured or uninsured; (3) group-type contracts; (4) amounts of group or group-type hospital indemnity benefits in excess of $200.00 per day; (5) medical components of group long-term care contracts such as skilled nursing care; (6) medical benefits under group or individual automobile contracts; and (7) governmental benefits, except Medicare, as permitted by law.

This term does not include: (a) individual or family insurance; (b) closed panel or other individual coverage, except for group-type coverage; (c) amounts of group or group-type hospital indemnity benefits of $200.00 or less per day; (d) school accident type coverage; (e) benefits for non-medical components of group long-term care policies; or (f) Medicare, Medicare supplement policies, Medicaid, and coverage under other governmental plans, unless permitted by law.

This term also does not include any plan that this plan supplements. Plans that this plan supplements are named in the benefit description.

Each type of coverage listed above is treated separately. If a plan has two parts and coordination of benefits applies only to one of the two, each of the parts is treated separately.

Primary Plan This term means a plan that pays first without regard that another plan may cover some expenses. A plan is a primary plan if either of the following is true: (1) the plan either has no order of benefit determination rules, or its rules differ from those explained in this section; or (2) all plans that cover the person use the order of benefit determination rules explained in this section, and under those rules the plan pays its benefits first.

Secondary Plan This term means a plan that is not a primary plan.

This Plan This term means the group health benefits provided under this group plan.

B550.0087

Order Of Benefit Determination

The primary plan pays or provides its benefits as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist.

A plan may consider the benefits paid or provided by another plan to determine its benefits only when it is secondary to that other plan. If a person is covered by more than one secondary plan, the rules explained below decide the order in which secondary plan benefits are determined in relation to each other.

A plan that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision is always primary.

This Plan **always** pays secondary to any motor vehicle policy available to a covered person, including any medpay, PIP, No Fault or any plan or program which is required by law. All covered persons should review their automobile insurance policy and ensure that uncoordinated medical benefits have been chosen so that the automobile insurance policy is the primary payer. When all plans have coordination of benefits provisions, the rules to determine the order of payment are listed below. The first of the rules that applies is the rule to use.

Non-Dependent Or Dependent The plan that covers the person other than as a dependent (for example, as an employee, member, subscriber, or retiree) is primary. The plan that covers the person as a dependent is secondary.

But, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the plan that covers the person as a dependent; and primary to the plan that covers the person other than as a dependent (for example, as a retiree); then the order of payment between the two plans is reversed. In that case, the plan that covers the person as an employee, member, subscriber, or retiree is secondary and the other plan is primary.

Child Covered Under More Than One Plan The order of benefit determination when a child is covered by more than one plan is:

(1) If the parents are married, or are not separated (whether or not they ever have been married), or a court decree awards joint custody without specifying that one party must provide health care coverage, the plan of the parent whose birthday is earlier in the year is primary. If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that covered either of the parents longer is primary. If a plan does not have this birthday rule, then that plan's coordination of benefits provision will determine which plan is primary.

(2) If the specific terms of a court decree state that one of the parents must provide health care coverage and the plan of the parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that plan is primary. This rule applies to claim determination periods that start after the plan is given notice of the court decree.

(3) In the absence of a court decree, if the parents are not married, or are separated (whether or not they ever have been married), or are divorced, the order of benefit determination is: (a) the plan of the custodial parent; (b) the plan of the spouse of the custodial parent; (c) the plan of the noncustodial parent; and (d) the plan of the spouse of the noncustodial parent.

Active Or Inactive Employee The plan that covers a person as an active employee, or as that person's dependent, is primary. An active employee is one who is neither laid off nor retired. The plan that covers a person as a laid off or retired employee, or as that person's dependent, is secondary. If a plan does not have this rule and as a result the plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this rule is ignored.

Continuation Coverage The plan that covers a person as an active employee, member, subscriber, or retired employee, or as that person's dependent, is primary. The plan that covers a person under a right of continuation provided by federal or state law is secondary. If a plan does not have this rule and as a result the plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this rule is ignored.

Length Of Coverage The plan that covered the person longer is primary.

Other If the above rules do not determine the primary plan, the allowable expenses will be shared equally between the plans that meet the definition of plan under this section. But, this plan will not pay more than it would have had it been the primary plan.

B550.0088

Effect On The Benefits Of This Plan

When This Plan Is Primary When this plan is primary, its benefits are determined before those of any other plan and without considering any other plan's benefits.

When This Plan Is Secondary When this plan is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all plans during a claim determination period are not more than 100% of total allowable expenses.

Closed Panel Plans If the primary plan is a closed panel plan and the secondary plan is not a closed panel plan, the secondary plan will pay or provide benefits as if it were primary when a covered person uses a non-panel provider; except for emergency services or authorized referrals that are paid or provided by the primary plan.

A person may be covered by two or more closed panel plans. If, for any reason including the provision of service by a non-panel provider, benefits are not payable by one closed panel plan, coordination of benefits will not apply between that plan and other closed panel plans.

Right To Receive And Release Needed Information

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these rules and to determine benefits payable under this plan and other plans. This plan may get the facts it needs from, or give them to, other organizations or persons to apply these rules and determine benefits payable under this plan and other plans which cover the person claiming benefits. This plan need not tell, or get the consent of, any person to do this. Each person claiming benefits under this plan must provide any facts it needs to apply these rules and determine benefits payable.

Facility Of Payment

A payment made under another plan may include an amount that should have been paid by this plan. If it does, this plan may pay that amount to the organization that made the payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid by this plan. This plan will not have to pay that amount again.

As used here, the term "payment made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Right Of Recovery

If the amount of the payments made by this plan is more than it should have paid under this section, it may recover the excess: (a) from one or more of the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid; or (b) from any other person or organization that may be responsible for benefits or services provided for the covered person.

As used here, the term "amount of the payments made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

B550.0089

SUBROGATION AND RIGHT OF RECOVERY

Notice This section applies to any health care or loss of earnings benefits under this plan.

Purpose When a covered person has the right to recover amounts paid by this plan for health care or loss of earnings benefits, this plan also has certain rights. These are explained below.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Covered Person:** This term means any employee or dependent on whose behalf this plan pays health care or loss of earnings benefits. It includes the parent or guardian of any such covered employee or dependent who is a minor or incompetent.
- **Health Care:** This term means any: (a) major medical; (b) prescription drug; (c) dental; or (d) vision benefits.
- **Insurance Coverage:** This term means any insurance which provides coverage for: (a) medical expense payments; or (b) liability. This includes, but is not limited to: (i) uninsured motorist coverage; (ii) underinsured motorist coverage; (iii) personal umbrella coverage; (iv) medical payments coverage; (v) workers compensation coverage; (vi) no-fault automobile insurance coverage; or (vii) any first party insurance.
- **Third Party:** This term means any party actually, possibly, or potentially responsible for making any payment to a covered person due to the covered person's injury, sickness or condition. This term also means such party's: (a) the liability insurer; or (b) any insurance coverage. But, this term does not mean: (i) this plan; or (ii) the covered person.

Subrogation When this plan pays a benefit, it will immediately be subrogated to the covered person's rights of recovery from any third party to the full extent of benefits paid.

Recovery If a covered person receives a payment from any third party or insurance coverage due to an injury, sickness or condition, this plan has the right to recover from, and be repaid by, the covered person for all amounts this plan has paid and will pay due to that injury, sickness or condition, from such payment, up to and including the full amount he or she receives from any third party or insurance coverage.

Constructive Trust The covered person must serve as a constructive trustee over the funds that constitute payment from any third party or insurance coverage due to his or her injury, sickness or condition. This is the case whether the payment of benefits from the plan is: (a) made to the covered person; or (b) made on his or her behalf to any provider. If the covered person fails to hold such funds in trust, it will be deemed a breach of his or her fiduciary duty to the plan.

Lien Rights This plan will have a lien to the extent of benefits this plan paid due to the covered person's injury, sickness or condition for which the third party is liable. The lien will be imposed on any recovery, whether by settlement, judgement, or otherwise, including from any insurance coverage, that a covered person receives due to his or her injury, sickness or condition. The lien may be enforced against any party who holds funds or proceeds which represent the amount of benefits paid by this plan. This includes, but is not limited to: (a) the covered person; (b) the covered person's representative or agent; (c) the third party; (d) the third party's insurer, representative or agent; and (e) any other source who holds such funds.

First Priority Claim This plan's recovery rights are a first priority claim against all third parties or insurance coverage and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for the covered person's damages. This is the case whether the payment of benefits from the plan is: (a) made to the covered person; or (b) made on his or her behalf to any provider. This plan will be entitled to full repayment on a first dollar basis from any third party's or insurance coverage's payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to the covered person which is not sufficient: (i) to make him or her whole; or (ii) to compensate him or her in part or in whole for the damages sustained. This plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to the attorney hired by the covered person to pursue his or her damage claim.

Applicable To All Settlements And Judgements This plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether: (a) any liability for payment is admitted by a third party; or (b) the settlement or judgement received by the covered person identifies the benefits the plan paid. This plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgements, even those designated as: (i) pain and suffering; or (ii) non-economic damages only.

Cooperation The covered person must fully cooperate with this plan's efforts to recover the benefits it paid. He or she must notify the plan within 30 days of the date when any notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of his or her intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to injury, sickness or condition sustained by him or her. He or she, and his or her agents, must provide all information requested by the plan or its representative. This includes, but is not limited to, completing and submitting any applications or other forms or statements as the plan or its representative may reasonably request. Failure to do this may result in the termination of benefits or the instigation of legal action against him or her.

The covered person must do nothing: (a) to prejudice this plan's rights as described in this section; or (b) to prejudice the plan's ability to enforce the terms of this section. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full amount of all benefits paid by this plan. Failure to assist the plan in pursuit of its subrogation rights or failure to reimburse the plan from any settlement or recovery obtained by the covered person may result in the termination of benefits or the instigation of legal action against him or her.

The plan or its representative has the right to conduct an investigation regarding the injury, sickness or condition to identify any third party. The plan reserves the right to notify the third party and his or her agents of this plan's lien. Agents include, but are not limited to: (a) insurance companies; and (b) attorneys.

Interpretation In the event that any claim is made that any part of this section is ambiguous, or questions arise as to the meaning or intent of any of its terms, the plan has the sole authority and discretion to resolve all disputes regarding the interpretation of this section.

Jurisdiction Any legal action or proceeding with respect to this section may be brought in any court of competent jurisdiction as the plan may choose. The covered person must submit to each such jurisdiction and waive whatever rights may correspond to him or her by reason of his or her present or future domicile.

B600.0012

GLOSSARY

This Glossary defines the italicized terms appearing in your booklet.

B750.0100

Active Orthodontic means an *appliance,* like a fixed or removable appliance, braces or a functional orthotic used for orthodontic treatment to move teeth or reposition the jaw.

B750.0663

Anterior Teeth means the incisor and cuspid teeth. The teeth are located in front of the bicuspids (pre-molars).

B750.0664

Appliance means any dental device other than a *dental prosthesis.*

B750.0665

Benefit Year means a 12 month period which starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st of each year.

B750.0666

Covered Dental Specialty means any group of procedures which falls under one of the following categories, whether performed by a specialist *dentist* or a general *dentist:* restorative/prosthodontic services; endodontic services, periodontic services, oral surgery and pedodontics.

B750.0667

Covered Family means an employee and those of his or her dependents who are covered by this *plan.*

B750.0668

Covered Person means an employee or any of his or her covered dependents.

B750.0669

Dental Prosthesis means a restorative service which is used to replace one or more missing or lost teeth and associated tooth structures. It includes all types of abutment crowns, inlays and onlays, bridge pontics, complete and immediate dentures, partial dentures and unilateral partials. It also includes all types of crowns, veneers, inlays, onlays, implants and posts and cores.

B750.0670

Dentist means any dental or medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize who: (a) is properly licensed or certified under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provides services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate and covered by this *plan.*

B750.0671

Eligibility Date for dependent coverage is the earliest date on which: (a) you have initial dependents; and (b) are eligible for dependent coverage.

B750.0064

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage."

B750.0065

Emergency Treatment means bona fide emergency services which: (a) are reasonably necessary to relieve the sudden onset of severe pain, fever, swelling, serious bleeding, severe discomfort, or to prevent the imminent loss of teeth; and (b) are covered by this *plan.*

B750.0672

Employee means a person who works for the *employer* at the *employer's* place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

B750.0101

Employer means COLUMBIA COLLEGE .

B750.0070

Enrollment Period with respect to dependent coverage, means the 31 day period which starts on the date that you first become eligible for dependent coverage.

B750.0074

Full-time means the *employee* regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his *employer's* place of business.

B750.0229

Initial Dependents means those *eligible dependents* you have at the time you first become eligible for *employee* coverage. If at this time you do not have any *eligible dependents,* but you later acquire them, the first *eligible dependents* you acquire are your *initial dependents.*

B750.0081

Injury means all damage to a *covered person's* mouth due to an accident which occurred while he or she is covered by this *plan,* and all complications arising from that damage. But the term *injury* does not include damage to teeth, *appliances* or *dental prostheses* which results solely from chewing or biting food or other substances.

B750.0673

Newly Acquired Dependent means an *eligible dependent* you acquire after you already have coverage in force for *initial dependents.*

B750.0089

Orthodontic Treatment means the movement of one or more teeth by the use of *active appliances.* it includes: (a) treatment plan and records, including initial, interim and final records; (b) periodic visits, limited orthodontic treatment, interceptive orthodontic treatment and comprehensive orthodontic treatment, including fabrication and insertion of any and all fixed appliances; (c) orthodontic retention, including any and all necessary fixed and removable appliances and related visits.

B750.0675

Payment Limit means the maximum amount this *plan* pays for covered services during either a *benefit year* or a *covered person's* lifetime, as applicable.

B750.0676

Payment Rate means the percentage rate that this *plan* pays for covered services.

B750.0677

Posterior Teeth means the bicuspid (pre-molars) and molar teeth. These are the teeth located behind the cuspids.

B750.0679

Plan means the Guardian group dental plan purchased by the planholder.

B750.0678

Prior Plan means the planholder's plan or policy of group dental insurance which was in force immediately prior to this *plan.* To be considered a prior plan, this *plan* must start immediately after the prior coverage ends.

B750.0681

Proof Of Claim means dental radiographs, study models, periodontal charting, written narrative or any documentation that may validate the necessity of the proposed treatment.

B750.0682

Qualified Retirees are covered as outlined in your company's benefit provisions. Please see your Plan Administrator for details.

B750.0105

We, Us, Our And Guardian mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

B750.0683

The following notice applies if your plan is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its amendments. This notice is not part of the Guardian plan of insurance or any employer funded benefits, not insured by Guardian.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

(a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

(c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. You should review this summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement Of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Qualified Medical Child Support Order

Federal law requires that group health plans provide medical care coverage of a dependent child pursuant to a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO). A "qualified medical child support order" is a judgment or decree issued by a state court that requires a group medical plan to provide coverage to the named dependent child(ren) of an employee pursuant to a state domestic relations order. For the order to be qualified it must include:

- The name of the group health plan to which it applies.
- The name and last known address of the employee and the child(ren).
- A reasonable description of the type of coverage or benefits to be provided by the plan to the child(ren).
- The time period to which the order applies.

A dependent enrolled due to a QMCSO will not be considered a late enrollee in the plan.

Note: A QMCSO cannot require a group health plan to provide any type or form of benefit or option not otherwise available under the plan except to the extent necessary to meet medical child support laws described in Section 90 of the Social Security Act.

If you have questions about this statement, see the plan administrator.

B800.0094

The Guardian's Responsibilities

B800.0048

The dental expense benefits provided by this plan are funded solely by the employer. The benefits **are not** guaranteed by a policy of insurance issued by Guardian. Guardian does supply administrative services, such as claims services, including the payment of claims, preparation of employee benefit booklets, and changes to such benefit booklets.

B800.0064

The Guardian is located at 10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001.

B800.0049

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Administrator with respect to processing claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

The Plan Administrator has discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the plan with respect to claims.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your benefit booklet, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA")

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit. A failure to cover an item or service: (a) due to the application of any utilization review; or (b) because the item or service is determined to be experimental or investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate, is also considered an adverse determination.

"Group Health Benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, vision care or prescription drug coverages which are a part of this plan.

"Pre-service claim" means a claim for a medical care benefit with respect to which the plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval of the benefit in advance of receipt of care.

"Post-service claim" means a claim for payment for medical care that already has been provided.

"Urgent care claim" means a claim for medical care or treatment where making a non-urgent care decision: (a) could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant or the ability of the claimant to regain maximum function, as determined by an individual acting on behalf of the plan applying the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine; or (b) in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition, would subject the claimant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care.

Note: Any claim that a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition determines is a claim involving urgent care will be treated as an urgent care claim for purposes of this section.

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will make a benefit determination within 72 hours after receipt of an urgent care claim.

If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim. The claimant will be given not less than 48 hours to provide the specified information.

Guardian will notify the claimant of the benefit determination as soon as possible but not later than the earlier of:

- the date the requested information is received; or
- the end of the period given to the claimant to provide the specified additional information.

The required notice may be provided to the claimant orally within the required time frame provided that a written or electronic notification is furnished to the claimant not later than 3 days after the oral notification.

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 15 days after receipt of a pre-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 5 days after receipt of the claim. A notification of a failure to follow proper procedures for pre-service claims may be oral, unless a written notification is requested by the claimant.

The time period for providing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 15-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a post-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Concurrent Care Decisions. A reduction or termination of an approved ongoing course of treatment (other than by plan amendment or termination) will be regarded as an adverse benefit determination. This is true whether the treatment is to be provided(a) over a period of time; (b) for a certain number of treatments; or (c) without a finite end date. Guardian will notify a claimant at a time sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the claimant to appeal.

In the case of a request by a claimant to extend an ongoing course of treatment involving urgent care, Guardian will make a benefit determination as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is based;
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed;
- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request;
- in the case of an adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request; and
- in the case of an urgent care adverse determination, a description of the expedited review process.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal.

A request for an appeal of an adverse benefit determination involving an urgent care claim may be submitted orally or in writing. Necessary information and communication regarding an urgent care claim may be sent to Guardian by telephone, facsimile or similar expeditious manner.

Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim; and

- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision as soon as possible but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 30 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

B800.0081

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue your coverage. Your rights, if any, upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this benefit booklet.

B800.0068

SECTION II: Guardian Insurance

B115.0003

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Should you have any questions regarding this insurance, you may contact The Guardian Life Insurance Company at:

1-800-873-4542

CGP-3-R-ADD-MO-92 B120.0055

GENERAL PROVISIONS

As used in this booklet:

"Accident and health" means any dental, dismemberment, hospital, long term disability, major medical, out-of-network point-of-service, prescription drug, surgical, vision care or weekly loss-of-time insurance provided by this *plan.*

"Covered person" means an *employee* or a dependent insured by this *plan.*

"Employer" means the *employer* who purchased this *plan.*

"Our," "The Guardian," "us" and "we" mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

"Plan" means the Guardian *plan* of group insurance purchased by your *employer.*

"You" and "your" mean an *employee* insured by this *plan.*

CGP-3-R-GENPRO-90 B160.0002

Limitation of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of The Guardian, has the authority to act for us to: (a) determine whether any contract, plan or certificate of insurance is to be issued; (b) waive or alter any provisions of any insurance contract or plan, or any requirements of The Guardian; or (c) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

CGP-3-R-LOA-90-MO B160.0026

Incontestability

This *Plan* is incontestable after two years from the earlier of its effective date or its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a person insured under this *plan* shall be used in contesting the validity of his insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after such insurance has been in force for two years during his lifetime.

If this *plan* replaces a *plan* your *employer* had with another insurer, we may rescind the *employer's plan* based on misrepresentations made by the *employer* or an employee in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of this *plan.*

CGP-3-R-INCY-90-MO B160.0027

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a *doctor* of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this *plan* as often as we feel necessary. And we have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We'll pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

CGP-3-R-EA-90 B160.0006

Accident and Health Claims Provisions

Your right to make a claim for any *accident and health* benefits provided by this *plan,* is governed as follows:

Notice You must send us written notice of an *injury* or *sickness* for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the *injury* occurs or the *sickness* starts. This notice should include your name and *plan* number. If the claim is being made for one of your *covered dependents,* his or her name should also be noted.

Proof of Loss We'll furnish you with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. But if we don't furnish the forms on time, we'll accept a written description and adequate documentation of the *injury* or *sickness* that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. You must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made. You must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

If this plan provides weekly loss-of-time insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the end of each period for which we're liable. If this plan provides long term disability income insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the date we request it. For any other loss, you must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice of Proof We won't void or reduce your claim if you can't send us notice and proof of loss within the required time. But you must send us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits We'll pay benefits for loss of income once every 30 days for as long as we're liable, provided you submit periodic written proof of loss as stated above. We'll pay all other *accident and health* benefits to which you're entitled as soon as we receive written proof of loss.

We pay all *accident and health* benefits to you, if you're living. If you're not living, we have the right to pay all *accident and health* benefits, except dismemberment benefits, to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; (e) your brothers and sisters; and (f) any unpaid provider of health care services. See "Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits" for how dismemberment benefits are paid.

When you file proof of loss, you may direct us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. We may honor such direction at our option. But, we will pay health care benefits, with or without a written authorization from you, if the recognized provider of health care is a public hospital or clinic that has submitted a proper claim, and if such health care benefits have not previously been paid to you. But we can't tell you that a particular provider provide such care. And you may not assign your right to take legal action under this *plan* to such provider.

Limitations of Actions You can't bring a legal action against this *plan* until 60 days from the date you file proof of loss. And you can't bring legal action against this *plan* after three years from the date you file proof of loss.

Workers' Compensation The *accident and health* benefits provided by this *plan* are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CGP-3-R-MO-93 B160.0041

An Important Notice About Continuation Rights

The following "Federal Continuation Rights" section may not apply to the employer's plan. The employee must contact his employer to find out if: (a) the employer is subject to the "Federal Continuation Rights" section, and therefore; (b) the section applies to the employee.

CGP-3-R-NCC-87 B240.0064

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

Federal Continuation Rights

Important Notice

This notice contains important information about the right to continue group dental coverage. In addition to the continuation rights described below, other health coverage alternatives may be available through states' Health Insurance Marketplaces. Please read the information contained in this notice very carefully.

This section applies only to any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to any coverages which apply to loss of life, or to loss of income due to disability. These coverages can not be continued under this section.

Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered active employee or qualified retiree; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

Conversion

Continuing the group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

If Your Group Health Benefits End

If your group health benefits end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, you may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if you were not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover you or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees

If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give your employer written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify your employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by your employer during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents

If your group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, you may elect to continue such benefits, provided that:

(a) you are or become a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and

(b) you and your dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for your lifetime. After your death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for you and your dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If you die before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, your surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceedings. The continuation can last for your surviving spouse's lifetime.

This special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-1 B235.0617

If You Die While Insured

If you die while insured, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-2 B235.0075

If Your Marriage Ends

If your marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If a Dependent Child Loses Eligibility

If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than your coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Concurrent Continuations

If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule

If you become entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after your later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of your earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities

A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify your employer, in writing, of: (a) your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child; (c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses (or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determination must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-3 B235.0178

Your Employer's Responsibilities

A qualified continuee must be notified, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

Your employer must give notice of the following qualifying events to the plan administrator within 30 days of the event: (a) your death; (b) termination of employment (other than for gross misconduct) or reduction in hours of employment; (c) Medicare entitlement; or (d) if you are a retired employee, a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code with respect to the employer. Upon receipt of notice of a qualifying event from your employer or from a qualified continuee, the plan administrator must notify a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits no later than 14 days after receipt of notice.

If your employer is also the plan administrator, in the case of a qualifying event for which an employer must give notice to a plan administrator, your employer must provide notice to a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits within 44 days of the qualifying event.

If your employer determines that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, they must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, your employer must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Your Employer's Liability

Your employer will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) he or she fails to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) he or she fails to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation

To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give your employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from your employer as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to your employer, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by your employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by your employer. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by your employer.

If the qualified continuee fails to give your employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums

A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless your employer notifies the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to your employer.

When Continuation Ends

A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

(1) with respect to continuation upon your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(3) with respect to continuation upon your death, your legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(4) the date the employer ceases to provide any group health plan to any employee;

(5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;

(6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or

(7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-4 B235.0198

Uniformed Services Continuation Rights

If you enter or return from military service, you may have special rights under this *plan* as a result of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 ("USERRA").

If your group health benefits under this *plan* would otherwise end because you enter into active military service, this *plan* will allow you, or your dependents, to continue such coverage in accord with the provisions of USERRA. As used here, "group health benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this *plan.*

Coverage under this plan may be continued while you are in the military for up to a maximum period of 24 months beginning on the date of absence from work. Continued coverage will end if you fail to return to work in a timely manner after military service ends as provided under USERRA. You should contact your employer for details about this continuation provision including required premium payments.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-4 B235.0195

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

Important Notice

This section applies to an employee's group term life benefits. These benefits are referred to as "group life benefits."

This section does not apply to accidental death and dismemberment benefits.

A Totally Disabled Employee's Right to Continue Group Life Benefits

If an Employee is Totally Disabled

If an employee's group life benefits end while the employee is totally disabled, he may continue such benefits for a limited period of time subject to the payment of premiums.

In this section, an employee is totally disabled if: (a) he is not able to engage in his regular occupation, or any other occupation for which he is qualified by reason of his education, training or experience; and (b) he becomes so disabled while insured by this group plan.

This continuation will end on the later of: (a) six months, starting on the date the total disability began; or (b) for employees who meet our standard for total disability under the extended life benefits section of this plan, the end of the waiting period which applies to the permanent disability provision under that section.

The monthly premium the employee must pay to continue his group life benefits will be the amount which he would have been required to pay had he stayed insured by this group plan on a regular basis. He must make this payment to his employer at the times and in the manner specified by his employer. If the employee fails to pay this amount on time, he waives his right to continue his group life benefits.

If the employer fails, after timely receipt of any required employee payment, to pay us on behalf of such employee, thereby causing the employee's group life benefits to end, then the employer will become liable for the employee's group life benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us.

When the Continued Group Life Benefits End

An employee's continued life benefits end on the first of the following:

(a) the end of the applicable continuation period;

(b) the end of the period for which the last total monthly premium payment was made to us;

(c) the date the group plan ends or is amended to end benefits for the class of employees to which the employee belonged;

(d) the date the employee is no longer totally disabled; or

(e) the date the employee is approved by us in writing for coverage under any permanent disability provision of the extended life benefits section of this plan.

Conversion Rights and Extended Life Benefits

Any applicable conversion rights will still be in effect when the continuation period ends. Continuing his group life benefits under this section does not stop an employee from claiming his rights under the extended life benefits section of this plan.

CGP-3-R-CC-MO-83 B240.9007

Dependent Continuation Rights

Important Notice

This section applies to the hospital, surgical, major medical, dental, vision care and prescription drug expense coverages only. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to coverages which provide benefits for loss of life or loss of income due to disability. These coverages, if provided, cannot be continued under this section.

Any continuation of group health benefits under this section shall be subject to all of the terms and conditions of this plan.

If an Employee's Marriage Ends or If an Employee Dies While Insured

If an employee's marriage ends by legal separation or divorce, or if an employee dies while insured, his or her then insured spouse may continue this plan's group health benefits after federal continuation ends, subject to all the terms below and to the timely payment of premiums. Such group health benefits will cover such spouse and those of the employee's dependent children whose group health benefits would otherwise end.

How and When to Continue the Group Health Benefits: To continue the group health benefits, the employee's spouse must:

(a) be insured for group health benefits under this plan at the time the marriage ends or the employee dies;

(b) be age 55 or older when federal continuation ends;

(c) in the case of a divorced or separated spouse, give notice to the employer within 60 days of legal separation or divorce, or prior to the expiration of a 36 month federal continuation;

(d) in the case of a surviving spouse, give notice to the employer within 30 days of the employee's death, or prior to the expiration of a 36 month federal continuation; and

(e) elect to continue the group health benefits, provide current mailing address and pay the first monthly premium. This must be done within 60 days after receiving a written notice of continuation rights from the employer. The notice will be sent to the spouse's last known address within 14 days of receipt of notice of the employee's divorce, legal separation or death.

The notice of continuation rights will: (i) contain a form for electing to continue the group health benefits; and (ii) explain all the details for continuing the group health benefits, including:

(a) the duration of the continuation coverage;

(b) the monthly premium that must be paid to continue the group health benefits; and

(c) the times and manner in which premium payments must be made.

If the employee's spouse fails to give the employer notice or fails to pay any premium on time, he or she waives his or her right to continue the group health benefits under this plan.

If the employer fails to provide the spouse with written notice of his or her continuation rights, after being notified by the spouse as explained above, the spouse's coverage will continue in effect. His or her obligation to make premium payments will be postponed, but not reduced or eliminated, for the period of time beginning on the date his or her coverage would otherwise end until 31 days after the date the employer provides the required notice.

When Continuation Ends

This continuation ends for each covered person on the earliest of the following:

(a) the end of the period for which the last premium payment was made;

(b) the date the group plan ends and is not replaced;

(c) the date the covered person becomes insured under another group plan;

(d) the date the spouse remarries;

(e) the date the spouse reaches age 65; or

(f) with respect to each insured dependent, the date such dependent ceases to be an eligible dependent as defined in the group plan.

The Right to Convert

At the end of the continuation period under this section, conversion rights which the covered person may be entitled to shall be available to him or her according to the terms of the plan.

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

(To be attached to certificates issued to employees)

Group Policy No.: G-00463298-HC

Issued to: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Amendment Effective: Effective September 4, 2009, or the earlier of the effective date of any major medical, prescription drug, dental or vision coverage under this plan; or your first renewal on or following September 4, 2009

This rider amends this plan's group health benefits provisions so that the following is added to this plan:

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

State MoCOBRA - For Employer Groups of 2-19

Important Notice

This section applies only to any major medical, dental, vision and/or prescription drug coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to any coverage for loss of income due to disability. This coverage can not be continued under this section.

Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered active employee or qualified retiree ; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

Conversion

Continuing the group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

If Your Group Health Benefits End

If your group health benefits end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, you may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if you were not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover you or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees

If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give ADP COBRA Services (ADP) written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify ADP within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total cost of coverage also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by your employer during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents

If your group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, you may elect to continue such benefits, provided that

(a) you are or become a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and

(b) you and your dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for your lifetime. After your death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for you and your dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If you die before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, your surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceedings. The continuation can last for your surviving spouse's lifetime.

This special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

If Your Marriage Ends

If your marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If a Dependent Child Loses Eligibility

If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than your coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Concurrent Continuations

If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, either: (a) the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above; or (b) you become entitled to Medicare.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule

If you become entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after your later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of your earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities

A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify your employer, in writing, of: (a) your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child(c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to your employer within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses(or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determination must be given to your employer within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

CGP-A-1 B250.0014

Your Employer's Responsibilities

Your employer must notify the qualified continuee, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the qualified continuee within 14 days of: (a) the date a qualified continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to your death or your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; (b) the date a qualified continuee notifies your employer, in writing, of your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured dependent child; or (c) the date your employer declares bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States Code.

If your employer determines that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, they must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, your employer must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Your Employer's Liability

Your employer will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) he or she fails to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) he or she fails to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation

To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give your employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from your employer as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to your employer, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by your employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by your employer. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by your employer.

If the qualified continuee fails to give your employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums

A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless your employer notifies the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to your employer.

When Continuation Ends

A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

(1) with respect to continuation upon your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(3) with respect to continuation upon your death, your legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(4) the date the employer ceases to provide any group health plan to any employee;

(5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;

(6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or

(7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-A-1 B250.0015

ELIGIBILITY FOR LIFE AND DISMEMBERMENT COVERAGES

B264.0003

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees

To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active *full-time employee.* And you must belong to a class of *employees* covered by this *plan.*

Other Conditions

You must:

(a) be legally working in the United States.

(b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:

(i) your *employer's* place of business;

(ii) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or

(iii) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

Note: If you are working outside the United States on a temporary assignment and you meet all other conditions of eligibility, you will be covered by this *plan;* provided that: you are on an assignment, not exceeding one year, in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State. Coverage may be available when you are: (1) on a longer temporary assignment; or (2) assigned in a region that is under a travel warning; however, coverage must be approved by us in writing.

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we also ask for *proof* that you're insurable. And you won't be covered until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to *proof* that you're insurable. The Life Schedule explains if and when we require *proof.* You won't be covered for any amount that requires such *proof* until you give the *proof* to us and we approve it in writing.

If your active *full-time* service ends before you meet any *proof of insurability* requirements that apply to you, you'll still have to meet those requirements if you're later re-employed.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B264.1205

When Your Coverage Starts

Employee benefits that don't require *proof* that you are insurable are scheduled to start on your effective date.

Employee benefits that require such *proof* won't start until you send us the *proof* and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your *employer* on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start we will postpone that part of your coverage. We will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours for one full day, with the expectation that you could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this *plan* replaced.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B264.3214

Delayed Effective Date For Employee Optional Life Coverage

With respect to this *plan's* employee optional group term life insurance, if an *employee* is not actively at work on a *full- time* basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to *sickness* or *injury,* we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active *full-time* service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the *employee* returns to active *full-time* service.

CGP-3-DEF-97 B270.0384

When Your Coverage Ends

Your coverage ends on the date your active *full-time* service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, death, retirement, layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this *plan,* or when this *plan* ends for all employees. And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States unless you are on a temporary assignment: (1) not exceeding one year in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State; or (2) for which we have agreed, in writing, to provide coverage.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And you may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B264.1385

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Life and AD&D Insurance During a Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply to an *employer's* plan. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Continuation of Coverages Life and accidental death and dismemberment coverages may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. You must contact your *employer* to find out if you may continue these coverages.

If Your Group Insurance Would End Group life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which your *Employer's Plan* is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this *Plan.*
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Life and AD&D Insurance During a Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee.*
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B264.2455

Dependent Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage

CGP-3-DEP-90-1.0 B264.0639

Dependent Coverage

Eligible Dependents For Optional Dependent Life Benefits Your *eligible dependents* are: your legal spouse who is under age 70; and your unmarried dependent children who are 14 or more days old, until they reach age 26 and your unmarried dependent children, from age 26 until they reach age 26, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0 B264.0579

Adopted Children And Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in your home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible

We exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0 B264.0587

Proof Of Insurability

We require *proof* that a dependent is insurable, if you: (a) enroll a dependent and agree to make the required payments after the end of the *enrollment period;* (b) in the case of a newly acquired dependent, other than the first newborn child, have other eligible dependents who you have not elected to enroll; or (c) in the case of a *newly acquired dependent,* have other *eligible dependents* whose coverage previously ended because you failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

A dependent is not insured by any part of this *plan* that requires such *proof* until you give us this *proof,* and we approve it in writing.

If the dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, your dependents won't be covered by this *plan* again until you give us new *proof* that they're insurable and we approve that *proof* in writing.

CGP-3-DEP-90-5.0 B200.0288

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin you must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this *plan,* the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll your *initial dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date,* the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows your *eligibility date* and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this within the *enrollment period,* the coverage is scheduled to start on the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this after the *enrollment period* ends, your dependent coverage is subject to *proof of insurability* and won't start until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Once you have dependent coverage for your *initial dependents,* you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

A newly *acquired dependent* will be covered for those dependent benefits not subject to *proof of insurability* from the date the newly acquired dependent is first eligible, if you notify us and agree to make any additional payments within 31 days after the date the dependent becomes eligible. If you do this more than 31 days after the date the dependent becomes eligible, a *newly acquired dependent* will be covered from the date you notify us and agree to make any additional payments.

If *proof of insurability* is required for dependent benefits as explained above, those benefits are scheduled to start, subject to the "Exception" stated below, on the effective date shown in the "Endorsement" section of your application, provided that you send us the *proof* we require and we approve that *proof* in writing. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0 B264.1129

Exception

If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a *hospital* or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0 B200.0692

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all *employees* or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an *eligible dependent.* This happens to a child at 12:01 a.m. on the last day of the calendar year in which the child attains this *plan's* age limit, when he marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment, and with respect to optional life coverage, it happens at 12:01 a.m. on the date the spouse reaches age 70.

Read this plan carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And they may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0 B200.0792-R

GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE SCHEDULE

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0002

Employee Basic Term Life Insurance

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0003

Your Basic Term Life Insurance Amount

An amount equal to 200% of your annual earnings, rounded to the next higher $1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of $250,000.00, but not less than $10,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0629

Redetermination

Subject to any of the plan's proof of insurability requirements, your basic life insurance amount will be redetermined as of each change in your earnings, to an amount in accordance with the parameters enumerated above, on the basis of your then current annual earnings. If you are not actively at work on a full-time basis on that date, your insurance amount will be redetermined on the date you return to active full-time service. However, if your benefits were previously reduced because of an age or retirement reduction, your benefit will not be redetermined due to your change in earnings.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0012

Earnings Definition

Annual earnings means your annual rate of earnings excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, overtime pay and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

Any compensation based on your annual earnings which is deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 is included. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

Annual earnings is calculated using the earnings components described above applicable as of the most current redetermination date on which your employer has provided earnings data to us. Proof of earnings will be required. Proof may consist of: (1) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.1217

Reduction of Basic Life Insurance Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 70, by 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0482

Limitations For Future Entrants

However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which you are eligible if your insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after you reach age 70.

If you provide us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of your insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to your classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

If we do not approve the proof, your insurance amount will be $1,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0569

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0029

Your Basic AD&D Insurance Amount

An amount equal to 200% of your annual earnings, rounded to the next higher $1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of $250,000.00, but not less than $10,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0635

Redetermination

Subject to any of the plan's proof of insurability requirements, your basic AD&D insurance amount will be redetermined as of each change in your earnings, to an amount in accordance with the parameters enumerated above, on the basis of your then current annual earnings. If you are not actively at work on a full-time basis on that date, your insurance amount will be redetermined on the date you return to active full-time service. However, if your benefits were previously reduced because of an age or retirement reduction, your benefit will not be redetermined due to your change in earnings.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0038

Earnings Definition

Annual earnings means your annual rate of earnings excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, overtime pay and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

Any compensation based on your annual earnings which is deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 is included. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

Annual earnings is calculated using the earnings components described above applicable as of the most current redetermination date on which your employer has provided earnings data to us. Proof of earnings will be required. Proof may consist of: (1) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.1217

Reduction of Basic AD&D Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 70, by 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0493

Limitations For Future Entrants

However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which you are eligible if your insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after you reach age 70.

If you provide us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of your insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to your classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

If we do not approve the proof, your insurance amount will be $1,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0571

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0055

Optional Life Election

You may choose to be insured under the plan of optional term life insurance shown below. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0799

Your Optional Term Life Insurance Amount

Plan A

You may elect amounts of optional term life insurance in increments of $10,000.00, but your amount may not be less than $20,000.00 and may not exceed $500,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0063

Reduction of Optional Life Insurance Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 60% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 75% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 85% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0522

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to your full benefit amount or just part of it. When *proof of insurability* requirements apply, it means you must submit to us *proof* that you're insurable, and we must approve your *proof* in writing before your insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require *proof* as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0431

We require *proof* before an *employee* switches from his or her current increment of optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0732

We require *proof* before we will insure any *employee* who enrolls for optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this *plan.*

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0435

We require *proof* for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of $150,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0437

We require *proof* for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of $10,000.00, if an *employee*'s scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0697

We require *proof* for all amounts of optional term life insurance, if an *employee*'s scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0702

Voluntary AD&D Enrollment Period

You may choose to be insured under the plan of voluntary AD&D insurance as show below. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.1277

Your Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

You may elect amounts of voluntary AD&D insurance in increments of $10,000.00, but your amount may not be less than $20,000.00 and may not exceed $500,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.1285

Reduction of Voluntary AD&D Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 60% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 75% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 85% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.1379

Dependent Optional Life Enrollment Period

You may choose one of the plans of dependent spouse optional term life insurance, and one of the plans of dependent child optional term life insurance shown below. You may only be insured under one spouse plan and one child plan at a time. You must notify the employer of your elections and pay the required premium.

You may switch to other plans of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. You must notify the employer of any desired switch.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0662

Your Optional Dependent Spouse Term Life Insurance Amount

Plan A

You may elect amounts of optional dependent spouse term life insurance in increments of $5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $5,000.00 and may not exceed $250,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0505

Your Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount

Plan A

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$ 1,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$ 1,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$ 1,000.00

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0655

Your Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount

Plan B

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$ 5,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$ 5,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$ 5,000.00

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0655

Your Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount

Plan C

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$ 10,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$ 10,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$ 10,000.00

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0655

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.4308

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 100% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.4304

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your dependent optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to the full benefits amount or just part of them. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means you must submit to us proof that a dependent is insurable, and we must approve the proof in writing before the insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0536

We require proof before you switch from your current increment of dependent optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0734

We require proof before we will insure any spouse who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0540

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of $ 50,000.00 with respect to your dependent spouse.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0542

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of $5,000.00 with respect to your dependent spouse, if your dependent spouse's scheduled dependent optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0864

We require proof before we will insure any child who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0549

We require proof for any increase in the amount of dependent optional term life insurance with respect to a dependent child.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.0867

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

CGP-3-SI B265.2526

Dependent Voluntary AD&D Election

You choose the plan of dependent spouse voluntary AD&D insurance and the dependent child voluntary AD&D insurance as shown below. You must notify the employer of his or her election and pay the required premium.

CGP-3-SI B265.4174

Dependent Spouse Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

You may elect amounts of voluntary dependent spouse term AD&D insurance in increments of $5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $5,000.00 and may not exceed $250,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.2451

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$1,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$1,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$1,000.00

CGP-3-SI B265.4188

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan B

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$5,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$5,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$5,000.00

CGP-3-SI B265.4188

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan C

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$10,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$10,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$10,000.00

CGP-3-SI B265.4188

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.2532

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 100% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90 B265.4306

LIFE INSURANCE

B270.0070

Your Group Term Life Insurance

Basic Life Benefit If you die while insured for this benefit, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule.

Proof of Death We'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

Your Beneficiary You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named your beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving your *employer* written notice, unless you've assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until your *employer* gives you written confirmation of the change.

If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone you named dies before you do, his share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you've told us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.

Assigning Your Life Insurance If you assign this insurance, you permanently transfer all your rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) your spouse; (b) one of your parents or grandparents; (c) one of your children or grandchildren; (d) one of your brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.

We suggest you speak to your lawyer before you make any assignment. If you decide you want to assign this insurance, ask your *employer* for details or write to us.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent If your beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports your beneficiary.

Payment of Funeral or Last Illness Expenses We have the option of paying up to $2,000.00 of this insurance to any person who incurs expenses for your funeral or last illness.

Settlement Option If you or your beneficiary ask us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

CGP-3-R-LB-MO-91 B270.0199

Portability Privilege

Applicability This provision applies only to this plan's employee Basic group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this plan. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.

Important Restriction You must provide proof of insurability satisfactory to us.

Portability Of Basic Group Term Life Insurance You may elect to continue all or part of your employee Basic group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms.

You may port your coverage if coverage under this plan ends because you: (a) have terminated employment; or (b) stop being a member of an eligible class of employees.

You may not port your coverage, if you: (a) have reached your 70th birthday on the day coverage under this plan ends; or (b) are eligible for this plan's Basic Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

You may not port your coverage if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group plan.

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your Basic term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this plan ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this plan is at least $50,000.00.

The Portable Certificate Of Coverage You can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits; (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group plan.

The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) your rate class under this plan; and (b) your age bracket as shown in the Basic Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How To Port To get a portable certificate of coverage, you must: (a) apply to us in writing: and (b) pay the required premium. You have 31 days from the date your coverage under this plan ends to do this. We require proof of insurability satisfactory to us.

Defined Term As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

CGP-3-R-LPN-95 B270.0326

Your Optional Group Term Life Insurance

Life Benefit Subject to the limitations and exclusions below, if you die while insured for this benefit, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule for the plan of benefits you have elected. Your life benefit may be subject to reductions based on your age. These reductions are also shown in the schedule. Your benefit amount, a portion thereof, or increases in such amount may not become effective until you submit *proof of insurability* to us, and we approve it in writing. These requirements are also shown in the schedule.

Proof of Death Subject to all of the terms of this *plan,* we'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

Suicide Exclusion We pay no benefits if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from your employee optional group term life insurance effective date under this *plan* and we can show that you intended suicide when you applied for this plan. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase and we can show that you intended suicide when you applied for this *plan.*

Seatbelt and Airbag Benefits If you die as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase your benefit amount by $10,000.00. And if you die as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase your benefit amount by an additional $5,000.00, for a total increase of $15,000.00.

Your Beneficiary You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named your beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving your employer written notice, unless you've assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until your employer gives you written confirmation of the change.

If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone you named dies before you do, his or her share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you've told us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.

Assigning Your Life Insurance

If you assign this insurance, you permanently transfer all your rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) your spouse; (b) one of your parents or grandparents; (c) one of your children or grandchildren; (d) one of your brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.

We will recognize an assignee as the owner of the rights assigned only if: (a) the assignment is in writing and signed by you; and (b) a signed or certified copy of the written assignment has been received and approved by us.

We will not be responsible for legal, tax or other effects of any assignment, or for any benefits we pay under this *plan* before we receive and approve any assignment.

We suggest you speak to a lawyer before you make any assignment. If you decide you want to assign this insurance, write to us for details.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent

If your beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports your beneficiary.

Payment of Funeral or Last Illness Expense

We have the option of paying up to $2,000.00 of this insurance to any person who incurs expenses for your funeral or last illness.

Settlement Option

If you or your beneficiary asks us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

CGP-3-R-EOPT-96-MO B273.0640

Portability Privilege

Applicability

This provision applies only to this *plan's* employee and dependent Optional group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this *plan.* And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.

Important Restriction

You may not elect a portable certificate of coverage unless you have been covered by this group *plan,* or the one it replaced, for employee Optional group term life insurance for at least three consecutive months prior to the date your coverage under this *plan* ends.

Portability Of Optional Group Term Life Insurance

You may elect to continue all or part of your employee Optional group term life insurance and dependent Optional group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms.

You may port your coverage if coverage under this *plan* ends because you: (a) have terminated employment; or (b) stop being a member of an eligible class of employees.

You may not port your coverage or coverage for any of your dependents, if you: (a) have reached your 70th birthday on the day coverage under this *plan* ends; or (b) are eligible for this *plan's* Optional Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

You may not port your coverage or coverage for any of your dependents if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group *plan.*

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your Optional term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this *plan* ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this *plan* is at least $50,000.00.

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your dependent Optional term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this *plan* ends; or (b) 50% of such amount(s), if: (i) your dependent spouse amount under this *plan* is at least $20,000.00; and (ii) your dependent child amount under this *plan* is at least $4,000.00. However, if you port the full amount of your insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be a full amount. And, if you elect to port 50% of your insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be 50% of such amount(s).

You may port: (a) your insurance only; (b) your insurance and insurance of your covered spouse; (c) your insurance and the insurance of all of your covered dependents; or (d) if you are a single parent, your insurance and the insurance of all of your covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

To be eligible to port, a dependent must be insured as of the day your coverage under this *plan* ends.

If You Die While Insured

If you die while insured for dependent Optional term life insurance, your spouse may port the insurance of your dependents as described above. But, your spouse and dependents must be insured on the date of death. No dependents will be allowed to port if: (a) there is no surviving spouse; or (b) your surviving spouse has reached his or her 70th birthday on the day you die.

The Portable Certificate Of Coverage

You or your surviving spouse can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits: (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group *plan.*

The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) your and/or your dependent's rate class under this plan; and (b) your or your surviving spouse's age bracket as shown in the Optional Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How To Port To get a portable certificate of coverage, you or your surviving spouse must: (a) apply to us in writing; and (b) pay the required premium. You have 31 days from the date your coverage under this *plan* ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Defined Term As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

CGP-3-R-LP-00 B273.0732

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

CGP-3-R-LPN-95 B270.0326

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO YOUR BASIC TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

B275.0076

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

If Employment Or Eligibility Ends Your group life insurance ends if: (a) your employment ends; or (b) you stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, you can convert your group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

If you are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. You can convert the amount for which you were covered under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

If The Group Plan Ends Or Group Life Insurance Is Dropped Your group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for your class. If either happens, you may be eligible to convert as explained below. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

If you: (a) are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) you have been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount you can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) the amount of your insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted Policy

The premium for the converted policy will be based on your age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Interim Term Insurance

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium" and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you have the option to convert your coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date you become disabled. During this year, if you are approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, you have not been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on your age as of the date you convert from the interim term insurance policy.

How And When To Convert

To get a converted policy, you must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. You have 31 days after your group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Death During The Conversion Period

If you die in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount you could have converted. We'll pay whether or not you applied for conversion.

CGP-3-R-LCONV-99 B275.0072

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO YOUR OPTIONAL GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

B275.0077

If Employment Or Eligibility Ends

Your group life insurance ends if: (a) your employment ends; or (b) you stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, you can convert your group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

If you are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. You can convert the amount for which you were covered under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

If The Group Plan Ends Or Group Life Insurance Is Dropped

Your group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for your class. If either happens, you may be eligible to convert as explained below. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

If you: (a) are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) you have been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount you can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) the amount of your insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted Policy

The premium for the converted policy will be based on your age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Interim Term Insurance

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium" and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you have the option to convert your coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date you become disabled. During this year, if you are approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, you have not been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on your age as of the date you convert from the interim term insurance policy.

How And When To Convert

To get a converted policy, you must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. You have 31 days after your group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Death During The Conversion Period

If you die in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount you could have converted. We'll pay whether or not you applied for conversion.

CGP-3-R-LCONV-99 B275.0072

Your Accelerated Life Benefit

IMPORTANT NOTICE: USE OF THE BENEFIT PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION MAY HAVE TAX IMPLICATIONS AND MAY AFFECT GOVERNMENT BENEFITS OR CREDITORS. YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR TAX OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR BEFORE APPLYING FOR THIS BENEFIT.

PLEASE NOTE: THE AMOUNT OF GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE IS PERMANENTLY REDUCED BY THE GROSS AMOUNT OF THE ACCELERATED LIFE BENEFIT PAID TO YOU.

Accelerated Life Benefit

If you have a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months, you may apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. An Accelerated Life Benefit is a payment of part of your group term life insurance made to you before you die.

We subtract the gross amount paid to you as an Accelerated Life Benefit from the amount of your group term life insurance under this plan. The remaining amount of your group term life insurance is permanently reduced by the gross amount paid to you.

By "group term life insurance" we mean any Employee Basic Group Term Life Insurance for which you are insured under this plan. "Group term life insurance" does not mean Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits, any insurance provided under this plan for covered persons other than you or any scheduled increase in the amount of any Employee Group Term Life Insurance that is due within the 6 month period after the date you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

By "gross amount" we mean the amount of an Accelerated Life Benefit elected by you, before the discount and the processing fee are subtracted.

For the purposes of this provision, "terminal condition" means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

You may use the Accelerated Life Benefit in any way you choose. But you may receive only one Accelerated Life Benefit during your lifetime. If you live longer than 6 months, or if you recover from the condition, the benefit does not have to be repaid. But the amount of this benefit is not restored to your remaining group term life insurance. And you may not receive another Accelerated Life Benefit if you have a relapse or develop another terminal condition.

Maximum Benefit Amount

The amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit for which you may apply is based on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the benefit. The minimum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount. The maximum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $250,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount.

Discount

The amount for which you apply is discounted to the present value in 6 months from the date the benefit is paid, based on the maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate permitted in the state in which your employer is located.

A detailed statement of the method of computing the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit is filed with each state insurance department. This statement is available from The Guardian upon request.

Processing Fee

A fee of up to $150.00 may also be required for the administrative cost of evaluating and processing your Accelerated Life Benefit. This fee is deducted from the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Payment of An Accelerated Life Benefit

If we approve your application for an Accelerated Life Benefit, we pay the amount you have elected, less the discount and the processing fee.We pay the benefit to you in one lump sum. And what we pay is subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

How And When To Apply

To receive the Accelerated Life Benefit, you must send us written proof from a licensed doctor who is operating within the scope of his or her license that your medical condition is expected to result in your death within 6 months of the date of the written medical proof. We must approve such proof in writing before the Accelerated Life Benefit will be paid.

We can have you examined by a doctor of our choice to verify the terminal condition. We'll pay the cost of such examination. We will not pay the Accelerated Life Benefit if our doctor does not verify the terminal condition.

If we approve you to receive an Accelerated Life Benefit, we give you a statement which shows: (a) the amount of the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit for which you are eligible; and (b) the amount by which your group term life insurance will be reduced if you elect to receive the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit; and (c) the amount of the processing fee.

Even if you are receiving an Extended Life Benefit under this plan, you can still apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. However, once you convert your group term life insurance, the terms of the converted life policy will apply. Any amount to which you could otherwise convert is permanently reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Please read "Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance" provision for restrictions that may apply.

If You Have Assigned Your Group Term Life Insurance

If you have already assigned your group term life insurance, according to the terms of this plan, you can't apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit.

CGP-3-R-EALB-95 B275.0021

If You Are Incompetent

If you are determined to be legally incompetent, the person the court appoints to handle your legal affairs may apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit for you.

Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance

The remaining amount of group term life insurance for which you are covered after receiving an Accelerated Life Benefit payment is subject to any increases or cutbacks that would otherwise apply to your insurance. Applicable cutbacks are applied to the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The premium cost of your remaining coverage is based on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

You may be required to provide proof of insurability for increased amounts. If you are, we must approve that proof in writing before you are covered for the new amount.

The total amount of group term life insurance your beneficiary would Otherwise receive upon your death is reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

If you die after electing the Accelerated Life Benefit, but before we send the benefit to you, your beneficiary will receive the amount of the group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

Restrictions

We will not pay an Accelerated Life Benefit to you if you:

- are required by law to use the payment to meet the claims of creditors, whether or not you are in bankruptcy; or
- are required by court order to pay all or part of the benefit to another person; or
- are required by a government agency to use the payment to apply for, to receive or to maintain a governmental benefit or entitlement; or
- lose your coverage under the group plan for any reason after you elect the Accelerated Life Benefit but before we pay such benefit to you.

CGP-3-EALB-17-IL B270.0322

IMPORTANT NOTICE: USE OF THE BENEFIT PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION MAY HAVE TAX IMPLICATIONS AND MAY AFFECT GOVERNMENT BENEFITS OR CREDITORS. YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR TAX OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR BEFORE APPLYING FOR THIS BENEFIT.

PLEASE NOTE: THE AMOUNT OF GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE IS PERMANENTLY REDUCED BY THE GROSS AMOUNT OF THE ACCELERATED LIFE BENEFIT PAID TO YOU.

Accelerated Life Benefit

If you have a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months, you may apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. An Accelerated Life Benefit is a payment of part of your group term life insurance made to you before you die.

We subtract the gross amount paid to you as an Accelerated Life Benefit from the amount of your group term life insurance under this plan. The remaining amount of your group term life insurance is permanently reduced by the gross amount paid to you.

By "group term life insurance" we mean any Employee Optional Group Term Life Insurance for which you are insured under this plan. "Group term life insurance" does not mean Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits, any insurance provided under this plan for covered persons other than you or any scheduled increase in the amount of any Employee Group Term Life Insurance that is due within the 6 month period after the date you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

By "gross amount" we mean the amount of an Accelerated Life Benefit elected by you, before the discount and the processing fee are subtracted.

For the purposes of this provision, "terminal condition" means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

You may use the Accelerated Life Benefit in any way you choose. But you may receive only one Accelerated Life Benefit during your lifetime. If you live longer than 6 months, or if you recover from the condition, the benefit does not have to be repaid. But the amount of this benefit is not restored to your remaining group term life insurance. And you may not receive another Accelerated Life Benefit if you have a relapse or develop another terminal condition.

Maximum Benefit Amount

The amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit for which you may apply is based on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the benefit. The minimum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount. The maximum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $250,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount.

Discount

The amount for which you apply is discounted to the present value in 6 months from the date the benefit is paid, based on the maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate permitted in the state in which your employer is located.

A detailed statement of the method of computing the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit is filed with each state insurance department. This statement is available from The Guardian upon request.

Processing Fee

A fee of up to $150.00 may also be required for the administrative cost of evaluating and processing your Accelerated Life Benefit. This fee is deducted from the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Payment of An Accelerated Life Benefit

If we approve your application for an Accelerated Life Benefit, we pay the amount you have elected, less the discount and the processing fee. We pay the benefit to you in one lump sum. And what we pay is subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

How And When To Apply

To receive the Accelerated Life Benefit, you must send us written proof from a licensed doctor who is operating within the scope of his or her license that your medical condition is expected to result in your death within 6 months of the date of the written medical proof. We must approve such proof in writing before the Accelerated Life Benefit will be paid.

We can have you examined by a doctor of our choice to verify the terminal condition. We'll pay the cost of such examination. We will not pay the Accelerated Life Benefit if our doctor does not verify the terminal condition.

If we approve you to receive an Accelerated Life Benefit, we give you a statement which shows: (a) the amount of the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit for which you are eligible; and (b) the amount by which your group term life insurance will be reduced if you elect to receive the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit; and (c) the amount of the processing fee.

Even if you are receiving an Extended Life Benefit under this plan, you can still apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. However, once you convert your group term life insurance, the terms of the converted life policy will apply. Any amount to which you could otherwise convert is permanently reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Please read "Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance" provision for restrictions that may apply.

If You Have Assigned Your Group Term Life Insurance

If you have already assigned your group term life insurance, according to the terms of this plan, you can't apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit.

CGP-3-R-EALB-95 B275.0027

If You Are Incompetent

If you are determined to be legally incompetent, the person the court appoints to handle your legal affairs may apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit for you.

Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance

The remaining amount of group term life insurance for which you are covered after receiving an Accelerated Life Benefit payment is subject to any increases or cutbacks that would otherwise apply to your insurance. Applicable cutbacks are applied to the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The premium cost of your remaining coverage is based on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

You may be required to provide proof of insurability for increased amounts. If you are, we must approve that proof in writing before you are covered for the new amount.

The total amount of group term life insurance your beneficiary would Otherwise receive upon your death is reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

If you die after electing the Accelerated Life Benefit, but before we send the benefit to you, your beneficiary will receive the amount of the group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

Restrictions We will not pay an Accelerated Life Benefit to you if you:

- are required by law to use the payment to meet the claims of creditors, whether or not you are in bankruptcy; or
- are required by court order to pay all or part of the benefit to another person; or
- are required by a government agency to use the payment to apply for, to receive or to maintain a governmental benefit or entitlement; or
- lose your coverage under the group plan for any reason after you elect the Accelerated Life Benefit but before we pay such benefit to you.

Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice This section applies to your basic life benefit. But, it does not apply to your accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of your dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent basic life insurance, you must convert your dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If You Are Disabled You are disabled if you meet the definition of total disability, as stated below. If you meet the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend your basic life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employer.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, you are:

(a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of any occupation, for which you are qualified for by training, education, or experience; and

(b) you are receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How And When To Apply To apply for this extension, you must submit satisfactory written medical proof of your total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) you lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for you to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, you must:

(a) become totally disabled before you reach age 60and while insured by the group plan; and

(b) remain totally disabled for 180 consecutive days.

You are encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility For Extended Life Benefit

We may require periodic written proof that you remain totally disabled to maintain this extension. This written proof of your continued disability and doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

We can require that you take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended your life benefits. But after two years, we can't have you examined more than once a year.

Until You've Been Approved For This Extended Life Benefit

Your life insurance under the group plan may end after you've become totally disabled, but before we've approved you for this extension. During this time period, you may either:

(a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until you are approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or

(b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

However, if this group plan terminates, and you are totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent or term policy, and remain insured under such policy until you are approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop you from claiming your rights under this section. But if you convert and we later approve you for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once you are approved for this extended benefit, your group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employer.

When This Extension Begins

Once approved by us, your extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

(a) 180 consecutive days from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or

(b) the date we approve you for this benefit.

Once you are approved for this extension, we'll refund all basic term life insurance premiums paid by you from the date of disability.

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium (Cont.)

When This Extension Ends

Your extension will end on the earliest of:

(a) the date you are no longer disabled;

(b) the date we ask you to be examined by our doctor, and you refuse;

(c) the date you do not give us the proof of disability we require;

(d) the date you are no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or

(e) the day before the date you reach age 65.

If the extension ends, and you are not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, you can convert as if your employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If You Die While Covered By This Extension

If you die while covered by this extension we'll pay your beneficiary the amount for which you were covered as of your last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had you stayed an active employee. The benefit amount is also subject to reduction which applies at retirement. We will use your Social Security Normal Retirement Age, as defined in the 1983 amendment to the Social Security Act, to determine when to apply the retirement reduction to your extended life benefit.

Proof Of Death

We'll pay as soon as we receive

(a) written proof of your death, that is acceptable to us; and

(b) medical proof that you were continuously disabled until your death. This must be sent within one year of your death.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-2 B275.0070

Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice

This section applies to your optional life benefit. But, it does not apply to your accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of your dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent optional life insurance, you must convert your dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If You Are Disabled

You are disabled if you meet the definition of total disability, as stated below. If you meet the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend your optional life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employer.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, you are:

(a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of any occupation, for which you are qualified for by training, education, or experience; and

(b) you are receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How And When To Apply

To apply for this extension, you must submit satisfactory written medical proof of your total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) you lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for you to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, you must:

(a) become totally disabled before you reach age 60and while insured by the group plan; and

(b) remain totally disabled for 180 consecutive days.

You are encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility For Extended Life Benefit

We may require periodic written proof that you remain totally disabled to maintain this extension. This written proof of your continued disability and doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

We can require that you take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended your life benefits. But after two years, we can't have you examined more than once a year.

Until You've Been Approved For This Extended Life Benefit

Your life insurance under the group plan may end after you've become totally disabled, but before we've approved you for this extension. During this time period, you may either:

(a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until you are approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or

(b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

However, if this group plan terminates, and you are totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent or term policy, and remain insured under such policy until you are approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop you from claiming your rights under this section. But if you convert and we later approve you for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once you are approved for this extended benefit, your group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employer.

When This Extension Begins

Once approved by us, your extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

(a) 180 consecutive days from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or

(b) the date we approve you for this benefit.

Once you are approved for this extension, we'll refund all optional term life insurance premiums paid by you from the date of disability.

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium (Cont.)

When This Extension Ends

Your extension will end on the earliest of:

(a) the date you are no longer disabled;

(b) the date we ask you to be examined by our doctor, and you refuse;

(c) the date you do not give us the proof of disability we require;

(d) the date you are no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or

(e) the day before the date you reach age 65.

If the extension ends, and you are not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, you can convert as if your employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If You Die While Covered By This Extension

If you die while covered by this extension we'll pay your beneficiary the amount for which you were covered as of your last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had you stayed an active employee. The benefit amount is also subject to reduction which applies at retirement. We will use your Social Security Normal Retirement Age, as defined in the 1983 amendment to the Social Security Act, to determine when to apply the retirement reduction to your extended life benefit.

Proof Of Death

We'll pay as soon as we receive

(a) written proof of your death, that is acceptable to us; and

(b) medical proof that you were continuously disabled until your death. This must be sent within one year of your death.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-2 B275.0070

Your Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Term Life Insurance

Your Choices

You may choose one of the plans of dependent spouse optional term life insurance, and one of the plans of dependent child optional term life insurance offered to you by your *employer.* These plans are shown in the schedule. However, you can only be insured under one spouse plan and one child plan at a time. You must notify your *employer* of your elections, and pay the required premium.

You may switch to other plans of benefits at any time, subject to any of this *plan's proof of insurability* requirements. You must notify your *employer* of any desired switch.

The Benefit

Subject to the limitations and exclusions shown below, if one of your dependents dies while insured for this benefit, we pay the amount shown in the schedule for the plan you have elected. We pay this in a lump sum when we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. Send the proof to us as soon as possible.

We pay you, if you're living. If you're not, and the dependent was your child, we pay your spouse. If your spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was your spouse, we pay your spouse's estate.

Suicide Exclusion

We pay no benefits if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the dependent's optional term life insurance under this *plan* and we can show that the dependent intended suicide when he or she applied for this *plan.* Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase and we can show that the dependent intended suicide when he or she applied for this *plan.*

Seatbelt and Airbag Benefits

If a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase the benefit amount by $5,000.00. And if a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase the benefit amount by an additional $2,500.00, for a total increase of $7,500.00.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent

If the beneficiary is a minor or not competent, we have the right to pay in monthly installments. We would pay the person who cares for and supports the beneficiary. We completely discharge our liability for any amounts paid this way.

CGP-3-R-DOPT-96-MO B293.0326

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance

If Your Group Life Insurance Ends or You Stop Being Eligible

Dependent term life insurance ends for all of your dependents when your group life insurance ends. Your insurance ends when: (a) your active full-time employment ends; (b) you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for employee group life insurance; (c) your group life insurance is extended under the Extended Life Benefit provision; or (d) you die.

Dependent term life insurance also ends when you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for dependent term life insurance.

If one of the above happens, each dependent who was insured may convert all or part of his or her insurance.

If This Plan Ends or Life Insurance is Dropped

Dependent term life insurance also ends for all of your dependents when this plan ends. And it ends if either employee or dependent term life insurance is dropped from this plan for all employees or for your class.

If one of the above happens, and your dependents have been insured by a Guardian group plan for at least five years, they can convert. But we limit the amount each dependent can convert to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; and (b) the amount of his or her insurance under this plan less any group life benefits for which he or she becomes eligible in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

If a Dependent Stops Being Eligible

A dependent's term life insurance ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent as defined by this plan. If a dependent stops being eligible, that dependent can convert all or part of his or her insurance.

The Converted Policy

The dependent can convert to one of the individual life insurance policies we normally issue. That policy can't include disability benefits. And it can't be a term policy.

The premium for the converted policy will be based on: (a) the dependent's risk and rate class under this plan; and (b) the dependent's age when the converted policy takes effect. The converted policy takes effect at the end of the period allowed for conversion.

Write to us for details.

How and When to Convert

To get a converted policy, the dependent must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days after his or her group insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

If the dependent is a minor or not competent, the person who cares for and supports the dependent may apply for him or her.

Death During the Conversion Period

If a dependent dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we pay the amount he or she could have converted, as stated above. We do this whether or not he or she applied for conversion.

Notice of Conversion Right:

If your dependent is entitled to obtain a converted policy under this section, full compliance with this provision for Notice of Conversion Right will be satisfied by written notice: (a) given to you by the employer; (b) mailed to you by the employer at your last known address; or (c) mailed to you by us at your last known address that is supplied to us by the employer.

The notice should be given at least 15 days before the end of the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described in "How and When to Convert." If the notice is not given at least 15 days before the end of such period, the dependent will have an additional period of 15 days from the date notice is given to apply for the converted policy and pay the required premium. But, in no event shall the additional period extend more than 60 days beyond the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described above.

CGP-3-R-DEPL-03-N B295.0065

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Benefit

We'll pay the benefits described below if you suffer an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while you are insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses

Benefits will be paid only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

(a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.

(b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment Of Benefits

For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary of your basic group term life insurance.

For all other covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If not, we pay the beneficiary of your basic group term life insurance.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

CGP-3-R-ADCL1-00 B310.1138

Exclusions

We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide while sane;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by infection, except pyogenic infections which result from an accidental bodily injury or bacterial infections which result from the accidental ingestion of contaminated substances;
- by unintentional or nonvoluntary inhalation of gas or taking of poisons;
- by your taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if you are an instructor or crew member; or have any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while you are a member of any armed force;
- while you are a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if you do not hold a current and valid driver's license;

- by your legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, your operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by your voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for you by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

Your Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Choices You may elect to be insured for any of the plans of employee voluntary accidental death and dismemberment (ADD) insurance offered by the employer. These plans are shown in the schedule. However, you can only be insured under one plan at a time. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

You may switch to another plan of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. You must notify the employer of any desired switch.

The Benefit We'll pay the benefits described below if you suffer an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while you are insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses Benefits will be paid according to the plan you have elected, only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

(a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.

(b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment Of Benefits

For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary described below.

For all other covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If not, we pay the beneficiary described below.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

The Beneficiary

You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named a beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving us notice, unless you have assigned insurance. But the change won't take effect until we give you confirmation of the change.

If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, your insurance will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you tell us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.

CGP-3-R-ADCL1-00 B310.1677

Exclusions

We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide while sane;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by infection, except pyogenic infections which result from an accidental bodily injury or bacterial infections which result from the accidental ingestion of contaminated substances;
- by unintentional or nonvoluntary inhalation of gas or taking of poisons;
- by your taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if you are an instructor or crew member; or have any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while you are a member of any armed force;
- while you are a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if you do not hold a current and valid driver's license;

- by your legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, your operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by your voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for you by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

Your Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Benefit We'll pay the benefits described below if a covered dependent suffers an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while he or she is insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses Benefits will be paid only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

(a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.

(b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment Of Benefits

For all covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If you are not living, and the dependent was your child, we pay your spouse. If your spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was your spouse, we pay the spouse's estate.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

CGP-3-R-DADCL1-00 B310.1680

Exclusions

We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide while sane;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by infection, except pyogenic infections which result from an accidental bodily injury or bacterial infections which result from the accidental ingestion of contaminated substances;
- by unintentional or nonvoluntary inhalation of gas or taking of poisons;
- by a dependent taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if the dependent is an instructor or crew member; or has any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while the dependent is a member of any armed force;
- while the dependent is a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if he or she does not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by the dependent's legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, the dependent's operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by the dependent's voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for the dependent by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

CGP-3-R-DADCL2-00-MO B310.1615

ELIGIBILITY FOR DISABILITY COVERAGE

B329.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active *full-time employee* earning at least $8667 annually. And you must belong to a class of *employees* covered by this *plan.*

Other Conditions You must:

(a) be legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

(b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:

  (i) your *employer's* place of business;

  (ii) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or

  (iii) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we also ask for *proof* that you're insurable. And you won't be covered until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to *proof* that you're insurable. Other parts of this coverage explain if and when we require *proof.* You won't be covered for any amount that requires such *proof* until you give the *proof* to us and we approve it in writing.

If your active *full-time* service ends before you meet any *proof of insurability* requirements that apply to you, you'll still have to meet those requirements if you're later re-employed.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B329.0876

Employee Coverage

Family Status Change You may request an increase in your voluntary disability insurance amount, a decrease to your voluntary disability insurance amount, or the addition of voluntary disability for which you were not previously insured, if a change in family status has occurred. You must request the change to your voluntary disability insurance in writing within 31 days after the date of the family status change as described below.

Family status change will include one or more of the following: (1) marriage or divorce; (2) death of a spouse or child; (3) birth or adoption of a child; (4) your spouse's termination of employment or a change in your spouse's employment that results in the loss of group coverage. The term "marriage" may also refer to civil unions and domestic partnerships, as recognized by the jurisdiction in which you reside.

Proof of insurability is not required for the change to voluntary disability insurance due to family status change as long as the change to your voluntary disability insurance does not exceed the guarantee issue amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Proof of insurability will be required on changes that exceed the guarantee issue amount and if proof was previously submitted and declined.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B329.1118

When Your Coverage Starts

Employee benefits that don't require proof that you are insurable are scheduled to start on your effective date.

Employee benefits that require such proof won't start until you send us the proof and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your *employer* on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start we will postpone that part of your coverage. We will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours for one full day, with the expectation that you could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this *plan* replaced.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B329.1152

Delayed Effective Date For Disability Coverage

With respect to this *plan's* disability insurance, if an *employee* is not actively at work on a *full-time* basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to *sickness* or *injury,* we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active *full-time* service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the *employee* returns to active *full-time* service.

CGP-3-DEF-97 B329.0103

When Your Coverage Ends

Your short term disability coverage ends on the date your active *full-time* service ends for any reason, except as noted below under "Continuation of Coverage During Disability".

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for insurance under this *plan,* or when this *plan* ends for all *employees.* And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Continuation of Coverage During Disability

If you are disabled, as defined by this *plan* when your active *full-time* service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the *plan;* and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the *plan.* However, if no benefits are payable under this *plan* due to application of the *plan's* exclusion for a job related injury or sickness, coverage will remain in force until the earlier of the date: (a) you are terminated from employment with the employer; or (b) you have been disabled for six months.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.0981

When Your Coverage Ends

Your long term disability coverage ends on the date your active *full-time* service ends for any reason.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for insurance under this *plan,* or when this *plan* ends for all *employees.* And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States unless you are on a temporary assignment: (1) not exceeding one year in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State; or (2) for which we have agreed, in writing, to provide coverage.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

However, if you are disabled, as defined by this *plan* when your active *full-time* service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the *plan;* and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the *plan.*

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.0352

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Short and Long Term Disability Income Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice

This section may not apply to an *employer's* plan. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Continuation of Disability Coverage

Short Term Disability and Long Term Disability income coverage may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. You must contact your *employer* to find out if you may continue this coverage.

If Your Group Insurance Would End

Group Short Term Disability and Long term Disability income insurance may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends

Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which your *Employer's Plan* is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this *Plan.*
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee.*
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

SHORT TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your short term disability *plan.* Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

CGP-3-STD07-HL B340.0086

Elimination Period

For *disability* due to *injury* . . . . . 7 days

For *disability* due to *sickness* . . . . . 7 days

CGP-3-STD07-HL B340.0088

Maximum Payment Period

For *disability* due to *injury* . . . . . 13 weeks

For *disability* due to *sickness* . . . . . 13 weeks

Payments for a pre-existing condition will be limited to a maximum of 2 weeks.

CGP-3-STD07-HL B340.0091

Gross Weekly Benefit

During your initial eligibility period, you may choose any one of the following plans which does not exceed 60% of your *insured earnings.* You must notify the *employer* of your election and pay the required premium.

You may switch to another plan at any time, with satisfactory proof of insurability. You must notify the *employer* of any desired switch. You will not be insured for the new benefit unless we approve that proof in writing.

Plan ID A $200.00

Plan ID B $300.00

Plan ID C $400.00

Plan ID D $500.00

Plan ID E $600.00

Plan ID F $700.00

Plan ID G $800.00

Plan ID H $900.00

Plan ID I $1,000.00

Plan ID J $1,100.00

Plan ID K $1,200.00

Plan ID L $1,300.00

Plan ID M $1,400.00

Plan ID N $1,500.00

Note: We integrate your *gross weekly benefit* with certain other income you may receive. Read all of the terms of this *plan* to see what income we integrate with, and how.

CGP-3-STD07-HL B340.1178

Proof of Insurability

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your short term disability plan. Such requirements may apply to your full benefit amount or just part of it. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means you must submit to us proof that you are insurable, and we must approve your proof in writing before your insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

If you request to change your plan election to a higher level of coverage, proof of insurability will be required. You are not entitled to the new level of coverage unless we approve that proof in writing. You must notify your *employer* of any desired switch.

Any level of coverage that requires proof of insurability takes effect on the date we approve that proof in writing. However, you must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If you are not, the new level of coverage will take effect on the date you return to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, the increase will not apply to a *recurring disability.*

CGP-3-STD07-HL B340.0098

SHORT TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become *disabled* due to a covered *sickness* or *injury.* What we pay is governed by all the terms of this *plan.*

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this *plan.* Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start

To start getting payments from this *plan,* you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

(a) You must: (i) become *disabled* while insured by this *plan;* and (ii) remain *disabled* and insured for this *plan's elimination period.*

(b) You must provide proof of loss, as described in this *plan's* Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the *elimination period,* subject to all *plan* terms.

You can satisfy the *elimination period* while working, provided you are *disabled* as defined by this *plan.*

Waiver of Premium

We waive your premiums for this insurance while you are entitled to receive a *weekly benefit* payment from this *plan.*

When Payments End

Your benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

(a) The date you are no longer *disabled.*

(b) The date you fail to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan.*

(c) The date you earn, or are able to earn, the maximum earnings allowed while *disabled* under this *plan.*

(d) The date you are able to perform the major duties of your *own job* on a full-time basis with *reasonable accommodation.*

(e) The date you have been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 2 months in a 12 month period.

(f) The date he or she dies.

(g) The end of the *maximum payment period.*

(h) The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this *plan* that limits the *maximum payment period.*

(i) The date you are no longer receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor.*

(j) The date payments end in accord with a *rehabilitation agreement.*

(k) The date you refuse to take part in a *rehabilitation program.*

Maximum Payment Period

The *maximum payment period* is the longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan* for your *disability.*

But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the date you were first treated for the cause of your *disability;* and (b) the length of time you have been insured by this *plan.* See the section entitled "Pre-Existing Conditions" and the Schedule of Benefits.

For *disability* due to *injury,* the *maximum payment period* is 13 weeks.

For *disability* due to *sickness,* the *maximum payment period* is 13 weeks.

CGP-3-STD07-2.0 B340.0010

Recurring Disability

Benefits from this *plan* end if you cease to be *disabled.* But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability,* if all of the terms listed below are met:

(a) You must return to *active work* right after your benefits end;

(b) The *disability* must recur less than two weeks after you were last entitled to benefits;

(c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of your earlier *disability;*

(d) This *plan* must not end during your return to *active work;*

(e) You must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time you return to *active work;*

(f) During the time you return to *active work,* you must: (i) stay insured by this *plan;* and (ii) premium payments must be made on your behalf; and

(g) Your benefits must not have ended because you have used up the *maximum payment period.*

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability,* you will not need to complete a new *elimination period.* The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later *disability* will be treated as a new period of *disability.* You will be required to complete a new *elimination period.* The new period of *disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the new period of *disability* occurs.

CGP-3-STD07-3.0 B340.0012

Calculation of Weekly Benefit

Your benefit is governed by the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date *disability* occurs. Any changes to this *plan* that take place: (a) while you are *disabled;* or (b) during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability;* will not affect your benefit.

We calculate your *gross weekly benefit* according to the Schedule of Benefits.

From your *gross weekly benefit,* subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your *weekly benefit.*

CGP-3-STD07-4.0 B340.0014

Redetermination

This *plan* redetermines *insured earnings* for each covered person on the date a change in a covered person's *insured earnings* occurs. The *plan sponsor* must report updates to all covered persons' *insured earnings* as they occur. Changes to a covered person's *insured earnings* are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this *plan.* As of this *plan's* redetermination date, we use a covered person's *insured earnings* on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this *plan.* However, the covered person must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If he or she is not, we do not do this until the date he or she returns to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability.*

CGP-3-STD07-4.1 B340.0041

Other Income Benefits

You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will reduce your *gross weekly benefit* by such other income benefits to determine your *weekly benefit* from this *plan.*

- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.

We integrate your *gross weekly benefit* with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

CGP-3-STD07-4.2 B340.0659

Other Income Not Subject to Deduction

We will not reduce your *gross weekly benefit* by any income you receive or are entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA);
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan;*
- Military pension and disability plans;
- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance, or Paid Time Off plan.

Lump Sum Payments of Other Income

Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent weekly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your *weekly benefit.* If no weekly rate is given, we divide the lump sum payment by the number of calendar days in the period for which it was awarded. This will determine the daily rate. Then, multiply the daily rate by seven. The result is the prorated weekly rate.

Cost of Living Freeze

You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your *weekly benefit* by the amount of such increase.

Application for Other Income

You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your *weekly benefit.* But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

If we do reduce your *gross weekly benefit* by an estimated amount, we will adjust your *weekly benefit* when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

Adjustment of Weekly Benefit for Disability Earnings

We adjust the *weekly benefit* for *disability earnings* as follows.

We pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

We reduce your *weekly benefit* by 50% of your *disability earnings.*

Method 2:

(a) Subtract your *disability earnings* from your *insured earnings.*

(b) Divide the result in (a) above by your *insured earnings.*

(c) Multiply the result in (b) above by your *weekly benefit.* This is the amount we pay.

If your *disability earnings* fluctuate widely from week to week, we may adjust your *weekly benefit* using an average *disability earnings* amount. The average *disability earnings* amount will be computed using your most current week's *disability earnings* and the prior two weeks *disability earnings.*

Maximum Allowable Disability Earnings

This *plan* limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled.*

If your *disability earnings* are more than 80% of your *insured earnings,* payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if you are able to earn more than 80% of your *insured earnings.*

CGP-3-STD07-5.0 B340.0110

Minimum Payment

The minimum weekly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is the larger of: (a) 15% of your *gross weekly benefit;* or (b) $25.00.

CGP-3-STD07-5.1 B340.0660

Pre-Existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness,* for which, in the look back period, you received medical advice or treatment from a *doctor.*

The "look back period" is the 3 months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this *plan;* (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan;* and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan.*

For any *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition, we limit the *maximum payment period* to 2 weeks; unless the *disability* starts after the date you are insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

Disability that is: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan;* or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan.* In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if your *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before your insurance under this *plan.*

CGP-3-STD07-6.1-MO B340.0663

Prior Coverage Credit

If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre- existing condition provision of the old plan.

If you: (a) were covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enroll for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan's* effective date; and (c) are *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* but (d) have not fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit your *maximum weekly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum weekly benefit for which you were insured under the old plan; (b) you become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum weekly benefit* to the amount you would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-STD07-6.2 B340.0053

Exclusions This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

(a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;

(b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;

(c) you taking part in a riot or civil disorder;

(d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which you have been convicted;

(e) your voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for you by a *doctor;* and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by your use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time;

(f) intentional self-inflicted injuries while sane; or

(g) job-related or on-the-job injury.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability:*

(1) during which you are confined to a facility as a result of your conviction of a crime;

(2) during which you are receiving medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;

(3) which starts before you are insured by this *plan;* or

(4) during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your *disability.*

CGP-3-STD07-7.0 B340.1277

Services

Rehabilitation and Case Management We will review your *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help you return to *gainful work.* If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer you a *rehabilitation program.* We have the right to suspend or end your *weekly benefit* if you do not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) you; (2) us; and (3) your *employer,* if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

(a) vocational assessment of your work potential;

(b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for your return to work;

(c) consulting with your *doctor* on your return to work and need for accommodations;

(d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;

(e) retraining; and

(f) assistance with child care expenses you incur in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program.* (See the Dependent Care Expenses section of this *plan.)*

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If you accept the *rehabilitation agreement,* we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *weekly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *weekly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

(a) The date your benefits from this *plan* end;

(b) The date you violate the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement;*

(c) The date you end the *rehabilitation program;* and

(d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If you end a *rehabilitation program* without our consent, you must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care Expenses

While you are participating in a *rehabilitation program,* we will pay a dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) you incur expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;

(b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) $100 per week per qualified dependent; not to exceed $300 per week for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual weekly day care expense incurred by you.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date you are no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a *rehabilitation program;* or (c) entitled to receive a *weekly benefit* from this *plan.*

CGP-3-STD07-8.0 B340.1360

Worksite Modification Benefit

In order to accommodate your *disability,* an employer may incur a cost to modify your worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to $2,500 for the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable you to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

CGP-3-STD07-8.1 B340.0058

Claim Provisions

Authority

We have the sole discretionary authority to: (a) interpret the terms of this *plan;* and (b) determine your eligibility for: (i) coverage; and (ii) benefits under the *plan.* All such determinations are conclusive and binding, except that they may be modified or reversed by a court or regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

Notice

You must send us written notice of your intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." Failure to give notice within the time required will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

For details, you can call Guardian at 1-800-268-2525.

Proof of Loss

When we receive your notice, we will provide you with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the *employer,* you, and the *doctor(s)* treating you for your *sickness* or *injury.* Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days after we receive any notice of claim under this *plan,* you will be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this *plan* as to proof of loss upon submitting within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions," written proof covering the occurrence, character and extent of the loss for which the claim is made. You should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at your expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate your benefits.

(a) The date *disability* began;

(b) Your last day of *active work;*

(c) The cause of *disability;*

(d) The extent of *disability,* including limitations and restrictions preventing you from performing the material and substantial duties of your *own job.*

(e) If your occupation requires that you carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of *disability;*

(f) *Objective medical evidence* in support of your limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date *disability* began;

(g) The prognosis of *disability;*

(h) The name and address of all *doctors,* hospitals and health care facilities where you have been treated for your *disability* since the date *disability* began;

(i) Proof that you: (i) are currently; and (ii) have been receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor,* from the date *disability* began;

(j) Proof of *insured earnings,* and, if applicable, *disability earnings;*

(k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;

(l) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this *plan;* and

(m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this *plan.*

You must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not yourself, your spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of your W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from your employer(s); (3) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which you hold an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Short Term Disability Claims Department
P.O. 14331
Lexington, KY 40512

Authorization Required

You must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this *plan.* You must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate your benefits.

Right to Request Medical, Financial or Vocational Assessment

We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the *plan* are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if you postpone a scheduled assessment without our approval, you will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If you do not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend your payments under this *plan.*

Ongoing Proof of Loss

To continue to receive payments from this *plan,* you must give us current proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 90 days of the date we request it. Failure to give such notice within such time will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits

We pay benefits to you, if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay benefits to the legal representative of your estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

We pay benefits on a biweekly basis at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan's elimination period.*

Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Week Payment

You may be *disabled* for only part of a week. In this case, we compute your payment as 1/7th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the full week times the number of days you are *disabled.*

Overpayment Recovery

If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

CGP-3-STD07-11.0-MO B340.1505

Definitions

Active Work, Actively-At-Work or Actively Working

You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your work for your *employer,* on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your *employer's* usual places of business; (b) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed on for your work.

CGP-3-STD07-12.0 B340.0062

Disability or Disabled

These terms mean that a current *sickness* or *injury* causes physical or mental impairment to such a degree that you are: (a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of your *own job* and (b) not able to earn more than this plan's maximum allowed *disability earnings.*

You may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, you are not *disabled* if you are able to work for 40 hours per week.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute *disability* under this *plan.*

CGP-3-STD07-12.2-MO B340.0668

Disability Earnings The weekly income you earn from working while *disabled.* It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When you have an ownership interest in the business, *disability earnings* also includes business profits, attributable to you, whether received or not. It includes any income you earn while *disabled* and return to your *employer,* partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If you have the ability to work on a *part-time* or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date you: (a) have been terminated from employment with the *employer;* (b) have been *disabled* for 3 months in a row; or (c) have been offered a job or workplace modification by the *employer* and you do not return to work; *disability earnings* also includes *maximum capacity earnings.*

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be *disabled,* due to a covered *disability,* before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which you return to work earning more than 80% of your *insured earnings* will not count toward the *elimination period.* If you are or become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are working during the *elimination period,* you will not be entitled to benefits from this *plan.*

We do not require you to complete an *elimination period* if: (a) you were covered under a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer on the day before this *plan* starts; (b) your *disability* would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the *plan sponsor;* or (b) associated with the *plan sponsor.*

Gainful Occupation or Gainful Work Work for which you are qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 80% of your *insured earnings* within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Weekly Benefit This *plan's weekly benefit* before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Injury A bodily *injury* due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this *plan.* We will cover a *disability* caused by an *injury* when the *disability* starts within 90 days of the date of such *injury.*

Insured Earnings: Only a covered person's earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings.*

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of the covered person's *insured earnings* as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of his or her *disability.* See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan.*

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 52.

(a) His or her compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions;

(b) His or her non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on his or her Return; and

(c) His or her contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

The covered person may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, the covered person's earnings are based on the weekly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of weeks that he or she was a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average weekly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of the covered person's Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) the covered person's average weekly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Weekly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. The covered person may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average weekly net profit and average weekly contributions using the full number of weeks that he or she was a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of weekly earnings determined from his or her annual contract salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of weekly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the *employer* for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 52 or the number of weeks the covered person worked for the *employer* during such calendar year, if less than 52.

(a) his or her earned income as reported on the 1099 form.

(b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040.

Insured earnings also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means a covered person's base weekly salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

Maximum Capacity Earnings The income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in your *own job.* We decide the fullest extent of work you are able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) your treating *doctor;* (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to your *disability.*

Maximum Payment Period The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan.*

Objective Medical Evidence May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; and (c) medical records of a *doctor's* exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Job Your job for the *employer.* We use the job description provided by the *plan sponsor* to determine the duties and requirements of your *own job.*

Part-Time The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings.*

Plan Sponsor The *employer,* association, union, trustee, or other group to which this *plan* is issued.

Reasonable Accommodation Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place; that an employer willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a *disabled* person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the *employer.*

Recurring Disability A later *disability* that: (a) is related to an earlier *disability* for which this *plan* paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and Appropriate Care Means, with respect to your: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect your disabling condition; you (i) visit a *doctor* as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) are receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a *doctor(s)* whose specialty is most appropriate for your: (a) *disability;* and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect your disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation Agreement A formal agreement between: (a) you; (b) us; and (c) your *employer,* if needed. It outlines the *rehabilitation program* in which you agree to take part.

Rehabilitation Program A program of work or job-related training for you that we approve in writing. Its aim is to restore your wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the *employer's* deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans.

Retirement Plan **"retirement benefits"** are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some *retirement plans* make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are *retirement benefits.* When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are **"disability benefits."**

Sickness An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan.*

We, Us, and Guardian The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Weekly Benefit This *plan's gross weekly benefit* reduced by other income. If you are working while *disabled,* your *weekly benefit* will be further reduced based on the amount of your *disability earnings.*

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

(To be attached to certificates issued to employees)

Group Policy No.: G-00463298-HC

Issued to: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Amendment Effective: January 1, 2015

1) This rider amends this plan's short-term disability "pre-existing conditions" provision so that minimum and / or maximum ranges for numeric values in certificate form CGP-3-STD07-6.1-MO are as shown below.

Pre-Existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness,* for which, in the look back period, you received medical advice or treatment from a *doctor.*

The "look-back period" is the 3 months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this *plan;* (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan;* and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan.*

For any disability: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition, we limit the *maximum payment period* to 2 weeks; unless the disability starts after you are insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

A covered person's *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan;* or (b) a change in his or her benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan.* In this case, the covered person's benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not take place. But, this does not apply if the covered person's *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before the covered person's insurance under this *plan.*

2) This rider amends this plan's short-term disability "highlights" so that minimum and / or maximum ranges for numeric values of the maximum payment period in certificate formCGP-3-STD07-HL are as shown below.

Maximum Payment Period

For disability due to *injury* . . . . . 13 weeks

For disability due to *sickness* . . . . . 13 weeks

Payments for a pre-existing condition will be limited to a maximum of 2 weeks.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

LONG TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your long term disability plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2868

Own Occupation Period

The first 36 months of benefit payments from this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2630

Elimination Period

For disability due to injury . . . . . 90 days

For disability due to sickness . . . . . 90 days

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2632

Maximum Payment Period

See the following table:

For a disability starting before the *employee* reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	65 and 2 months
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	5.00 years
Age 61	4.00 years
Age 62	3.50 years
Age 63	3.00 years
Age 64	2.50 years
Age 65	2.00 years

Age 66	1.75 years
Age 67	1.50 years
Age 68	1.25 years
Age 69 or older	1.00 year

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment period until he reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2634

Maximum Monthly Benefit

60% of your *insured earnings,* rounded to the nearest $1.00, if not already a multiple thereof, limited to a maximum of $7,500.00.

NOTE: We integrate your *gross monthly benefit* with certain other income you may receive. Read all the terms of this *plan* to see what income we integrate with, and how.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2648

Survivor Benefit

3 times the last monthly benefit after it is reduced by *disability earnings* you received.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2736

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become *disabled* due to a covered *sickness* or *injury.* What we pay is governed by all the terms of this *plan.*

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this *plan.* Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start

To start getting payments from this *plan,* you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

(a) You must: (i) become *disabled* while insured by this *plan;* and (ii) remain *disabled* and insured for this *plan's elimination period.*

(b) You must provide proof of loss, as described in this *plan's* Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the *elimination period,* subject to all *plan* terms.

You can satisfy the *elimination period* while working, provided you are *disabled* as defined by this *plan.*

Waiver of Premium

We waive your premiums for this insurance and for short term disability insurance, if included in the *plan sponsor's* plan of insurance while you are entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* payment from this *plan.*

When Payments End

Your benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

(a) The date you are no longer *disabled.*

(b) The date you fail to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan.*

(c) The date you have been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 2 months in a 12 month period.

(d) The date he or she dies.

(e) The end of the *maximum payment period.*

(f) The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this *plan* that limits the *maximum payment period.*

(g) The date you are no longer receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor.*

(h) The date payments end in accord with a *rehabilitation agreement.*

(i) The date you refuse to take part in a *rehabilitation program.*

Maximum Payment Period:

The *maximum payment period* is the longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan* for a covered person's *disability.* It is determined by the table shown below.

But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the nature of the covered person's *disability;* (b) the date the covered person was first treated for the cause of his or her *disability;* and (c) the length of time the covered person has been insured by this *plan.* See "Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period" and "Pre-Existing Conditions."

For a *disability* starting before the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	65 and 2 months
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a *disability* starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	5.00 years
Age 61	4.00 years
Age 62	3.50 years
Age 63	3.00 years
Age 64	2.50 years
Age 65	2.00 years
Age 66	1.75 years
Age 67	1.50 years
Age 68	1.25 years
Age 69 or older	1.00 year

But if an employee whose *disability* starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he or she reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend the *maximum payment period* until he or she reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

Recurring Disability

Benefits from this *plan* end if you cease to be *disabled.* But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability,* if all of the terms listed below are met:

(a) You must return to *active work* right after your benefits end;

(b) The *disability* must recur less than six months after you were last entitled to benefits;

(c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of your earlier *disability;*

(d) This *plan* must not end during your return to *active work;*

(e) You must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time you return to *active work;*

(f) During the time you return to *active work,* you must: (i) stay insured by this *plan;* and (ii) premium payments must be made on your behalf; and

(g) Your benefits must not have ended because you have used up the *maximum payment period.*

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability,* you will not need to complete a new *elimination period.* The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later *disability* will be treated as a new period of *disability.* You will be required to complete a new *elimination period.* The new period of *disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the new period of *disability* occurs.

CGP-3-LTD07-3.0 B383.0183

Calculation of Monthly Benefit: Your benefit is governed by the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date *disability* occurs. Any changes to this *plan* that take place: (a) while you are *disabled;* or (b) during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability;* will not affect your benefit.

We calculate your *gross monthly benefit* according to the Schedule of Benefits.

From your *gross monthly benefit,* subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your *monthly benefit.*

CGP-3-LTD07-4.0 B383.0184

Redetermination: This *plan* redetermines *insured earnings* for each covered person on the date a change in a covered person's *insured earnings* occurs.

The *plan sponsor* must report updates to all covered persons' *insured earnings.* Changes to a covered person's *insured earnings* are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this *plan.* As of this *plan's* redetermination date, we use a covered person's *insured earnings* on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this *plan.* However, the covered person must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If you are not, we do not do this until the date you return to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability.*

CGP-3-LTD07-4.1 B383.0186

Other Income Benefits

You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by such other income benefits to determine your monthly benefit from this plan.

- Commissions or monies from the employer: (1) received; (2) payable but deferred; or (3) paid after disability benefits start. This includes: (a) vested and nonvested renewal commissions; (b) bonuses; (c) royalties; and (d) other distributions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) the employer. This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to your disability. This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance or Paid Time Off plan, but only to the extent that such income plus the amount of your gross monthly benefit is more than 100% of your insured earnings. This applies whether such plan is sponsored on a formal or informal basis. This includes donated, lump sum and recurrent payments of accrued sick leave benefits. But, if you are working while disabled, we will account for such income as described in this plan's "Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for Disability Earnings".
- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.

  (a) All disability benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your disability;

  (b) All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your entitlement; and

  (c) All reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) you; and (ii) your spouse and children due to your receipt of such benefits.

We do not reduce your gross monthly benefit by the retirement benefits described in (b) and (c) above, to the extent that you and your dependents were entitled to receive such income prior to the start of disability. We will reduce the gross monthly benefit by marginal increases in such income you and your dependents were entitled to receive after *disability* begins.

We will reduce your gross monthly benefit by benefits referred to In (a), (b) and (c) above, net of attorney fees approved by the Social Security Administration.

- Income of the type that is included in your insured earnings for purposes of determining your gross monthly benefit under this plan.
- That portion of retirement plan retirement benefits which the employer funds.
- That portion of retirement plan disability benefits which the employer funds.
- Retirement benefits or retirement plan disability benefits, due to your disability, from any government plan other than those shown above.
- Payment or settlement, with or without admission of liability, from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure. If you receive a payment net of attorney fees approved by the Workers' Compensation Board or similar authority, we reduce our benefit by the net payment.
- Unemployment compensation benefits.
- Payment from your employer as part of a termination or severance agreement.

We integrate your gross monthly benefit with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

Other Income Not Subject to Deduction:

We will not reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by any income you receive or are entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA);
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan;*
- Military pension and disability plans.

Lump Sum Payments of Other Income: Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent monthly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your *monthly benefit.* If no monthly rate is given, we pro-rate the lump sum over the lesser of: (a) 60 months; or (b) the expected remaining number of months for which you would be entitled to benefits from this *plan,* based on the proof of loss submitted to us.

Cost of Living Freeze: You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your monthly benefit by the amount of such increase.

Application for Other Income: You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you and his or your spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your *monthly benefit.* But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

If we do reduce the your *gross monthly benefit* by an estimated amount, we will adjust your *monthly benefit* when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for Disability Earnings: We adjust the *monthly benefit* for *disability earnings* as follows.

For each of the first 12 months of payments, following the date you first have *disability earnings,* add your *gross monthly benefit* and your *disability earnings.*

(a) If the sum is not more than 100% of your indexed *insured earnings,* we do not reduce your *monthly benefit.*

(b) If the sum is more than 100% of your indexed *insured earnings,* we reduce your *monthly benefit* by the amount over 100% of your indexed *insured earnings.*

For each month thereafter, we pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

(a) If your *disability earnings* are less than 20% of your indexed *insured earnings,* we do not reduce your *monthly benefit.*

(b) If your *disability earnings* are 20% or more of your indexed *insured earnings,* we reduce your *monthly benefit* by 50% of your *disability earnings.*

Method 2:

(a) Subtract your *disability earnings* From your indexed *insured earnings.*

(b) Divide the result in (a) above by your indexed *insured earnings.*

(c) Multiply the result in (b) above by your *monthly benefit.* This is the amount we pay.

If your *disability earnings* fluctuate widely from month to month, we may adjust your *monthly benefit* using an average *disability earnings* amount. The average *disability earnings* amount will be computed using your most current month's *disability earnings* and the prior two months *disability earnings.*

Maximum Allowable Disability Earnings: This *plan* limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled.*

If your *disability earnings* are more than the limit shown below, payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if you are able to earn more than the limit shown below:

(a) During the *elimination period* and the *own occupation* period, the limit is 80% of your indexed *insured earnings.*

(b) After this *plan* has paid benefits for 36 months in a row, the limit is 60% of your indexed *insured earnings.*

CGP-3-LTD07-5.0 B383.0284

Indexing We apply an indexing factor to your *insured earnings* on the date you have received 12 consecutive monthly payments and each anniversary thereafter. This factor increases the amount of income you may earn and still be considered *disabled.* This adjustment does not increase your *gross monthly benefit, monthly benefit,* or any other benefit under this *plan.*

To make the first adjustment, we multiply your *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for that year. To make adjustments in each later year, we multiply the amount of your last indexed *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for the current year.

The indexing factor is the lesser of: (a) 10%; or (b) one-half of the *CPI-W* from the prior December.

Minimum Payment The minimum monthly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is the larger of: (a) 15% of your *gross monthly benefit;* or (b) $100.00. The minimum monthly payment does not apply if you are working while *disabled.*

CGP-3-LTD07-5.1 B383.1081

Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period

We limit the *maximum payment period,* if you are *disabled* due to: (a) a *mental illness;* (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below. However, if you have a coexistent condition, not subject to the limitations in this section, which is *disabling* in and of itself, we will not limit benefits as described below.

The *maximum payment period* for all periods of *disability* due to: (a) a *mental illness;* (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below is 24 months. This is a combined maximum for all such conditions and all periods of *disability*.

The specific conditions subject to a limited maximum payment period include the following:

- Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders including, but not limited to:
  - Sprains or strains of joints and muscles
  - Soft tissue conditions
  - Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
  - Fibromyalgia
- Chronic fatigue conditions including, but not limited to:
  - Chronic fatigue syndrome
  - Chronic fatigue immunodeficiency syndrome
  - Epstein-barr syndrome
- Chemical and environmental sensitivities
- Headache
- Chronic pain, Myofascial pain
- Gastro-esophageal reflux disorder
- Irritable bowel syndrome
- Vestibular dysfunction, vertigo, dizziness

This limitation will not apply to disabilities caused or contributed to by the following conditions:

- Arthritis
- Ruptured intervertebral discs
- Spinal fractures
- Osteopathies
- Spinal tumors, malignancy or vascular malformations
- Radiculopathies, documented by EMG
- Spondylolisthesis, Grade II or higher
- Myelopathies
- Demyelinating diseases
- Traumatic spinal cord necrosis

No benefits will be paid for *disability* due to a *mental illness* or drug or alcohol abuse if you are not receiving treatment for the cause of the *disability* from a provider, or in a facility that is licensed by the state to provide treatment for such condition.

If payments under this *plan* would end due to the limits in this section, we may extend such payments, as shown below. But, you must meet all of the following conditions: (a) you must be *disabled* due to a condition named above; (b) you must be an inpatient in a qualified institution because of your *disability;* and (c) you must have been treated as an inpatient for at least 14 days in a row. In such case, we extend payments until the earliest of: (i) 90 days from the date of your discharge; (ii) the end of this *plan's maximum payment period;* or (iii) the date your *disability* ends.

The term "qualified institution" means a legally operated hospital or other public or private facility licensed to provide inpatient medical care and treatment for the cause of your *disability.*

CGP-3-LTD07-6.0 B383.1083

Pre-Existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness,* for which, in the look back period, you received medical advice or treatment from a *doctor.*

The "look back period" is the three months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this *plan;* (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan;* and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan.*

No benefits are payable for *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition; unless the *disability* starts after the date you are insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

Disability that is: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan;* or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan.* In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if your *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before your insurance under this *plan.*

CGP-3-LTD07-6.1-MO B383.1097

Prior Coverage Credit:

If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre- existing condition provision of the old plan.

If you: (a) were covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enroll for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan's* effective date; and (c)are *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* but (d) have not fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit your *maximum monthly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum monthly benefit for which you were insured under the old plan; (b) you become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum monthly benefit* to the amount you would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.2 B383.0217

Exclusions: This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

(a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;

(b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;

(c) you take part in a riot or civil disorder;

(d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which you have been convicted;

(e) your voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for you by a *doctor;* and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by your use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time; or

(f) intentional self-inflicted injuries while sane.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability:*

(1) during which you are confined to a facility as a result of your conviction of a crime;

(2) during which you receive medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;

(3) which starts before you are insured by this *plan;* or

(4) during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your *disability.*

CGP-3-LTD07-7.0 B383.1892

Social Security Assistance: This *plan* requires all *disabled* covered persons to apply for Social Security benefits. (See the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan.)* If we believe you to be eligible for such benefits, we may offer to assist you in applying for them. Receiving Social Security benefits will protect your earnings record for retirement and enable you to qualify for Medicare coverage after 24 months.

Services we can provide include:

(a) Help in completing your application for such benefits, and any related forms;

(b) Assistance finding suitable legal counsel; and

(c) Copies of medical and vocational data needed to file your claim.

We may also provide these and other services if your benefits are under review for possible termination by the Social Security Administration.

You must apply for all income benefits for which you may be eligible, whether or not you use our help. Using our help does not cancel your duties shown in the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan.*

Rehabilitation and Case Management: We will review your *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help you return to *gainful work.* If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer you a *rehabilitation program.* We have the right to suspend or end your *monthly benefit* if you do not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) you; (2) us; and (3) your *employer,* if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

(a) vocational assessment of your work potential;

(b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for your return to work;

(c) consulting with your *doctor* on your return to work and need for accommodations;

(d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;

(e) retraining; and

(f) assistance with family care expenses you incur in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program.* (See the "Dependent Care Expenses" section of this *plan.)*

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If you accept the *rehabilitation agreement,* we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *monthly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *monthly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

(a) The date your benefit from this *plan* end;

(b) The date you violate the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement;*

(c) The date you end the *rehabilitation program;* and

(d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If you end a *rehabilitation program* without our consent, you must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care Expenses: While you are participating in a *rehabilitation program,* we will pay a dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) you incur expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;

(b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship; or (c) a family member age 14 or over who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) $350 per month per qualified dependent; not to exceed $1,000 per month for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual monthly day care expense incurred by you.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date you are no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a *rehabilitation program;* or (c) entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from this *plan.*

CGP-3-LTD07-8.0 B383.2097

Worksite Modification Benefit: In order to accommodate your *disability,* an employer may incur a cost to modify his or her worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to $2,500 for the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable the covered person to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

CGP-3-LTD07-8.1 B383.0222

Early Intervention Services This *plan* includes Early Intervention services as part of our disability management program. The intent of these services is to: (a) assist *disabled* persons in reaching better outcomes; and (b) support the *employer's* absence management goals by promoting stay-at work and return-to work agendas where possible.

The key to success of an early intervention program is prompt notification of work absences which have the potential to exceed this *plan's elimination period.* With a prompt notification, we are able to more effectively manage the potential claim.

When you are *disabled* from one of the conditions listed below, a long term disability claim form should be completed as soon as possible following the date of *disability.* To facilitate an immediate intervention, the form should be submitted to us within one week of the date your *disability* begins.

- Chronic fatigue conditions, including Epstein-barr syndrome
- *Mental illness*
- Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
- Fibromyalgia
- Back pain/strain
- Neck pain/strain
- Chronic pain
- Diabetes
- Cardiovascular conditions

Upon receipt of the completed claim form, we will determine whether the claim is appropriate for Early Intervention services. You will be notified of our decision. Examples of services, which we may provide, at our discretion, include, but are not limited to: (a) job accommodation; (b) ergonomic adjustments to workstations; (c) proactive case management consultations with your *doctor* or other providers of medical care.

The Survivor Benefit

We may pay a survivor benefit if you die after you: (a) had been *disabled* for at least six months in a row; and (b) were entitled to receive at least one full *monthly benefit.* When we receive proof of your death, we pay your eligible survivor a lump sum benefit.

We pay a benefit equal to 3 times the amount of your last *monthly benefit* after it is reduced by *disability earnings.* but, we first apply such benefit to reduce any overpayment you may owe us.

If you have no eligible survivor, no survivor benefit is paid.

Your eligible survivor is your spouse, if living.

If your spouse is not living, your eligible survivor is your: (a) unmarried child under age 20 ; and (b) unmarried child under age 26 who is enrolled as a full-time student at an accredited school. If there is more than one such child when you die, this benefit will be paid to each child in equal shares.

Accelerated Survivor Benefit

If you have a terminal illness, we may accelerate payment of this *plans'* survivor benefit.

For purposes of the accelerated survivor benefit, a terminal illness means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

To receive an accelerated survivor benefit, you must: (a) be entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from this *plan;* (b) request this benefit in writing; and (c) provide written proof of terminal illness from a *doctor.* However, we will not pay an accelerated survivor benefit if there are less than 6 months remaining in the maximum benefit period.

If you elect to receive an accelerated survivor benefit, no survivor benefit is payable upon your death.

CGP-3-LTD07-9.1 B383.0225

Claim Provisions

Authority We have the sole discretionary authority to: (a) interpret the terms of this *plan;* and (b) determine your eligibility for: (i) coverage; and (ii) benefits under the *plan.* All such determinations are conclusive and binding, except that they may be modified or reversed by a court or regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

Notice You must send us written notice of your intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." Failure to give notice within the time required will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.
For details, you can call Guardian at 1-800-538-4583.

Proof of Loss When we receive your notice, we will provide you with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the *employer,* you, and the *doctor(s)* treating you for your *sickness* or *injury.* Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days after we receive any notice of claim under this *plan,* you will be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this *plan* as to proof of loss upon submitting within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions," written proof covering the occurrence, character and extent of the loss for which the claim is made. You should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at your expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate your benefits.

(a) The date *disability* began;

(b) Your last day of *active work;*

(c) The cause of *disability;*

(d) The extent of *disability,* including limitations and restrictions preventing you from performing the material and substantial! duties of your *own occupation;*

(e) If your occupation requires that you carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of *disability;*

(f) *Objective medical evidence* in support of your limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date *disability* began;

(g) The prognosis of *disability;*

(h) The name and address of all *doctors,* hospitals and health care facilities where you have been treated for your *disability* since the date *disability* began;

(i) Proof that you: (i) are currently; and (ii) have been receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor,* from the date *disability* began;

(j) Proof of *insured earnings,* and, if applicable, *disability earnings;*

(k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;

(l) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this *plan;* and

(m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this *plan.*

You must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not yourself, your spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of your W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from your employer(s); (3) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which you hold an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Long Term Disability Claims Department
P.O. 14331
Lexington, KY 40512

Authorization Required

You must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this *plan.* You must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate your benefits.

Right to Request Medical, Financial or Vocational Assessment

We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the *plan* are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if you postpone a scheduled assessment without our approval, you will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If you do not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend your payments under this *plan.*

Ongoing Proof of Loss

To continue to receive payments from this *plan,* you must give us current proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 90 days of the date we request it. Failure to give such notice within such time will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits

We pay benefits to you, if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay benefits to the legal representative of your estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

We pay benefits once each month at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan's elimination period.*

Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Month Payment

You may be *disabled* for only part of a month. In this case, we compute your payment as 1/30th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the full month times the number of days you are *disabled.* Payment will not be made for more than 30 days in any month.

Overpayment Recovery

If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

Active Work, Actively-At-Work or Actively Working

You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your work for your *employer,* on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your *employer's* usual places of business; (b) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed on for your work.

CPI-W

That part of the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index that measures the relative value of the cost of a typical urban wage earner's purchase of certain goods and services. If the Department of Labor stops publishing the *CPI-W,* we have the right to use some other similar standard.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.0 B383.0009

Disability or Disabled

These terms mean you meet either the Occupation Test or the Earnings Test as explained below.

Occupation Test of Disability

You meet this test if you: (a) are not working in any occupation; and (b) have a current *sickness* or *injury* which causes physical or mental impairment to such a degree that:

(1) During the *elimination period* and the *own occupation* period, you are not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of your *own occupation.*

(2) After the end of the *own occupation* period, you are not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of any *gainful work.*

You will not meet this test, if you are able to perform the material and substantial duties of: (a) your *own occupation;* or (b) any gainful work; with reasonable accommodation.

Earnings Test of Disability

For any month in which you are working, you may meet this test, if: (a) you have a current sickness or injury which causes physical or mental impairment; and (b) such impairment causes you to be unable to earn more than this *plan's* maximum allowable disability earnings, in any occupation for which you are qualified by education, training or experience.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute *disability* under this *plan.*

CGP-3-LTD07-12.8-MO B383.1109

Disability Earnings The monthly income you earn from working while *disabled.* It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When you have an ownership interest in the business, *disability earnings* also includes business profits, attributable to you, whether received or not. It includes any income you earn while *disabled* and return to your *employer,* partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If you have the ability to work on a *part-time* or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date you: (a) have been terminated from employment with the *employer;* (b) have been *disabled* for 12 months in a row; or (c) have been offered a job or workplace modification by the *employer* and you do not return to work; *disability earnings* also includes *maximum capacity earnings.*

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be *disabled,* due to a covered *disability,* before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which you return to work earning more than 80% of your *insured earnings* will not count toward the *elimination period.* If you are or become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are working during the *elimination period,* you will not be entitled to benefits from this *plan.*

We do not require you to complete an elimination period if: (a) you were covered under a similar income replacement plan the plan sponsor had with another insurer on the day before this plan starts; (b) your disability would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the plan sponsor; or (b) associated with the plan sponsor.

Gainful Occupation or Gainful Work Work for which you are qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 60% of your indexed insured earnings, within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Monthly Benefit This plan's monthly benefit before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Injury A bodily injury due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an injury when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such injury.

Insured Earnings Only your earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings.*

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of your *insured earnings* as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of your *disability.* See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan.*

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 12.

(a) Your compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions;

(b) Your non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on your Return; and

(c) Your contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

You may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, your earnings are based on the monthly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of months that you were a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average monthly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of your Federal Income Tax Returns, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) your average monthly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Monthly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. You may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average monthly net profit and average monthly contributions using the full number of months that you were a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means your average rate of monthly earnings determined from your annual contract salary. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Insured earnings does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means your average rate of monthly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the employer for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 12 or the number of months you worked for the employer during such calendar year, if less than 12.

(a) your earned income as reported on the 1099 form.

(b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means your base monthly salary. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Insured earnings does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

Maximum Capacity Earnings During the own occupation period, the income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in your own occupation. After the own occupation period, the income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in any gainful occupation. We decide the fullest extent of work you are able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) your treating doctor; (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to your disability.

Maximum Payment Period The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan.*

Mental Illness Means any mental disorder, regardless of cause, listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) currently in use by the American Psychiatric Association (APA). If the APA stops publishing the DSM, we have the right to use some other similar standard. A *mental illness* may be: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) result in; physical, biological or chemical factors or symptoms. For purposes of this *plan, mental illness* does not include: (a) irreversible dementia caused by Alzheimer's disease, stroke, trauma or viral infection; or (b) any other condition not typically treated by a psychiatrist, clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health practitioner with psychotherapy or psychotropic drugs.

Monthly Benefit This *plan's gross monthly benefit* reduced by other income. If you are working while *disabled,* your *monthly benefit* will be further reduced based on the amount of your *disability earnings.*

Objective Medical Evidence May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; and (c) medical records of a *doctor* 's exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Occupation Means the occupation: (a) you are routinely performing immediately prior to disability; (b) which is your primary source of income prior to disability; and (c) for which you are insured under this plan. Occupation includes any employment, trade or profession that are related in terms of similar: (i) tasks; (ii) functions; (ii) skills; (iv) abilities; (v) knowledge; (vi) training; and (vii) experience; required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation in the general labor market in the national economy. Occupation is not specific to a certain employer or a certain location.

Part-Time The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings* during the *own occupation* period and between 40% and 60% of *insured earnings* after the *own occupation* period.

Plan Sponsor The *employer,* association, union, trustee, or other group to which this *plan* is issued.

Reasonable Accommodation Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place; that an employer willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a *disabled* person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the employer.

Recurring Disability A later *disability* that: (a) is related to an earlier *disability* for which this *plan* paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and Appropriate Care

Means, with respect to your: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect your disabling condition; you (i) visit a *doctor* as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) are receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a *doctor(s)* whose specialty is most appropriate for your: (a)*disability;* and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect your disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation Agreement

A formal agreement between: (a) you; (b) us; and (c) your *employer,* if needed. It outlines the *rehabilitation program* in which you agree to take part.

Rehabilitation Program

A program of work or job-related training for you that we approve in writing. Its aim is to restore your wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan

A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the *employer's* deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans. *Retirement Plan* **"retirement benefits"** are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some *retirement plans* make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are *retirement benefits.* When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are **"disability benefits."**

Sickness

An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan.*

We, Us, and Guardian

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

ELIGIBILITY FOR VISION CARE EXPENSE COVERAGE

B505.0152

Employee Vision Care Expense Coverage

Eligible Employees

To be eligible for employee coverage under this *plan,* you must be an active *full-time employee* or a *qualified retiree.* And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this *plan.*

Other Conditions

You must enroll and agree to make required payments within 31 days of your *eligibility date.* If you fail to do so, you can't enroll until this *plan's* next vision open enrollment period.

This *plan's* vision open enrollment period occurs from November 1st to November 30th of each year.

Once you enroll in this *plan,* you can't drop your vision coverage until this *plan's* next vision open enrollment period. And if you drop your vision coverage, you can't enroll again until the next vision open enrollment period.

If you initially waived vision coverage under this *plan* because you were covered for vision care benefits under another group plan, and you wish to enroll in this *plan* because your coverage under the other plan ends, you may do so without waiting until the next vision open enrollment period. However, your coverage under the other plan must have ended due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan. But you must enroll in this *plan* within 30 days of the date that any of these events occur.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B505.0061

When Your Coverage Starts

Your coverage under this *plan* is scheduled to start on your effective date. But you must be actively at work on a *full-time* basis on that date unless you are a *qualified retiree.* And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are an active *full-time employee* and are not actively at work on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the date you return to active *full-time* work.

If you are a *qualified retiree,* you can not be confined in a health care facility on the scheduled effective date of coverage. If you are confined on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the day after you are discharged. And you must also have met all of the applicable conditions of eligibility and any applicable waiting period in order for coverage to start.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But your coverage will still start on that date if you were actively at work on your last regularly scheduled work day.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B505.1684

When Your Coverage Ends

If you are an active *full-time employee,* your coverage under this *plan* ends on the last day of the month in which your active *full-time* service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, retirement (except for *qualified retirees),* layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

Your coverage ends on the date you die.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all *employees.* And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of this *plan* and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue vision care benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B505.1687-R

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice

This section may not apply. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If Your Group Coverage Would End

Group coverage may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends

Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the *employee* under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other *employee;* or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which your coverage would have ended had you not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions

As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a) is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee.*
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B449.0727

Dependent Vision Care Expense Coverage

CGP-3-DEP-90-1.0 B505.0099

Eligible Dependents For Dependent Vision Care Benefits

Your *eligible dependents* are: (a) your legal spouse; (b) your unmarried dependent children who are under age 26; and (c) your unmarried dependent children from age 26 until their 26th birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

An unmarried dependent child who is not able to remain enrolled as a full-time student due to a *medically necessary* leave of absence may continue to be an *eligible dependent* until the earlier of: (a) the date that is one year after the first day of the *medically necessary* leave of absence; or (b) the date on which coverage would otherwise end under this *plan.* You must provide written certification by a treating physician which states that the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury and that the leave of absence is *medically necessary.*

CGP-3-DEP-90-2.0 B505.0789

Adopted Children And Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in your home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

We exclude any dependent who is insured by this *plan* as an *employee.* And we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0 B505.0112

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the *plan,* such a child may stay eligible for dependent vision care benefits past this *plan's* age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he stays unmarried and unable to support himself, if: (a) his conditions started before he reached this *plan's* age limit; (b) he became insured by this *plan* before he reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he reached such limit; and (c) he depends on you for most of his support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

CGP-3-DEP-90-4.0 B505.0119

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin, you must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this plan , the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll all of your initial *dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date,* date, your dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the date you sign the enrollment form and the date you become covered for employee coverage.

If you do this within 31 days of your *eligibility date,* date, your dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the date you become covered for employee coverage.

If you do this after the enrollment *period* ends, you can't enroll your initial *dependents* until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once you have coverage for your initial *dependents,* you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents, and agree to make any additional payments required for the coverage. If you do this within 31 days of the date the newly *acquired dependent* becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent becomes eligible. If you fail to notify us on time, you can't enroll the newly *acquired dependent* until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once a dependent is enrolled for vision care expense insurance, the coverage can't be dropped until the next vision open enrollment period. And once coverage is dropped for a dependent, the dependent can't be enrolled again until the next vision open enrollment period.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0 B505.0714

Exception If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a hospital or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0 B505.0132

Newborn Children We cover your newborn child from the moment of birth if you're already insured for dependent vision coverage, and you notify us within 31 days of the child's birth. If you fail to notify us on time, you can't enroll the child until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the newborn child is your first *eligible dependent,* we cover the child from the moment of birth if you enroll for dependent coverage and agree to make any required payments within 31 days of the child's birth. If you fail to enroll on time, you can't enroll the child until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the newborn child is not your first *eligible dependent,* but you did not previously enroll your other *eligible dependents* for vision care expense coverage, you can enroll the child during the next vision open enrollment period, if you also enroll all of your other *eligible dependents* at this time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-8.0 B505.0153

When Dependent Coverage Ends Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your employee coverage ends. But if you die while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent vision care benefits for those of your dependents who are insured when you die. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group *plan* remains in force; (b) the dependents remain *eligible dependents;* and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his dependent vision care benefits under this *plan's* "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this *plan,* if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all employees or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an *eligible dependent.* This happens to a child on the last day of the calendar year in which the child attains this *plan's* age limit, the last day of the month in which he marries, or the last day of the month in which a step-child is no longer dependent on the *employee* for support and maintenance.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0 B505.1835-R

It happens to a spouse on the last day of the month in which a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this *plan* carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue vision care benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0 B505.1886-R

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

This rider amends the "Dependent Coverage" provisions as follows:

An employee's domestic partner will be eligible for vision care coverage under this plan. Coverage will be provided subject to all the terms of this plan and to the following limitations:

To qualify for such coverage, both the employee and his or her domestic partner must:

- be 18 years of age or older;
- be unmarried, constitute each other's sole domestic partner and not have had another domestic partner in the last 12 months;
- share the same permanent address for at least 12 consecutive months and intend to do so indefinitely;
- share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses including food, shelter and medical expenses;
- not be related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in the employee's state of residence; and
- be financially interdependent which must be demonstrated by at least four of the following:
  a. ownership of a joint bank account;
  b. ownership of a joint credit account;
  c. evidence of a joint mortgage or lease;
  d. evidence of joint obligation on a loan;
  e. joint ownership of a residence;
  f. evidence of common household expenses such as utilities or telephone;
  g. execution of wills naming each other as executor and/or beneficiary;
  h. granting each other durable powers of attorney;
  i. granting each other health care powers of attorney;
  j. designation of each other as beneficiary under a retirement benefit account; or
  k. evidence of other joint financial responsibility.

The employee must complete a "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" attesting to the relationship.

The domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this plan on the same basis as if the children were the employee's dependent children.

Coverage for the domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partner no longer meets the qualifications of a domestic partner as indicated above. Upon termination of a domestic partnership, a "Statement of Termination" must be completed and filed with the employer. Once the employee submits a "Statement of Termination," he or she may not enroll another domestic partner for a period of 12 months from the date of the previous termination.

And, the domestic partner and his or her children will be not eligible for:

a. survivor benefits upon the employee's death as explained under the "When Dependent Coverage Ends" section; or

b. continuation of vision care coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section and under any other continuation rights section of this plan, unless the employee is also eligible for and elects continuation.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-3-A-DMST-96 B505.0161

VISION CARE HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the Vision Care Expense Insurance plan features which people most often want to know about. But it's not a complete description of your Vision Care Expense Insurance plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit and exclude.

PPO Copayments	Each visit	$20.00
Non-PPO Cash Deductibles	Each visit	$20.00
Payment Rates	For Covered Charges	100%

CGP-3-VSN-96-BEN3 B505.0006

VISION CARE EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of your and your covered dependent's vision care expenses. What we pay and the terms for payment are explained below.

CGP-3-VSN-96-VIS B505.0007

Vision Service Plan - This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization

Vision Service Plan

This *plan* is designed to provide high quality vision care while controlling the cost of such care. To do this, the *plan* encourages a *covered person* to seek vision care from doctors and vision care facilities that belong to Vision Service Plan (VSP), a vision care *preferred provider* organization (PPO).

This vision care PPO is made up of *preferred providers* in a *covered person's* geographic area. A vision care *preferred provider* is a vision care practitioner or a vision care facility that: (a) is a current provider of VSP; and (b) has a participatory agreement in force with VSP.

Use of the vision care PPO is voluntary. A *covered person* may receive vision care from any vision care provider. And, he or she is free to change providers at any time. But, this *plan* usually pays more in benefits for covered services furnished by a vision care *preferred provider.* Conversely, it usually pays less for covered services not furnished by a vision care *preferred provider.*

When an *employee* and his or her dependents enroll in this *plan,* they will get an enrollment packet which will tell them how to obtain benefits and information about current vision care *preferred providers.*

What we pay is based on all the terms of this *plan.* The *covered person* should read this material with care, and have it available when seeking vision care. Read this *plan* carefully for specific benefit levels, *copayments, deductibles,* payment rates and payment limits.

The *covered person* can call VSP if he or she has any questions after reading this material.

Choice Of Preferred Providers

When a person becomes enrolled in this *plan,* he or she will receive a list of VSP *preferred providers* in his or her area. A *covered person* may receive vision services from any VSP *preferred provider.*

Replacement Of Preferred Provider

If a *preferred provider* terminates his or her relationship with VSP for any reason, VSP shall be responsible for furnishing vision services to *covered persons* either through that provider or through another VSP *preferred provider.*

Pre-Authorization Of Preferred Provider Services

When a *covered person* desires to receive treatment from a *preferred provider,* the *covered person* must contact the *preferred provider* BEFORE receiving treatment. The *preferred provider* will contact VSP to verify the *covered person's* eligibility and VSP will notify the *preferred provider* of the 60 day time period during which the *covered person* may schedule an appointment. If the *covered person* cancels an appointment and reschedules it, it must be done within those 60 days. If the appointment is not rescheduled during the previously approved time period, the *covered person* must contact the *preferred provider* again to receive authorization.

What we pay is subject to all the terms of this *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-PPOA B505.0009

Pre-Treatment Review For Necessary Contact Lenses

Subject to prior approval by VSP consultants, we will pay benefits for Necessary Contact Lenses provided to a *covered person.* A *covered person's* doctor must request approval for Necessary Contact Lenses from VSP.

No benefits will be paid for Necessary Contact Lenses if prior approval is not received from VSP.

What we pay for Necessary Contact Lenses is subject to all of the terms of this *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-PTR2 B505.0014

Claim Appeals And Arbitration Of Disputes

If, under the provisions of this *plan,* a claim for benefits is denied in whole or in part, a request, in writing, may be submitted to VSP for a full review of the denial.

The written request must be made to the Plan Administrator within 60 days following the denial of benefits. The request should contain sufficient information to identify the *covered person* whose benefits were denied. This includes the name of the *covered person,* the *employee's* social security number and the *employee's* date of birth. The *covered person* may state the reasons he or she believes that the denial of the claim was in error and may provide any pertinent documents which he or she wishes to be reviewed. The Plan Administrator will review the claim and give the *covered person* the opportunity to review pertinent documents, submit any statements, documents or written arguments in support of the claim, and appear personally to present materials or arguments. The determination of the Plan Administrator, including specific reasons for the decision, shall be provided and communicated to the *covered person* in writing within one hundred twenty (120) days after receipt of a request to review.

Any dispute or question arising between VSP and any *covered person* involving the application, interpretation or performance under this *plan* can be settled, if possible, by amicable and informal negotiations, allowing such opportunity as may be appropriate under the circumstances for fact finding and mediation. If any issue cannot be resolved in this fashion, it may be submitted to arbitration, if both parties agree. However, any mediation or arbitration is not required. The outcome of any arbitration will not be binding on the *covered person.*

Preferred Provider Grievance Procedures

Grievances are handled by VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action. The grievance process is designed to address *covered persons'* concerns quickly and satisfactorily. The following grievance procedures have been established:

(1) The patient's written complaint will be referred to VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action. VSP's Professional Relations Vice President will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint within ten (10) working days.

(2) The complaint will be evaluated within twenty (20) working days and, if deemed appropriate, the original examining doctor will be contacted.

(3) If the complaint can be resolved within twenty (20) working days, the disposition of the complaint will be forwarded to the *covered person.* Otherwise, a notice will be sent to the *covered person* advising the time for resolution. Complaints will be resolved within thirty (30) working days thereafter.

(4) Grievance procedures and complaint forms will be maintained in each *preferred provider's* office.

(5) All complaints will be retained in the Professional Relations Department.

Complaints and grievances may be sent to the Professional Relations Vice President at:

Vision Service Plan, Inc.
3333 Quality Drive
Rancho Cordova, California 95670
(877) 814-8970 or (800) 877-7195

CGP-3-VSN-96-APP-MO B505.0181

How This Plan Works

We pay benefits for the covered charges a *covered person* incurs as follows. The services and supplies covered under this *plan* are explained in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this *plan.* What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan.* Read the entire *plan* to find out what we limit or exclude.

Services or Supplies From a Preferred Provider

If a *covered person* uses the services of a *preferred provider,* the *preferred provider* must receive approval from VSP prior to providing the *covered person* with any service or supply. See the "Pre-Authorization of Preferred Provider Services" section of this *plan* for specific requirements.

Copayments

The *covered person* must pay a *copayment* when he or she receives services from a *preferred provider.* We pay benefits for the covered charges a *covered person* incurs in excess of the *copayment.* This *plan's copayments* are as follows:

For each visit to a *preferred provider* $20.00

Payment Limits Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this *plan.* When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates Once a *covered person* has paid any applicable *copayment,* we pay benefits for covered charges under this *plan* as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan.*

For covered charges 100%

Discounts If a *covered person* receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a *preferred provider,* he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the any *preferred provider.* The *covered person* may also receive a discount on the costs of evaluation and fitting of contact lenses. No discount applies to contact lenses or materials. The discount is available for 12 months after the initial examination.

The discounts are:

For Prescription Glasses	20% off of the *preferred provider's usual* and *customary* fee
For Non-Prescription Sunglasses	20% off of the *preferred provider's usual* and *customary* fee
For Contact Lens Evaluation and Fitting Costs	15% off of the *preferred provider's usual* and *customary* fee

If a covered person receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a *preferred provider,* he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of additional prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the same *preferred provider* on the same day.

The discounts are:

For Prescription Glasses	30% off of the *preferred provider's usual* and *customary* fee
For Non-Prescription Sunglasses	30% off of the *preferred provider's usual* and *customary* fee

Services or Supplies From a Non-Preferred Provider

If a *covered person* uses the services of a *non-preferred provider,* the *covered person* must submit the itemized bill to VSP for claims payment. All claims must be sent to VSP within 180 days of the date services are completed or supplies are received. The benefits we pay are subject to all of the terms of this *plan.*

Cash Deductible For Services Of A Non-Preferred Provider

There are separate cash *deductibles* for each covered service provided by a *non-preferred provider.* These cash *deductibles* are shown below. The *covered person* must have covered charges in excess of the cash *deductible* before we pay him or her any benefits for the service or supply.

For each visit to a *non-preferred provider* $20.00

Payment Limits

Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this *plan.* When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates

Once a *covered person* has met any applicable *deductible,* we pay benefits for covered charges under this *plan* as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan.*

For covered charges 100%

Covered Charges

Covered charges are the *usual* and *customary* charges for the services and supplies described below. We pay benefits only for covered charges incurred by a *covered person* while he or she is insured by this *plan.* Charges in excess of any payment limits shown in this *plan* are not covered charges.

Covered Services and Supplies

This section lists the types of charges we cover. But what we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan.* Read the entire *plan* to find out what we limit or exclude.

All covered vision services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of an optometrist, ophthalmologist or other licensed or qualified vision care provider. The services or supplies must be the *usual* and *customary* treatment for a vision condition.

Vision Examinations

We cover charges for comprehensive vision care examinations. Such examinations include a complete analysis of the eyes and related structures to determine the presence of vision problems or other abnormalities. When a vision examination indicates that new lenses or frames or both are *visually necessary and appropriate* for the proper visual health of a *covered person,* professional services covered by this *plan* include:

- prescribing and ordering of proper lenses;
- assisting in the selection of frames;
- verifying the accuracy of finished lenses;

- proper fitting and adjustment of frames;
- subsequent adjustments to frames to maintain comfort and efficiency; and
- progress or follow-up work as necessary.

We don't cover more than one vision examination in any 12 month period.

And if a *covered person* uses a *non-preferred provider,* we limit what we pay for each vision examination to $50.00.

CGP-3-VSN-96-LIST1 B505.0025

Standard Lenses We cover charges for single vision, bifocal, trifocal or *lenticular lenses.* We cover glass, plastic or for dependent children to age 26, polycarbonate lenses.

If a *covered person* uses a *non-preferred provider,* we limit what we pay to

- $48.00 for each pair of single vision lenses
- $67.00 for each pair of bifocal lenses
- $86.00 for each pair of trifocal lenses and
- $126.00 for each pair of *lenticular lenses.*

CGP-3-VSN-05-SL B505.0453

We do not cover charges for more than one set of *standard lenses* in any 12 month period.

CGP-3-VSN-05-SL B505.0455

Standard Frames We cover charges for standard frames.

If a covered person uses a preferred provider, we cover charges up to a retail frame allowance of $130.00, plus 20% of any amount over the allowance.

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay for each set of standard frames to $48.00.

We don't cover charges for more than one set of standard frames in any 12 month period.

If the covered person chooses elective contact lenses, we do not cover standard frames for 12 months from the date the elective contacts are purchased.

CGP-3-VSN-05-SF B505.1261

Necessary Contact Lenses We cover charges for Necessary Contact Lenses upon prior approval by VSP. We cover charges, and charges for related professional services, only if the lenses are needed:

(a) following cataract surgery;

(b) to correct extreme visual acuity problems that cannot be corrected with spectacle lenses;

(c) for certain conditions of *anisometropia;* or

(d) for *keratoconus.*

We don't cover charges for more than one pair of Necessary Contact Lenses in any 12 month period.

If a *covered person* receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a *preferred provider,* we pay 100% of covered charges. If he or she receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a *non-preferred provider,* we limit what we pay to $210.00 in any 12 month period.

CGP-3-VSN-96-LIST7 B505.0028

Elective Contact Lenses

We cover charges for elective contact lenses, but only in lieu of standard lenses and standard frames. We cover charges for hard, rigid gas permeable, soft, disposable, 30-day extended wear, daily-wear and planned replacement elective lenses.

If we cover charges for elective contact lenses, we will not cover charges for standard lenses for 12 months and standard frames for at least 12 months.

We limit what we pay for elective contact lenses to $130.00 once every 12 months.

CGP-3-VSN-05-ECL B505.0427

Special Limitations

If This VSP Plan Replaces Another VSP Plan

If, prior to being covered under this *plan,* a *covered person* was covered by another vision care plan with VSP under which he or she received a covered service within 6 months prior to the effective date of this *plan,* the date he or she received such a covered service will be used as the last date of service when applying the *benefit period* limitations under this *plan.* We apply this provision only if the *covered person* was enrolled in another VSP plan immediately before enrolling in this *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-SL1 B505.0031

Exclusions

- We won't pay for *orthoptics* or vision training and any associated supplemental testing.
- We won't pay for medical or surgical treatment of the eyes.
- We won't pay for any eye examination or corrective eyewear required by an employer as a condition of employment.

CGP-3-VSN-96-EXC1 B505.0034

- We will not pay for plano lenses (lenses with less than a .38 diopter power).
- We will not pay for two sets of glasses in lieu of bifocals.
- We will not pay for replacement of lenses and frames furnished under this plan which are lost or broken, except at normal intervals when services are otherwise available.
- We will not pay for blended lenses.
- We will not pay for oversized lenses.
- We will not pay for the laminating of the lens or lenses.
- We will not pay for a frame that costs more than the plan allowance.
- We will not pay for UV (ultraviolet protected lenses).
- We will not pay for cosmetic lenses or any cosmetic process, unless specifically shown as covered in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section.
- We will not pay for progressive multifocal lenses.
- We will not pay for the coating of the lens or lenses.

CGP-3-VSN-05-EXC B505.0429

Charges not covered due to this provision are not considered covered vision services and cannot be used to satisfy this *plan's copayments* or *deductibles,* if any.

CGP-3-VSN-96-EXC17 B505.0037

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Life Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

(a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;

(b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);

(c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and

(d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-A-1 B531.0022

CERTIFICATE AMENDATORY RIDER

This Rider amends the Certificate as follows and is effective on the Policy Date. If this Rider is added after the Policy Date, the Rider becomes effective on its issue date.

1. The Suicide exclusion in the section **Your Optional Group Term Life Insurance,** if it appears in your Certificate, is replaced by the following Suicide exclusion:

Suicide Exclusion We pay no benefits if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from your *employee* optional group term life insurance effective date under this plan. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the effective date of the increase.

If you die within one year from your *employee* optional group term life insurance effective date under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the coverage.

If you die within one year from the date of any increase in your *employee* optional group term life insurance under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the increase.

2. The Suicide exclusion in the section **Your Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Group Term Life Insurance,** if it appears in your Certificate, is replaced by the following Suicide exclusion:

Suicide Exclusion We pay no benefits if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the dependent's optional term life insurance effective date under this *plan.* Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the effective date of the increase.

If the dependent dies within one year from the dependent's optional term life insurance effective date under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the coverage.

If the dependent dies within one year from the date of any increase in the dependent's optional term life insurance under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the increase.

This Rider is part of the Certificate. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of the Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-3-A-SUICIDE-MO B531.0755

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

(a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;

(b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);

(c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and

(d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-A-1 B531.0021

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Vision Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

(a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;

(b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);

(c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and

(d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-A-1 B505.1291

GLOSSARY

This Glossary defines the italicized terms appearing in your booklet.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0100

Anisometropia means a condition of unequal refractive state for the two eyes, one eye requiring different lens correction than the other.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF1 B750.0457

Benefit Period with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means the time period beginning when a covered service is received and extending to the date on which, according to the time limitations contained in this *plan,* the covered service is again available to a *covered person.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0458

Blended Lenses means bifocals which do not have a visible dividing line.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0459

Coated Lenses means substance added to a finished lens on one or both surfaces.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0460

Copayment with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means a charge, expressed as a fixed dollar amount, required to be paid by or on behalf of a *covered person* to a *preferred provider* at the time covered vision services are received.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0461

Covered Person with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means an *employee* or eligible dependent who meets this *plan's* eligibility criteria and who is covered under this *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0462

Customary with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge for the covered vision condition isn't more than the *usual* charge made by most other doctors with similar training and experience in the same geographic area.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0484

Deductible with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means any amount which a *covered person* must pay before he or she is reimbursed for covered services provided by a *non-preferred provider.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0483

Eligibility Date for dependent coverage is the earliest date on which: (a) you have initial dependents; and (b) are eligible for dependent coverage.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0064

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage."

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0065

Employee means a person who works for the *employer* at the *employer's* place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0101

Employer means COLUMBIA COLLEGE .

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0070

Enrollment Period with respect to dependent coverage, means the 31 day period which starts on the date that you first become eligible for dependent coverage.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0074

Full-time means the *employee* regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his *employer's* place of business.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0229

Incurred, Or Incurred Date with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means the placing of an order for lenses, frames or contact lenses, or the date on which such an order was placed.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3 B750.0466

Initial Dependents means those *eligible dependents* you have at the time you first become eligible for *employee* coverage. If at this time you do not have any *eligible dependents,* but you later acquire them, the first *eligible dependents* you acquire are your *initial dependents.*

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0081

Keratoconus means a development or dystrophic deformity of the cornea in which it becomes coneshaped due to a thinning and stretching of the tissue in its central area.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF11 B750.0467

Lenticular Lenses mean high-powered lenses with the desired prescription power found only in the central portion. The outer carrier portion has a front surface with a changing radius of curvature.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF11 B750.0485

Newly Acquired Dependent means an *eligible dependent* you acquire after you already have coverage in force for *initial dependents.*

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0089

Non-Preferred Provider with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means any optometrist, optician, ophthalmologist, or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has not contracted with the *plan* to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials to *covered persons* of the *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF14 B750.0487

Orthoptics means the teaching and training process for the improvement of visual perception and coordination of two eyes for efficient and comfortable binocular vision.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF16 B750.0472

Oversize lenses mean larger than a *standard lens* blank, to accommodate prescriptions.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0489

Photochromic Lenses mean lenses which change color with the intensity of sunlight.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0490

Plan means the *Guardian* group *plan* purchased by your *employer,* except in the provision entitled "Coordination of Benefits" where "plan" has a special meaning. See that provision for details.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0133

Plan Benefits with respect to Vision Care Insurance, mean the vision care services and vision care materials which a *covered person* is entitled to receive by virtue of coverage under this *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0492

Plano Lenses mean lenses which have no refractive power (lenses with less than a +/- .38 diopter power).

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0491

Preferred Provider with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means an optometrist, ophthalmologist or optician or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has contracted with the *plan* to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials on behalf of *covered persons* of the *plan.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF14 B750.0488

Proof or Proof of Insurability means an application for insurance showing that a person is insurable.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0099

Qualified Retirees are covered as outlined in your company's benefit provisions. Please see your Plan Administrator for details.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0105

Standard Frames mean frames valued up to the limit published by VSP which is given to *preferred providers.*

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0478

Standard Lenses mean regular glass or plastic lenses. See the "Special Limitations" section for what we limit or exclude.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0479

Tinted Lenses mean lenses which have an additional substance added to produce constant tint.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0480

Usual means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge is the doctor's standard charge for the service furnished. If more than one type of service can be used to treat a vision condition, "usual" refers to the charge for the least expensive type of service which meets the accepted standards of vision care practice.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0481

Visually Necessary Or Appropriate means medically or visually necessary for the restoration or maintenance of a *covered person's* visual acuity and health and for which there is no less expensive professionally acceptable alternatives.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17 B750.0482

The following notice applies if your plan is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its amendments. This notice is not part of the Guardian plan of insurance or any employer funded benefits, not insured by Guardian.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

(a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

(c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. You should review this summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement Of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Qualified Medical Child Support Order

Federal law requires that group health plans provide medical care coverage of a dependent child pursuant to a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO). A "qualified medical child support order" is a judgment or decree issued by a state court that requires a group medical plan to provide coverage to the named dependent child(ren) of an employee pursuant to a state domestic relations order. For the order to be qualified it must include:

- The name of the group health plan to which it applies.
- The name and last known address of the employee and the child(ren).
- A reasonable description of the type of coverage or benefits to be provided by the plan to the child(ren).
- The time period to which the order applies.

A dependent enrolled due to a QMCSO will not be considered a late enrollee in the plan.

Note: A QMCSO cannot require a group health plan to provide any type or form of benefit or option not otherwise available under the plan except to the extent necessary to meet medical child support laws described in Section 90 of the Social Security Act.

If you have questions about this statement, see the plan administrator.

B800.0094

The Guardian's Responsibilities

B800.0048

The vision care expense benefits provided by this plan are guaranteed by a policy of insurance issued by The Guardian. The Guardian also supplies administrative services, such as claims services, including the payment of claims, preparation of employee certificates of insurance, and changes to such certificates.

B800.0055

The Guardian is located at 10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001.

B800.0049

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the plan with respect to claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit. A failure to cover an item or service: (a) due to the application of any utilization review; or (b) because the item or service is determined to be experimental or investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate, is also considered an adverse determination.

"Group Health Benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, vision care or prescription drug coverages which are a part of this plan.

"Pre-service claim" means a claim for a medical care benefit with respect to which the plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval of the benefit in advance of receipt of care.

"Post-service claim" means a claim for payment for medical care that already has been provided.

"Urgent care claim" means a claim for medical care or treatment where making a non-urgent care decision: (a) could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant or the ability of the claimant to regain maximum function, as determined by an individual acting on behalf of the plan applying the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine; or (b) in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition, would subject the claimant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care.

Note: Any claim that a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition determines is a claim involving urgent care will be treated as an urgent care claim for purposes of this section.

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will make a benefit determination within 72 hours after receipt of an urgent care claim.

If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim. The claimant will be given not less than 48 hours to provide the specified information.

Guardian will notify the claimant of the benefit determination as soon as possible but not later than the earlier of:

- the date the requested information is received; or
- the end of the period given to the claimant to provide the specified additional information.

The required notice may be provided to the claimant orally within the required time frame provided that a written or electronic notification is furnished to the claimant not later than 3 days after the oral notification.

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 15 days after receipt of a pre-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 5 days after receipt of the claim. A notification of a failure to follow proper procedures for pre-service claims may be oral, unless a written notification is requested by the claimant.

The time period for providing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 15-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a post-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Concurrent Care Decisions. A reduction or termination of an approved ongoing course of treatment (other than by plan amendment or termination) will be regarded as an adverse benefit determination. This is true whether the treatment is to be provided(a) over a period of time; (b) for a certain number of treatments; or (c) without a finite end date. Guardian will notify a claimant at a time sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the claimant to appeal.

In the case of a request by a claimant to extend an ongoing course of treatment involving urgent care, Guardian will make a benefit determination as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is based;
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed;
- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request;
- in the case of an adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request; and
- in the case of an urgent care adverse determination, a description of the expedited review process.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal.

A request for an appeal of an adverse benefit determination involving an urgent care claim may be submitted orally or in writing. Necessary information and communication regarding an urgent care claim may be sent to Guardian by telephone, facsimile or similar expeditious manner.

Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim; and

- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision as soon as possible but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 30 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

B800.0076

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue or convert your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

B800.0007

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001
(212) 598-8000

Your group term life insurance benefits may be covered by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). If so, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA.

ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information about Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules (see Claims Procedures below).

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Life Insurance Claims Procedure

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Guardian Life Insurance Company of America (hereinafter referenced as Guardian.)

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to interpret and construe the terms of the Policy, the Certificate, the Schedule of Benefits, and any riders, or other documents or forms that may be attached to the Certificate or the Policy, and any other plan documents. Guardian has discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and coverage under those documents. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of ERISA.

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

Timing for Initial Benefit Determination of Life Insurance Claims

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 90 days from the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 90 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to special circumstances, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 90-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the determination l is expected to be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

Adverse Benefit Determination of Life Insurance Claims

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide notice that will set forth:

- The specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- References to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan or other documents, on which the determination is based;
- A description of any additional material or information needed to perfect the claim, and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- A description of the plan's claim review procedures which a claimant may follow to have a claim for benefits reviewed and the time limits applicable to such procedures; and
- A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination.

B752.0186

Appeals of Adverse Determinations of Life Insurance Claims

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, you will have up to 60 days to make an appeal. Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- The opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim; and
- A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 60 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 60-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

In the event Guardian denies the appeal of an adverse benefit determination, it will:

- Provide the specific reason or reasons why the appeal was denied;
- Refer to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan, or other documents on which the benefit determination is based;
- Provide a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonably access to, and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits; and
- Provide a statement describing any voluntary appeal procedures offered by the Plan, the claimant's right to obtain information about such procedures, and a statement that the claimant's right to bring an action under ERISA section 502(a).

Waiver of Premium

If you apply for an extension of life insurance benefits due to Total Disability under the Waiver of Premium benefit under this plan, these claim procedures will apply to such request:

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination for Waiver of Premium

The benefit determination period begins when claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse determination must be provided.

Guardian will make a determination of whether the claimant meets the plan's standard for total disability not later than 45 days from the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 30 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the extension and a date by which the determination will be made. If prior to the end of the 30-day period Guardian determines that an additional extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant, the time period for making a benefit determination may be extended for up to an additional period of up to 30 days. Such notification will include the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the final determination will be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim for an extension of benefits is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- The specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- References to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan or other documents, on which the determination is based;
- A description of any additional material or information needed to perfect the claim, and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- A description of the plan's claim review procedures which a claimant may follow to have a claim for benefits reviewed and the time limits applicable to such procedures;
- A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination; and
- In the case of adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

B997.0365

Appeals of Adverse Determinations for Waiver of Premium

If a claim for Waiver of Premium is denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal. Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- The opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim; and
- A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- Provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- In deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- Identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and

- Ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 45 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 45 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

In the event Guardian denies the appeal of an adverse benefit determination, it will:

- Provide the specific reason or reasons why the appeal was denied;
- Refer to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan, or other documents on which the benefit determination is based;
- Provide a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonably access to, and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits;
- Provide a statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you, and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;
- Provide a statement describing the claimant s right to bring a civil suit under Section 502(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which shall also describe any applicable contractual limitations period that applies the claimant's right to bring such an action, including the calendar date on which the contractual limitations period expires for the claim, and;

- In the event the adverse benefit determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, provide either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

In addition to any legal rights you may have under section 502(a), if you believe that we have violated ERISA's procedural requirements, you may request that we review any claimed violation(s) and we will respond to you within ten days.

B997.0366

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001
(212) 598-8000

Your group term accidental death and dismemberment insurance benefits may be covered by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). If so, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA.

ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information about Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules (see Claims Procedures below).

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance Claims Procedure

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Guardian Life Insurance Company of America (hereinafter referenced as Guardian.)

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to interpret and construe the terms of the Policy, the Certificate, the Schedule of Benefits, and any riders, or other documents or forms that may be attached to the Certificate or the Policy, and any other plan documents. Guardian has discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and coverage under those documents. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of ERISA.

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

Timing for Initial Benefit Determination of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance Claims

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 90 days from the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 90 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to special circumstances, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 90-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the determination is expected to be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

Adverse Benefit Determination of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance Claims

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide notice that will set forth:

- The specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- References to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan or other documents, on which the determination is based;
- A description of any additional material or information needed to perfect the claim, and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- A description of the plan's claim review procedures which a claimant may follow to have a claim for benefits reviewed and the time limits applicable to such procedures;
- Identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement, that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request;
- A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination; and
- In the case of adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

B752.0200

Appeals of Adverse Determinations of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance Claims

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, you will have up to 60 days to make an appeal. Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- The opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim; and
- A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- Provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- In deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- Identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- Ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 60 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 60-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

In the event Guardian denies the appeal of an adverse benefit determination, it will:

- Provide the specific reason or reasons why the appeal was denied;
- Refer to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan, or other documents on which the benefit determination is based;
- Provide a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonably access to, and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits;

- In the event the adverse benefit determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, provide either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Waiver of Premium

If you apply for an extension of accidental death and dismemberment insurance benefits due to Total Disability under the Waiver of Premium benefit under this plan, these claim procedures will apply to such request:

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination for Waiver of Premium

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse determination must be provided.

Guardian will make a determination of whether the claimant meets the plan's standard for total disability not later than 45 days from the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 30 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the extension and a date by which the determination will be made. If prior to the end of the 30-day period Guardian determines that an additional extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant, the time period for making a benefit determination may be extended for up to an additional period of up to 30 days. Such notification will include the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the final determination will be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim for an extension of benefits is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- The specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- References to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan or other documents, on which the determination is based;
- A description of any additional material or information needed to perfect the claim, and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- A description of the plan's claim review procedures which a claimant may follow to have a claim for benefits reviewed and the time limits applicable to such procedures;

- A statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination;
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;
- A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination; and
- In the case of adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

B997.0368

Appeals of Adverse Determinations for Waiver of Premium

If a claim for Waiver of Premium is denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal. Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- The opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim; and
- A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- Provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- In deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;

- Identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- Ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 45 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 45 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

In the event Guardian denies the appeal of an adverse benefit determination, it will:

- Provide the specific reason or reasons why the appeal was denied;
- Refer to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan, or other documents on which the benefit determination is based;
- Provide a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonably access to, and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits;
- Provide a statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you, and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;

- Provide a statement describing the claimant s right to bring a civil suit under Section 502(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which shall also describe any applicable contractual limitations period that applies the claimant's right to bring such an action, including the calendar date on which the contractual limitations period expires for the claim, and;
- In the event the adverse benefit determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, provide either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

In addition to any legal rights you may have under section 502(a), if you believe that we have violated ERISA's procedural requirements, you may request that we review any claimed violation(s) and we will respond to you within ten days.

B997.0369

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001
(212) 598-8000

Your group Short Term and/or Long Term Disability Income benefits may be covered by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). If so, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA.

ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information about Your Plan and Benefits

(a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

(c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules (see Claims Procedures below).

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Disability Benefits Claims Procedure

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America (hereinafter referenced as Guardian).

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to interpret and construe the terms of the Policy, the Certificate, the Schedule of Benefits, and any riders, or other documents or forms that may be attached to the Certificate or the Policy, and any other plan documents. Guardian has discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and coverage under those documents. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of ERISA.

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

Timing for Initial Benefit Determination

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 45 days from the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 30 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the extension and a date by which the determination will be made. If prior to the end of the 30-day period Guardian determines that an additional extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant, the time period for making a benefit determination may be extended for up to an additional period of up to 30 days. Such notification will include the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the final determination will be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- The specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- References to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan or other documents, on which the determination is based;
- A description of any additional material or information necessary to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- A description of the plan's claim review procedures which a claimant may follow to have a claim for benefits reviewed and the time limits applicable to such procedures;
- A statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination;
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;

- If applicable, an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;
- A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination on appeal, and;
- In the case of an adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal. Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- The opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim; and
- A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- Provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- In deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- Identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- Ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 45 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 45 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

In the event Guardian denies the appeal of an adverse benefit determination, it will:

- Provide the specific reason or reasons why the appeal was denied;
- Refer to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan, or other documents on which the benefit determination is based;
- Provide a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonably access to, and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits;
- Provide a statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you, and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;
- Provide a statement describing the claimant's right to bring a civil suit under Section 502(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which shall also describe any applicable contractual limitations period that applies the claimant's right to bring such an action, including the calendar date on which the contractual limitations period expires for the claim, and;
- In the event the adverse benefit determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, provide either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

In addition to any legal rights you may have under section 502(a), if you believe that we have violated ERISA's procedural requirements, you may request that we review any claimed violation(s) and we will respond to you within ten days.

B997.0371

NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW HEALTH INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION.

PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective: 5/01/2016

This Notice of Privacy Practices describes how Guardian and its subsidiaries may use and disclose your Protected Health Information (PHI) in order to carry out treatment, payment and health care operations and for other purposes permitted or required by law.

Guardian is required by law to maintain the privacy of PHI and to provide you with notice of our legal duties and privacy practices concerning PHI. We are required to abide by the terms of this Notice so long as it remains in effect. We reserve the right to change the terms of this Notice of Privacy Practices as necessary and to make the new Notice effective for all PHI maintained by us. If we make material changes to our privacy practices, copies of revised notices will be made available on request and circulated as required by law. Copies of our current Notice may be obtained by contacting Guardian (using the information supplied below), or on our Web site at: www.guardianlife.com/privacy-policy.

What is Protected Health Information (PHI):

PHI is individually identifiable information (including demographic information) relating to your health, to the health care provided to you or to payment for health care. PHI refers particularly to information acquired or maintained by us as a result of your having health coverage (including medical, dental, vision and long term care coverage).

In What Ways may Guardian Use and Disclose your Protected Health Information (PHI):

Guardian has the right to use or disclose your PHI without your written authorization to assist in your treatment, to facilitate payment and for health care operations purposes. There are certain circumstances where we are required by law to use or disclose your PHI. And there are other purposes, listed below, where we are permitted to use or disclose your PHI without further authorization from you. Please note that examples are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to indicate every use or disclosure that may be made for a particular purpose.

Guardian has the right to use or disclose your PHI for the following purposes :

Treatment.Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to assist your health care providers in your diagnosis and treatment. For example, we may disclose your PHI to providers to supply information about alternative treatments.

Payment.Guardian may use and disclose your PHI in order to pay for the services and resources you may receive. For example, we may disclose your PHI for payment purposes to a health care provider or a health plan. Such purposes may include: ascertaining your range of benefits; certifying that you received treatment; requesting details regarding your treatment to determine if your benefits will cover, or pay for, your treatment.

Health Care Operations.Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to perform health care operations, such as administrative or business functions. For example, we may use your PHI for underwriting and premium rating purposes. However, we will not use or disclose your genetic information for underwriting purposes and are prohibited by law from doing so.

Appointment Reminders.Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to contact you and remind you of appointments.

Health Related Benefits and Services.Guardian may use and disclose PHI to inform you of health related benefits or services that may be of interest to you.

Plan Sponsors.Guardian may use or disclose PHI to the plan sponsor of your group health plan to permit the plan sponsor to perform plan administration functions. For example, a plan may contact us regarding benefits, service or coverage issues. We may also disclose summary health information about the enrollees in your group health plan to the plan sponsor so that the sponsor can obtain premium bids for health insurance coverage, or to decide whether to modify, amend or terminate your group health plan.

B998.0051

Guardian is required to use or disclose your PHI :

- To you or your personal representative (someone with the legal right to make health care decisions for you);
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, when conducting a compliance investigation, review or enforcement action related to health information privacy or security; and
- Where otherwise required by law.

Guardian is Required to Notify You of any Breaches of Your Unsecured PHI.

Although Guardian takes reasonable, industry-standard measures to protect your PHI, should a breach occur, Guardian is required by law to notify affected individuals. Under federal medical privacy law, a breach means the acquisition, access, use, or disclosure of unsecured PHI in a manner not permitted by law that compromises the security or privacy of the PHI.

Other Uses and Disclosures .

Guardian may also use and disclose your PHI for the following purposes without your authorization:

- We may disclose your PHI to persons involved in your care or payment for care, such as a family member or close personal friend, when you are present and do not object, when you incapacitated, under certain circumstances during an emergency or when otherwise permitted by law.
- We may use or disclose your PHI for public health activities, such as reporting of disease, injury, birth and death, and for public health investigations.
- We may use or disclose your PHI in an emergency, directly to or through a disaster relief entity, to find and tell those close to you of your location or condition
- We may disclose your PHI to the proper authorities if we suspect child abuse or neglect; we may also disclose your PHI if we believe you to be a victim of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence.
- We may disclose your PHI to a government oversight agency authorized by law to conducting audits, investigations, or civil or criminal proceedings.
- We may use or disclose your PHI in the course of a judicial or administrative proceeding (e.g., to respond to a subpoena or discovery request).
- We may disclose your PHI to the proper authorities for law enforcement purposes.

- We may disclose your PHI to coroners, medical examiners, and/or funeral directors consistent with law.
- We may use or disclose your PHI for organ or tissue donation.
- We may use or disclose your PHI for research purposes, but only as permitted by law.
- We may use or disclose PHI to avert a serious threat to health or safety.
- We may use or disclose your PHI if you are a member of the military as required by armed forces services.
- We may use disclose your PHI to comply with workers' compensation and other similar programs.

- We may disclose your PHI to third party business associates that perform services for us, or on our behalf (e.g. vendors).
- We may use and disclose your PHI to federal officials for intelligence and national security activities authorized by law. We also may disclose your PHI to authorized federal officials in order to protect the President, other officials or foreign heads of state, or to conduct investigations authorized by law.
- We may disclose your PHI to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials if you are an inmate or under the custody of a law enforcement official (e.g., for the institution to provide you with health care services, for the safety and security of the institution, and/or to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of other individuals).
- We may use or disclose your PHI to your employer under limited circumstances related primarily to workplace injury or illness or medical surveillance.

We generally will not sell your PHI, or use or disclose PHI about you for marketing purposes without your authorization unless otherwise permitted by law.

Your Rights with Regard to Your Protected Health Information (PHI):

Your Authorization for Other Uses and Disclosures. Other than for the purposes described above, or as otherwise permitted by law, Guardian must obtain your written authorization to use or disclosure your PHI. You have the right to revoke that authorization in writing except to the extent that: (i) we have taken action in reliance upon the authorization prior to your written revocation, or (ii) you were required to give us your authorization as a condition of obtaining coverage, and we have the right, under other law, to contest a claim under the coverage or the coverage itself.

Under federal and state law, certain kinds of PHI will require enhanced privacy protections. These forms of PHI include information pertaining to:

- HIV/AIDS testing, diagnosis or treatment
- Venereal and /or communicable Disease(s)
- Genetic Testing
- Alcohol and drug abuse prevention, treatment and referral
- Psychotherapy notes

We will only disclose these types of delineated information when permitted or required by law or upon your prior written authorization.

Your Right to an Accounting of Disclosures . An 'accounting of disclosures' is a list of certain disclosures we have made, if any, of your PHI. You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures of your PHI that were made by us. This right applies to disclosures for purposes other than those made to carry out treatment, payment and health care operations as described in this notice. It excludes disclosures made to you, or those made for notification purposes.

We ask that you submit your request in writing by completing our form. Your request may state a requested time period not more than six years prior to the date when you make your request. Your request should indicate in what form you want the list (e.g., paper, electronically). Our form for Account of Disclosure requests is available at www.guardianlife.com/privacy-policy.

Your Right to Obtain a Paper Copy of This Notice . You have a right to request a paper copy of this notice even if you have previously agreed to accept this notice electronically. You may obtain a paper copy of this notice by sending a request to the contact information listed at the end of this notice.

Your Right to File a Complaint . If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with Guardian or the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. If you wish to file a complaint with Guardian, you may do so using the contact information below. You will not be penalized for filing a complaint.

Please submit any exercise of the Rights designated below to Guardian in writing using the contact information listed below. For some requests, Guardian may charge for reasonable costs associated with complying with your requests; in such a case, we will notify you of the cost involved and provide you the opportunity to modify your request before any costs are incurred.

Your Right to Request Restrictions . You have the right to request a restriction on the PHI we use or disclose about you for treatment, payment or health care operations as described in this notice. You also have the right to request a restriction on the medical information we disclose about you to someone who is involved in your care or the payment for your care.

Guardian is not required to agree to your request; however, if we do agree, we will comply with your request until we receive notice from you that you no longer want the restriction to apply (except as required by law or in emergency situations). Your request must describe in a clear and concise manner: (a) the information you wish restricted; (b) whether you are requesting to limit Guardian's use, disclosure or both; and (c) to whom you want the limits to apply.

Your Right to Request Confidential Communications . You have the right to request that Guardian communicate with you about your PHI be in a particular manner or at a certain location. For example, you may ask that we contact you at work rather than at home. We are required to accommodate all reasonable requests made in writing, when such requests clearly state that your life could be endangered by the disclosure of all or part of your PHI.

Your Right to Amend Your PHI . If you feel that any PHI about you, which is maintained by Guardian, is inaccurate or incomplete, you have the right to request that such PHI be amended or corrected. Within your written request, you must provide a reason in support of your request. Guardian reserves the right to deny your request if: (i) the PHI was not created by Guardian, unless the person or entity that created the information is no longer available to amend it (ii) if we do not maintain the PHI at issue (iii) if you would not be permitted to inspect and copy the PHI at issue or (iv) if the PHI we maintain about you is accurate and complete. If we deny your request, you may submit a written statement of your disagreement to us, and we will record it with your health information.

Your Right to Access to Your PHI. You have the right to inspect and obtain a copy of your PHI that we maintain in designated record sets. Under certain circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your PHI. In an instance where you are denied access and have a right to have that determination reviewed, a licensed health care professional chosen by Guardian will review your request and the denial. The person conducting the review will not be the person who denied your request. Guardian promises to comply with the outcome of the review.

How to Contact Us:

If you have any questions about this Notice or need further information about matters covered in this Notice, please call the toll-free number on the back of your Guardian ID card. If you are a broker please call 800-627-4200. All others please contact us at 800-541-7846. You can also write to us with your questions, or to exercise any of your rights, at the address below:

Attention:
Guardian Corporate Privacy Officer
National Operations

Address:
The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Quality Assurance - Northeast
P.O. Box 981573
El Paso, TX 79998-1573

B998.0055

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001

The group Critical Illness coverage described in this Certificate Is attached to the group Policy effective January 1, 2015. This Certificate replaces any Certificate previously issued under this Plan or under any other plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the planholder by Guardian.

Important Notice: This is a limited plan of Critical Illness insurance. It is a supplement to health insurance. It is not a substitute for hospital or medical expense insurance, a health maintenance organization (HMO) contract, or major medical expense insurance. Please read this Plan carefully to fully understand what it covers, limits, and excludes.

GROUP CRITICAL ILLNESS COVERAGE

Guardian certifies that the Employee to whom this Certificate is issued is entitled to the benefits described herein. However, the Employee must: (a) satisfy all of this Plan's eligibility and effective date requirements; (b) be listed in Our and/or the Policyholder's records as a validly covered Employee under this Plan; and (c) all required premium payments must have been made by or on behalf of the Employee.

The Employee and/or his or her Dependents are not covered by any part of this Plan for which he or she has waived coverage. Such a waiver of coverage is shown in Our and/or the Policyholder's records.

Policyholder: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Group Policy Number: 00463298

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

B005.0138

GC-CI-14-MO

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DEFINITIONS

This section defines certain terms appearing in Your Certificate.

B040.0004

Active Work or Actively At Work: These terms mean Your performance of all the duties that pertain to Your work at the place: (1) where it is normally done; or (2) where it is required to be done by Your Employer.

B040.0882

Board Certified: This term means a Doctor who has been certified in the appropriate medical specialty by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties.

B005.0010

Covered Dependent Child: This term means Your eligible dependent child covered under this Plan.

B005.0011

Covered Person: This term means You, if You are covered under this Plan and Your covered dependents.

B005.0012

Critical Illness: This term means any of the conditions shown in the Covered Critical Illnesses section of this Plan.

B005.0013

Diagnosis: This term means the establishment of a Critical Illness by a Doctor through the use of clinical and/or lab findings, as described in the Covered Critical Illnesses section of this Plan.

B005.0042

Doctor: This term means any medical practitioner We are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (1) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (2) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

B005.0014

Domestic Partner: This term means an opposite or same sex partner who has met all of the following requirements for at least 12 months: (1) resides with the Covered Person; (2) shares financial assets and obligations with the Covered Person; (3) is not related by blood to the Covered Person to a degree of closeness that would prohibit a legal marriage; (4) is at least the age of consent in the state in which they reside; and (5) neither the Covered Person or Domestic Partner is married to anyone else, nor has any other Domestic Partner. The Company requires proof of the Domestic Partner relationship in the form of a signed and completed Affidavit of Domestic Partnership.

B005.0015

Eligibility Date: For Employee coverage, this term means the earliest date You are eligible for coverage under this Plan. For dependent coverage, this term means the earliest date on which: (1) You have Initial Dependents; and (2) are eligible for dependent coverage.

B005.0016

Employee: This term means a person who works for the Employer and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

B005.0018

Employer: This term means COLUMBIA COLLEGE .

B005.0019

Enrollment Period: This term means the 31 day period which starts on the date You first become eligible for dependent coverage.

B005.0020

Full-Time: This term means You regularly work at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the Employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at: (1) Your Employer's place of business; (2) some place where the Employer's business requires You to travel; or (3) any other place You and Your Employer have agreed upon for the performance of occupational duties.

B005.0021

Initial Dependents: This term means eligible dependents You have at the time You first become eligible for Employee coverage. If at this time You do not have any eligible dependents, but You later acquire them, the first eligible dependents You acquire are Your initial dependents.

B005.0023

Injury: This term means: (1) all damage to a Covered Person's body due to an accident; and (2) all complications arising from that damage.

B005.0024

Medically Necessary This term means health services and supplies that are all of the following:

(1) medically appropriate;

(2) needed to Diagnose or treat a Sickness or Injury;

(3) consistent in type, frequency, and length of treatment with scientifically based guidelines of national medical research or health care coverage organizations or government agencies;

(4) needed for reasons other than comfort or convenience of the Covered Person or Doctor;

(5) of proven medical value; and

(6) done with the appropriate level of service or supply needed to provide safe and adequate care.

B005.0025

Newly Acquired Dependent: This term means an eligible dependent You acquire after You already have coverage in force for Initial Dependents.

B005.0026

Plan: This term means the group Critical Illness coverage plan described in the Policy and this Certificate.

B005.0028

Proof of Insurability: This term means the completion of an evidence of insurability form, acceptable to Us, showing that a person is insurable.

B005.0029

Sickness: This term means any illness or disease suffered by a Covered Person.

B005.0030

Spouse: This term means Your lawful spouse, which shall include the marriage between opposite or same-sex partners legally performed in other jurisdictions. This term shall also include registered Domestic Partners.

B005.0031

We, Us, Our and Guardian: These terms mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Your or Your: These terms mean the insured Employee.

B005.0032

GENERAL PROVISIONS

B005.0033

Applicable Benefits

This Certificate may include multiple benefit options and types of benefits. In the event that the Certificate includes such multiple benefit options and types of benefits, each Covered Person will only be covered for those applicable benefits that (1) were previously selected in a manner and mode acceptable to Guardian such as an enrollment form and (2) for which applicable premium has been received by Guardian.

B005.0034

Limitation of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of Guardian, has the authority to act for Us to: (1) determine whether any contract, Policy or certificate is to be issued; (2) waive or alter any provisions of any contract or Policy, or any of Our requirements; (3) bind Us by any statement or promise relating to any contract, Policy or certificate issued or to be issued; or (4) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

B005.0035

Incontestability

The Policy is incontestable after two years from its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a Covered Person will be used to contest the validity of his or her insurance or to deny a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime.

If the Policy replaces a plan your Employer had with another insurer, we may rescind the Plan based on misrepresentations made by the Employer or an Employee in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of the Plan.

In the event Your insurance is rescinded due to a fraudulent statement made in Your application We will refund premiums paid for the periods such insurance is void. The premium paid by You will be sent to Your last known address on file with Your Employer or Us.

B005.0036

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a doctor of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under the Plan as often as We feel necessary. We also have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death where allowed by law. We will pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

B005.0038

Critical Illness Claims Provisions

Your right to make a claim for Critical Illness benefits provided by the Policy is governed as shown below.

Notice

You must send Us written notice of an Injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the Injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include Your name and the Policy number. If the claim is being made for any other Covered Person, his or her name should also be shown.

Claim Forms

We will furnish You with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. If We do not furnish the forms on time, We will accept a written description and adequate proof of the Injury or sickness that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. You must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made.

Proof Of Loss

You must send written proof to Our designated office within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice Of Proof

We will not void or reduce Your claim if You cannot send Us notice and proof of loss within the required time. In that case, You must send Us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment Of Benefits

We will pay Critical Illness benefits as soon as we receive written proof of loss.

Unless otherwise required by law or regulation, We pay all Critical Illness benefits to You if you are living. If You are not living, We have the right to pay all Critical Illness benefits to one of the following: (1) Your estate; (2) Your spouse; (3) Your parents; (4) Your children; or (5) Your brothers and sisters.

Legal Actions

No legal action against this Plan shall be brought until 60 days from the date proof of loss has been given as shown above. No legal action shall be brought against this Plan after three years from the date written proof of loss is required to be given.

Workers' Compensation

The Critical Illness benefits provided by this Plan are not in place of and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

B005.0039

ELIGIBILITY FOR CRITICAL ILLNESS - EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the conditions of eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the Plan, You are eligible if You are in an eligible class of Employees and are an active Full-Time Employee.

If You are a partner or proprietor, We will treat You like an Employee if You meet the Plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions of Eligibility

You are eligible for Critical Illness coverage if You are;

- Legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by Us; and
- Regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the Employer (but not less than 30 hours per week) at: (1) the Employer's place of business; (2) some place where the Employer's business requires You to travel; or (3) any other place You and the Employer have agreed upon for the performance of occupational duties.

You are **not** eligible for Critical Illness coverage if You are a temporary or seasonal Employee.

Enrollment Requirement: If You must pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage, We will not cover You until You enroll and agree to make the required payments.

Proof of Insurability: If You: (1) do not meet this Plan's enrollment requirement within 31 days after You first become eligible; or (2) enroll after You previously had coverage which ended because You failed to make a required payment, We will ask for Proof of Insurability. And, You will not be covered until We approve that Proof of Insurability in writing.

Part or all of Your insurance amounts may be subject to Proof of Insurability. The Schedule of Benefits explains if and when We require Proof of Insurability. You will not be covered for any amount that requires such Proof of Insurability until You give the Proof of Insurability to Us and We approve that Proof of Insurability in writing.

If Your active Full-Time service ends before You meet any Proof of Insurability requirements that apply You will still have to meet those requirements if You are later re-employed by the Employer or an associated company.

B005.0043

The Waiting Period If You are in an eligible class, You are eligible for Critical Illness coverage under this Plan after You complete the service waiting period, if any, established by the Employer.

B005.0045

Multiple Employment If You work for both the Employer and a covered associated company, or for more than one covered associated company, We will treat You as if only one firm employs You. You will not have multiple Critical Illness coverages under this plan. But, if this Plan uses the amount of Your earnings to set the rates, determine class, figure coverage amounts, or for any other reason, such earnings will be figured as the sum of Your earnings from all covered Employers.

B005.0046

When Employee Coverage Starts

Your eligibility date is the date You have met all of the conditions of eligibility.

Whether You must pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage, You must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments before Your coverage will start. If You do this on or before Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on Your Eligibility Date. If You do this within 31 days after Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on Your Eligibility Date. If You elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments more than 31 days after Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage will not be scheduled to start until You send Us Proof of Insurability. Once We have approved such Proof of Insurability, Your coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of Your evidence of insurability form.

Any part of Your coverage which is subject to Proof of Insurability will not start unless You send such Proof of Insurability to Us, and We approve it in writing. Once We have approved it, that part of Your coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of Your evidence of insurability form. If Your active service ends before You meet any Proof of Insurability requirements that apply You will still have to meet those requirements if You are later re-employed by the Employer or an associated company.

On the date all or part of Your coverage is scheduled to start, You must be: (1) Actively At Work; (2) fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation; and (3) working Your regular number of hours. In that case, Your coverage will start at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time for Your place of residence on that date. In any other case, We will postpone the start of Your coverage until the date You: (a) return to Active Work; (b) are working Your regular number of hours; and (c) are fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation. Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; during a layoff of less than 180 days in duration; during an approved leave of absence not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; or on a day during a period of absence that is less than 7 days in duration; and if: (a) You were fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for the Employer on a full-time basis at 12:01 AM Standard Time for Your place of residence on the scheduled effective date; and (b) You were performing the major duties of Your regular occupation and working Your regular number of hours on Your last regularly scheduled work day; Your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date.

Delayed Effective Date For Voluntary Critical Illness Coverage: If You are not Actively At Work on the date Your Voluntary Critical Illness coverage is scheduled to start due to Sickness or Injury, We will postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that Sickness or Injury. We will postpone such coverage until You complete ten days in a row without missing a work day due to that Sickness or Injury in which You are: (1) Actively At Work; (2) fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation; and (3) working Your regular number of hours. Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date You are: (a) Actively At Work; (b) fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation; and (c) working Your regular number of hours.

Exception to When Employee Coverage Starts: If You are not capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for Your Employer on a full-time basis on the date Your coverage is scheduled to start, You will be insured for Critical Illness insurance if:

1. You were insured under the prior insurer's group critical illness policy at the time of the transfer;
2. You are a member of an eligible class; and
3. premiums for You were paid up to date; and
4. You are not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group critical illness policy.

Any Critical Illness benefit payable will be the lesser of:

1. the Critical Illness benefit payable under the Group Policy; or
2. the critical illness benefit payable under the prior insurer's group critical illness policy had it remained in force.

The Critical Illness benefit payable will be reduced by any amount paid by the prior insurer's group critical illness policy.

All other provisions under this Policy will apply under the Exception to When Employee Coverage Starts.

You will remain insured under this provision until the first to occur of:

1. the date You are fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for Your Employer on a full-time basis;
2. the date insurance terminates for one of the reasons stated in When Employee Coverage Ends;
3. the last day of a period of 12 consecutive months which begins on the Policy effective date; or
4. the last day You would have been covered under the prior insurer's group critical illness policy, had the prior plan not terminated.

B005.0078

When Employee Coverage Ends

Your coverage will end on the first of the following dates:

- The date in which Your active service ends for any reason. Your active service ends when You are no longer: (1) Actively At Work; and (2) working Your regular number of hours.
- The date You stop being an eligible Employee under this Plan.
- The date You are no longer working in the United States or working outside of the United States for a United States based Employer in a country or region approved by Us.
- The date the group Plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which You belong.
- The last day of the period for which required payments are made for You.

B005.0050

Your Right to Continue Critical Illness Coverage During a Family Leave of Absence

Important Notice: This section may not apply to Your Employer's Plan. You must contact Your Employer to find out if he or she must allow for a family leave of absence under federal law. If he or she must allow for such leave, this section applies.

If Your Coverage Would End: Your Critical Illness coverage would normally end because You cease work due to an approved leave of absence. But, You may continue Your coverage if the leave has been granted: (1) to allow You to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (2) after the birth or adoption of a child; (3) due to Your own serious health condition; or (4) because of a serious Injury or illness arising out of the fact that Your spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member is on active duty, or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty, in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. To continue Your coverage, You will be required to pay the same share of the premium as You paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends: Continued coverage will end on the earliest of the following:

- The date You return to Active Work.
- In the case of a leave granted to You to care for a covered service member, the end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 weeks total leave period applies to all leaves granted to You under this section for all reasons. If You take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case, the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which Your Employer's Plan is terminated or You are no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which premium has been paid.

Definitions: As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (1) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the Armed Forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (2) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Service Member:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a Serious Injury or Illness is: (1) undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy; (2) otherwise in Outpatient Status; or (3) otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means Your nearest blood relative.

- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, in the case of a covered service member, that he or she is assigned to: (1) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (2) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a Covered Service Member, an Injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her: (1) office; (2) grade; (3) rank; or (4) rating.

B005.0062

ELIGIBILITY FOR CRITICAL ILLNESS COVERAGE - DEPENDENT COVERAGE

B005.0063

Eligible Dependents for Dependent Critical Illness Coverage

B005.0064

Eligible Dependents for Voluntary Dependent Critical Illness

Your eligible dependents are Your spouse and unmarried dependent children from birth until they reach age 26.

B005.0080

Adopted Children and Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include Your legally adopted children, and Your step-children. But, Your step-children must depend on You for most of their support and maintenance. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in Your home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

B005.0065

Dependents Not Eligible

We exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force. And, We exclude any dependent who is covered by this Plan as an Employee.

A child may be an eligible dependent of more than one Employee who is insured under this Plan. In that case, the child may be insured for dependent Critical Illness benefits by only one Employee at a time.

B005.0066

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child who is: (a) incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of a mental or physical handicap or developmental disability; and (b) chiefly dependent upon You for support and maintenance. In that case such a child may remain eligible for dependent benefits past the age limit subject to the conditions shown below.

- His or her condition started before he or she reached the age limit.
- He or she became covered for dependent Critical Illness benefits before he or she reached the age limit, and remained continuously covered until he or she reached the age limit.

- He or she stays unmarried and remains: (i) incapable of self-sustaining employment; and (ii) dependent upon You for most of his or her support and maintenance.
- You send Us written proof, and We approve such proof, of the child's disability and dependence within 31 days from the date he or she reaches the age limit. After the two year period following the child's attainment of the age limit, We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues, but We cannot ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when Your coverage ends.

B005.0067

Proof of Insurability

We require Proof of Insurability that a dependent is insurable if You: (1) enroll a dependent who was previously declined or would have been considered a late enrollee under a group critical illness coverage plan providing dependent coverage which this Plan replaced; (2) enroll a dependent and agree to make the required payments after the end of the Enrollment Period.

A dependent is not covered by any part of this Plan that requires such Proof of Insurability until You give Us this Proof of Insurability and We approve it in writing.

If Your dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, Your dependent will not be covered by this Plan again until You give Us new Proof of Insurability that they are insurable and We approve that Proof of Insurability in writing.

B005.0069

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for Your dependent coverage to start, You must already be covered for Employee coverage, or enroll for Employee and dependent coverage at the same time.

Subject to the Exception below and to all of the other terms of this Plan, the date Your dependent coverage starts depends on when You elect to enroll Your Initial Dependents and agree to make any required payments. If You do this on or before Your Eligibility Date, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of Your eligibility date and the date you become covered for Employee coverage.

If You do this within the Enrollment Period, the coverage is scheduled to start on the date You become covered for Employee coverage.

If You do this after the Enrollment Period ends, Your dependent coverage is subject to Proof of Insurability and will not start until We approve that Proof of Insurability in writing.

Once You have dependent child coverage for Your Initial Dependent child(ren) any Newly Acquired Dependent children will be covered as of the date he or she is first eligible.

If Proof of Insurability is required for dependent benefits as explained above, those benefits will not be scheduled to start until You give Us Proof of Insurability that the dependent is insurable. Once We have approved that Proof of Insurability, those benefits will be scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of Your application.

B005.0070

Exception We will postpone the effective date of a dependent's, other than a newborn child's, coverage if, on that date, he or she is: (1) confined to a hospital or other health care facility; (2) home confined; or (3) unable to perform two or more Activities of Daily Living. In that case, We will postpone the effective date of his or her coverage until the day after the date: (a) of his or her discharge from such facility; (b) his or her home confinement ends; or (c) he or she is no longer requires assistance with two or more Activities of Daily Living. If a dependent was covered under a prior plan at transfer, this language will not apply to the amount of coverage that was in force with the prior plan.

B005.0071

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of Your dependents when Your Employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of Your dependents when You stop being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage. And, it ends when this Plan ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this Plan for all Employees or for Your class.

If You are required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and You fail to do so, Your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which You made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Your dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent. This happens to a child at 12:01 A.M. on the date the child attains this Plan's age limit, when he or she marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on You for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse: (1) when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment; and (2) at 12:01 A.M. on the date the spouse reaches the limiting age, if applicable.

B005.0075-R

CRITICAL ILLNESS COVERAGE

This Certificate includes the Schedule of Benefits form. Your class and benefit options are shown in the Schedule of Benefits that applies to You.

Subject to all of this Plan's terms, We will pay the benefits described below if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with a listed Critical Illness on or after the date he or she becomes covered by this Plan.

This Plan pays no Critical Illness benefits for any condition other than those listed below in Covered Critical Illnesses.

B005.0083

Critical Illness Benefits

This Plan will pay a benefit based on the benefit amount for which a Covered Person is covered. The benefit will be subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

This Plan only pays benefits for the occurrence of the Critical Illnesses listed and defined in the Covered Critical Illnesses section below.

Each Critical Illness must occur while the Covered Person is covered by this Plan. This Plan deems each Critical Illness to occur on the date described for each Critical Illness in the Covered Critical Illnesses section below.

Where one Critical Illness is caused by or contributes to another Critical Illness, only one benefit is payable. We will pay the greater of the benefits payable. If the amount payable for each Critical Illness is the same, You may choose which benefit to receive.

This Plan may pay a different level of benefits for the First Occurrence and the Recurrence of a Critical Illness. For some Critical Illnesses We pay no benefits for a Recurrence. The benefit levels are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

By First Occurrence We mean the first time a Covered Person is Diagnosed with a Critical Illness while insured by this Plan. By Recurrence, We mean the second time a Covered Person is diagnosed with the same Critical Illness while insured by this Plan. We pay no benefits for occurrences beyond the second time.

B005.0084

B005.0086

Cancer Related Conditions

B005.0087

Benign Brain Tumor

We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with a Benign Brain Tumor, which means a non-cancerous brain tumor confirmed by the examination of tissue (biopsy or surgical excision) or specific neuroradiological examination. The tumor must result in persistent neurological deficits, including but not limited to:

- loss of vision;
- loss of hearing; or
- balance disruption

We do not consider the following to be Benign Brain Tumors:

- tumors of the skull;
- pituitary adenomas; and
- germanomas.

We deem a Benign Brain Tumor to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty makes a Diagnosis.

B005.0088

Carcinoma in Situ

We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with Carcinoma In Situ, which means early forms of cancer that have not invaded surrounding tissue. Any malignant tumor classified as less than T1NOMO under TNM classification is considered Carcinoma in Situ. Carcinomas in Situ can include early forms of many common cancers such as breast and prostate cancer.

We do not pay a benefit under this provision for:

- Pre-malignant growths or lesions, such as dysplasia or Intraepithelial neoplasia;
- Any benign tumor or polyp;
- Carcinoma in Situ of the skin

Diagnosis of Carcinoma in Situ must be based on microscopic (histologic) exam of: (a) fixed tissues; or (b) preparations of blood or bone marrow. Such exam must be documented in a written report by a Doctor who is Board Certified in pathology.

We deem Carcinoma in Situ to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty makes a Diagnosis.

"TNM classification" means the classification standards for cancer developed by the American Joint Committee on Cancer.

B005.0089

Invasive Cancer We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with Invasive Cancer, which means a malignant tumor which is characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of malignant cells and the invasion of neighboring tissue.

Invasive Cancer also includes leukemia and lymphoma.

Invasive Cancer must be supported by pathological diagnosis.

We do not pay a benefit under this provision for:

- Pre-malignant growths or lesions, such as dysplasia or intraepithelial neoplasia;
- Any benign tumor or polyp;
- Any condition that is Carcinoma in Situ.
- Any skin cancer, including carcinoma in situ of the skin, unless there is metastasis.

Diagnosis of Invasive Cancer must be based on microscopic (histologic) exam of: (a) fixed tissues; or (b) preparations of blood or bone marrow. Such exam must be documented in a written report by a Doctor who is Board Certified in pathology.

We deem Invasive Cancer to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty makes a Diagnosis.

B005.0090

Skin Cancer We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with the types of Skin Cancer known as either basal cell carcinoma or squamous cell carcinoma. We don't pay a benefit under this provision for any other type of skin cancer. We deem Skin Cancer to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty makes a Diagnosis.

We limit what We pay to one benefit in a Covered Person's lifetime.

B005.0091

Vascular Conditions

B005.0123

Arteriosclerosis We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is diagnosed with Arteriosclerosis, which means blockage of a coronary artery of sufficient severity to require one or more coronary artery bypass graft(s).

Diagnosis must include demonstrated need for intervention.

We deem Arteriosclerosis to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty makes a Diagnosis of Arteriosclerosis of sufficient severity to warrant one or more coronary artery bypass graft(s).

B005.0092

Heart Attack We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with a Heart Attack, which means death of heart muscle due to inadequate blood supply. Symptoms of cardiac ischemia must be present, as well as two or more of the following criteria for acute myocardial infarction:

(1) typical clinical symptoms such as central chest pain;

(2) diagnostic increase of specific cardiac markers;

(3) new electrocardiographic changes indicative of new ischemia (new ST-T changes or new left bundle branch block (LBBB);

(4) development of pathological Q waves in the ECG; or

(5) imaging evidence of new loss of viable myocardium or new regional wall motion abnormality.

Sudden Cardiac Arrest is not a Heart Attack.

Proof of Heart Attack requires submission of medical records. We deem a heart attack to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty makes a Diagnosis. A Heart Attack that results in death or is Diagnosed after death will be covered under this provision.

We don’t pay a benefit for a Heart Attack that occurs during a medical procedure, including, but not limited to, surgery.

B005.0093

Heart Failure We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with Heart Failure. By Heart Failure We mean the irreversible failure of the heart, which requires a human to human heart, heart/lung or heart combined with any other organ transplant determined to be Medically Necessary by a Doctor of the appropriate specialty.

We deem Heart Failure to occur on the date the Covered Person is accepted onto the transplant waiting list of a recognized transplant program in the United States. We pay the benefit whether or not the transplant is ever performed. If the Covered Person is too ill for a transplant, but otherwise meets the criteria for being on the waiting list of a recognized transplant program, the waiting list requirement will be waived. In this instance We deem Heart Failure to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty deems the Covered Person is too ill for a transplant, but otherwise meets the criteria for being on a waiting list of a recognized transplant program in the United States.

B005.0094

Stroke We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is diagnosed with a Stroke, which means death of brain tissue due to an acute cerebrovascular event. All of the following criteria must be satisfied: (1) clinical evidence of infarction of brain tissue, or intracranial or subarachnoid hemorrhage; (2) clear evidence on a CT, MRI or similar imaging techniques that a stroke has occurred; and (3) permanent neurologic deficit measured 30 days or more after the event that results in functional impairment rated at a score of two or higher on the Modified Rankin Scale for stroke outcome. The term does not mean symptoms due to: (a) transient ischemic attack; (b) migraine; (c) hypoxia; (d) traumatic injury to brain tissue or blood vessels; and (e) vascular disease affecting the eye, optic nerve or vestibular functions.

Diagnosis of Stroke must be:

(1) confirmed in writing by a Doctor of the appropriate specialty; and

(2) based on medical records. These records must show objective evidence of significant neurological impairment.

Such impairment must be documented by meeting all of the following criteria:

(a) clinical evidence of infarction of brain tissue, or intracranial or subarachnoid hemorrhage;

(b) clear evidence on a CT, MRI or similar imaging techniques that a stroke has occurred; and

(c) permanent neurologic deficit measured 30 days or more after the event that results in a score of two or higher on the Modified Rankin Scale for stroke outcome.

We deem the Stroke to occur on the date of the event. In the event of death, an autopsy confirmation and/or death certificate identifying Stroke as the cause of death will be accepted.

B005.0095

Other Critical Illnesses

B005.0111

Kidney Failure We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with Kidney Failure, which means chronic irreversible failure of both kidneys to function, as a result of which either weekly or bi-weekly renal or peritoneal dialysis is started, or renal transplant is performed.

Proof of Kidney Failure requires submission of medical records. Diagnosis of Kidney Failure will be deemed to occur on the earlier of the date: (a) renal or peritoneal dialysis is started; or (b) the date the Covered Person is accepted onto the kidney transplant waiting list of a recognized transplant program in the United States. If the Covered Person is too ill for a transplant, but otherwise meets the criteria for being on the waiting list of a recognized transplant program, the waiting list requirement will be waived. In this instance We deem Kidney Failure to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty deems the Covered Person is too ill for a transplant, but otherwise meets the criteria for being on a waiting list of a recognized transplant program in the United States.

B005.0114

Major Organ Failure We pay a benefit if a Covered Person is Diagnosed with Major Organ Failure. By Major Organ Failure We mean the irreversible failure of both lungs, liver, pancreas, or bone marrow, which requires a human to human transplant determined to be Medically Necessary by a Doctor of the appropriate specialty.

We deem Major Organ Failure to occur on the date the Covered Person is accepted onto the transplant waiting list of a recognized transplant program in the United States. We pay the benefit whether or not the transplant is ever performed. If the Covered Person is too ill for a transplant, but otherwise meets the criteria for being on the waiting list of a recognized transplant program, the waiting list requirement will be waived. In this instance We deem Major Organ Failure to occur on the date a Doctor of appropriate specialty deems the Covered Person is too ill for a transplant, but otherwise meets the criteria for being on a waiting list of a recognized transplant program in the United States.

We don’t pay a benefit under both this provision and the Heart Failure provision at the same time.

We pay no benefits for autologous bone marrow transplants.

B005.0118

Other Benefits

B005.0121

Cancer Vaccine We will pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person receives any Cancer Vaccine approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for prevention of cancer.

B005.0122

B005.0124

Age Reduction

The Covered Person's benefit amount will be reduced when You reach certain ages. These reductions are shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The dependent's benefit amount will be reduced on a pro rata basis when Your benefit amount is reduced.

B005.0126

Proof Of Insurability

The Covered Person's benefit amount, part of it, or increases in it, may not become effective until he or she submits Proof of Insurability to Us. We must approve such Proof of Insurability in writing. These requirements are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

B005.0127

Pre-Existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is a Injury or Sickness, whether diagnosed or misdiagnosed, and any symptoms of it, for which in the 3 months before a person becomes covered by this Plan he or she: (1) receives advice or treatment from a Doctor; (2) undergoes diagnostic procedures, other than routine screening in the absence of symptoms or suspicion of disease process by a Doctor; (3) is prescribed or has taken prescription drugs; or (4) receives other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a Doctor. This Plan will not pay benefits for a Critical Illness that is caused by, or results from, a Pre-Existing Condition if the Critical Illness occurs during the first 12 months the person is covered by this Plan.

This Plan also limits the Covered Person's benefits under this Plan if a Critical Illness that is caused by, or results from, a Pre-Existing Condition occurs after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this Plan; or (b) a change in Your benefit election which increased the benefit payable by this Plan, In this case, Your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. This limit does not apply if the Critical Illness occurs after the Covered Person completes at least one full day of active work after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

B005.0137

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan

This Plan may be replacing a similar plan that the Employer had with some other carrier. In that case, the Pre-Existing Condition limitation will not apply to any Covered Person who: (1) was covered under the Employer's old plan on the day before this Plan started; and (2) has met the requirements of any Pre-Existing Condition or limitation of the old plan; and (3) in Your case, are Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis on the effective date of this Plan.

This Plan will credit any time used to meet the old plan's Pre-Existing Condition provision toward meeting this Plan's Pre-Existing Condition provision, if the Covered Person: (1) was covered under the old plan when it ended; (2) enrolls for coverage under this Plan on or before this Plan's effective date; and (3) is Actively Working on the effective date of this Plan; but (4) has not fulfilled the requirements of any Pre-Existing Condition provision of the old plan.

But, this Plan limits a Covered Person's benefit under this Plan if: (1) it is more than the Critical Illness benefit for which he or she was covered under the old plan; (2) the illness is due to a Pre-Existing Condition; and (3) this Plan pays benefits because this Plan credits time as explained above. In this case, this Plan limits the benefit to the amount the Covered Person to which he or she would have been entitled under the old plan.

This Plan deducts all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

B005.0130

Exclusions

1) This Plan will not pay benefits for any Critical Illness:

- That is not listed as a Critical Illness in the section entitled Covered Critical Illnesses.
- Caused by, contributed to by, or resulting from: (1) participating in a felony, riot or insurrection; (2) intentionally causing a self-inflicted Injury; (3) committing or attempting to commit suicide while sane or insane; (4) engaging in any illegal activity; or (5) serving in the armed forces or any auxiliary unit of the armed forces of any country.
- Caused by, contributed to by, or resulting from voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (1) it was prescribed for the Covered Person by a Doctor, and (2) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, this Plan does not pay for any Critical Illness resulting from or contributed to by use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. "Controlled substance" means anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.
- Arising from war or act of war, even if war is not declared.
- For which Diagnosis is made outside the United States, unless the Diagnosis is confirmed in the United States. In that case, the Critical Illness will be deemed to occur on the date the Diagnosis was made outside the United States.
- That is Diagnosed while the person is not covered by this Plan.
- For which Diagnosis is made by a Doctor who is the Covered Person, his or her spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.
- For which Diagnosis is made while the Covered Person is not alive, unless otherwise specified under Covered Critical Illnesses.

2) This Plan will not pay benefits for the First Occurrence of a Critical Illness if it occurs less than 3 months after the First Occurrence of a related Critical Illness for which this Plan paid benefits. By related we mean either: (a) both Critical Illnesses are contained within the Cancer Related Conditions category; or (b) both Critical Illnesses are contained within the Vascular Conditions category; or (c) both Critical Illnesses are contained within the Childhood Conditions category.

3) This Plan will not pay benefits for a Recurrence of a Critical Illness unless the Covered Person has not exhibited symptoms or received care or treatment for that Critical Illness for at least 12 months in a row prior to the Recurrence. For purposes of this exclusion, care or treatment does not include: (1) preventive medications in the absence of disease; and (2) routine scheduled follow-up visits to a Doctor.

4) This Plan will not pay benefits for more than one Recurrence of any Critical Illness.

B005.0134

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

CRITICAL ILLNESS COVERAGE

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii) the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Policyholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this Schedule of Benefits is attached to the Certificate. This Schedule of Benefits replaces any previously issued Schedule of Benefits.

B005.0141

Initial Election When You first become eligible for this Plan You may choose to become covered for one of the plans described below and pay the required premium.

You may request to switch to another plan at any time. But, We will require Proof of Insurability before You switch to another plan which provides greater benefits. You must notify the Employer of any desired switch and pay the required premium.

B005.0237

Benefit Levels	Critical Illness	% of Benefit Amount for First Occurrence	% of Benefit Amount for Recurrence
Cancer Related Conditions:			
	Benign Brain Tumor	75%	Not Covered
	Carcinoma in Situ	30%	Not Covered
	Invasive Cancer	100%	100%
	Skin Cancer	$250.00	Not Covered
Vascular Conditions:			
	Arteriosclerosis	30%	Not Covered
	Heart Attack	100%	100%
	Heart Failure	100%	100%
	Stroke	100%	100%
Other Conditions:			
	Kidney Failure	100%	100%
	Major Organ Failure	100%	100%
	Cancer Vaccine	$50.00 per lifetime	

EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY CRITICAL ILLNESS COVERAGE

Critical Illness Insurance Amount

Plan A

You may elect amounts of critical illness insurance in increments of $5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $5,000.00 and may not exceed $25,000.00.

B005.0317

Reduction of Critical Illness Benefit Amount Based On Age

If You are less than age 70 when Your coverage under this Plan starts, Your benefit amount will be reduced. It will be reduced on the date you reach age 70, by 50% of that amount. Reduced amounts will be rounded to the nearest dollar. But, in no case will such amount be less than $1,000.00.

This reduction also applies to Your initial benefit amount if Your coverage starts on or after the date You reach age 70.

B005.0318

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of Insurability requirements may apply to this coverage. Such requirements may apply to the full benefit amount, or just part of it. When Proof of Insurability requirements apply, it means You must submit to Us, Proof of Insurability, and We must approve the Proof of Insurability in writing before the coverage, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require Proof of Insurability as follows:

We require Proof of Insurability before We will cover You if You enroll for Critical Illness coverage after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this Plan.

We require Proof of Insurability when You switch from Your current plan of Critical Illness coverage to a plan with a higher benefit amount.

Proof of Insurability requirements vary depending on Your age. If You are less than age 70, You must provide Proof of Insurability for amounts of Critical Illness coverage in excess of $20,000.00.

If You are age 70 or over, You must provide Proof of Insurability for all amounts of Critical Illness coverage.

B005.0321

DEPENDENT VOLUNTARY CRITICAL ILLNESS COVERAGE

Dependent Spouse Critical Illness Benefit Amount

An amount up to 50% of Your Critical Illness Benefit Amount, but not more than $12,500.00.

B005.0404

Dependent Child Critical Illness Benefit Amount

$6,250.00 not to exceed 25% of Your Critical Illness Benefit Amount.

B005.0427

Reduction of Critical Illness Benefit Amount Based On Employee's Age

Your dependent's Critical Illness Benefit Amount is reduced in the same manner as Your Critical Illness Benefit Amount.

B005.0442

Dependent Spouse Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of Insurability requirements may apply to this coverage. Such requirements may apply to the full benefit amount, or just part of it. When Proof of Insurability requirements apply, it means You must submit to Us, Proof of Insurability for Your dependent spouse, and We must approve the Proof of Insurability in writing before the coverage, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require Proof of Insurability as follows:

We require Proof of Insurability before We will cover Your spouse if You enroll him or her for Critical Illness coverage after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this Plan.

We require Proof of Insurability for Your spouse when You switch from Your current plan of dependent spouse Critical Illness coverage to a plan with a higher benefit amount.

Proof of Insurability requirements vary depending on Your spouse's age. If Your spouse is less than age 70, You must provide Proof of Insurability for Your spouse for amounts of dependent spouse Critical Illness coverage in excess of $10,000.00.

If Your spouse is age 70 or over, You must provide Proof of Insurability for Your spouse for all amounts of dependent spouse Critical Illness coverage.

B005.0445

Changes To Coverage

Changes in Coverage Amounts

If You are not Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, any change in Your amount of coverage or the amount of coverage on a covered dependent will not become effective prior to the date You return to Active Work on a Full-Time basis.

Changes in Insurance Classification

If Your classification changes, coverage will not be changed to the new amount until the first day on which You are: (1) Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis; and (2) make a contribution, if required, for the new classification.

If a contribution is required for the new classification for which a larger amount of coverage is provided, You must make the required contribution for the new amount within 31 days of the change. If You do not make the required contribution within 31 days of the change or within 31 days of becoming Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, if You are not Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, when Your classification changes, no increase will be allowed due to such change or any later change. In that case, in order to become covered for the larger amount, You must: (1) make the required contribution for the new amount; and (2) furnish Proof of Insurability to Us, which We approve in writing.

If the coverage amount was previously reduced because of age or retirement, it will be retained at the reduced amount.

B005.0450

CERTIFICATE RIDER - Portability Privilege

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii) the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Policyholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this rider amends this Plan by the addition of the following:

PORTABILITY PRIVILEGE

Definition: As used in this provision, the terms "port" and "to port" mean to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group Critical Illness coverage.

Portability Conditions: Portability is subject to all of the Conditions described below.

- You may port if Your coverage under this Plan ends because: (1) You have terminated employment; (2) You stop being a member of an eligible class of Employees; or (3) this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port Your coverage if You have reached Your 70th birthday on the date coverage under this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port coverage for any of Your dependents if he or she has reached his or her 70th birthday on the date coverage under this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port if coverage under this Plan ends due to Your failure to pay any required premium.

Portability Options: You may port Your Critical Illness coverage, subject to any benefit amount reductions based on age, less the amount of any Critical Illness benefits paid by this Plan.

You may port Your dependent's Critical Illness coverage, subject to any benefit amount reductions based on Your age, less the amount of any Critical Illness benefits paid by this Plan.

You may port: (1) Your coverage only; (2) Your coverage and coverage of Your covered Spouse; (3) Your coverage and the coverage of all of Your covered dependents; or (4) if You are a single parent, Your coverage and the coverage of all of Your covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

A dependent must be covered as of the date Your coverage under this Plan ends in order to be eligible for portability.

If You die while covered for dependent Critical Illness coverage, Your Spouse may port Your dependent Critical Illness coverage as described above. Your Spouse and dependent children must be covered under this Plan on the date of Your death. But, this option is not available if: (1) there is no surviving Spouse; or (2) Your surviving Spouse has reached his or her 70th birthday on the date of Your death.

The Portable Certificate of Coverage: The portable certificate of coverage provides group Critical Illness. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage are the same as the benefits provided by this Plan. The portable certificate provides seamless coverage. Benefit limits, maximums and timeframes do not reset when someone becomes covered under the portable certificate. The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (1) the Covered Person's rate class under this Plan; and (2) Your surviving Spouse's age bracket as shown in the Critical Illness Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How to Port: You or Your surviving Spouse must: (1) apply to Us in writing; and (2) pay the required premium. You or Your surviving Spouse must do this within 31 days from the date Your coverage under this Plan ends. We will not ask for proof that You or Your surviving Spouse are in good health.

This rider is a part of this Certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

B005.0240

GC-R-CI-PORT-14

CERTIFICATE RIDER - Wellness Benefit

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii) the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Policyholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this rider amends this Plan by the addition of the following:

Wellness Benefit

This Plan will pay a benefit if a Covered Person has one of the following wellness tests or procedures performed.

We limit what we pay to $50.00 per day of wellness tests or procedures. We limit what we pay to one day per Covered Person per Benefit Year.

By Benefit Year, we mean a 12 month period which starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st of each year.

By Covered Person, we mean You, as the Employee insured under this Plan and Your dependent Spouse and Covered Dependent Child(ren).

This Plan pays this benefit regardless of the results of the test or procedure.

Wellness tests or procedures are limited to:

- Blood test for triglycerides
- Bone marrow testing
- Breast ultrasound
- Cancer genetic mutation test
- CA 15-3 (blood test for breast cancer)
- CA125 (blood test for ovarian cancer)
- CEA (blood test for colon cancer)
- Chest x-ray
- Colonoscopy
- Completion of a smoking cessation program
- Completion of a weight reduction program
- Fasting blood glucose test
- Flexible Sigmoidoscopy
- Hemoccult stool analysis
- Mammography
- Pap smear
- PSA (blood test for prostate cancer)
- Serum cholesterol test to determine level of
- HDL and LDL
- Serum Protein Electrophoresis (blood test for myeloma)
- Stress test on a bicycle or treadmill
- Thermography
- ThinPrep pap test
- Virtual colonoscopy

The Covered Person must submit proof of the test or procedure.

This rider is a part of this Certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

B005.0462

GC-R-CI-WELL-14

The following notice applies if your plan is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its amendments. This notice is not part of the Guardian plan of insurance or any employer funded benefits, not insured by Guardian.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

(a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

(c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement Of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

B800.0093

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the plan with respect to claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

Definitions

"Adverse Benefit Determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

"Group Health Benefits" means any accident, cancer, critical illness, specified disease or hospital indemnity coverages which are a part of this plan.

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is based;
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed;

- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal.

Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim; and
- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse benefit determination.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

B055.0061

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

B800.0086

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001

The group Accident coverage described in this Certificate is attached to the group Policy effective January 1, 2015. This Certificate replaces any Certificate previously issued under this Plan or under any other plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the planholder by Guardian.

GROUP ACCIDENT COVERAGE

Guardian certifies that the Employee to whom this Certificate is issued is entitled to the benefits described herein. However, the Employee must: (a) satisfy all of this Plan's eligibility and effective date requirements; (b) be listed in Our and/or the Policyholder's records as a validly covered Employee under this Plan; and (c) all required premium payments must have been made by or on behalf of the Employee.

The Employee and/or his or her dependents are not covered by any part of this Plan for which he or she has waived coverage. Such a waiver of coverage is shown in Our and/or the Policyholder's records.

Policyholder: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Group Policy Number: 00463298

If, for any reason, You are not satisfied with this certificate, You can return it to Us at Our home office within 30 days after You receive it. At that time You should ask Us in writing to cancel it. We will then consider this certificate as never having been issued or existed. Any premium You paid will be refunded.

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

B027.0103

GC-ACC-12-MO

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DEFINITIONS

Accident This term means an event or occurrence that was not reasonably foreseeable, or that could not have been reasonably expected or anticipated. The term Accident does not include a Sickness.

Accidental Death This term means death caused by an Accident independent of Sickness, bodily infirmity, or any other cause and which is not excluded under the Exclusions section.

Active Work or Actively At Work of Actively Working These terms mean Your performance of all the duties that pertain to Your work at the place: (1) where it is normally done; or (2) where it is required to be done by Your Employer.

Alternate Care Facility This term means a facility that is licensed according to state and/or local laws to provide skilled care, intermediate care, intermingled care, custodial care, or rehabilitative care as an alternative to care at a Hospital.

Child Care Center This term means a program of child care which: (1) is provided in a facility that is licensed as a day care center or is operated by a licensed day care provider; and (2) charges a fee for the care of children. The term does not include child care provided by a: (a) parent; (b) stepparent; (c) grandparent; (d) sibling; (e) aunt; or (f) uncle.

Chiropractic Care Services This term means spinal manipulation by a licensed chiropractor to correct a structural imbalance caused by a Covered Accident. This does not include services for massage therapy or treatment of chronic conditions or other injuries not related to structural imbalance.

Coma This term means a state of complete mental unresponsiveness, due to Injury, with no evidence of appropriate responses to stimulation, as diagnosed by a Doctor.

Common Carrier This term means any land, air or water conveyance operated under a license to transport passengers for hire.

Companion This term means a spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner, sibling, child, parent, grandparent, or any primary care giver.

Covered Accident This term means an Accident that:

- Occurs while Your coverage or Your dependent's coverage under this policy is in effect.
- Results in a bodily Injury and
- Is not otherwise excluded under the terms of this policy.

Covered Person This term means an Employee or dependent insured by this Plan.

Dentist This term means a licensed Doctor of dentistry, operating within the scope of his or her license, in the state in which he or she is licensed.

Dislocation This term means a completely separated joint due to an Injury. A partial Dislocation means the joint is misaligned but not completely dislocated, as diagnosed by a Doctor.

Doctor This term means any medical practitioner We are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (1) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (2) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Eligibility Date For Employee coverage, this term means the earliest date You are eligible for coverage under this Plan. For dependent coverage, this term means the earliest date on which: (1) You have Initial Dependents; and (2) are eligible for dependent coverage.

Emergency Room This term means a department of the Hospital that is designated for emergency care of accidental injuries. This area must be staffed and equipped to handle trauma, be supervised and provide treatment by Doctors, and provide care seven days per week, 24 hours per day.

Employee This term means a person who works for the Employer and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

Employer This term means COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Enrollment Period This term means the 31 day period which starts on the date You first become eligible for dependent coverage.

Epidural Anesthesia This term means a form of regional anesthesia involving injection of drugs through a catheter placed into the epidural space. The epidural must be administered due to a Covered Accident, and does not include treatment for childbirth or diseases.

Fracture This term means a broken bone that can be determined by a diagnostic exam. A chip Fracture is a Fracture in which a piece of the bone is broken off near a joint at a place where a ligament is usually attached.

B027.0104

Full-Time This term means You regularly work at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the Employer (but not less than 30 hours per week) at: (1) Your Employer's place of business; (2) some place where the Employer's business requires You to travel; or (3) any other place You and Your Employer have agreed upon for the performance of occupations duties.

B027.0112

Hospital means a legally constituted institution (or an institution which operates pursuant to law) that:

1. Has organized facilities for the care and treatment of sick and injured persons on a resident or inpatient basis, including facilities for diagnosis and surgery under the supervision of a staff of 1 or more Physicians; and

2. Provides 24 hour nursing service by registered nurses on duty or call. It does not mean convalescent, nursing, rest or extended care facilities or facilities operated exclusively for treatment of the aged, drug addict or alcoholic, even though the facilities are operated as a separate institution by a Hospital.

Hospital Intensive Care Unit means that part of a Hospital service specifically designed as an intensive care unit permanently equipped and staffed to provide more extensive care for critically ill or injured patients than available in other Hospital rooms or wards, the care to include close observation by trained and qualified personnel whose duties are primarily confined to the part of the Hospital for which an additional charge is made.

Hospital Confinement This term means admission to a Hospital as an Inpatient for at least 24 consecutive hours by a Doctor for an Injury.

Initial Dependents This term means those eligible dependents You have at the time You first become eligible for Employee coverage. If at this time You do not have any eligible dependents, but You later acquire them, the first eligible dependents You acquire are Your Initial Dependents.

Injury This term means unintentional physical damage or harm caused directly by an Accident and not due to Sickness, disease or any other causes. The Injury must occur while You or Your covered dependent are insured under this Plan.

Inpatient This term means a patient who is admitted to a Hospital for an Injury.

Newly Acquired Dependent This term means an eligible dependent You acquire after You already have coverage in force for Initial Dependents.

Occupational Therapy This term means the treatment of a physically disabled person by means of constructive activities designed and adapted to promote the restoration of the Covered Person’s ability to satisfactorily accomplish the ordinary tasks of daily living and those tasks required by the Covered Person’s particular occupational role. Occupational Therapy does not include diversional, recreational, vocational therapies (i.e. hobbies, arts and crafts).

Occupational Therapist This term means a person, other than You or a family member, who: 1) possesses the designation "Occupational Therapists Registerd (OTR)", 2) is licensed by the state to practice Occupational Therapy, 3) performs services which are allowed by his licenses; and 4) performs services for which benefits are provided by this Plan.

Organized Sport This term means a sport activity that is governed by an organization and requires formal registration to participate. Proof of registration will be required at claim time.

Outpatient Treatment This term means medical services that a Covered Person receives when not confined as an Inpatient in a Hospital.

Physical Therapy This term means treatment by physical means, hydrotherapy, heat, or similar modalities, physical agents, bio-mechanical and neuro-physiological principles and devices. Such therapy is given to relieve pain, restore function, and to prevent disability following Injury or loss of a body part.

Physical Therapist This term means a person, other than You or a family member, who: 1) is licensed by the state to practice Physical Therapy; 2) performs services which are allowed by his or her license; 3) performs services for which benefits are provided by this Policy and 4) practices according to the code of ethics of the American Physical Therapy Association.

Rehabilitative Unit This term means an appropriately licensed facility or separate section of a Hospital that provides rehabilitation care services on an Inpatient basis and is designated, staffed and equipped to provide restorative services under the supervision of a trained and experienced rehabilitation Doctor. A rehabilitation unit is not: a nursing home; an extended care facility; a skilled nursing facility; a rest home or home for the aged; a hospice care facility; a place for alcoholics or drug addicts; or an assisted living facility.

Sickness This term means a disease, illness or other condition not related to Injury including diseases or infections except when due to an Accidental cut or wound.

Urgent Care Facility This term means a health care facility that is organizationally separate from a Hospital and whose primary purpose is the offering and provision of immediate, short term medical care, without appointment, for urgent care.

We, Us and Our These terms mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

You or Your These terms mean the insured Employee.

B027.0113

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Applicable Benefits

This Certificate may include multiple benefit options and types of benefits. In the event that the Certificate includes such multiple benefit options and types of benefits, each Covered Person will only be covered for those applicable benefits that(1) were previously selected in a manner and mode acceptable to Guardian such as an enrollment form and (2) for which applicable premium has been received by Guardian.

Limitation Of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of Guardian, has the authority to act for Us to: (1) determine whether any contract, Plan or certificate is to be issued; (2) waive or alter any provisions of any contract or plan, or any of Our requirements; (3) bind Us by any statement or promise relating to the contract issued or to be issued; or (4) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

Incontestability

The Plan is incontestable after two years from its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a Covered Person will be used to contest the validity of his or her insurance or to deny a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime.

If the Plan replaces a plan Your Employer had with another insurer, We may rescind the Plan based on misrepresentations made by the Employer or an Employee in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of the Plan.

In the event Your insurance is rescinded due to a fraudulent statement made in Your application We will refund premiums paid for the periods such insurance is void. The premium paid by You will be sent to Your last known address on file with Your Employer or Us.

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a Doctor of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under the Plan as often as We feel necessary. We also have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death where allowed by law. We will pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

Your right to make a claim for Accident benefits provided by this Plan is governed as follows:

Notice You must send Us written notice of an Injury for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the Injury occurs. This notice should include Your name and the Policy number. If the claim is being made for any other Covered Person, his or her name should also be shown. Failure to give notice within 20 days will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it can be shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

Claim Forms We will furnish You with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. If We do not furnish the forms on time, You will be deemed to have complied with the requirements as to Proof of Loss upon submitting You will be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this Policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in this Policy for filing proof of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, character, and extent of the loss for which claim is made.

Proof Of Loss You must send written proof to Our designated office within 90 days of the loss. Failure to furnish such proof of loss within such time shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to furnish such proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except absence of legal capacity of the claimant, later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required.

Payment Of Benefits We will pay Accident benefits as soon as We receive written proof of loss, but not later than 30 days after receipt of proof.

Unless otherwise required by law or regulation, We pay all Accident benefits to You if You are living. If You are not living, We have the right to pay all Accident benefits to one of the following: (1) Your estate; (2) Your spouse; (3) Your parents; (4) Your children; or (5) Your brothers and sisters.

Legal Actions No legal action against this Plan shall be brought until 60 days from the date proof of loss has been given as shown above. No legal action shall be brought against this Plan after three years from the date written proof of loss is required to be given.

Workers' Compensation The Accident benefits provided by this Plan are not in place of and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

B027.0123

ELIGIBILITY FOR ACCIDENT COVERAGE - EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Eligible Employees

Subject to the conditions of eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of this Plan, You are eligible if You are in an eligible class of Employees and are: (1) an active Full-Time Employee.

If You are a partner or proprietor, We will treat You like an Employee if You meet this Plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions Of Eligibility

Conditions Of Eligibility

You are eligible for Accident coverage if You are:

- Legally working in the United States; and
- Regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the Employer (but not less than 30 hours per week at: (1) the Employer's place of business; (2) some place where the Employer's business requires You to travel; or (3) any other place You and the Employer have agreed upon for the performance of occupational duties.

You are **not** eligible for Accident coverage if You are

- A temporary or seasonal Employee.

Enrollment Requirement

If You must pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage, We will not cover You until You enroll and agree to make the required payments.

The Service Waiting Period

If You are in an eligible class, You are eligible for Accident coverage under this Plan after You complete the service waiting period, if any, established by the Employer.

Multiple Employment

If You work for both the Employer and a covered associated company, or for more than one covered associated company, We will treat You as if only one firm employs You. You will not have multiple Accident coverages under this Plan. But, if this Plan uses the amount of Your earnings to set the rates, determine class, figure coverage amounts, or for any other reason, such earnings will be figured as the sum of Your earnings from all covered Employers.

B027.0379

Coverage During Temporary Layoff or Leave of Absence

If Your active Full-Time service ends because You were laid off or go on a leave of absence approved by Your Employer, You may continue Your insurance, subject to continued payment of premium, until the earlier of: (a) the end of the temporary layoff or Employer approved leave of absence; and (b) 1 months following the date the temporary layoff or approved leave of absence begins. If You become Disabled under this Plan while Your coverage is being continued during a temporary layoff or leave of absence, Your eligibility for benefits will be governed by all the terms of this Plan.

B027.0371

When Employee Coverage Starts

When Employee Coverage Starts

Your Eligibility Date is the date You have met all of the conditions of eligibility.

Whether You must pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage, You must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments before Your coverage will start. If You do this on or before Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on Your Eligibility Date. If You do this within 31 days after Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on Your Eligibility Date. If You elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments more than 31 days after Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on the on the date You sign Your enrollment form.

On the date all or part of Your coverage is scheduled to start, You must be: (1) Actively At Work; (2) fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation; and (3) working Your regular number of hours. In that case, Your coverage will start at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time for Your place of residence on that date. In any other case, We will postpone the start of Your coverage until the date You: (a) return to Active Work; (b) are working Your regular number of hours; and (c) are fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation. Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; during a layoff of less than 180 days in duration; during an approved leave of absence not due to Sickness or Injury, of 90 days or less; or on a day during a period of absence that is less than 7 days in duration; and if: (a) You were fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for the Employer on a Full-Time basis at 12:01 AM standard time for Your place of residence on the scheduled effective date; and (b) You were performing the major duties of Your regular occupation and working Your regular number of hours on Your last regularly scheduled work day; Your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date.

B027.0130

Exception to When Employee Coverage Starts

If You are not capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for Your Employer on a Full-Time basis on the date Your coverage is scheduled to start, You will be insured for Accident insurance if:

1. You were insured under the prior insurer's group or individual Accident policy at the time of the transfer;
2. You are a member of an eligible class;
3. premiums for You were paid up to date; and
4. You are not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group or individual Accident policy.

Any Accident benefit payable will be the lesser of:

1. the Accident benefit payable under the Group Policy; or
2. the Accident benefit payable under the prior insurer's group Accident or individual policy had it remained in force.

The Accident benefit payable will be reduced by any amount paid by the prior insurer's group or individual Accident policy.

All other provisions under this Policy will apply under the Exception to When Employee Coverage Starts.

You will remain insured under this provision until the first to occur of:

1. the date You are fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for Your Employer on a Full-Time basis;
2. the date insurance terminates for one of the reasons stated in When Employee Coverage Ends;
3. the last day of a period of 12 consecutive months which begins on the Policy effective date; or
4. the last day You would have been covered under the prior insurer's group or individual Accident policy, had the prior plan not terminated.

B027.0132

When Employee Coverage Ends

When Employee Coverage Ends

Your coverage will end on the first of the following dates:

- The date Your active service ends for any reason. Your active service ends when You are no longer: (1) Actively At Work; and (2) working Your regular number of hours.
- The date You stop being an eligible Employee under this Plan.
- The date You are no longer working in the United States or working outside of the United States for a United States based Employer in a country or region approved by Us.
- The date this group Plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which You belong.
- The last day of the period for which required payments are made for You.

B027.0134

Your Right To Continue Accident Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice

This section may not apply to Your Employer's Plan. You must contact Your Employer to find out if he or she must allow for a family leave of absence under federal law. If he or she must allow for such leave, this section applies.

If Your Coverage Would End

Your Accident coverage would normally end because You cease work due to an approved leave of absence. But, You may continue Your coverage if the leave has been granted to: (1) allow You to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (2) after the birth or adoption of a child; (3) due to Your own serious health condition; or (4) because of a serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that Your spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member is on active duty, or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty, in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. To continue Your coverage, You will be required to pay the same share of the premium as You paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends

Continued coverage will end on the earliest of the following:

- The date You return to Active Work.
- In the case of a leave granted to You to care for a covered service member, the end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to You under this section for all reasons. If You take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case, the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.

- The date on which Your Employer's Plan is terminated or You are no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (1) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the Armed Forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (2) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Service member:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness is: (1) undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy; (2) otherwise in outpatient status; or (3) otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means Your nearest blood relative.
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, in the case of a covered service member, that he or she is assigned to: (1) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (2) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered service member, an Injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her: (1) office; (2) grade; (3) rank; or (4) rating.

B027.0135

ELIGIBILITY FOR ACCIDENT COVERAGE - DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Eligible Dependents For Dependent Accident Coverage

Eligible Dependents For Dependent Accident Coverage

Your eligible dependents are Your: (1) spouse; and (2) unmarried dependent children from birth, until they reach age 26.

Adopted Children And Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include Your legally adopted children and Your step-children. But, Your step-children must depend on You for most of their support and maintenance. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in Your home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible

We exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force. And, We exclude any dependent who is covered by this Plan as an Employee. Upon notice of entry into service, pro rata unearned premiums will be refunded.

A child may be an eligible dependent of more than one Employee who is insured under this Plan. In that case, the child may be insured for dependent Accident benefits by only one Employee at a time.

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child who is: (a) incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of a mental or physical handicap or developmental disability; and (b) chiefly dependent upon You for support and maintenance. In that case such a child may remain eligible for dependent benefits past the age limit subject to the conditions shown below.

- His or her condition started before he or she reached the age limit.
- He or she became covered for dependent Accident benefits before he or she reached the age limit, and remained continuously covered until he or she reached the age limit.
- He or she stays unmarried and remains: (i) incapable of self-sustaining employment; and (ii) dependent upon You for most of his or her support and maintenance.
- You send Us written proof, and we approve such proof, of the child's disability and dependence within 31 days from the date he or she reaches the age limit. After the two year period following the child's attainment of the age limit, We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues, but We cannot ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when Your coverage ends.

B027.0141

When Dependent Coverage Starts

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for Your dependent coverage to start, You must already be covered for Employee coverage, or enroll for Employee and dependent coverage at the same time.

Subject to the Exception below and to all of the other terms of this Plan, the date Your dependent coverage starts depends on when You elect to enroll Your Initial Dependents and agree to make any required payments.

If You do this on or before Your Eligibility Date, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of Your Eligibility Date and the date You become covered for Employee coverage.

If You do this after Your Eligibility Date, the coverage is scheduled to start on the date You become covered for Employee coverage.

Once You have dependent child coverage for Your Initial Dependent child(ren) any Newly Acquired Dependent children will be covered as of the date he or she is first eligible.

Exception

We will postpone the effective date of a dependent's, other than a newborn child's, coverage if, on that date, he or she is: (1) confined to a Hospital or other health care facility; (2) home confined; or (3) unable to perform two or more Activities of Daily Living. In that case, We will postpone the effective date of his or her coverage until the day after the date: (a) of his or her discharge from such facility; (b) his or her home confinement ends; or (c) he or she is no longer requires assistance with two or more Activities of Daily Living. If a dependent was covered under a prior plan at transfer, this language will not apply to the amount of coverage that was in force with the prior plan.

B027.0144

When Dependent Coverage Ends

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of Your dependents when Your Employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of Your dependents when You stop being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage. And, it ends when this Plan ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this Plan for all Employees or for Your class.

If You are required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and You fail to do so, Your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which You made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Your dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent. This happens to a child at 12:01 A.M. on the date the child attains this Plan's age limit or for Your handicapped child who has reached the age limit, when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on You for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse: (1) when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

B027.0149-R

ACCIDENT COVERAGE

Important Notice: This is Accident coverage. It provides a limited specified benefit. It is a supplement to, and not a substitute for, medical coverage. Please read this Plan carefully to fully understand what it covers, limits, and excludes.

This Certificate includes form(s) GC-SCH-ACC-12-MO, which are the Plan's Schedule of Benefits. Your class and benefit options are shown in the Schedule of Benefits that applies to You. See form(s) GC-SCH-ACC-12-MO.

Subject to all of this Plan's terms, this Plan will pay the benefits described below if a Covered Person sustains an Injury or incurs a loss as a result of a Covered Accident which occurs on or after the date he or she becomes insured by this Plan. This Plan pays no benefits other than what is specifically listed below.

Benefits

This Plan will pay a benefit based on the benefit amount for which a person is covered. The benefit will be subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

Accident Emergency Room Treatment We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is examined or treated by a Doctor in a Hospital Emergency Room for the initial treatment of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident within 72 hours after the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. We will not pay the Accident Emergency Room Treatment benefit and the Initial Doctor's Office/Urgent Care Facility benefit for the same Covered Accident.

Accident Follow-Up Visit - Doctor We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person requires additional follow up treatments(not including Occupational, speech or Physical Therapy or chiropractic treatment) after initial Emergency Room treatment or Doctor's Office/Urgent Care Facility Treatment. We pay up to 6 treatments per a Covered Person per Covered Accident. Treatment must begin within 60 days of a Covered Accident and be completed within 365 days.

B027.0158

Accidental Death We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person sustains an Injury in a Covered Accident that causes his or her death. The Injury must cause his or her death within 90 days of the Covered Accident. If We pay this benefit, We will not pay the Accidental Death Common Carrier benefit.

Accidental Death Common Carrier We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person's Accidental Death is due to an Covered Accident which occurs while a Covered Person is riding as a fare-paying passenger in a public conveyance. If We pay this benefit, We will not pay the Accidental Death benefit.

Accidental Death Common Disaster

We pay the increased amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if both You and Your insured spouse die in a Covered Accident or separate Covered Accidents within the same 24 hour period. The benefit increase applies to Your insured spouse's benefit.

Accidental Dismemberment

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a listed loss is sustained by a Covered Person due to Injuries caused by a Covered Accident.

- "Loss of a hand" means the hand is completely severed at or above the wrist.
- "Loss of a foot" means the foot is completely severed at or above the ankle.
- "Loss of sight" means total and permanent loss of sight.
- "Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand" or "Loss of four fingers of same hand" means complete severance at the metacarpophalangeal joints of the same hand. This benefit is not payable if benefits have been paid for "Loss of hand".
- "Loss of all toes of same foot" means complete severance at the metatarsalphalangeal joint. This benefit is not payable if benefits have been paid for "Loss of foot".

We will not pay more than $50,000.00 for all losses due to the same Covered Accident.

Accidental Death Seatbelt and Airbag benefit

We pay the seatbelt amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person dies due to Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident while properly wearing a seatbelt. We will pay the Seatbelt & Airbag amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person dies as a direct result of an automobile Accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag. We will not pay both the Seatbelt and Seatbelt and Airbag benefit for the same Covered Accident.

B027.0159

Air Ambulance

We pay the amount shown on the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is transported by Air Ambulance to or from a Hospital or between medical facilities for treatment of Injuries sustained as the result of a Covered Accident within 48 hours of a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Ambulance

We pay the amount shown on the Schedule of Benefits if a licensed Ambulance company transports a Covered Person by ground to or from a Hospital or between medical facilities for treatment of Injuries sustained as a result of a Covered Accident within 90 days of Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Appliance We pay the amount shown on the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person uses an appliance is prescribed by a Doctor as necessary due to an Injury sustained as a result of a Covered Accident. An appliance includes wheelchairs, leg or back braces, crutches, walkers, walking boot that extends above the ankle, and brace for the neck. Use of the appliance must begin within 90 days of Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Blood / Plasma / Platelets We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if as the result of a Covered Accident a Covered Person receives a transfusion, administration, cross matching, typing and processing of Blood / Plasma / Platelets within 90 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Burn We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person receives burns as a result of a Covered Accident and is treated by a Doctor within 72 hours of the Covered Accident. If a Covered Person meets more than one of the burn classifications, We pay the higher amount. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Burn - Skin Graft We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits when medically necessary grafting of the skin is received by a Covered Person for a burn that was payable under the Burn benefit. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Catastrophic Loss We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person suffers a Catastrophic Loss within 365 days of a Covered Accident due to injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. If a Catastrophic Loss benefit is paid, an Accidental Dismemberment benefit will not be paid for the same or attached body part.

B027.0161

Child Organized Sport We pay the additional amount shown on the Schedule of Benefits if the Covered Accident occurred while a Covered Person's covered dependent child is participating in an organized sport. The child must be insured by this plan on the date the Accident occurred. The covered child must be 18 years of age or younger.

B027.0162

Chiropractic visits We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if as the result of a Covered Accident a Covered Person suffers a structural imbalance and receives chiropractic care services by a chiropractor in a chiropractor's office. Treatment must begin within 60 days after a Covered Accident and be completed within 180 days of the Covered Accident. We will pay for up to 6 visits per a Covered Person per Covered Accident but no more than 12 visits per calendar year.

B027.0163

Coma We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if as the result of a Covered Accident a Covered Person is in a Coma lasting at least 7 consecutive days characterized by the absence of eye opening, verbal response, and motor response. The condition must require intubation for respiratory assistance, be diagnosed or treated by a Doctor within 90 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is not payable for a medically induced Coma.

Concussions We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person sustains a concussion as the result of a Covered Accident and is diagnosed within 72 hours of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per a Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Dislocations We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is injured and suffer a Dislocation as the result of a Covered Accident. A Dislocation must be diagnosed by a Doctor within 90 days of the Covered Accident. The Dislocation must be corrected by open (surgical) or closed (non-surgical) reduction.

For multiple Dislocation due to the same Covered Accident, We will pay no more than two times the benefit amount for the joint involved with the highest benefit amount.

For partial Dislocation, We will pay 25% of the benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits for a closed reduction.

Diagnostic Exam (Major) We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person receives one of the following imaging studies due to a Covered Accident: Computerized Tomography (CT scan), computerized axial tomography (CAT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or electroencephalography (EEG). The imaging study must be prescribed by a Doctor and performed in a Doctor's office or Hospital, on an Inpatient or outpatient basis. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Emergency Dental Work We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person suffers a broken tooth as the result of a Covered Accident and it is repaired by a Dentist with a dental crown and/or dental extraction. The dental services must begin within 60 days of the Covered Accident. One dental crown and one dental extraction is payable per Covered Person per Accident.

Epidural Anesthesia Pain Management We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is prescribed and receives an epidural administered for pain management for Injuries received as a result of a Covered Accident. The epidural must be administered in a Hospital or Doctor's office and is payable two times per Covered Person per Accident. This benefit is not payable for an epidural administered during a surgical procedure.

Eye Injury We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is injured as the result of a Covered Accident and suffers an Eye Injury. The Eye Injury must require surgery or the removal of a foreign object by a Doctor within 90 days of a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Family Care We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is injured as the result of a Covered Accident and confined in a Hospital, ICU or alternate care or rehabilitative facility and the Covered Person has a child or children attending a Child Care Center. The benefit is payable for each child attending a Child Care Center while the Covered Person is confined. The child attending the Child Care Center does not need to be insured under this Plan for Accident coverage but must meet the eligibility requirements found in the Dependent Eligibility section. This benefit is payable for up to 30 days within 365 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Fracture (Bone) We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if Covered Person suffers a Fracture as a result of a Covered Accident and it is diagnosed within 90 days of the Covered Accident. The Fracture must require open (surgical) or closed (non-surgical) reduction by a Doctor. This benefit is payable for up to two Fractures per Covered Person per Covered Accident. If there are more than two Fractures, We will pay the highest two benefit amounts per Covered Person per Covered Accident. We pay 25% of the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for the closed reduction of a bone with a chip Fracture that was a result of a Covered Accident.

B027.0164

Hospital Admission We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is admitted to a Hospital within 180 days of a Covered Accident as a result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. This benefit is not payable for Emergency Room treatment, Outpatient Treatment, or a Hospital stay less than 20 hours in an observation unit. We will not pay the Hospital Admission and Hospital Intensive Care Unit Admission benefits for the same Covered Accident.

Hospital Confinement We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is confined to a Hospital within 180 days of a Covered Accident as a result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable up to 365 days per Covered Accident. This benefit is not payable for a Hospital stay less than 20 hours. We pay either the Hospital Confinement or the Hospital Intensive Care Unit Confinement benefits for each day.

Hospital Intensive Care Unit Admission We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is admitted directly to a Hospital Intensive Care Unit within 30 days of a Covered Accident as a result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. This benefit is not payable for Emergency Room treatment, Outpatient Treatment, or a Hospital stay less than 20 hours in an observation unit. We will not pay the Hospital Admission and Hospital Intensive Care Unit Admission benefits for the same Covered Accident.

Hospital Intensive Care Unit Confinement We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is confined to a Hospital Intensive Care Unit within 30 days of a Covered Accident as a result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable up to 15 days per Covered Accident. This benefit is not payable for a Hospital Intensive Care Unit stay less than 20 hours. We pay either the Hospital Confinement or the Hospital Intensive Care Unit Confinement for each day.

Initial Doctor's Office/Urgent Care Facility Treatment We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is examined or treated by a Doctor in a Doctor's office or Urgent Care Facility for the initial treatment of a Covered Accident within 30 days after the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. We will not pay the Accident Emergency Room Treatment benefit and the Initial Doctor's Office/Urgent Care Facility benefit for the same Covered Accident.

Joint Replacement We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if due to an Injury sustained in a Covered Accident a Covered Person requires a hip, knee, or shoulder Joint Replacement. The Joint Replacement must be performed by a Doctor within 90 days of a Covered Accident and is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Knee Cartilage We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person tears, ruptures or severs knee cartilage (meniscus) as the result of a Covered Accident and requires surgical repair. The Injury must be treated by a Doctor within 60 days after the Covered Accident and repaired through surgery within 365 days.

Laceration We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person sustains a Laceration as a result of a Covered Accident and it is repaired by a Doctor within 72 hours of the Covered Accident. The amount We pay will be based on the total length of all Lacerations received in any one Covered Accident which require repair. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident for a Laceration with no sutures and once per Covered Person per Covered Accident for a Laceration which required sutures.

Lodging We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for a Companion's hotel/motel stay during the period of time a Covered Person is confined to the Hospital as the result of a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable up to 30 days per Covered Person per Covered Accident and is only payable while the Covered Person is confined to the Hospital. The Hospital must be more than 50 miles from the residence of the Covered Person.

Occupational or Physical Therapy We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person requires Occupational or Physical Therapy due to Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. Treatment must begin within 60 days of the Covered Accident, be completed within 6 months, and be performed by a licensed occupational or physical therapist. This benefit is payable up to 10 treatments per Covered Accident

Prosthetic Device/Artificial Limb We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if due to Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident a Covered Person receives one or more Prosthetic Devices/Artificial Limbs as prescribed by a Doctor for functional use due to the loss of a hand, foot or sight of an eye. The device or limb must be prescribed within 365 days of the Covered Accident and is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. This benefit is not payable for hearing aids, dental aids (including false teeth), eyeglasses, or cosmetic prostheses such as hair wigs.

B027.0165

Reasonable Accommodation to Home or Vehicle

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for a required modification made to a Covered Person's place of residence or vehicle if the Covered Person suffers an Accidental Dismemberment or Catastrophic Loss due to a Covered Accident. The modification must be made within two years of the Covered Accident and is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

B027.0166

Rehabilitation Unit Confinement

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is confined to Rehabilitation Unit due to Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. This benefit is payable up to 15 days per Covered Person per Covered Accident but cannot exceed 30 days per calendar year. We will not pay the Rehabilitation Unit Confinement and the Hospital Confinement benefits for the same day.

Ruptured Disc With Surgical Repair

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person receives a ruptured disc in his or her spine as a result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. The Injury must be treated by a Doctor within 60 days of the Covered Accident and surgically repaired within 365 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Surgery(cranial, open-abdominal, thoracic, hernia)

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person undergoes cranial, open-abdominal, thoracic, or hernia surgery due to Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. Cranial, open-abdominal, and thoracic surgery must be performed within 72 hours of the Covered Accident. Hernia surgery must be diagnosed within 30 days of Covered Accident and surgery must be performed within 60 days. If more than one surgery is performed, We pay the benefit with the highest dollar amount. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Surgery (Exploratory and Arthroscopic)

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person undergoes exploratory or arthroscopic surgery as a result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident and the surgery takes place within 60 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident. Hernia repair is not covered under this benefit. This benefit is not payable if the Surgery or Tendon/Ligament/Rotator Cuff benefits are payable for the same Surgery.

Tendon/Ligament/Rotator Cuff

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person receives a torn, ruptured or severed tendon, ligament, or rotator cuff as the result of injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. The Injury must be treated within 60 days of the Covered Accident and repaired through surgery within 365 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Transportation

We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person must travel more than 50 miles one way to receive special treatment at a Hospital or free standing treatment facility due to a Covered Accident. The treatment must be prescribed by a Doctor and not available locally. This benefit is payable up to three times per Covered Person per Covered Accident and is not payable if Transportation is provided by ambulance or air ambulance.

B027.0167

Wellness Benefit We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for one Wellness benefit per calendar year per Covered Person if a Covered Person has a wellness test performed while coverage is in force. Wellness tests are:

- Abdominal aortic aneurysm ultrasonography
- Blood test for triglycerides
- Bone marrow testing
- Bone density screening
- Breast ultrasound
- CA 15-3 (blood test for breast cancer)
- CA125 (blood test for ovarian cancer)
- Carotid ultrasound
- CEA (blood test for colon cancer)
- Chest x-ray
- Colonoscopy
- Completion of a smoking cessation program
- Completion of a weight reduction program
- Double contrast barium enema
- EKG
- Fasting blood glucose test
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy
- Hemoccult stool analysis
- Immunizations
- Mammography
- Pap smear
- PSA (blood test for prostate cancer)
- Routine/annual physicals
- Serum cholesterol test to determine level of HDL and LDL
- Serum Protein Electrophoresis (blood test for myeloma)
- Skin cancer biopsy
- Stress test on a bicycle or treadmill
- Thermography
- ThinPrep pap test
- Virtual colonoscopy

B027.0168

GC-ACC-12-MO

X - Ray We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person receives an X-Ray as the result of Injuries sustained in a Covered Accident. The test must be prescribed by a Doctor and performed in a Doctor's office or a Hospital on an Inpatient or outpatient basis and performed within 90 days of the Covered Accident. This benefit is payable once per Covered Person per Covered Accident.

Payment of Benefits For covered loss of life, We pay Your beneficiary described below.

For all other covered losses, We pay You, if You are living. If not, We pay Your beneficiary described below.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as We receive proof of loss which is acceptable to Us. This should be sent to Us as soon as possible.

The Beneficiary You decide who gets this benefit if You die. Your beneficiary designation should be maintained by Your Employer. You can change Your beneficiary at any time by giving Us written notice, unless You have assigned this insurance. But the change will not take effect until the Employer gives You written confirmation of the change.

If You named more than one person, but didn't tell Us what their shares should be, they will share equally. If someone You named dies before You, that person's share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless You have specified otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when You die, We will pay this benefit to one of the following: (a) Your estate; (b) Your spouse; (c) Your parents; (d) Your children; or (e) Your brothers and sisters.

B027.0169

Exclusions

This Plan will not pay benefits for any Injury caused by or related to directly or indirectly:

- Sickness, disease, mental infirmity or medical or surgical treatment.
- Voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (1) it was prescribed for a Covered Person by a Doctor, and (2) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, this Plan does not pay for any Accident resulting from or contributed to by use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. "Controlled substance" means anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.
- The Covered Person being legally intoxicated.
- Declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression.
- Service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country.
- Taking part in a riot or civil disorder.

- Commission of, or attempt to commit a felony.
- Intentionally self inflicted Injury, while sane.
- Suicide or attempted suicide, while sane
- Travel or flight in any kind of aircraft, including any aircraft owned by or for the policyholder, except as a fare-paying passenger on a common carrier.
- Participation in any kind of sporting activity for compensation or profit, including coaching or officiating.
- Riding in or driving any motor-driven vehicle in a race, stunt show or speed test.
- Participation in hang gliding, bungee jumping, sailgliding, parasailing, parakiting, ballooning, parachuting, or skydiving.
- An Accident that occurred before the Covered Person is covered by this Plan.
- Injuries to a dependent child received during the birth.

B027.1652

Schedule of Benefits

Employee And Dependent Accident Coverage

EFFECTIVE January 1, 2015 THIS SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS IS ATTACHED TO THE CERTIFICATE. THIS SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS REPLACES ANY PREVIOUSLY ISSUED SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS.

For limitations regarding the number of benefit payments per covered accident please refer to the BENEFIT section.

Benefits

Accident Emergency Room Treatment	$175.00
Accident Follow-Up Visit - Doctor	$50.00 up to 6 treatments
Accidental Death	Yourself: $50,000.00 Your Spouse: $25,000.00 Children: $5,000.00
Accidental Death Common Carrier	200% of the Accidental Death benefit
Accidental Death Common Disaster	200% of the spouse's Accidental Death benefit
Accidental Dismemberment	Limit for all losses due to same accident: $50,000.00 Loss of a hand, foot or sight: 50% of Accidental Death benefit Multiple Losses of hand, foot or sight: For more than one covered loss due to the same Accident, we will pay 100% of the Accidental Death benefit Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand or Loss of four fingers of same hand: 25% of Accidental Death benefit Loss of all toes of same foot: 25% of Accidental Death benefit
Accidental Death Seatbelt & Airbag benefit	Seatbelt: $10,000.00 Seatbelt & Airbag: $15,000.00
Air Ambulance	$1,000.00
Ambulance	$150.00
Appliance	$125.00
Blood/Plasma/ Platelets	$300.00

Burn	2nd Degree 18 to 35 square inches: $1,000.00 over 35: $3,000.00 3rd degree 9 to 18 square inches: $2,000.00 18 to 35 square inches: $4,000.00 over 35: $12,000.00
Burn - Skin Graft	50% of burn benefit
Catastrophic Loss	Quadriplegia: 100% of Accidental Death Loss of speech and Hearing (both ears): 100% of Accidental Death Loss of cognitive function: 100% of Accidental Death Hemiplegia: 50% of Accidental Death Paraplegia: 50% of Accidental Death
Child Organized Sport	Additional 20% of payable benefits
Chiropractic Visits	$25.00 per visit
Coma	$10,000.00
Concussions	$75.00
Dislocations	Closed/Open
Hip	$2,200.00/$4,400.00
Knee	$1,100.00/$2,200.00
Shoulder	$330.00/$660.00
Collar bone (sternoclavicular)	$550.00/$1,100.00
Collar bone (acromioclavicular and separation)	$110.00/$220.00
Ankle or foot	$880.00/$1,760.00
Lower jaw	$330.00/$660.00
Wrist or elbow	$330.00/$660.00
Toe or finger	$110.00/$220.00
Bones of the hand	$330.00/$660.00
Diagnostic Exam (Major)	$150.00
Emergency Dental Work	Crown: $300.00 Extraction: $75.00
Epidural Anesthesia Pain Management	$100.00
Eye Injury	$300.00
Family Care	$20.00 per day
Fracture	Closed/Open
Skull (depressed)	$2,750.00/$5,500.00
Skull (non-depressed)	$1,100.00/$2,200.00
Hip, Thigh (femur)	$1,650.00/$3,300.00

Vertebrae, body of (excluding vertebrae processes)	$825.00/$1,650.00
Pelvis	$825.00/$1,650.00
Leg	$825.00/$1,650.00
Bones of the face or nose	$385.00/$770.00
Upper jaw, maxilla	$385.00/$770.00
Upper arm (humerous)	$385.00/$770.00
Lower jaw, mandible	$330.00/$660.00
Shoulder blade	$330.00/$660.00
Vertebral process	$330.00/$660.00
Forearm	$330.00/$660.00
Kneecap	$330.00/$660.00
Foot (except toes)	$330.00/$660.00
Ankle	$330.00/$660.00
Rib	$275.00/$550.00
Coccyx	$220.00/$440.00
Finger, toe	$110.00/$220.00
Hospital Admission	$1,000.00
Hospital Confinement	$225.00 per day
Hospital ICU Admission	$2,000.00
Hospital ICU Confinement	$450.00 per day
Initial Physician's office/Urgent care facility treatment	$75.00
Knee Cartilage	$500.00
Joint Replacement	Hip: $2,500.00 Knee: $1,250.00 Shoulder: $1,250.00
Laceration	No sutures required: $25.00 Lacerations less than 5 cm: $50.00 Lacerations at least 5 cm but less than 15 cm: $200.00 Lacerations at least 15 cm or more: $400.00
Lodging	$125.00 per day
Occupational or Physical Therapy	$25.00 per day
Prosthetic Device/Artificial Limb	1: $500.00 2 or more: $1,000.00
Reasonable Accommodation to Home or Vehicle	$2,500.00
Rehabilitation Unit Confinement	$150.00 per day
Ruptured Disc With Surgical Repair	$500.00

Surgery	Cranial, open-abdominal or thoracic: $1,250.00 Hernia $150.00
Surgery - Exploratory or Arthroscopic	$250.00
Tendon/Ligament/Rotator Cuff	1: $500.00 2 or more: $1,000.00
Transportation	$500.00
Wellness Benefit	$50.00 per year
X - Ray	$30.00

GC-SCH-ACC-12-MO B027.0182

Changes To Coverage

Changes In Coverage Amounts

If You are not Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, any change in Your amount of coverage or the amount of coverage on a covered dependent will not become effective prior to the date You return to Active Work on a Full-Time basis.

Changes In Insurance Classification

If Your classification changes, coverage will not be changed to the new amount until the first day on which You are: (1) Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis; and (2) make a contribution, if required, for the new classification.

If a contribution is required for the new classification for which a larger amount of coverage is provided, You must make the required contribution for the new amount within 30 days of the change. If You do not make the required contribution within 30 days of the change or within 30 days of becoming Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, if You are not Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, when Your classification changes, no increase will be allowed due to such change or any later change until You make the required contribution for the new amount.

GC-SCH-ACC-12-MO B027.0200

CERTIFICATE RIDER

Effective January 1, 2015 or the effective date of the Employee's Certificate, whichever is later, the Dependent Coverage section of the Accident Coverage Certificate is amended by the addition of the following:

Domestic Partners

Your domestic partner will be treated as a spouse and will be eligible for Accident coverage under this Plan. Coverage will be subject to the domestic partner written requirements, if any, established by the Employer and in accordance with any applicable state law. In the absence of such requirements, coverage will be subject to the conditions shown below and all the terms of this Plan.

Both You and Your domestic partner must meet all of the following conditions: (1) be at least 18 years of age; (2) be unmarried and constitute each other's sole domestic partner; (3) not have had another domestic partner in the last 12 months; (4) share the same permanent address for at least 12 months in a row and intend to do so indefinitely; (5) share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses(which include food, shelter, and medical expenses); (6) not be related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in Your state of residence; and (7) be financially interdependent.

Your domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this Plan on the same basis as if the children were Your dependent children.

Coverage for Your domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when he or she no longer meets the qualifications of a domestic partner as shown above. When a domestic partnership ends, You may not enroll another domestic partner for a period of 12 months.

This rider is a part of this Certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GC-R-ACCDP-12-MO B027.0258

CERTIFICATE RIDER

Effective January 1, 2015 or the effective date of the Employee's Certificate, whichever is later, this rider amends this Certificate by the addition of the following:

PORTABILITY PRIVILEGE

Note This rider does not apply to residents of Kansas, Maine or South Dakota.

Definition As used in this provision, the terms "port" and "to port" mean to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group Accident coverage.

Portability Conditions Portability is subject to all of the conditions described below.

- You may port if Your coverage or coverage for any of Your dependents under this Plan ends because You: (1) have terminated employment; or (2) stop being a member of an eligible class of Employees; or (3) this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port Your coverage if You have reached age 70 on the date coverage under this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port coverage for any of Your dependents if he or she has reached age 70 on the date coverage under this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port if coverage under this Plan ends due to failure to pay any required premium.

Portability Options You may port: (1) Your coverage only; (2) Your coverage and the coverage of Your covered spouse; (3) Your coverage and the coverage of all of Your covered dependents; or (4) if You are a single parent, Your coverage and the coverage of all of Your covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

A dependent must be covered as of the date Your coverage under this Plan ends in order to be eligible for portability.

If You die while covered for dependent Accident coverage, Your spouse may port Your dependent Accident coverage as described above. Your spouse and dependent children must be covered under this Plan on the date of Your death. But, this option is not available if: (1) there is no surviving spouse; or (2) Your surviving spouse has reached age 70 on the date of Your death.

The Portable Certificate Of Coverage The portable certificate of coverage provides group Accident coverage. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage are the same as the benefits provided by this Plan.

The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (1) the Covered Person's rate class under this Plan; and (2) Your or Your surviving spouse's age bracket as shown in the Accident Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How To Port You or Your surviving spouse must: (1) apply to Us in writing; and (2) pay the required premium. You or Your surviving spouse must do this within 31 days from the date Your coverage under this Plan ends. We will not ask for proof that You or Your surviving spouse are in good health.

This rider is a part of this Certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GC-R-ACCPORT-12-MO B027.0356

CERTIFICATE AMENDATORY RIDER - Telemed

This Rider is effective as of the effective date of the Employee's Certificate. If this Rider is added to an inforce Certificate, the Rider becomes effective on its issue date.

This Rider amends the Certificate by replacing the **Accident Follow-Up Visit - Doctor** provision in the **Benefits** section as shown below.

Accident Follow-Up Visit - Doctor: We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person requires additional follow up treatments (not including Occupational, speech or Physical Therapy or chiropractic treatment) after initial Emergency Room treatment or Doctor's Office/Urgent Care Facility Treatment. This follow-up treatment includes Telemedicine Services. We pay up to 6 treatments per a Covered Person per Covered Accident. Treatment must begin within 60 days of a Covered Accident and be completed within 365 days.

This Rider also amends the **Definitions** section of the Certificate by adding the definition shown below.

Telemedicine Services: A medical inquiry with a Doctor via the use of telecommunication and information technologies (including, but not limited to, audio or video communications) for the Covered Person's evaluation, diagnosis, or treatment as would be practiced in person. This does not include requests for prescription refills, test results or medical records.

This Rider is a part of this Certificate. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of this Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

B028.1603

GC-A-TELEMED-20

The following notice applies if your plan is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its amendments. This notice is not part of the Guardian plan of insurance or any employer funded benefits, not insured by Guardian.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

(a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

(c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement Of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

B800.0093

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the plan with respect to claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

Definitions

"Adverse Benefit Determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

"Group Health Benefits" means any accident, cancer, critical illness, specified disease or hospital indemnity coverages which are a part of this plan.

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is based;
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed;

- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal.

Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim; and
- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse benefit determination.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

B055.0061

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

B800.0086

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian
10 Hudson Yards
New York, New York 10001

The group Hospital Indemnity coverage described in this Certificate is attached to the group Policy effective March 1, 2017. This Certificate replaces any Certificate previously issued under this Plan or under any other plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the Policyholder by Guardian.

Important Notice: This is a limited plan of Hospital Indemnity insurance. It is a supplement to health insurance. It is not a substitute for hospital or medical expense insurance, a health maintenance organization (HMO) contract, or major medical expense insurance. Please read this Plan carefully to fully understand what it covers, limits, and excludes. This Certificate does not meet the Federal requirement for health coverage under the Affordable Care Act.

GROUP HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE

Guardian certifies that the Employee to whom this Certificate is issued is entitled to the benefits described herein. However, the Employee must: (a) satisfy all of this Plan's eligibility and effective date requirements; (b) be listed in Our and/or the Policyholder's records as a validly covered Employee under this Plan; and (c) all required premium payments must have been made by or on behalf of the Employee.

The Employee and/or his or her Dependents are not covered by any part of this Plan for which he or she has waived coverage. Such a waiver of coverage is shown in Our and/or the Policyholder's records.

Policyholder: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Group Policy Number: 00463298

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

B005.0523

GC-HI-15-R-MO

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DEFINITIONS

The terms shown below have the meaning given in this section. Whenever used throughout this Certificate, they will be capitalized. Additional terms may be defined within the provision to which they apply.

B005.0526

Active Work or **Actively At Work** or **Actively Working:** These terms mean Your performance of all the duties that pertain to Your work at the place: (1) where it is normally done; or (2) where it is required to be done by Your Employer.

B005.0527

Benefit Year: This term means a 12 month period which starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st.

B005.0695

Complications of Pregnancy: This term means:

(1) Conditions requiring Confinement to a Hospital or treatment in an Outpatient Surgery facility (when the pregnancy is not terminated) whose diagnoses are distinct from pregnancy, but are adversely affected by, or caused by, pregnancy, including but not limited to: non-scheduled cesarean section, acute nephritis, nephrosis, cardiac decompensation, hyperemesis gravidarum, pre-eclampsia, missed abortion, and similar medical and surgical conditions of comparable severity.

(2) Termination of ectopic pregnancy and spontaneous termination of pregnancy occurring during a time that a viable birth is not possible.

Complications of Pregnancy does not mean: false labor, occasional spotting, Doctor-prescribed rest during the period of pregnancy, morning sickness, scheduled cesarean section, and similar conditions associated with the management of a difficult pregnancy.

B005.0529

Confined/ Confinement: This term means the admission to, and subsequent continued stay in, a Hospital as an overnight bed patient and a charge for room and board is made. **If** death occurs before a Covered Person completes one overnight stay, that person will be deemed to have been Confined for one day.

B005.0530

Covered Dependent Child: This term means Your eligible dependent child covered under this Plan.

B005.0531

Covered Family: This term means You, and all of Your covered dependents.

B005.0532

Covered Person: This term means You, if You are covered under this Plan and Your covered dependents.

B005.0535

Covered Sickness: This term means an illness or disease, including Complications of Pregnancy, which occurs on or after the Covered Person's effective date of this coverage and while this Plan is in force; and is not excluded by name or specific description in the Plan. All related conditions and recurring symptoms of Sickness to the same person will be considered one Sickness.

B005.0537

Diagnosis/ Diagnose: This term means the establishment of the presence or existence of a Covered Sickness or Injury by a Doctor through the use of clinical and/or lab findings, as described in the Covered Benefits section of this Plan.

B005.0539

Doctor: This term means any medical practitioner We are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (1) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (2) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

B005.0540

Domestic Partner: This term means an opposite or same sex partner who has met all of the following requirements for at least 12 months: (1) resides with the Covered Person; (2) shares financial assets and obligations with the Covered Person; (3) is not related by blood to the Covered Person to a degree of closeness that would prohibit a legal marriage; (4) is at least the age of consent in the state in which they reside; and (5) neither the Covered Person or Domestic Partner is married to anyone else, nor has any other Domestic Partner. The Company requires proof of the Domestic Partner relationship in the form of a signed and completed Affidavit of Domestic Partnership.

B005.0541

Elective Surgery: This term means surgery that:

(1) is not Medically Necessary;

(2) does not promote the proper function of the Covered Person's body or prevent or treat Sickness; or

(3) is directed at improving appearance; unless such surgery is needed to correct a deformity resulting from: (a) a congenital abnormality; or (b) a disfiguring Sickness, physical disease or Injury.

Laser correction or other surgery to correct vision or hearing will be deemed Elective Surgery when similar results could be provided by use of eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aid or other device. Medically Necessary surgery for glaucoma, cataracts or other Sickness or Injury is not considered Elective Surgery.

B005.0542

Eligibility Date: For Employee coverage, this term means the earliest date You are eligible for coverage under this Plan. For dependent coverage, this term means the earliest date on which You: (1) have Initial Dependents; and (2) are eligible for dependent coverage.

B005.0543

Emergency Room: This term means a department of the Hospital that is designated for emergency care. This area must be staffed and equipped to handle trauma, be supervised and provide treatment by Doctors, and provide care seven days per week, 24 hours per day.

B005.0545

Employee: This term means a person who works for the Employer and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

Employer: This term means COLUMBIA COLLEGE .

B005.0546

Full-Time: This term means You regularly work at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the Employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at: (1) Your Employer's place of business; (2) some place where the Employer's business requires You to travel; or (3) any other place You and Your Employer have agreed upon for the performance of occupational duties.

B005.0547

Hospital: This term means a short-term, acute care general facility, which:

(1) is primarily engaged in providing, by or under the continuous supervision of Physicians, to inpatients, diagnostic services and therapeutic services, for diagnosis, treatment and care of sick, injured or persons on a resident or inpatient basis, including facilities for diagnosis and surgery under the supervision of a staff of one (1) or more licensed physicians and which provides twenty-four (24)-hour nursing service by registered nurses on duty or call;

(2) has organized departments of medicine and major surgery;

(3) has a requirement that every patient must be under the care of a Doctor or dentist;

(4) provides 24 hour Nursing service by or under the supervision of a registered professional Nurse (R.N.);

(5) is duly licensed by the agency responsible for licensing such Hospitals; and

(6) is not, other than incidentally: (a) a place of rest; (b) a place primarily for the treatment of tuberculosis; (c) a place for the aged; (d) a place for drug addicts or alcoholics; or (e) a place for convalescent, custodial, educational, rehabilitative care; or (f) nursing, rest or extended care facilities or facilities operated exclusively for treatment of the aged, even though the facilities are operated as a separate institution by a hospital.

B027.1293

Hospital Intensive Care Unit: This term means a designated area of a Hospital that:

(1) provides the highest quality of medical care and is restricted to patients who are critically ill and who require intensive comprehensive observation and care;

(2) is separate and apart from the surgical recovery room and from rooms, beds, wards, and units customarily used for patient Confinement;

(3) is permanently equipped with special lifesaving equipment for the care of the critically ill;

(4) is under continuous observation by a specially trained Nursing staff assigned exclusively to the Intensive Care Unit on a 24 hour basis and is assigned a Doctor on a full-time basis.

B005.0551

Initial Dependents: This term means those eligible dependents You have at the time You first become eligible for Employee coverage. If at this time You do not have any eligible dependents, but You later acquire them, the first eligible dependents You acquire are Your Initial Dependents.

B005.0552

Injury: This term means unintentional physical damage or harm caused directly to the Covered Person's body; not due to Sickness or disease. The Injury must occur while You or Your covered dependents are insured under this Plan.

B005.0553

Inpatient: This term means a patient who is admitted to a Hospital, as an overnight bed patient with a charge for room and board for a Covered Sickness or Injury.

B005.0555

Medically Necessary: This term means health services, treatment and supplies that are all of the following:

(1) medically appropriate;

(2) needed to Diagnose or treat a Covered Sickness or Injury;

(3) consistent in type, frequency, and length of treatment with scientifically based guidelines of national medical research or health care coverage organizations or government agencies;

(4) needed for reasons other than comfort or convenience of the Covered Person or Doctor;

(5) of proven medical value; and

(6) done with the appropriate level of service or supply needed to provide safe and adequate care.

B005.0557

Newly Acquired Dependent: This term means an eligible dependent You acquire after You already have coverage in force for Initial Dependents.

B005.0558

Nurse: This term means either a professional, licensed, graduate registered Nurse (R.N.) or a professional, licensed practical Nurse (L.P.N.).

B005.0559

Observation Unit: This term means a specified area within a Hospital, apart from the Emergency Room, where a patient can be monitored following Outpatient Surgery or treatment in the Emergency Room by a Doctor, and that fully meets each of the following requirements:

(1) It is under the direct supervision of a Doctor or registered Nurse.

(2) It is staffed by Nurses assigned specifically to that unit.

(3) It provides care seven days per week, 24 hours per day.

B005.0560

Outpatient Treatment: This term means medical services that a Covered Person receives when not Confined as an Inpatient in a Hospital.

B005.0562

Plan: This term means the group Hospital Indemnity coverage described in the policy and this Certificate.

B005.0564

Rehabilitation Unit Confinement: This term means an appropriately licensed facility or separate section of a Hospital that provides rehabilitation care services on an Inpatient basis and is designated, staffed and equipped to provide restorative services under the supervision of a trained and experienced rehabilitation Doctor. A Rehabilitation Unit is not: a nursing home; an extended care facility; a skilled nursing facility; a rest home or home for the aged; a hospice care facility; a place for alcoholics or drug addicts; or an assisted living facility.

B005.0565

Spouse: This term means Your lawful spouse, which shall include the marriage between opposite or same-sex partners legally performed in other jurisdictions. This term shall also include registered Domestic Partners.

B005.0566

We, Us, Our and Guardian: These terms mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

You or Your: These terms mean the covered Employee.

B005.0570

GENERAL PROVISIONS

B005.0033

Applicable Benefits

This Certificate may include multiple benefit options and types of benefits. In the event that the Certificate includes such multiple benefit options and types of benefits, each Covered Person will only be covered for those applicable benefits that (1) were previously selected in a manner and mode acceptable to Guardian such as an enrollment form and (2) for which applicable premium has been received by Guardian.

B005.0034

Limitation of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of Guardian, has the authority to act for Us to: (1) determine whether any contract, Plan or certificate is to be issued; (2) waive or alter any provisions of any contract or plan, or any of Our requirements; (3) bind Us by any statement or promise relating to the contract issued or to be issued; or (4) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

B005.0573

Incontestability

The Plan is incontestable after two years from its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a Covered Person will be used to contest the validity of his or her insurance or to deny a claim for a loss incurred after such insurance has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime.

If the Plan replaces a plan Your Employer had with another insurer, We may rescind the Plan based on misrepresentations made by the Employer or an Employee in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of the Plan.

In the event Your insurance is rescinded due to a fraudulent statement made in Your application We will refund premiums paid for the periods such insurance is void. The premium paid by You will be sent to Your last known address on file with Your Employer or Us.

B005.0574

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a Doctor of Our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under the Plan. We also have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death where allowed by law. We will pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

B005.0576

Hospital Indemnity Claim Provisions

Your right to make a claim for Hospital Indemnity benefits provided by this Plan is governed as follows:

Notice You must send Us written notice of a Covered Sickness or Injury for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the Covered Sickness starts or Injury occurs. This notice should include Your name and the Policy number. If the claim is being made for any other Covered Person, his or her name should also be shown.

Claim Forms We will furnish You with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. If We do not furnish the forms on time, We will accept a written description and adequate proof of the Covered Sickness or Injury that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. You must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made.

Proof Of Loss You must send written proof to Our designated office within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice Of Proof We will not void or reduce Your claim if You cannot send Us notice and proof of loss within the required time. In that case, You must send Us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment Of Benefits We will pay Hospital Indemnity benefits as soon as We receive written proof of loss. Unless otherwise required by law or regulation, We pay all Hospital Indemnity benefits to You if You are living. If You are not living, We have the right to pay all Hospital Indemnity benefits to one of the following: (1) Your estate; (2) Your Spouse; (3) Your parents; (4) Your children; or (5) Your brothers and sisters.

Legal Actions No legal action against this Plan shall be brought until 60 days from the date proof of loss has been given as shown above. No legal action shall be brought against this Plan after three years from the date written proof of loss is required to be given.

Workers' Compensation The Hospital Indemnity benefits provided by this Plan are not in place of and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

B005.0578

ELIGIBILITY FOR HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE - EMPLOYEE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the conditions of eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of this Plan, You are eligible if You are in an eligible class of Employees and are an active Full-Time Employee.

If You are a partner or proprietor, We will treat You like an Employee if You meet this Plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions of Eligibility

You are eligible for Hospital Indemnity coverage if You are:

- Legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based Employer in a country or region approved by Us; and
- Regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the Employer (but not less than 30 hours per week) at: (1) the Employer's place of business; (2) some place where the Employer's business requires You to travel; or (3) any other place You and the Employer have agreed upon for the performance of occupational duties.
- Age 69 or below at the time of Your enrollment.

You are **not** eligible for Hospital Indemnity coverage if You are:

- A temporary or seasonal Employee;
- Age 70 or older at the time of Your enrollment

Enrollment Requirement: If You must pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage, We will not cover You until You enroll and agree to make the required payments.

B005.0583

The Service Waiting Period If You are in an eligible class, You are eligible for Hospital Indemnity coverage under this Plan after You complete the Service Waiting Period, if any, established by the Employer.

B005.0581

Multiple Employment

If You work for both the Employer and a covered associated company, or for more than one covered associated company, We will treat You as if only one firm employs You. You will not have multiple Hospital Indemnity coverages under this Plan. But, if this Plan uses the amount of Your earnings to set the rates, determine class, figure coverage amounts, or for any other reason, such earnings will be figured as the sum of Your earnings from all covered Employers.

B005.0582

Coverage During Temporary Layoff or Leave of Absence:

If Your active Full-Time service ends because You were laid off or go on a leave of absence approved by Your Employer, You may continue Your insurance, subject to continued payment of premium, until the earlier of: (a) the end of the temporary layoff or Employer approved leave of absence; and (b) 1 months following the date the temporary layoff or approved leave of absence begins. If You become Disabled under this Plan while Your coverage is being continued during a temporary layoff or leave of absence, Your eligibility for benefits will be governed by all the term of this Plan.

B005.0585

When Employee Coverage Starts

Your Eligibility Date is the date You have met all of the conditions of eligibility.

Whether You must pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage, You must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments before Your coverage will start. If You do this on or before Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on Your Eligibility Date. If You do this within 31 days after Your Eligibility Date, Your coverage is scheduled to start on Your Eligibility Date. If You do not elect this coverage within 31 days of Your Eligibility Date, You must wait until the next scheduled group enrollment period. Once each year, during the group enrollment period You may elect to enroll in this coverage as offered by Your Employer. As used here, "group enrollment period" means an annual open enrollment period set by Your Employer and agreed to by Us. During this period, You can choose the Hospital Indemnity coverage Your Employer offers. An open enrollment period is usually held once a year and usually lasts for 30 days.

On the date all or part of Your coverage is scheduled to start, You must be: (1) Actively At Work; (2) fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation; and (3) working Your regular number of hours. In that case, Your coverage will start at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time for Your place of residence on that date. In any other case, We will postpone the start of Your coverage until the date You: (a) return to Active Work; (b) are working Your regular number of hours; and (c) are fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation. Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; during a layoff of less than 180 days in duration; during an approved leave of absence not due to Sickness or Injury, of 90 days or less; or on a day during a period of absence that is less than 7 days in duration; and if: (a) You were fully capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for the Employer on a Full-Time basis at 12:01 AM standard time for Your place of residence on the scheduled effective date; and (b) You were performing the major duties of Your regular occupation and working Your regular number of hours on Your last regularly scheduled work day; Your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date.

Exception to When Employee Coverage Starts:

If You are not capable of performing the major duties of Your regular occupation for Your Employer on a Full-Time basis on the date Your coverage is scheduled to start, You will be insured for Hospital Indemnity insurance if:

1. You were insured under the prior insurer's group or individual Hospital Indemnity policy at the time of the transfer;
2. You are a member of an eligible class;
3. premiums for You were paid up to date; and
4. You are not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group or individual Hospital Indemnity policy.

Any Hospital Indemnity benefit payable will be the lesser of:

1. the Hospital Indemnity benefit payable under the Group Policy; or
2. the Hospital Indemnity benefit payable under the prior insurer's group Hospital Indemnity or individual policy had it remained in force.

B005.0586

When Employee Coverage Ends

Your coverage will end on the first of the following dates:

- The date Your active service ends for any reason. Your active service ends when You are no longer: (1) Actively At Work; and (2) working Your regular number of hours.
- The date You stop being an eligible Employee under this Plan.
- The date You are no longer working in the United States or working outside of the United States for a United States based Employer in a country or region approved by Us.
- The date this group Plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of Employees to which You belong.
- If You are required to pay all or part of the cost of Your coverage and You fail to do so, Your coverage ends at the end of the grace period for the payment of premium.

B027.1334

Your Right to Continue Hospital Indemnity Coverage During a Family Leave of Absence

Important Notice: This section may not apply to Your Employer's Plan. You must contact Your Employer to find out if he or she must allow for a family leave of absence under federal law. If he or she must allow for such leave, this section applies. If benefits are not provided during a leave of absence, upon notice to the Us of his or her entry to active duty in the armed forces of the United States, the pro rata unearned premiums shall be refunded.

If Your Coverage Would End: Your Hospital Indemnity coverage would normally end because You cease work due to an approved leave of absence. But, You may continue Your coverage if the leave has been granted to: (1) allow You to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (2) after the birth or adoption of a child; (3) due to Your own serious health condition; or (4) because of a serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that Your spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a Covered Service Member is on active duty, or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty, in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. To continue Your coverage, You will be required to pay the same share of the premium as You paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends: Continued coverage will end on the earliest of the following:

- The date You return to Active Work.
- In the case of a leave granted to You to care for a Covered Service Member, the end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to You under this section for all reasons. If You take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.

- In any other case, the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which Your Employer's Plan is terminated or You are no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which premium has been paid.

Definitions: As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (1) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the Armed Forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (2) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Service Member:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a Serious Injury or Illness is: (1) undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy; (2) otherwise in Outpatient Status; or (3) otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means Your nearest blood relative.
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, in the case of a Covered Service Member, that he or she is assigned to: (1) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (2) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a Covered Service Member, an Injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her: (1) office; (2) grade; (3) rank; or (4) rating.

B027.1337

ELIGIBILITY FOR HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE - DEPENDENT

Eligible Dependents

Your eligible dependents are Your Spouse and Your unmarried dependent child(ren) from birth, until the age of 26.

B005.0597

Adopted Children and Step-Children

Your unmarried dependent children include Your legally adopted children and Your step-children. But, Your step-children must depend on You for most of their support and maintenance. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in Your home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

B005.0598

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child (a) with a mental or physical handicap or developmental disability and (b) chiefly dependent upon You for support and maintenance. In that case such a child may remain eligible for dependent benefits past the age limit subject to the conditions shown below.

- His or her condition started before he or she reached the age limit.
- He or she became covered for dependent Hospital Indemnity benefits before he or she reached the age limit, and remained continuously covered until he or she reached the age limit.
- He or she is unmarried and remains: (i) incapable of self-sustaining employment; and (ii) dependent upon You for most of his or her support and maintenance.
- You send Us written proof, and We approve such proof, of the child's disability and dependence within 31 days from the date he or she reaches the age limit. After the two year period following the child's attainment of the age limit, We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues, but We cannot ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when Your coverage ends.

B005.0599

Dependents Not Eligible

We exclude:

- A dependent who is on Active Duty in any armed force;
- A dependent who is covered by this Plan as an Employee.

A child may be an eligible dependent of more than one Employee who is insured under this Plan. In that case, the child may be insured for dependent Hospital Indemnity benefits by only one Employee at a time.

B005.0601

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for Your dependent coverage to start, You must already be covered for Employee coverage, or enroll for Employee and dependent coverage at the same time.

Subject to the Exception below and to all of the other terms of this Plan, the date Your dependent coverage starts depends on when You elect to enroll Your Initial Dependents and agree to make any required payments.

If You do this on or before Your Eligibility Date, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of Your Eligibility Date and the date You become covered for Employee coverage.

If You do this within 31 days of Your Eligibility Date, the coverage is scheduled to start on the later of Your Eligibility Date and the date You become covered for Employee coverage.

If You do not elect dependent coverage within 31 days of Your Eligibility Date, You must wait until the next scheduled group enrollment period to add dependent coverage. Once each year, during the group enrollment period You may elect to enroll dependents in this coverage as offered by Your Employer. As used here, "group enrollment period" means an annual open enrollment period set by Your Employer and agreed to by Us. During this period, You can choose the dependent Hospital Indemnity coverage Your Employer offers. An open enrollment period is usually held once a year and usually lasts for 30 days.

You may enroll Your dependents outside of the group enrollment period only as follows:

- You may enroll a new Spouse within 31 days of marriage;
- You may enroll for dependent child coverage within 31 days of the birth or adoption of Your first eligible child.

Once You have dependent child coverage for Your Initial Dependent child(ren) any Newly Acquired Dependent children will be covered as of the date he or she is first eligible.

Exception: We will postpone the effective date of a dependent's, other than a newborn child's, coverage if, on that date, he or she is: (1) Confined to a Hospital or other health care facility or (2) home confined. In that case, We will postpone the effective date of his or her coverage until the day after the date: (a) of his or her discharge from such facility or (b) his or her home confinement ends. If a dependent was covered under a prior plan at transfer, this language will not apply to the amount of coverage that was in force with the prior plan.

B005.0602

When Dependent Coverage Ends

Dependent coverage ends for all of Your dependents when Your Employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of Your dependents when You stop being a member of a class of Employees eligible for such coverage. And, it ends when this Plan ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this Plan for all Employees or for Your class.

If You are required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and You fail to do so, Your dependent coverage ends at the end of the grace period for the payment of premium.

Your dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent. This happens to a child at 12:01 A.M. on the date the child attains this Plan's age limit, when he or she marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on You for support and maintenance or for Your handicapped child who has reached the age limit, when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on You for support and maintenance. It happens to a Spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment or a Domestic Partnership ends or no longer qualifies as a Domestic Partnership.

B027.1347-R

HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE

This Certificate includes the Schedule of Benefits. Your class and benefit options are shown in the Schedule of Benefits that applies to You. Subject to all of this Plan's terms, We will pay the benefits described below if a Covered Person receives care or treatment for a Covered Sickness or Injury. The care or treatment must occur while the Covered Person is insured by this Plan. This Plan pays no benefits for the treatment of a Covered Sickness or Injury other than those listed below in Covered Benefits.

B005.0607

Covered Benefits

B005.0608

Hospital Admission or Intensive Care Unit Admission: We pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits if a Covered Person is admitted to a Hospital as a result of a Covered Sickness or Injury. We limit what We cover to 1 day(s) of benefits per Covered Person per Benefit Year for either Hospital Admission or Intensive Care Unit Admission. We limit what We cover to 2 day(s) of benefits per Covered Family per Benefit Year. If a Covered Person is admitted to the Hospital or the Intensive Care Unit for the same or related condition within 30 day(s) of an Admission for which this Plan has paid a benefit, We will treat this later Admission as a continuation of the previous Admission and no additional benefit will be paid. If more than 30 day(s) have passed between the periods of Hospital or Intensive Care Unit Admission, We will treat this later Admission as a new and separate Hospital or Intensive Care Unit Admission. This benefit is not payable for Emergency Room treatment, Outpatient Surgery or Treatment, or a Hospital stay of less than 20 hours in an Observation Unit, or when a charge for room and board is not made. We will pay the higher of the Hospital Admission or Intensive Care Unit Admission benefit if both occur on the same day or same Benefit Year. Hospital Admission or Intensive Care Unit Admission does not include Hospice Care in a Hospice facility. The admission must be within 180 day(s) of an Injury.

B005.0629

Hospital Confinement or Intensive Care Unit Confinement We will pay the amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for days of Hospital Confinement or Intensive Care Unit Confinement following a Hospital Admission or Intensive Care Unit Admission, if a Covered Person is Confined in a Hospital or Intensive Care Unit for the treatment of a Covered Sickness or Injury. We limit what We cover to 30 day(s) of benefits per Covered Person per Benefit Year. We do not pay the Hospital Confinement or Intensive Care Unit Confinement benefit on the same day as the Hospital Admission or Intensive Care Unit Admission.

We will pay the higher of the Hospital Confinement or Intensive Care Unit Confinement benefit if both occur on the same day. Hospital Confinement or Intensive Care Unit Confinement does not include Hospice Care in a Hospice facility.

B005.0631

B005.0668

Pre-Existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is a Covered Sickness or Injury, whether diagnosed or misdiagnosed, and any symptoms of it, for which in the 12 months before a person becomes covered by this Plan he or she: (1) receives advice or treatment from a Doctor; (2) undergoes diagnostic procedures, other than routine screening in the absence of symptoms or suspicion of disease process by a Doctor; (3) are prescribed or take prescription drugs; or (4) receives other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a Doctor. This Plan will not pay benefits for a condition that is caused by, or results from, a Pre-Existing Condition if the condition occurs during the first 12 months the person is covered by this Plan.

This Plan also limits the Covered Person's benefits under this Plan if a condition that is caused by, or results from, a Pre-Existing Condition occurs after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this Plan; or (b) a change in Your benefit election which increased the benefit payable by this Plan, In this case, Your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. This limit does not apply if the condition occurs after the Covered Person completes at least one full day of Active Work after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

B027.1411

If This Plan Replaces Another Plan

This Plan may be replacing a similar plan that the Employer had with some other carrier. In that case, the Pre-Existing Condition limitation will not apply to any Covered Person who: (1) was covered under the Employer's old plan on the day before this Plan started; and (2) has met the requirements of any Pre-Existing Condition or limitation of the old plan; and (3) in Your case, are Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis on the effective date of this Plan.

This Plan will credit any time used to meet the old plan's Pre-Existing Condition provision toward meeting this Plan's Pre-Existing Condition provision, if the Covered Person: (1) was covered under the old plan when it ended; (2) enrolls for coverage under this Plan on or before this Plan's effective date; and (3) is Actively Working on the effective date of this Plan; but (4) has not fulfilled the requirements of any Pre-Existing Condition provision of the old plan.

But, this Plan limits a Covered Person's benefit under this Plan if: (1) it is more than the Hospital Indemnity benefit for which he or she was covered under the old plan; (2) the Sickness is due to a Pre-Existing Condition; and (3) this Plan pays benefits because this Plan credits time as explained above. In this case, this Plan limits the benefit to the amount the Covered Person to which he or she would have been entitled under the old plan.

B005.0680

This Pre-existing Conditions provision only applies to the following benefits. It will not apply to any other provisions covered under this Plan.

- Hospital Admission

B005.0696

- Hospital Confinement

B005.0697

Exclusions

This Plan will not pay benefits for the treatment of any Covered Sickness or Injury caused by, or resulting from any of the following:

- Suicide or any intentionally self-inflicted Injury while sane;
- Participation in a riot or insurrection;
- Declared or undeclared war, or act of war;
- Commission of, or attempt to commit, a felony, or participating in an illegal occupation;
- Commission of, or attempt to commit, an act of terrorism

And this Plan will not pay benefits for:

- Elective Surgery;
- Dental care, dental x-rays, or dental treatment;
- Gastric or intestinal bypass services including lap banding, gastric stapling, and other similar procedures to facilitate weight loss; the reversal, or revision of such procedures; or services required for the treatment of complications from such procedures.
- Rest cures or custodial care, or treatment of sleep disorders;
- Hospital Confinement and/or Hospital Admission and Inpatient Surgery due to any Covered Person's giving birth within the first 9 months after the Covered Person's effective date under this Plan as a result of a normal pregnancy, including cesarean section. Complications of Pregnancy will be covered to the same extent as any other Covered Sickness;
- Treatment of a Covered Dependent Child's child(ren);
- Cosmetic surgery. This Exclusion does not apply to reconstructive surgery:

(a) on an injured part of the body following infection or disease of the involved part;

(b) of a congenital disease or anomaly of a covered dependent newborn or adopted infant; or

(c) on a non-diseased breast to restore and achieve symmetry between two breasts following a covered mastectomy;

- Treatment or removal of warts, moles, boils, skin blemishes or birthmarks, bunions, acne, corns, calluses, the cutting and trimming of toenails, care for flat feet, fallen arches or chronic foot strain;
- Service, treatment or loss related to alcoholism or drug addiction, except for drugs prescribed by the Covered Person's Doctor and taken as prescribed;
- Care or treatment for mental or nervous disorders;
- Services or treatment provided by a Doctor, Nurse or any other person who is employed or retained by a Covered Person or who is a Covered Person's Spouse, parent, brother, sister, child, Domestic Partner, or partner in a civil union;
- Sickness or Injury sustained while on Active Duty in the armed forces of any country. This does not include Reserve or National Guard duty for training;
- Surgery and treatment, procedures, products or services that are Experimental or Investigative. "Experimental or Investigative" means a drug, device or medical treatment or procedure that:

  (a) Cannot lawfully be marketed without approval of the United States Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time of being furnished;

  (b) Has Reliable Evidence indicating it is the subject of ongoing clinical trials or is under study to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, efficacy, or its efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatments or Diagnosis; or

  (c) Has Reliable Evidence indicating that the consensus of opinion amon experts is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, efficacy, or its efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.

  "Reliable Evidence" means (i) published reports and articles in authoritative medical and scientific literature; (ii) the written protocol(s) of the treating facility or the protocols of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure; or (iii) the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.

B027.1659

After the Covered Person has been Confined to a Hospital due to a Covered Sickness or Injury for more than 30 continuous days while this Plan is in force, We will waive the premium for the Plan for as long as the Covered Person remains Confined to a Hospital or Rehabilitation Unit.

The Covered Person must pay all premiums to keep the Plan in force until he or she has been Confined to a Hospital for more than 30 continuous days and the waiver becomes effective.

The Waiver of Premium Benefit does not apply to any period that the Covered Person is Confined to a Hospital or Rehabilitation Unit due to a Sickness or Injury which is excluded by name or specific description in this Plan. This benefit does not apply to the Hospital Confinement of a Spouse or Covered Dependent Child. We will waive the premium only if the Covered Person insured is Confined to a Hospital for more than 30 continuous days, and the premium will be waived for the entire Plan, including the premium for any covered Spouse or Covered Dependent Child if insured under the Plan.

B005.0694

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

HOSPITAL INDEMNITY

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Policyholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this rider amends the Hospital Indemnity provisions of the Group Policy as follows:

B005.0703

Covered Benefits

Hospital Admission: $1,000.00 per day

Limited to 1 days per Benefit Year and 2 days per Covered Family combined with Hospital ICU Admission.

Hospital Confinement: $200.00 per day

for first 30 days Hospital Confinement combined with Hospital ICU Confinement.

Hospital ICU Admission: $1,000.00 per day

Limited to 1 days per Benefit Year combined with Hospital Admission.

Hospital ICU Confinement: $400.00 per day

for first 30 days Hospital ICU Confinement combined with Hospital Confinement.

Initial Election

When You first become eligible for this Plan You must choose to be covered for a Plan Option as described below. You may only be covered under one plan at a time. You must notify Your Employer of Your election and pay the required premium.

B005.0728

EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE

Election of Hospital Indemnity Plan Option Based on Age

If You are less than age 70 you may elect Hospital Indemnity coverage. If you are age 70 or above, you may not elect Hospital Indemnity coverage.

B005.0732

DEPENDENT VOLUNTARY HOSPITAL INDEMNITY COVERAGE

Election of Hospital Indemnity Plan Option Based on Age

If You, as the Employee, are less than age 70, You may elect Hospital Indemnity coverage for Your Dependent(s). If You as the Employee are age 70 or above, You may not elect Hospital Indemnity coverage for Your Dependent(s).

Changes To Coverage

Changes in Coverage Amounts

If You are not Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, any change in Your coverage or the coverage on a covered dependent will not become effective prior to the date You return to Active Work on a Full-Time basis.

Changes In Insurance Classification

If Your classification changes, coverage will not be changed to the new amount until the first day on which You are: (1) Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis; and (2) make a contribution, if required, for the new classification.

If a contribution is required for the new classification for which greater coverage is provided, You must make the required contribution for the new coverage within 31 days of the change. If You do not make the required contribution within 31 days of the change or within 31 days of becoming Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, if You are not Actively At Work on a Full-Time basis, when Your classification changes, no increase will be allowed due to such change or any later change. In that case, in order to become covered for the greater coverage, You must: (1) make the required contribution for the greater coverage; and (2) furnish Proof of Insurability to Us, which We approve in writing.

B005.0743

CERTIFICATE RIDER

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii) the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Planholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this rider amends this Certificate by the addition of the following:

PORTABILITY PRIVILEGE

Definition: As used in this provision, the terms "port" and "to port" mean to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group Hospital Indemnity coverage.

Portability Conditions: Portability is subject to all of the conditions described below.

- You may port if Your coverage under this Plan ends because: (1) You have terminated employment; (2) You stop being a member of an eligible class of Employees; or (3) this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port Your coverage if You have reached Your 70th birthday on the date coverage under this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port coverage for any of Your dependents if he or she has reached his or her 70th birthday on the date coverage under this Plan ends.
- You may **not** port if coverage under this Plan ends due to Your failure to pay any required premium.

Portability Options: You may port Your Hospital Indemnity coverage, subject to any benefit amount reductions based on age, less the amount of any Hospital Indemnity benefits paid by this Plan.

You may port Your dependent's Hospital Indemnity coverage, less the amount of any Hospital Indemnity benefits paid by this Plan.

You may port: (1) Your coverage only; (2) Your coverage and coverage of Your covered Spouse; (3) Your coverage and the coverage of all of Your covered dependents; or (4) if You are a single parent, Your coverage and the coverage of all of Your covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

A dependent must be covered as of the date Your coverage under this Plan ends in order to be eligible for portability.

If You die while covered for dependent Hospital Indemnity coverage, Your Spouse may port Your dependent Hospital Indemnity coverage as described above. Your Spouse and dependent children must be covered under this Plan on the date of Your death. But, this option is not available if: (1) there is no surviving Spouse; or (2) Your surviving Spouse has reached his or her 70th birthday on the date of Your death.

The Portable Certificate of Coverage: The portable certificate of coverage provides group Hospital Indemnity. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage are the same as the benefits provided by this Plan. The portable certificate provides seamless coverage. Benefit limits, maximums and timeframes do not reset when someone becomes covered under the portable certificate. The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (1) the Covered Person's rate class under this Plan; and (2) Your or Your surviving Spouse's age bracket as shown in the Hospital Indemnity Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How to Port: You or Your surviving Spouse must: (1) apply to Us in writing; and (2) pay the required premium. You or Your surviving Spouse must do this within 31 days from the date Your coverage under this Plan ends. We will not ask for proof that You or Your surviving Spouse are in good health.

This rider is a part of this Certificate. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Certificate.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GC-R-HI-PORT-15 B005.0740

GC-R-HI-PORT-15

The following notice applies if your plan is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its amendments. This notice is not part of the Guardian plan of insurance or any employer funded benefits, not insured by Guardian.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

(a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

(c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement Of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

B800.0093

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the plan with respect to claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

Definitions

"Adverse Benefit Determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

"Group Health Benefits" means any accident, cancer, critical illness, specified disease or hospital indemnity coverages which are a part of this plan.

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination

The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is based;
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed;

- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal.

Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim; and
- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse benefit determination.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

B055.0061

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

B800.0086

YOUR BENEFITS INFORMATION - ANYTIME, ANYWHERE

www.GuardianAnytime.com

Insured employees and their dependents can access helpful, secure information about their Guardian benefits(s) online at:

GuardianAnytime.com - 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Anytime, anywhere you have an internet connection you will be able to:

- Review your benefits
- Look up coverage amounts
- Check the status of a claim
- Print forms and plan materials
- And so much more!

To register, go to www.GuardianAnytime.com

Guardian

The GUARDIAN Life Insurance Company of America
A Mutual Life Insurance Company
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001

Incorporated 1860 By The Laws of The State of New York

Amendment to Group Policy No. G- 00463298-HC

(To be attached to and made a part of the Policy)

The Policyholder and the Insurance Company hereby agree that Group Policy No. G- 00463298-HC is hereby amended effective January 1, 2022 as follows:

Your Employer Rider is hereby declared null and void and replaced with the revised corresponding Employer Rider attached hereto.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Should you have any questions regarding this insurance, you may contact The Guardian Life Insurance Company at:

1-800-873-4542

GP-1-R-ADD-MO-92 P120.0052

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
A Mutual Life Insurance Company
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001
Incorporated 1860 by the Laws of the State of New York

EMPLOYER RIDER

Group Plan Number: G-00463298-HC

Policyholder: Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund

Participating Employer: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

Rider Effective Date: January 1, 2011

It is hereby agreed that the provisions which follow are added to the group policy for the participating employer named above:

Premium Payments: The first premium payment for this plan is due on the Rider Effective Date. Further payments are due on the 1st of each month thereafter, as long as this plan stays in effect.

There is a 31 day grace period for all payments except the first. We must receive all payments within 31 days of the applicable premium due date. If we don't, this plan will automatically end at the end of the grace period. You will owe us all unpaid premiums for the period this plan was in force.

Term of Rider - Renewal Privilege: This rider is issued for an initial term which starts on the Rider Effective Date and ends on the day before the first policy anniversary date.

You can renew this rider for further one year terms on each plan anniversary, subject to all of the terms of the group policy and this rider. We have the right to cancel this rider, or any coverage hereunder, on the policy anniversary date or premium due date, if, on that date, either:

- less than ten employees are insured under this rider; or
- with respect to contributory Loss of Time/Short Term Disability Income,Vision Care Expense,Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment and Voluntary Term Life insurance, less than 25% of those employees who are eligible for insurance under this plan are insured; or
- with respect to any other contributory coverages, less than 75% of those employees who are eligible for insurance under this rider are insured.

If this rider also provides dependent coverage on a contributory basis, we can cancel that coverage on any policy anniversary date or premium due date, if, on that date, less than 75% of those employees eligible for such dependent coverage are insured.

For non-contributory plans, 100% of the employees eligible for insurance, must be enrolled for coverage. If dependent coverage is provided, all eligible dependents must be enrolled. We have the right to cancel this rider, or any coverage hereunder on the policy anniversary date or the premium due date, if, on that date, the number of employees or dependents, if dependent coverage is provided, falls below 100% of those eligible for coverage.

This rider and all coverages hereunder will also end if you stop engaging in the business in which you were engaged on the Rider Effective Date. You must notify us in writing when the nature of your business activity changes or when you sell that business.

If we give you 31 days advance written notice, we may, as of the first day of any policy month, change the premium rates we charge for this plan.

You can cancel this plan at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This notice must be sent to our Home Office. And you will owe us all unpaid premiums for the period this plan is in force.

Associated Companies: If you ask us in writing to include an associated company under this plan, and we give you our written approval, we'll treat employees of that company like your employees. Our written approval will include the starting date of the company's coverage by this plan. Each eligible employee of that company must still meet all of the terms and conditions of this plan before he'll be insured.

You must notify us in writing when a company stops being associated with you. On the date a company stops being an associated company, this plan will end for all of that company's employees, except those employed by you or another covered associated company as active eligible employees on such date.

GP-1-ER-90-1 P130.5161

Definitions

Associated company means a corporation or other business entity affiliated with the employer through common ownership of stock or assets.

GP-1-ER-90-DEF-2 P130.1029

Employee means a person who works for the employer at the employer's place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

GP-1-ER-90-DEF-4 P130.3108

Eligible dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage".

GP-1-ER-90-DEF-3 P130.1030

Plan means the Guardian group plan purchased by you, except in the provision entitled "Coordination of Benefits" where "plan" has a special meaning. See that provision for details.

GP-1-ER-90-DEF-5 P130.1032

We, Us, Our and **Guardian** mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

GP-1-SI P130.3050

You and **Your** mean the employer who purchased this plan.

GP-1-SI P130.3051

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE AND PREMIUM RATES

This plan's classifications, and the option packages of benefits which are available to covered persons who are members of each classification, are shown below.

Class Description

Class 0001 ALL OTHER ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES

Class 0002 ALL ELIGIBLE RETIRESS - CLOSED CLASS

GP-1-SI P130.1566

Option Packages Available

Employees may choose from the benefit packages available to members of their class. The option packages are summarized in "Summary of Option Packages" below.

GP-1-SI P130.1710

Members of Class 0001 may choose from benefit option packages A.

GP-1-SI P130.1568

Members of Class 0002 may choose from benefit option packages B.

GP-1-SI P130.1568

Summary of Option Packages

The following are summaries of the benefit option packages available. For a complete explanation of the benefits provided by this plan, including all limitations and exclusions, please read the entire plan.

GP-1-SI P130.1585

Option A Employee Basic Term Life Insurance in the amount of 200% of the employee's annual earnings, rounded to the next higher $1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of $250,000.00, but not less than $10,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.4627

Employee Optional Term Life.

GP-1-SI P130.3918

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance in the amount of 200% of the employee's annual earnings, rounded to the next higher $1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of $250,000.00, but not less than $10,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.4633

Employee Voluntary AD&D in an amount selected by the employee.

GP-1-SI P130.2609

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death & Dismemberment Insurance in an amount selected by the employee for an employee's spouse, and dependent children.

GP-1-SI P130.7534

Dependent Optional Term Life in an amount selected by the employee for an employee's spouse, and dependent children.

GP-1-SI P130.1616

Short Term Disability Income Insurance in a weekly amount determined by the plan(s) selected by the employee.

GP-1-SI P130.5615

Long Term Disability Income Insurance in the amount of 60% of an employee's insured earnings, rounded to the nearest dollar, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum monthly benefit of $7,500.00.

GP-1-SI P130.3965

Employee and Dependent Vision Care Expense Insurance with a $20.00 copayment for each PPO visit and a $20.00 deductible for each Non-PPO visit.

GP-1-SI P130.3654

Option B Employee Basic Term Life Insurance in the amount of $50,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.1586

All Options — Schedule of Benefits

Employee Basic Term Life Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.1995*

Option A

Basic Term Life Insurance Amount An amount equal to 200% of the employee's annual earnings, rounded to the next higher $1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of $250,000.00, but not less than $10,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.2891

Option B

Basic Term Life Insurance Amount The Insurance Amount is $50,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.2003

Option A

Redetermination Subject to any of the plan's proof of insurability requirements, the employee's basic life insurance amount will be redetermined as of each change in his or her earnings, to an amount in accordance with the parameters enumerated above, on the basis of his or her then current annual earnings. If the employee is not actively at work on a full-time basis on that date, his or her insurance amount will be redetermined on the date he or she returns to active full-time service. However, if the employee's benefits were previously reduced because of an age or retirement reduction, the benefit will not be redetermined due to the change in earnings.

GP-1-SI P130.2004

Option A

Earnings Definition Annual earnings means an employee's annual rate of earnings excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, overtime pay and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

Any employee compensation based on such employee's annual earnings which is deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 is included. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

Annual earnings is calculated using the earnings components described above applicable as of the most current redetermination date on which the employer has provided earnings data to us. Proof of earnings will be required. Proof may consist of: (1) copies of the covered person's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

GP-1-SI P130.5650

Option A

Reduction of Basic Life Insurance Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 70, by 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70.

GP-1-SI P130.1970

All Options

Limitations For Future Entrants

However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which the employee is eligible if an employee's insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee provides us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of his or her insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

If we do not approve the employee's proof, his or her insurance amount will be $1,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.2572

Option A

Basic AD&D Insurance Amount

An amount equal to 200% of the employee's annual earnings, rounded to the next higher $1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of $250,000.00, but not less than $10,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.2897

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D) (Cont.)

Option A

Redetermination

Subject to any of the plan's proof of insurability requirements, the employee's basic AD&D insurance amount will be redetermined as of each change in his or her earnings, to an amount in accordance with the parameters enumerated above, on the basis of his or her then current annual earnings. If the employee is not actively at work on a full-time basis on that date, the insurance amount will be redetermined on the date he or she returns to active full-time service. However, if the benefits were previously reduced because of an age or retirement reduction, the benefit will not be redetermined due to the change in earnings.

GP-1-SI P130.2023

Option A

Earnings Definition

Annual earnings means an employee's annual rate of earnings excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, overtime pay and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

Any employee compensation based on such employee's annual earnings which is deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 is included. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

Annual earnings is calculated using the earnings components described above applicable as of the most current redetermination date on which the employer has provided earnings data to us. Proof of earnings will be required. Proof may consist of: (1) copies of the covered person's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

GP-1-SI P130.5650

Option A

Reduction of Basic AD&D Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 70, by 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70.

GP-1-SI P130.2495

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D) (Cont.)

Option A

Limitations For Future Entrants

However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which the employee is eligible if an employee's insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee provides us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of his or her insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

If we do not approve the employee's proof, his or her insurance amount will be $1,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.2559

Option A Schedule of Benefits

Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.2034*

Option A

Optional Life Election

The employee may choose to be insured under the plan of optional term life insurance shown below. The employee must notify the employer of his or her election and pay the required premium.

GP-1-SI P130.3922

Optional Term Life Insurance Amount

Plan A

The employee may elect amounts of optional term life insurance in increments of $10,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $20,000.00 and may not exceed $500,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.2035

Option A

Reduction of Optional Life Insurance Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 60% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 75% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 85% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

GP-1-SI P130.2524

Option A

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to the optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to the full benefit amount or just part of it. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means the employee must submit to us proof that he or she is insurable, and we must approve that proof in writing before the insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

GP-1-SI P130.2444

Option A

We require proof before we will insure any employee who enrolls for optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

Option A

We require proof for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of $150,000.00.

Option A

We require proof for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of $10,000.00, if an employee's scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

GP-1-SI P130.3225

Option A

We require proof for all amounts of optional term life insurance, if an employee's scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 70.

GP-1-SI P130.3230

Option A

We require proof before an employee switches from his or her current increment of optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

Option A

Voluntary AD&D Enrollment Period

The employee may choose to be insured under one of the plans of voluntary AD&D insurance shown below. The employee may only be insured under one plan at a time. The employee must notify the employer of his or her election and pay the required premium.

The employee may switch to another plan of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. The employee must notify the employer of any desired switch.

GP-1-SI P130.3041

Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

The employee may elect amounts of voluntary AD&D insurance in increments of $10,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $20,000.00 and may not exceed $500,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.7553

Option A

Reduction of Voluntary AD&D Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 60% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 75% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75 but before he or she reaches age 80.

If an employee is less than age 80 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 80, by 85% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than $1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 80.

GP-1-SI P130.2534

Dependent Optional Life Enrollment Period

The employee may choose one of the plans of dependent spouse optional term life insurance, and one of the plans of dependent child optional term life insurance shown below. The employee may only be insured under one spouse plan and one child plan at a time. The employee must notify the employer of his or her elections and pay the required premium.

The employee may switch to other plans of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. The employee must notify the employer of any desired switch.

GP-1-SI P130.3042

Optional Dependent Spouse Term Life Insurance Amount

Plan A

The employee may elect amounts of optional dependent spouse term life insurance in increments of $5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $5,000.00 and may not exceed $250,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.2509

Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount

Plan A

Child's Age At Death	**Benefit Amount**
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$1,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$1,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$1,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.2883

Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount

Plan B

Child's Age At Death	**Benefit Amount**
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$5,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$5,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$5,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.2883

Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount

Plan C

Child's Age At Death	**Benefit Amount**
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$10,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$10,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$10,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.2883

Option A

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

GP-1-SI P130.8886

Option A

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 100% of the insurance amount of an employee.

GP-1-SI P130.8880

Option A

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to dependent optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to the full benefits amount or just part of them. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means the employee must submit to us proof that a dependent is insurable, and we must approve the proof in writing before the insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

GP-1-SI P130.2538

We require proof before we will insure any spouse who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

GP-1-SI P130.2542

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of $50,000.00 with respect to a dependent spouse.

GP-1-SI P130.2544

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of $5,000.00 with respect to a dependent spouse, if the dependent spouse's scheduled dependent optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

GP-1-SI P130.4246

Option A

We require proof before we will insure any child who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

GP-1-SI P130.2551

Option A

We require proof for any increase in the amount of dependent optional term life insurance with respect to a dependent child.

GP-1-SI P130.4249

Option A

We require proof before an employee switches from his or her current increment of dependent optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

GP-1-SI P130.3425

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

Dependent Voluntary AD&D Election

The employee may choose the plan of dependent spouse voluntary AD&D insurance and the dependent child voluntary AD&D insurance as shown below. The employee must notify the employer of his or her election and pay the required premium.

GP-1-SI P130.7673

Option A

Dependent Spouse Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

The employee may elect amounts of voluntary dependent spouse term AD&D insurance in increments of $5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than $5,000.00 and may not exceed $250,000.00.

GP-1-SI P130.7630

Option A

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$1,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$1,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$1,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.8099

Option A

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan B

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$5,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$5,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$5,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.8099

Option A

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan C

Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
At least 14 days but less than 6 months	$10,000.00
At least 6 months but less than 26 years	$10,000.00
At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	$10,000.00

GP-1-SI P130.8099

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D) (Cont.)

Option A

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

GP-1-SI P130.7763

Option A

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 100% of the insurance amount of an employee.

GP-1-SI P130.8884

Option A Schedule of Benefits

Short Term Disability Income Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.6549*

Option A

Elimination Period Elimination Period During Disability:

For disability due to injury . . . . . 7 days

For disability due to sickness . . . . . 7 days

Maximum Payment Period Maximum Payment Period For Each Disability:

For disability due to injury . . . . . 13 weeks

For disability due to sickness . . . . . 13 weeks

Payments for a pre-existing condition will be limited to a maximum of 2 weeks.

GP-1-SI P130.6623

Option A

Gross Weekly Benefit A covered person may choose any one of the following plans which does not exceed 60% of his or her insured earnings.

Plan ID A $200.00

Plan ID B $300.00

Plan ID C $400.00

Plan ID D $500.00

Plan ID E $600.00

Plan ID F $700.00

Plan ID G $800.00

Plan ID H $900.00

Plan ID I $1,000.00

Plan ID J $1,100.00

Plan ID K $1,200.00

Plan ID L $1,300.00

Plan ID M $1,400.00

Plan ID N $1,500.00

Proof of Insurability

A covered person may request to switch to another gross weekly benefit at any time; benefit increases may require satisfactory proof of insurability. Once per year, during the enrollment period determined by the employer, a covered person may increase his or her current gross weekly benefit to the next greater available amount without providing evidence of insurability. The covered person must notify the employer of any desired change in benefit.

Any level of coverage that requires proof of insurability takes effect on the date we approve that proof in writing. However, the covered person must be actively-at-work on a full-time basis on that date. If he or she is not, the new level of coverage will take effect on the date he or she returns to active work on a full-time basis. But, the new level of coverage will not apply to a recurring disability.

GP-1-SI P130.8118

Option A

GP-1-SI *P130.6640*

Option A

Own Occupation Period

The first 36 months of benefit payments from this plan.

GP-1-SI P130.6646

Option A

Elimination Period

Elimination Period During *Disability*

For disability due to injury . . . . . 90 days

For disability due to sickness . . . . . 90 days

Maximum Payment Period for Each Disability:

See the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	65 and 2 months
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	5.00 years
Age 61	4.00 years
Age 62	3.50 years
Age 63	3.00 years
Age 64	2.50 years
Age 65	2.00 years
Age 66	1.75 years
Age 67	1.50 years
Age 68	1.25 years
Age 69 or older	1.00 year

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment period until he reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

GP-1-SI P130.6648

Option A

Gross Monthly Benefit 60% of the covered person's *insured earnings,* rounded to the nearest $1.00, if not already a multiple thereof, limited to a maximum of $7,500.00.

Note: We integrate the covered person's *gross monthly benefit* with certain other income he or she may receive. Read all of the terms of this *plan* to see what income we integrate with, and how.

GP-1-SI P130.8273

Option A

Survivor Benefit 3 times the last monthly benefit after it is reduced by *disability earnings* the covered person received.

GP-1-SI P130.6666

Option A — Schedule of Benefits

Employee and Dependent Vision Expense

GP-1-SI *P130.3506*

Option A

PPO Copayments Each visit $20.00

Option A

Non-PPO Cash Deductibles Each visit $20.00

Option A

Payment Rates For Covered Charges 100%

GP-1-SI P130.3516

GP-1-SI *P130.3343*

Option A

Changes in Insurance Amounts Any increase or decrease in the amount of insurance on any individual shall become effective on the effective date of a change in the classification of an Employee or a Qualified Retiree, except that any increase in the amount of insurance on an Employee, a Qualified Retiree or a Qualified Dependent eligible for benefits under an established benefit period shall become effective:

- in the case of an Employee not actively at work, on the day on which he returns to active work on a full-time basis (or the day on which his benefit period terminates, whichever is later) or
- in the case of a Qualified Retiree or an Eligible Dependent confined to a hospital, on the day on which the Retiree or dependent is discharged from the hospital (or the day on which his benefit period terminates, whichever is later).

In no event shall the insurance of an Eligible Dependent of an Employee who is not actively at work on a full-time basis be increased or decreased prior to the date such Employee returns to active work on a full-time basis. In no event shall the insurance of an Eligible Dependent of a Qualified Retiree who is confined to a hospital be increased or decreased prior to the day on which the Qualified Retiree is discharged from the hospital.

GP-1-SI P130.7391

Option B

Changes in Insurance Amounts Any increase or decrease in the amount of insurance on any individual shall become effective on the effective date of a change in the classification of an Employee or a Qualified Retiree, except that any increase in the amount of insurance on an Employee or a Qualified Retiree eligible for benefits under an established benefit period shall become Effective: (A) in the case of an Employee not actively at work, on the day on which he returns to active work on a full-time basis (or the day on which his benefit period terminates, whichever is later); (B) in the case of a Qualified Retiree confined in a hospital, on the day on which the Retiree is discharged from the hospital (or the day on which his benefit period terminates, whichever is later).

In no event shall the insurance of an Employee who is not actively at work on a full-time basis be increased or decreased prior to the date such Employee returns to active work on a full-time basis. In no event shall the insurance of a Qualified Retiree who is confined in a hospital be increased or decreased prior to the day the retiree is discharged from the hospital.

GP-1-SI P130.7393

All Options

Changes in Insurance Classification

If an insured Employee's classification changes to any classification other than Qualified Retiree, the Employee's insurance shall be adjusted automatically to conform to the new classification on the first day on which he is actively at work on full-time and makes a contribution, if required, applicable to the new classification; provided that if thirty-one days elapse after a change to a classification for which a larger amount of insurance is provided, and the Employee fails to make a contribution, if required, applicable to the new classification by the first day thereafter on which he is actively at work on full-time, no increase shall be allowed as a result of such change or any subsequent change unless the Employee furnishes evidence of insurability satisfactory to the Insurance Company. However, any Employee whose benefits were previously reduced because of an age limitation will be retained at the reduced benefits.

If an Employee enters the classification of Qualified Retiree, his insurance shall be adjusted automatically to conform with the new classification on the day he enters the new classification.

GP-1-SI P130.7395

Schedule of Premium Rates

The monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the insurance provided under this plan are listed below.

GP-1-SI P130.9260

All Options Premium Rates

Employee Basic Term Life Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.2823*

All Options All Classes

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate per Employee

$ 0.15

GP-1-SI P130.2838

Option A Premium Rates

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

GP-1-SI *P130.2824*

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate per Employee

$ 0.02

GP-1-SI P130.2842

Option A Premium Rates

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.2825*

Option A Class 0001

The following sets of rates represent the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

"Age" means the employee's attained age in years as of this plan's anniversary date.

Preferred Rates

Age		
From	**Through**	
		Rate per Employee
15	29	$ 0.07
30	34	$ 0.08
35	39	$ 0.11
40	44	$ 0.18
45	49	$ 0.26
50	54	$ 0.43

Premium Rates

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

55	59	$ 0.75
60	64	$ 1.18
65	69	$ 1.86
70	74	$ 2.97
75	99	$ 5.25

Standard Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Employee
15	29	$ 0.13
30	34	$ 0.14
35	39	$ 0.19
40	44	$ 0.31
45	49	$ 0.57
50	54	$ 0.92
55	59	$ 1.67
60	64	$ 2.04
65	69	$ 3.28
70	74	$ 5.20
75	99	$ 8.75

GP-1-SI P130.3703

Option A Premium Rates

Employee Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.2826*

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate per Employee

$ 0.05

GP-1-SI P130.7574

Option A Premium Rates

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.7611*

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate per Insured Spouse

$ 0.05

GP-1-SI P130.7613

Premium Rates

Dependent Child Voluntary Accidental Death & Dismemberment Insurance (Cont.)

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate per Insured Child Unit

$ 0.05

GP-1-SI P130.7602

Option A Premium Rates

Dependent Spouse Optional Term Life Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.2828*

Option A Class 0001

The following sets of rates represent the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

"Age" means the employee's attained age in years as of this plan's anniversary date.

Preferred Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Insured Spouse
15	29	$ 0.07
30	34	$ 0.08
35	39	$ 0.11
40	44	$ 0.18
45	49	$ 0.26
50	54	$ 0.43
55	59	$ 0.75
60	64	$ 1.18
65	69	$ 1.86
70	74	$ 2.97
75	99	$ 5.25

Standard Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Insured Spouse
15	29	$ 0.13
30	34	$ 0.14
35	39	$ 0.19
40	44	$ 0.31
45	49	$ 0.57
50	54	$ 0.92
55	59	$ 1.67
60	64	$ 2.04
65	69	$ 3.28
70	74	$ 5.20
75	99	$ 8.75

GP-1-SI P130.3713

Option A — Premium Rates

Dependent Child Optional Term Life Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.2829*

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate per Insured Child Unit

$ 0.182

GP-1-SI P130.2858

Option A — Premium Rates

Short Term Disability Income Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.6555*

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $10.00 of weekly benefit.

"Age" means the covered person's attained age in years as of this plan's anniversary date.

Age		
From	**Through**	**Rate per Employee**
15	29	$ 0.614
30	34	$ 0.843
35	39	$ 0.592
40	44	$ 0.397
45	49	$ 0.374
50	54	$ 0.403
55	59	$ 0.449
60	99	$ 0.701

GP-1-SI P130.6637

Option A — Premium Rates

Long Term Disability Income Insurance

GP-1-SI *P130.6676*

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $100.00 of monthly covered payroll volume.

Rate per Employee

$ 0.26

GP-1-SI P130.6678

GP-1-SI *P130.3517*

Option A Class 0001

Rate per Employee	per Employee and Insured Spouse with no Insured Child	per Employee and Insured Child(ren) with no Insured Spouse	per Employee and Insured Family
$ 13.31	$ 21.29	$ 21.74	$ 35.05

GP-1-SI P130.3518

We have the right to change any premium rate(s) set forth above at the times and in the manner established by the provision of the group plan entitled "Premiums".

GP-1-SI P130.9298

All Options

A specimen copy of the master group policy provisions which apply to the plan of insurance for the participating employer named on the first page of this rider, is attached hereto and incorporated herein. The originals of such provisions are part of the master group policy which was delivered in the State of Rhode Island to BankNewport (Trustee) as Policyholder.

GP-1-SI P130.0508

All Options

This rider shall form a part of the group policy. You, the policyholder and The Guardian are subject to all of the terms and conditions contained in the group policy and this rider.

Dated at Bethlehem, PA This 23rd Day of September , 2021

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GP-1-ER-90-2 P130.1027

This is a specimen copy of master group policy provisions which apply to this plan of insurance. The originals of these provisions are part of a master group policy delivered to the Trustee as Policyholder in the State of Rhode Island.

All Options

Trustees. The term "trustees" shall mean BankNewport.

Participating Employers - Eligible Employer. An Eligible Employer may become a Participating Employer by filing, through the Trustees, with the Home Office of the Insurance Company an agreement executed by the employer adopting the terms of the Trust Agreement and by receiving the Insurance Company's approval, in writing, of its inclusion as a Participating Employer. The date the employer becomes a Participating Employer shall be stated in the Employer Rider pertaining to such Employer. "Employer Rider" as used any place in this Policy shall mean each separate rider or riders, attached to and forming part of this Policy, identifying and specifically applying to each employer who is a Participating Employer under this Policy and which contains details of the plan of insurance pertaining to the employees of each such Participating Employer.

"Eligible Employer" as used above shall mean any employer engaged in the industry covered under this Policy.

Participation Date. The date as of which an Employer becomes a Participating Employer is referred to herein as the Participation Date with respect to such Employer and its Employees.

Employees Eligible. Those employees identified in the Employee Riders are eligible for insurance under this Policy for the insurance coverages specified therein.

Termination of Employee Coverage. An Employee's insurance on behalf of himself under this Policy shall automatically terminate:

(1) If his employment terminates.

(2) If he ceases to be a member of the classes of employees eligible for the insurance.

(3) If this Policy terminates.

(4) If this Policy is discontinued with respect to the Employees of his Participating Employer.

Termination of employment shall be deemed to occur when the Employee ceases active service on a full-time basis with his Participating Employer, except to the extent this requirement is modified in the Employer Rider pertaining to each Participating Employer.

Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates:

Schedule. This Group Policy, together with any amendments thereto, contains all the insurance coverages which may be provided by the Employer Rider. The insurance benefits, and the amount thereof, for which the employee is eligible under this Policy on behalf of himself, and on behalf of his dependents if they are covered under this Policy, shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Employer Rider pertaining to each Participating Employer. The classification of each individual Employee shall be determined by the Policyholder from time to time without discrimination among persons in like circumstance, and such determination shall be final and conclusive.

All Options

Premiums: Premiums under this Policy are due and payable, as specified on the first page of this Policy, by the Policyholder at an office of the Insurance Company or to an authorized representative. By mutual agreement between the Policyholder and the Insurance Company the interval of payment may be changed, with appropriate adjustment to provide for payment annually, semi-annually, quarterly, or monthly.

The premium due under this Policy on each premium due date shall be the sum of the premium charges for the insurance coverages provided for Participating Employers under this Policy and shall be based upon the rates set forth in the Employer Riders, provided that (a) on the first anniversary of any such Rider and on the

first day of any month thereafter, and (b) on any date the extent of coverage for a Participating Employer under any such Rider is changed by amendment to this Policy, or to such Rider, the Insurance Company may, by advance written notice to the Policyholder, change the rates at which further premiums due for the Insurance provided under such Rider shall be computed. Such change shall apply to premiums due on and after the effective date of the change stated in such notice. The Insurance Company, however, shall not have the right to change the rates under (a) above more than once during any twelve consecutive months, with respect to an Employer Rider.

Adjustment of Premiums Payable Other Than Monthly or Quarterly: If under the foregoing provisions, a premium rate is changed, (or if under the provision "Computation of Group Life Insurance Premiums", an average premium rate is changed) after an annual or semi-annual premium became payable with respect to coverage on or after the date of such change, such premium shall be adjusted by a proportionate increase or decrease for such unexpired period for which such premium became payable. If the adjustment results in a decrease in such premium which became payable the amount of the decrease for such unexpired period shall be payable to the Policyholder by the Insurance Company. If the adjustment results in an increase in such premium which became payable the amount of the increase for such unexpired period shall be considered a premium due on the date of such change, and the Policy provisions concerning grace period shall apply thereto.

Liability of Trustees to Pay Premiums: The Trustees (the Policyholder hereunder) shall be exempt from personal liability with respect to the premiums required by this Policy to be paid by them, but shall be liable for such premiums only in their fiduciary capacity.

Grace in Payment of Premiums - Termination of Policy: A grace period of thirty-one days, without interest charge, will be allowed the Policyholder for the payment of the premium due under this Policy on any due date except the first. If any premium with respect to the Employees of any Participating Employer is not paid before the expiration of the grace period, this Policy shall automatically terminate with respect to all Employees of such Participating Employer at the expiration of the grace period, except that if the Policyholder shall have given the Insurance Company written notice in advance of an earlier date of termination during the grace period, this Policy shall terminate with respect to all Employees of such Participating Employer as of such earlier date. The Policyholder shall be liable to the Insurance Company for all unpaid premiums with respect to the Employees of a Participating Employer for the period (including a pro-rata premium for the grace period or fraction thereof) during which this Policy was in force with respect to such Employees.

This Policy shall terminate immediately upon termination of an insurance coverage under this Policy if, as the result of the termination of such coverage, no benefits remain in effect under this Policy.

Term of Policy and Employer Riders - Renewal Privilege: This Policy is issued for a term of one (1) year from its effective date. All Policy years and Policy months shall be calculated from the effective date. All periods of insurance under the Employer Riders shall begin and end at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time at the Policyholder’s place of business.

The Policyholder may renew this Policy for a further term of one (1) year, on the first and each successive anniversary of its effective date; provided, however, that the Insurance Company has the right to: (A) decline to renew this Policy on any anniversary, and (B) to decline to renew a particular insurance coverage on the first anniversary, or on any premium due date thereafter, if with regard to (A) the number of Employees insured under this Policy, or with regard to (B) the number of Employees insured for such Coverage, shall be less than twenty-five. If, in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the Policy is not renewed, all Employer Riders shall thereupon terminate as of the date the Policy terminates. Subject to the foregoing, the renewability of the insurance provided under an Employer Rider shall be in accordance with the provisions of such Rider.

Renewal is conditioned upon payment of the premium then due, computed as provided in the Section entitled "Premiums".

All Options

The Contract: The Policy and any riders or amendments hereto, and the Application of the Participating Employer, a copy of which is attached hereto or endorsed hereon and made a part hereof, constitute the entire contract between the parties.

The Policy may be amended at any time, without the consent of the Employees insured hereunder or any other person having a beneficial interest therein, upon written request made by the Participating Employer and agreed to by the Insurance Company, but any such amendment shall be without prejudice to any claims arising prior to the date of the change. No agent is authorized to alter or amend this Policy, to waive any conditions or restrictions contained herein, to extend the time for paying a premium, or to bind the Insurance Company by making any promise or representation or by giving or receiving any information. No change in this Policy shall be valid unless evidenced by an endorsement or rider hereon signed by the President, a Vice President, a Secretary, the Actuary, an Associate Actuary, an Assistant Secretary or an Assistant Actuary of the Insurance Company, or by an amendment hereto signed by the Policyholder and by one of the aforesaid officers of the Insurance Company.

Wherever in this Policy a personal pronoun in the masculine gender is used or appears, it shall be taken to include the feminine also, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.

Incontestability: This Policy shall be incontestable after two years from its date of issue except for non-payment of premiums. With respect to a Participating Employer, the policy shall be incontestable based on statements made in the application after two years from the Employer Rider Effective Date.

With respect to the insurance on an Employee and/or his eligible dependents, their insurance shall be incontestable after two years from his effective date, except for violation by the Employee of the conditions, if any, of this Policy relative to military or naval service.

Clerical Error - Misstatements: Neither clerical error by the Policyholder, a Participating Employer, or by the Insurance Company in keeping any records pertaining to insurance under this Policy, nor delays in making entries thereon, shall invalidate insurance otherwise validly in force or continue insurance otherwise validly terminated, but upon discovery of such error or delay an equitable adjustment of premiums shall be made.

If the age of an employee, or any other relevant facts, be found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums shall be made, and if such misstatement affects the existence on the amount of insurance, the true facts shall be used in determining whether insurance is in force under the terms of this Policy and in what amount.

Statements: No statements shall avoid the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim hereunder unless in the case of the Participating Employer, it is contained in the Application for this Policy, signed by him and in the case of an Employee, it is contained in a written request or application signed by him and a copy of which has been furnished to him or to his beneficiary.

All statements shall be deemed representations and not warranties.

Employee’s Certificate: The Insurance Company will issue to the Participating Employer, for delivery to each Employee insured hereunder, a copy of his application and certificate booklet which shall state the essential features of the insurance to which the Employee is entitled and to whom the benefits are payable, and in case of group life insurance, the provisions of the section "Conversion Privilege." Any such certificate shall not constitute a part of this Policy and shall in no way modify any of the terms and conditions set forth in this Policy.

In the event this Policy is amended by changes which affect the description of the essential features of the insurance contained in an Employee’s Certificate, a rider or revised certificate reflecting such changes will be issued to the Policyholder for delivery to the Employee.

All Options

Dividends: The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of the Insurance Company allocable to this Policy at each Policy anniversary shall be determined annually by the Board of Directors of the Insurance Company and shall be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any dividend under this Policy shall be paid to the Policyholder in cash, or at the option of the Policyholder it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

If the dividends under this Policy should be in excess of the Policyholder's cost of insurance, such excess shall be applied for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Payment of any dividend to the Policyholder shall completely discharge the liability of the Insurance Company with respect to the dividend so paid.

Assignment: The right of the Insured Employee to assign any interest under this policy shall be governed as follows:

(1) With respect to Group Term Life Insurance (Including Employee Basic Term Life Insurance and Employee Supplemental Term Life Insurance if provided under the Policy), the Insured Employee may, subject to the following conditions, assign all rights or interest of every kind which he now has, or hereafter may acquire, in such insurance, including, but not limited to, those stated under the applicable provisions in this Policy entitled "BENEFICIARY", "CONVERSION PRIVILEGE" and "OPTIONAL MODES OF SETTLEMENT", provided (a) such assignment be irrevocable and absolute in form, for no value, with the Insured Employee retaining no further interest in such insurance; and (b) the assignment be made to only ONE of the following: the spouse, child or grandchild, parent or grandparent, brother or sister of the Insured Employee, or the trustee of a trust established for the benefit of one or more of these.

(2) With respect to Accident and Health Insurance, neither the Insured Employee's certificate nor the right to insurance benefits hereunder is assignable, except that the benefits, if any, payable for hospital, surgical or medical expense may be assigned to the institution or person providing the service on account of which such benefits become payable.

The Insurance Company shall not be charged with notice of any assignment of interest under this Policy until the original assignment has been accepted and if filed with it at its Home Office. However, the Insurance Company assumes no responsibility for the validity or effect of any such assignment and its position with respect thereto is not altered by filing or recording the same, save as to notice thereof.

Records - Information to be Furnished: The Policyholder shall keep a record of Employees insured, containing, for each Employee, the essential particulars of the insurance. The Policyholder shall, as prescribed by the Insurance Company, periodically forward to the Insurance Company, on the Insurance Company's forms, such information concerning the Employees eligible for insurance under this Policy as may reasonably be considered to have a bearing on the administration of the insurance under this Policy and on the determination of premium rates, and any other information which the Insurance Company may reasonably require with regard to any matters pertaining to this Policy. Any records of the Policyholder, or of the Participating Employers, as may have a bearing on the insurance under this Policy shall be open for inspection by the Insurance Company at any reasonable time.

Claims of Creditors: Except so far as may be contrary to the laws of any state having jurisdiction in the premises, the insurance and other benefits under this Policy shall be exempt from execution, attachment, garnishment, or other legal or equitable process, for the debts or liabilities of the Employees or their beneficiaries.

Assignment by Trustees or Participating Employers: Assignment or transfer of the interest of the Policyholder or of any Participating Employer under this Policy shall not bind the Insurance Company without its written consent thereto.

All Options

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

As of January 1, 2011, this rider amends this Policy as follows:

(1) The following provisions of this Policy are hereby deleted and replaced by the revised corresponding provisions set forth below.

Premiums

Premiums due under this Policy must be paid by the Participating Employer at an office of The Guardian or to a representative that we have authorized. The premiums must be paid as specified in the Employer Rider, unless by agreement between the Participating Employer and The Guardian, the interval of payment is changed. In that event, adjustment will be made to provide for payment annually, semi-annually, quarterly or monthly.

The premium due under this Policy on each premium due date will be the sum of the premium charges for the insurance coverages provided under the Employer Rider. The premium charges are based upon the rates set forth in this Policy's "Schedule of Insurance and Premium Rates" section.

However, we may change such rates:

- on the first day of any policy month;
- on any date the extent or terms of coverage for a participating Employer are changed by amendment of this Policy, or of the Employer Rider;
- on any date our obligation under this Policy with respect to a participating Employer is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements; or
- on any date our obligation under an Employer Rider is changed because of a change in the benefits: (a) with which the benefits provided by an Employer Rider are coordinated; or (b) which are supplemented by the benefits provided by an employer rider.

We must give the Participating Employer 31 days written notice of the rate change. Such change will apply to any premium due on and after the effective date of the change stated in such notice.

Adjustment of Premiums Payable Other Than Monthly or Quarterly

Under the above provision, if a premium rate is changed after an annual or semi-annual premium became payable with respect to coverage on and after the date of such change, the premium will be adjusted by a proportionate increase or decrease for the unexpired period for which the premium became payable. If the adjustment results in a decrease, the amount of the decrease will be paid to the Participating Employer by us. If the adjustment results in an increase, the amount of the increase will be considered a premium due on the date of the rate change. This Policy's grace period provisions will apply to any such premium due.

This is a specimen copy of master group policy provisions which apply to this plan of insurance. The originals of these provisions are part of a master group policy delivered to the Trustee as Policyholder in the State of Rhode Island.

All Options

Incontestability

This Policy is incontestable after two years from the earlier of its effective date or its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

A Participating Employer's insurance under this Policy shall be incontestable after two years from his Rider Effective Date, except for nonpayment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a person insured under this Policy shall be used in contesting the validity of his insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after such insurance has been in force for two years during his lifetime.

If the Participating Employer's group plan replaces the group plan he had with another insurer, we may rescind his plan based on misrepresentations made by the Participating Employer or a covered person in a signed application for up to two years from the Rider Effective Date.

All Options

The Contract

The entire contract between the Guardian and the Participating Employer consists of this Policy and any amendments thereto which pertain to his plan of insurance, including the Participating Employer's Employer Rider, and the Participating Employer's application, a copy of which is attached hereto or endorsed hereon.

We can amend this Policy or an Employer Rider at any time, without the consent of the insured employees or any other person having a beneficial interest therein, as follows:

We can amend this Policy or an Employer Rider:

- upon written request made by the Participating Employer and agreed to by The Guardian;
- on any date our obligation under this Policy with respect to a Participating Employer is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements; or
- on any date our obligation under an Employer Rider is changed because of a change in the benefits: (a) with which the benefits provided by an Employer Rider are coordinated; or (b) which are supplemented by the benefits provided by an Employer Rider.

If we amend the Policy or an Employer Rider, except upon request made by the Participating Employer, we must give the Participating Employer written notice of such amendment.

Any amendments to this Policy or an Employer Rider will be without prejudice to any claim arising prior to the date of the change.

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of The Guardian, has the authority to act for us to: (a) determine whether any contract, Policy or certificate of insurance is to be issued; (b) waive or alter any provisions of any insurance contract or Policy, or any requirements of The Guardian; or (c) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

All personal pronouns in the masculine gender used in this Policy, will be deemed to include the feminine also, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.

Clerical Error - Misstatements

Neither clerical error by the Policyholder, a Participating Employer or The Guardian in keeping any records pertaining to insurance under this Policy, nor delays in making entries thereon, will invalidate insurance otherwise validly in force or continue insurance otherwise validly terminated. However, upon discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

Premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to the Participating Employer will be limited to the period of 90 days preceding the date of our receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

If the age of an employee, or any other relevant facts, are found to have been misstated, and the premiums are thereby affected, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not an insurance risk would have been accepted by us, or the amount of insurance, the true facts will be used in determining whether insurance is in force under the terms of this Policy and the Employer Rider, and in what amount.

Statements

No statement will avoid the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim hereunder unless:

- in the case of the Participating Employer, it is contained in the application signed by him; or
- in the case of a covered person, it is contained in a written instrument signed by him.

All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

GP-1-A-GP-90-3-MO P150.0159

All Options

Assignment

An employee's right to assign any interest under this Policy is governed as follows:

- With respect to any death benefits (including any basic term life, supplemental term life, optional term life or accidental death and dismemberment coverages provided by this Policy), the employee may, subject to the following conditions, assign all rights or interest in such insurance which he now has, or may later acquire.

  The assignment of an employee's death benefits is irrevocable and absolute in form, for no value. The employee retains no further interest in such insurance.

  The assignment may be made only to one of the following: The employee's spouse, child, grandchild, parent, grandparent, brother or sister. It may also be made to the trustee of a trust established for the benefit of one or more of these people.

  We will not be charged with notice of any assignment of any interest under this Policy until the original assignment has been accepted and filed with us at our Home Office. And we assume no responsibility as to the validity or effect of any such assignment.

- With respect to accident and health insurance, neither the employee's certificate nor his right to insurance benefits under this Policy are assignable. The employee may direct us, in writing, to pay hospital, surgical, major medical, or dental benefits to the recognized provider who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. We may honor such direction at our option. But, such a direction is not considered an assignment of benefits and the employee may not assign his right to take legal action under this Policy to such provider. And we assume no responsibility as to the validity or effect of any such direction.

GP-1-A-GP-90-4 P150.0012

Option A

Records - Information To Be Furnished

The Participating Employer must keep a record of the insured employees containing, for each employee, the essential particulars of the insurance which apply to the employee. The Participating Employer must periodically forward to us, on our forms, such information concerning the employees in the classes eligible for insurance under this Policy, as set forth in the Employer Rider, as may reasonably be considered to have a bearing on the administration of the insurance under this Policy and on the determination of the premium rates. For benefits which are based on an employee's salary, changes in an employee's salary must promptly be reported to us. The Participating Employer's payroll and other such records which have a bearing on the insurance must be furnished to us for inspection at our request at any reasonable time.

(2) The following provisions are hereby added to this Policy:

Accident and Health Claims Provisions

An employee's right to make a claim under this Policy for any accident and health benefits provided under an Employer Rider, is governed as follows:

Notice: An employee must send us written notice of an injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include the employee's name and plan number. If the claim is being made for one of the employee's covered dependents, his name should also be noted.

Proof of Loss: We'll furnish the employee with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. But if we don't furnish the forms on time, we'll accept a written description and adequate documentation of the injury or sickness that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. The employee must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made.

If an Employer Rider provides weekly loss of time benefits, the employee must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the end of each period for which we're liable. If an Employer Rider provides long term disability income replacement benefits, the employee must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the date we request it. For any other loss, the employee must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice of Proof: We won't void or reduce an employee's claim if he can't send us notice of proof of loss within the required time. But he must send us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits: If an Employer Rider provides benefits for loss of income, we'll pay them once every 30 days for as long as we're liable, provided the employee submits periodic written proof of loss as stated above. We'll pay all other accident and health benefits to which the employee is entitled under an Employer Rider as soon as we receive written proof of loss.

We pay all accident and health benefits to the employee, if he is living. If he is not living, we have the right to pay all accident and health benefits, except dismemberment benefits, to one of the following: (a) the employee's estate; (b) the employee's spouse; (c) the employee's parents; (d) the employee's children; (e) the employee's brothers and sisters; and (f) any unpaid provider of health care services. If an Employer Rider provides benefits for dismemberment, see "Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits" for how dismemberment benefits are paid.

When an employee files proof of loss, he may direct us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. We will pay health care benefits, with or without a written authorization from the employee, if the recognized provider of health care is a public hospital or clinic that has submitted a proper claim, and if such health care benefits have not previously been paid to the employee. But we can't tell him that a particular provider provide such care. And the employee may not assign his right to take legal action under this plan to such provider.

Limitations of Actions: An employee can't bring a legal action against this Policy until 60 days from the date he files proof of loss. And he can't bring legal action against this Policy after three years from the date he files proof of loss.

Workers' Compensation: The accident and health benefits provided by this Policy are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

GP-1-A-GP-MO-93 P150.0056

Option B

Records - Information To Be Furnished

The Participating Employer must keep a record of the insured employees containing, for each employee, the essential particulars of the insurance which apply to the employee. The Participating Employer must periodically forward to us, on our forms, such information concerning the employees in the classes eligible for insurance under this Policy, as set forth in the Employer Rider, as may reasonably be considered to have a bearing on the administration of the insurance under this Policy and on the determination of the premium rates. For benefits which are based on an employee's salary, changes in an employee's salary must promptly be reported to us. The Participating Employer's payroll and other such records which have a bearing on the insurance must be furnished to us for inspection at our request at any reasonable time.

(2) The following provision is hereby added to this Policy:

GP-1-A-GP-90-5 P150.0015

All Options

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a doctor of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this Policy as often as we feel necessary. And we have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We'll pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

(3) As used in this rider:

"Accident and health" means any dental, dismemberment, hospital, long term disability, major medical, out-of-network point-of-service, prescription drug, surgical, or weekly loss-of-time insurance provided under an Employer Rider.

"Our," "The Guardian," "us" and "we" mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

"Policy" means the master group policy of insurance.

(4) This Policy's provision entitled "Liability of Trustees to Pay Premiums" is hereby deleted.

This rider is a part of this Policy. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , ____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GP-1-A-GP-90-6 P150.0009

Option A

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT CONTINUATION RIGHTS

The following "Federal Continuation Rights" section may not apply to the employer's plan. The employee must contact his employer to find out if:

(a) the employer is subject to the "Federal Continuation Rights" section, and therefore;

(b) the section applies to the employee.

GP-1-R-NCC-87 P240.0058

Option A

Federal Continuation Rights

Important Notice: This notice contains important information about the right to continue group dental coverage. In addition to the continuation rights described below, other health coverage alternatives may be available through states' Health Insurance Marketplaces. Please read the information contained in this notice carefully.

This section applies only to any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to any coverages which apply to loss of life, or to loss of income due to disability. These coverages can not be continued under this section.

Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered active employee or qualified retiree; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

Conversion: Continuing the group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

If an Employee's Group Health Benefits End: If an employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if he or she was not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover the employee or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees: If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give you written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify you within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by you during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents: If an employee's group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, he or she may elect to continue such benefits, provided that:

(a) the employee is or becomes a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and

(b) that employee and his or her dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for the employee's lifetime. After the employee's death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for the employee and his or her dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If the employee dies before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, the surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceeding. The continuation can last for the surviving spouse's lifetime.

This special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

GP-1-R-COBRA-96-1 P235.0385

Option A

If an Employee Dies While Insured: If an employee dies while insured, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

GP-1-R-COBRA-96-2 P235.0096

Option A

If an Employee's Marriage Ends: If an employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If a Dependent Child Loses Eligibility: If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than the employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Concurrent Continuations: If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule: If the employee becomes entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after the employee's later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18

months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of the employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities: A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify you, in writing, of: (a) the legal divorce or legal separation of the employee from his or her spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child; (c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to you by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which the event occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses (or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determination must be given to you by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

Such notice must be given to you within 60 days of either of these events.

Option A

Your Responsibilities: A qualified continuee must be notified, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

You must give notice of the following qualifying events to the plan administrator within 30 days of the event: (a) the employee's death; (b) the employee's termination of employment (other than for gross misconduct) or reduction in hours of employment; (c) the employee's Medicare entitlement; or (d) in the case of a retired employee, your bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

Upon receipt of notice of a qualifying event from an employer or from a qualified continuee, the plan administrator must notify a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits no later than 14 days after receipt of notice.

If you are also the plan administrator, in the case of a qualifying event for which an employer must give notice to a plan administrator, you must provide notice to a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits within 44 days of the qualifying event.

If you determine that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, you must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, you must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Your Liability: You will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) you fail to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) you fail to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation: To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give you written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from you as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to you, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by you. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by you. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by you.

If the qualified continuee fails to give you notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums: A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless you notify the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grant an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to you.

When Continuation Ends: A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

(1) with respect to continuation upon the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(3) with respect to continuation upon the employee's death, the employee's legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(4) the date you cease to provide any group health plan to any employee;

(5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;

(6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or

(7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

Option A

Uniformed Services Continuation Rights

An employee who enters or returns from military service, may have special rights under this plan as a result of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 ("USERRA").

If an employee's group health benefits under this plan would otherwise end because he or she enters into active military service, this plan will allow the employee, or his or her dependents, to continue such coverage in accord with the provisions of USERRA. As used here, "group health benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this plan.

Coverage under this plan may be continued while the employee is in the military for up to a maximum period of 24 months beginning on the date of absence from work. Continued coverage will end if the employee fails to return to work in a timely manner after military service ends as provided under USERRA. You must provide the employee with details about this continuation provision including required premium payments.

GP-1-R-COBRA-96-4 P235.0139

All Options

A TOTALLY DISABLED EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO CONTINUE GROUP LIFE BENEFITS

Important Notice: This section applies to an employee's group term life benefits. These benefits are referred to as "group life benefits."

This section does not apply to accidental death and dismemberment benefits.

If an Employee is Totally Disabled: If an employee's group life benefits end while the employee is totally disabled, he may continue such benefits for a limited period of time subject to the payment of premiums.

In this section, (2) an employee is totally disabled if: (a) he is not able to engage in his regular occupation, or any other occupation for which he is qualified by reason of his education, training or experience; and (b) he becomes so disabled while insured by this group plan.

This continuation will end on the later of: (a) six months, starting on the date the total disability began; (b) for employees who meet our standard for total disability under the extended life benefits section of this plan, the end of the waiting period which applies to the permanent disability provision under that section.

The monthly premium the employee must pay to continue his group life benefits will be the amount which he would have been required to pay had he stayed insured by this group plan on a regular basis. He must make this payment to his employer at the times and in the manner specified by his employer. If the employee fails to pay this amount on time, he waives his right to continue his group life benefits.

If the employer fails, after timely receipt of any required employee payment, to pay us on behalf of such employee, thereby causing the employee's group life benefits to end, then the employer will become liable for the employee's group life benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us.

When the Continued Group Life Benefits End: An employee's continued life benefits end on the first of the following:

(a) the end of the applicable continuation period;

(b) the end of the period for which the last total monthly premium payment was made to us;

(c) the date the group plan ends or is amended to end benefits for the class of employees to which the (2) employee belonged;

(d) the date the employee is no longer totally disabled; or

(e) the date the employee is approved by us in writing for coverage under any permanent disability provision of the extended life benefits section of this plan.

Conversion Rights and Extended Life Benefits: Any applicable conversion rights will still be in effect when the continuation period ends. Continuing his group life benefits under this section does not stop an employee from claiming his rights under the extended life benefits section of this plan.

Option A

Dependent Continuation Rights

Important Notice: This section applies to the hospital, surgical, major medical, dental, vision care and prescription drug expense coverages only. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to coverages which provide benefits for loss of life or loss of income due to disability. These coverages, if provided, cannot be continued under this section.

Any continuation of group health benefits under this section shall be subject to all of the terms and conditions of this plan.

If an Employee's Marriage Ends or If an Employee Dies While Insured: If an employee's marriage ends by legal separation or divorce, or if an employee dies while insured, his or her then insured spouse may continue this plan's group health benefits after federal continuation ends, subject to all the terms below and to the timely payment of premiums. Such group health benefits will cover such spouse and those of the employee's dependent children whose group health benefits would otherwise end.

How and When to Continue the Group Health Benefits: To continue the group health benefits, the employee's spouse must:

(a) be insured for group health benefits under this plan at the time the marriage ends or the employee dies;

(b) be age 55 or older when federal continuation ends;

(c) in the case of a divorced or separated spouse, give notice to the employer within 60 days of legal separation or divorce, or prior to the expiration of a 36 month federal continuation;

(d) in the case of a surviving spouse, give notice to the employer within 30 days days of the employee's death, or prior to the expiration of a 36 month federal continuation; and

(e) elect to continue the group health benefits, provide current mailing address and pay the first monthly premium. This must be done within 60 days after receiving a written notice of continuation rights from the employer. The notice will be sent to the spouse's last known address within 14 days of receipt of notice of the employee's divorce, legal separation or death.

The notice of continuation rights will: (i) contain a form for electing to continue the group health benefits; and (ii) explain all the details for continuing the group health benefits, including:

(a) the duration of the continuation coverage;

(b) the monthly premium that must be paid to continue the group health benefits; and

(c) the times and manner in which premium payments must be made.

If the employee's spouse fails to give the employer notice or fails to pay any premium on time, he or she waives his or her right to continue the group health benefits under this plan.

If the employer fails to provide the spouse with written notice of his or her continuation rights, after being notified by the spouse as explained above, the spouse's coverage will continue in effect. His or her obligation to make premium payments will be postponed, but not reduced or eliminated, for the period of time beginning on the date his or her coverage would otherwise end until 31 days after the date the employer provides the required notice.

When Continuation Ends: This continuation ends for each covered person on the earliest of the following:

(a) the end of the period for which the last premium payment was made;

(b) the date the group plan ends and is not replaced;

(c) the date the covered person becomes insured under another group plan;

(d) the date the spouse remarries;

(e) the date the spouse reaches age 65; or

(f) with respect to each insured dependent, the date such dependent ceases to be an eligible dependent as defined in the group plan.

The Right to Convert: At the end of the continuation period under this section, conversion rights which the covered person may be entitled to shall be available to him or her according to the terms of the plan.

Option A

The GUARDIAN LIFE Insurance Company of AMERICA
A Mutual Life Insurance Company
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001

Incorporated 1860 By The Laws of The State of New York

Amendment to Group Policy No. G-00463298-HC

(To be attached to and made part of the Policy)

The Policyholder and the Insurance Company hereby agree that Group Policy No. G- 00463298-HC is hereby amended as follows:

Amendment Effective: Effective September 4, 2009, or the earlier of the effective date of any major medical, prescription drug, dental or vision coverage under this plan; or ths plan's first renewal on or following September 4, 2009

This rider amends this policy's group health benefits provisions so that the following is added to this plan:

CONTINUATION RIGHTS

State MoCOBRA - For Employer Groups of 2-19

IMPORTANT NOTICE: This section applies to any major medical, dental, vision and/or prescription drug coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefit".

This section does not apply to coverages which apply to loss of life, or to loss of income due to disability. These coverages cannot be continued under this section.

"Qualified continuee", for purposes of this provision, means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered active employee or qualified retiree; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a "qualified continuee". Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a "qualified continuee".

Conversion: Continuing group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

If An Employee's Group Health Benefits End: If an employee's group health benefits end due to his or her termination of employment or reduction of work hours, he or she may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months; if he or she was not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover an employee or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuee: If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give you written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify you within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends".

This extra 11-month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from all qualified continuee's who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by you during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents: If an employee's group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, he or she may elect to continue such benefits, provided that:

(a) the employee is or becomes a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and

(b) that employee and his or her dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for the employee's lifetime. After the employee's death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for the employee and his or her dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If the employee dies before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, the surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceeding. The continuation can last for the surviving spouse's lifetime.

The special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

If An Employee's Marriage Ends: If an employee's marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If A Dependent Child Loses Eligibility: If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than the employee's coverage ending, he or she may elect to continued such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Coverage Ends".

Concurrent Continuations: If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to the employee's termination of employment or reduction or work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above.

The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.

Special Medicare Rule: If the employee becomes entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after the employee's later termination of employment or reduction or work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months(29 months if there is a disability extension) from the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of the employee's earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.

The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities: A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify you, in writing, of: (a) the legal divorce or legal separation of the employee from his or her spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child; (c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled.

Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to you by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which the event occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses(or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice.

Notice of a disability determination must be given to you by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to you and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

Your Responsibilities: You must notify the qualified continuee, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

Such written notice must be given to the qualified continuee within 14 days of: (a) the date a qualified continuee's group health benefits would otherwise end due to the employee's death or the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours; (b) the date a qualified continuee notifies you, in writing, of the employee's legal divorce or legal separation from his or her spouse, or the loss of dependent eligibility of an insured dependent child; or (c) the date you declare bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States Code.

If you determine that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, you must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, you must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Your Liability: You will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) you fail to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) you fail to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation: To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give you written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from you as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to you, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by you. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by you. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by you.

If the qualified continuee fails to give you notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums: A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless you notify the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grant an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to you.

When Continuation Ends: A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

(1) with respect to continuation upon the employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(3) with respect to continuation upon the employee's death, the employee's legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;

(4) the date you cease to provide any group health plan to any employee;

(5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;

(6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or

(7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

* * * * *

The foregoing amendment shall form a part of said Group Policy, provided both the Policyholder and the Insurance Company have hereto applied their respective signatures, and is subject to the agreements and covenants therein contained.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , ____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

PLEASE RETAIN THIS COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

GUR-1 P250.0026

Option A

ELIGIBILITY FOR LIFE AND DISMEMBERMENT COVERAGES

P264.0017

Option B

ELIGIBILITY FOR LIFE COVERAGES

P264.0016

Option A

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the Conditions of Eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the plan, all of your employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if they are active full-time employees.

For purposes of this plan, we will treat partners and proprietors like employees if they meet this plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions of Eligibility

An employee is eligible for coverage if he or she is:

(a) legally working in the United States.

(b) regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:

  (i) the employer's place of business;

  (ii) some place where the employer's business requires the employee to travel; or

  (iii) any other place the employee and the employer have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

Temporary or seasonal employees are not eligible.

GP-1-EC-90-1.0 P264.1190

Option B

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the Conditions of Eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the plan, all of your employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if they are: (a) active full-time employees; or (b) qualified retirees.

For purposes of this plan, we will treat partners and proprietors like employees if they meet this plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions of Eligibility for Eligible Employees other than Qualified Retirees

An employee, is eligible for coverage if he or she is:

(a) legally working in the United States.

(b) regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:

  (i) the employer's place of business;

  (ii) some place where the employer's business requires the employee to travel; or

  (iii) any other place the employee and the employer have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

Temporary or seasonal employees are not eligible.

GP-1-EC-90-1.0 P264.1192

Option A

Enrollment Requirement: If an employee must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure him or her until he or she enrolls and agrees to make the required payments. If he or she does this: (a) more than 31 days after he or she first becomes eligible; or (b) after he or she previously had coverage which ended because he or she failed to make a required payment, we will ask for proof that he or she is insurable. And the employee won't be covered until we approve that proof in writing.

GP-1-EC-90-2.0 P264.0992

All Options

Proof of Insurability Requirements: Part or all of an employee's insurance amounts may be subject to proof that he or she is insurable. The Schedule of Insurance explains if and when we require proof. An employee won't be covered for any amount that requires such proof until he or she gives the proof to us and we approve that proof in writing.

An employee whose active full-time service ends before he or she meets any proof of insurability requirements that apply to him or her will still have to meet those requirements if he or she is later re-employed by you or an associated company.

GP-1-EC-90-3.0 P264.0066

Option A

The Waiting Period: Employees in an eligible class are eligible for life and dismemberment insurance under this plan after they complete the service waiting period established by the employer, if any.

GP-1-EC-90-4.0 P264.0020

Option B

The Waiting Period: Employees in an eligible class are eligible for life insurance under this plan after they complete the service waiting period established by the employer, if any.

GP-1-EC-90-4.0 P264.0019

All Options

Multiple Employment: If an employee works for both you and a covered associated company, or for more than one covered associated company, we will treat him as if only one firm employs him. And such an employee will not have multiple coverage under this plan. But, if this plan uses the amount of an employee's earnings to set the rates, determine class, figure benefit amounts, or for any other reason, such employee's earnings will be figured as the sum of his earnings from all covered employers.

GP-1-EC-90-5.0 P180.0328

Option A

When Employee Coverage Starts

An employee must be fully capable of performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation for the employer on a full-time basis at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time for his or her place of residence on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. Also he or she must have met all of the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. If an employee is not fully capable of performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation on his or her scheduled effective date, we will postpone the start of his or her coverage. We will postpone coverage until he or she is so capable and is working his or her regular numbers of hours for one full day, with the expectation that he or she could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if the employee was performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation and working his or her regular number of hours on his or her last regularly scheduled work day, that employee's coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which an employee must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if the employee is on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for the employee under a prior plan which this plan replaced.

Whether an employee must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, he or she must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments. If he or she does this on or before the eligibility date, or within 31 days of his or her eligibility date, coverage is scheduled to start on the eligibility date. However, if he or she elects to enroll and agrees to make the required payments more than 31 days after his or her eligibility date, his or her coverage won't start until he or she sends us proof that he or she is insurable. Once we've approved it, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of his or her application.

Any part of an employee's coverage which is subject to proof that he or she is insurable won't start unless he or she sends this proof to us, and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, that part of his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of his or her application.

Option B

When Employee Coverage Starts

An employee must be fully capable of performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation for the employer on a full-time basis at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time for his or her place of residence on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, unless he or she is a qualified retiree. Also he or she must have met all of the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. If an employee is not fully capable of performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation on his or her scheduled effective date, we will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she is so capable and is working his or her regular numbers of hours.

Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if the employee was performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation and working his or her regular number of hours on his or her last regularly scheduled work day, that employee's coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which an employee must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if the employee is on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for the employee under a prior plan which this plan replaced.

A qualified retiree can not be confined in a health care facility or home confined on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. We will postpone coverage until the day after he or she is discharged from such facility or is no longer home confined. And he or she must have also met all of the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her.

Whether an employee must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, he or she must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments. If he or she does this on or before the eligibility date, or within 31 days of his or her eligibility date, coverage is scheduled to start on the eligibility date. However, if he or she elects to enroll and agrees to make the required payments more than 31 days after his or her eligibility date, his or her coverage won't start until he or she sends us proof that he or she is insurable. Once we've approved it, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of his or her application.

Any part of an employee's coverage which is subject to proof that he or she is insurable won't start unless he or she sends this proof to us, and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, that part of his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of his or her application.

GP-1-EC-90-6.0 P264.0809

Option A

Delayed Effective Date For Employee Optional Life Coverage: With respect to this plan's employee optional group term life insurance, if an employee is not actively at work on a full-time basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to sickness or injury, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active full- time service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the employee returns to active full-time service.

GP-1-DEF-97 P270.0365

Option A for Class 0001

When Employee Coverage Ends

When Employee Coverage Ends: Except as explained in the "When Active Service Ends" section of this plan, an employee's insurance will end on the first of the following dates:

- the date an employee's active full-time service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, death, retirement, lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
- the date an employee stops being an eligible employee under this plan.
- the date an employee has been outside the United States for six months, in any twelve month period.
- the date the group plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of employees to which the employee belongs.
- the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the employee.

Also, an employee may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time after his or her coverage would otherwise end. And an employee may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies. The plan's benefit provisions explain these situations. Read the plan's provisions carefully.

GP-1-EC-90-8.0 P264.1236

Option B for Class 0002

When Employee Coverage Ends

When Employee Coverage Ends: Except as explained in the "When Active Service Ends" section of this plan, an employee's insurance will end on the first of the following dates:

- the date an employee's active full-time service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, death, retirement (except for qualified retirees), lay-off, leave of absence, and the end of employment.
- the date an employee stops being an eligible employee under this plan.
- the date an employee has been outside the United States for six months, in any twelve month period.
- the date the group plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of employees to which the employee belongs.
- the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the employee.

Also, an employee may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time after his or her coverage would otherwise end. And an employee may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies. The plan's benefit provisions explain these situations. Read the plan's provisions carefully.

GP-1-EC-90-8.0 P264.1216

Option A for Class 0001

When Active Service Ends: You may continue an employee's life and dismemberment insurance under this plan after his active service with you ends only as follows:

- If an employee's active service ends because he is disabled you may continue his insurance subject to all of the terms of this plan.
- If an employee's active service ends because he goes on a leave of absence or is laid off, you may continue his insurance for the rest of the policy month in which the leave or layoff starts, plus 01 more full policy month(s). However, if the employee joins any armed force before this period ends, you may continue his insurance until the date he becomes a member of such armed force.
- If you continue an employee's benefits under this plan as set forth above, it must be based on a plan which prevents individual selection by you.

- And, any such continuation is subject to the payment of premiums, and to all of the other terms and conditions of this plan.
- The amount of an employee's insurance during any such Continuation will be the amount in force on his last day of active service, Subject to any reductions that would have otherwise applied if he had remained an active employee.

GP-1-EC-90-7.0 P264.0021

Option B for Class 0002

When Active Service Ends: You may continue an employee's life insurance under this plan after his active service with you ends only as follows:

- If an employee's active service ends because he is disabled you may continue his insurance subject to all of the terms of this plan.
- If an employee's active service ends because he goes on a leave of absence or is laid off, you may continue his insurance for the rest of the policy month in which the leave or layoff starts, plus 01 more full policy month(s). However, if the employee joins any armed force before this period ends, you may continue his insurance until the date he becomes a member of such armed force.
- If you continue an employee's benefits under this plan as set forth above, it must be based on a plan which prevents individual selection by you.
- And, any such continuation is subject to the payment of premiums, and to all of the other terms and conditions of this plan.
- The amount of an employee's insurance during any such continuation will be the amount in force on his last day of active service, subject to any reductions that would have otherwise applied if he had remained an active employee.

GP-1-EC-90-7.0 P264.0024

Option A

An Employee's Right To Continue
Group Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment
Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice: This section may not apply to your plan. The employee must contact you to find out if you must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Which Coverages Can Be Continued: Life and accidental death and dismemberment coverages may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. The employee must contact you to find out if he or she may continue these coverages.

If An Employee's Group Insurance Would End: Group life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance may normally end for an employee because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may continue his or her group life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance coverages if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends: Insurance may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date the employee returns to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to the employee to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the employee under this section for all reasons. If the employee takes an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which the Employer's Plan is terminated or the employee is no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions: As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.

- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

Option B

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice: This section may not apply to your plan. The employee must contact you to find out if you must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Which Coverages Can Be Continued: Insurance which applies to loss of life may be continued at your option. The employee must contact you to find out if he or she may continue these coverages.

If An Employee's Group Coverage Would End: Group life insurance may normally end for an employee because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may continue his or her group life insurance coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends: Insurance may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date the employee returns to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to the employee to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the employee under this section for all reasons. If the employee takes an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which the Employer's Plan is terminated or the employee is no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions: As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.

- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing

military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.

- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.

- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.

- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating,

GP-1-EC-90-7.0 P264.1700

All Options

Definitions

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-1 P180.0155

Option A

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Life Coverage".

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-2 P264.0018

All Options

Employee means a person who works for the employer at the employer's place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-3 P180.0311

All Classes

Full-time means the employee regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his employer's place of business.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-4 P180.0158

All Options

Plan means the Guardian group plan purchased by the employer.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-6 P180.0975

All Options

Proof or Proof of Insurability means an application for insurance showing that a person is insurable.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-7 P180.0161

Option B

Qualified Retirees are covered as outlined in your company's benefit provisions. Please see your Plan Administrator for details.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-8 P180.0331

All Options

We, Us, Our and **Guardian** mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-9 P180.0163

All Options

You and **Your** means the employer who purchased this plan.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-10 P180.0164

Option A

Dependent Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage

GP-1-DEP-90-1.0 P264.0509

Option A

Eligible Dependents For Optional Dependent Life Benefits: An employee's eligible dependents are: his or her legal spouse who is under age 70; and his or her unmarried dependent children who are 14 or more days old, until they reach age 26 and his or her unmarried dependent children, from age 26 until they reach age 26, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

GP-1-DEP-90-3.0 P264.0435

Option A

Adopted Children and Step-Children: An employee's "unmarried dependent children" include his or her legally adopted children and, if they depend on the employee for most of their support and maintenance, his or her step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the employee's home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible: We exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

GP-1-DEP-90-3.0 P264.0443

Option A

Proof of Insurability: We require proof that a dependent is insurable, if the employee: (a) enrolls a dependent and agrees to make the required payments after the end of the enrollment period; (b) in the case of a newly acquired dependent, other than the first newborn child, has other eligible dependents who he has not elected to enroll; or (c) in the case of a newly acquired dependent, has other eligible dependents whose coverage previously ended because he failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

A dependent is not insured by any part of this plan that requires such proof until the employee gives us this proof, and we approve it in writing.

If the employee's dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, his dependents won't be covered by this plan again until he gives us new proof that they're insurable and we approve that proof in writing.

GP-1-DEP-90-5.0 P200.0319

Option A for Class 0001

When Dependent Coverage Starts: In order for an employee's dependent coverage to begin he must already be insured for employee coverage or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this plan, the date an employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when he elects to enroll his initial dependents and agrees to make any required payments.

If the employee does this on or before his eligibility date, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows the employee's eligibility date and the date the employee becomes insured for employee coverage.

If the employee does this within the enrollment period, the coverage is scheduled to start on the date the employee becomes insured for employee coverage.

If the employee does this after the enrollment period ends, the employee's dependent coverage is subject to proof of insurability and won't start until we approve that proof in writing.

Once an employee has dependent coverage for his initial dependents, he must notify us when he acquires any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

A newly acquired dependent will be covered for those dependent benefits not subject to proof of insurability from the date the newly acquired dependent is first eligible, if the employee notifies us and agrees to make any additional payments within 31 days after the date the dependent becomes eligible. If the employee does this more than 31 days after the date the dependent becomes eligible, a newly acquired dependent will be covered from the date the employee notifies us and agrees to make any additional payments.

If proof of insurability is required for dependent benefits as explained above, those benefits are scheduled to start, subject to the "Exception" stated below, on the effective date shown in the "Endorsement" section of the employee's application, provided that the employee sends us the proof we require; and we approve that proof in writing.

A copy of the approved application is furnished to the employee.

GP-1-DEP-90-6.0 P264.0813

Option A

Exception: If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a hospital or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry-out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his or her dependent benefits would otherwise start, we'll postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his or her discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he or she resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

GP-1-DEP-90-7.0 P200.0707

Option A for Class 0001

When Dependent Coverage Ends: Dependent coverage ends for all of an employee's dependents when his employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of an employee's dependents when the employee stops being a member of a class of employees eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this plan ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this plan for all employees or for an employee's class.

If an employee is required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and he fails to do so, his dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which he made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an eligible dependent. This happens to a child at 12:01 a.m. on the last day of the calendar year in which the child attains this plan's age limit, when he marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment, and with respect to optional life coverage, it happens at 12:01 a.m. on the date the spouse reaches age 70.

Read this plan carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And they may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

GP-1-DEP-90-9.0 P200.0812-R

Option A

Definitions

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-1 P200.0210

Option A

Eligibility Date for dependent coverage is the earliest date on which: (a) the employee has dependents; and (b) is eligible for dependent coverage.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-2 P200.0211

Option A

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage."

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-3 P200.0212

Option A

Enrollment Period means the 31 day period which starts on the date that the employee is eligible for dependent coverage.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-4 P200.0213

Option A

Initial Dependents means those eligible dependents the employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for employee coverage. If at this time he or she does not have any eligible dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible dependents he or she acquires are his or her initial dependents.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-8 P200.0217

Option A

Newly Acquired Dependent means an eligible dependent the employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for initial dependents.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-9 P200.0218

Option A

Plan means the Guardian group plan purchased by the employer.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-11 P264.0065

Option A

Proof or **Proof of Insurability** means an application for insurance showing that a person is insurable.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-12 P200.0221

Option A

We, Us, Our and **Guardian** means The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-14 P200.0223

Option A

You and **Your** means the employer who purchased this plan.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-15 P200.0224

All Options

Employee Group Term Life Insurance

Basic Life Benefit: If an employee dies while insured for this benefit, we'll pay his beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule.

Proof of Death: We'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

The Beneficiary: The employee decides who gets this insurance if he dies. He should have named his beneficiary on his enrollment form. The employee can change his beneficiary at any time by giving the employer written notice, unless he's assigned this insurance. But, the change won't take effect until the employer gives the employee written confirmation of the change.

If the employee named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone he named dies before he does, that person's share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless the employee has told us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when an employee dies, we'll pay this insurance to one of the following: (a) his estate; (b) his spouse; (c) his parents; (d) his children; or (e) his brothers and sisters.

Assigning This Life Insurance: If an employee assigns this insurance, he permanently transfers all his rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) his spouse; (b) one of his parents or grandparents; (c) one of his children or grandchildren; (d) one of his brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.

We suggest the employee speak to his lawyer before he makes any assignment. If he decides he wants to assign this insurance, he should ask the employer for details or write to us.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent: If the employee's beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports his beneficiary.

Payment of Funeral or Last Illness Expenses: We have the option of paying up to $2,000.00 of this insurance to any person who incurred expenses for the employee's funeral or last illness.

Settlement Option: If the employee or his beneficiary asks us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

GP-1-R-LB-MO-91 P270.0197

Option A

Portability Privilege

Applicability: This provision applies only to this plan's employee Basic group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this plan. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.

Important Restriction: The employee must provide proof of insurability satisfactory to us.

Portability of Basic Group Term Life Insurance: An employee may elect to continue all or part of his or her employee Basic group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms.

The employee may port his or her coverage if coverage under this plan ends because he or she: (a) has terminated employment; or (b) stops being a member of an eligible class of employees.

The employee may not port his or her coverage, if he or she: (a) has reached his or her 70th birthday on the day coverage under this plan ends; or (b) is eligible for this plan's Basic Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

The employee may not port his or her coverage if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group plan.

The employee may port: (a) the full amount(s) of his or her Basic term life insurance as of the day his or her coverage under this plan ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this plan is at least $50,000.00.

The Portable Certificate of Coverage: The employee can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits; (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group plan.

The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) the employee's rate class under this plan; and (b) the employee's age bracket as shown in the Basic Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How to Port: To get a portable certificate of coverage, the employee must: (a) apply to us in writing: and (b) pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days from the date his or her coverage under this plan ends to do this. We require proof of insurability satisfactory to us.

Defined Term: As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

GP-1-R-LP-00 P270.0372

Option A

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

GP-1-R-LPN-95 P270.0300

Option A

Employee Optional Group Term Life Insurance

Life Benefit: Subject to the limitations and exclusions below, if the employee dies while insured for this benefit, we'll pay his or her beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule for the plan of benefits the employee has elected. The life benefit may be subject to reductions based on the employee's age. These reductions are also shown in the schedule. The employee's benefit amount, a portion thereof, or increases in such amount may not become effective until he or she submits proof of insurability to us, and we approve it in writing. These requirements are also shown in the schedule.

Proof of Death: Subject to all of the terms of this plan, we'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

Suicide Exclusion: We pay no benefits if the employee's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the employee's optional group term life insurance effective date under this plan and we can show that the employee intended suicide when he or she applied for this plan. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the employee's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase and we can show that the employee intended suicide when he or she applied for this plan.

Seatbelt and Airbag Benefits: If the employee dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase his or her benefit amount by $10,000.00. And if the employee dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase his or her benefit amount by an additional $5,000.00, for a total increase of $15,000.00.

The Beneficiary: The employee decides who gets this insurance if he or she dies. He or she should have named a beneficiary on his or her enrollment form. The employee can change his or her beneficiary at any time by giving you written notice, unless he or she has assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until you give the employee written confirmation of the change.

If the employee named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone named dies before the employee does, his or her share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless the employee tells us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when the employee dies, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) his or her estate; (b) his or her spouse; (c) his or her parents; (d) his or her children; or (e) his or her brothers and sisters.

Assigning This Life Insurance: If the employee assigns this insurance, he or she permanently transfers all of his or her rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) the employee's spouse; (b) one of the employee's parents or grandparents; (c) one of the employee's children or grandchildren; (d) one of the employee's brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.

We will recognize an assignee as the owner of the rights assigned only if: (a) the assignment is in writing and signed by the employee; and (b) a signed or certified copy of the written assignment has been received and approved by us.

We will not be responsible for legal, tax or other effects of any assignment, or for any benefits we pay under this plan before we receive and approve any assignment.

We suggest the employee speaks to a lawyer before he or she makes any assignment. If the employee decides he or she wants to assign this insurance, write to us for details.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent: If the employee's beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports the beneficiary.

Payment of Funeral or Last Illness Expense: We have the option of paying up to $2000.00 of this insurance to any person who incurs expenses for the employee's funeral or last illness.

Settlement Option: If the employee or his or her beneficiary asks us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

Option A

Portability Privilege

Applicability: This provision applies only to this plan's employee and dependent Optional group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this plan. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.

Important Restriction: No employee may elect a portable certificate of coverage unless he or she has been covered by this group plan, or the one it replaced, for employee Optional group term life insurance for at least three consecutive months prior to the date his or her coverage under this plan ends.

Portability of Optional Group Term Life Insurance: An employee may elect to continue all or part of his or her employee Optional group term life insurance and dependent Optional group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms.

The employee may port his or her coverage if coverage under this plan ends because he or she: (a) has terminated employment; or (b) stops being a member of an eligible class of employees.

The employee may not port his or her coverage or coverage for any of his or her dependents, if he or she: (a) has reached his or her 70th birthday on the day coverage under this plan ends; or (b) is eligible for this plan's Optional Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

The employee may not port his or her coverage or coverage for any of his or her dependents if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group plan.

The employee may port: (a) the full amount(s) of his or her Optional term life insurance as of the day his or her coverage under this plan ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this plan is at least $50,000.00.

The employee may port: (a) the full amount(s) of his or her dependent Optional term life insurance as of the day his or her coverage under this plan ends; or (b) 50% of such amount(s) if: (i) his or her dependent spouse amount under this plan is at least $20,000.00; and (ii) his or her dependent child amount under this plan is at least $4,000.00. However, if the employee ports the full amount of his or her insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be a full amount. And, if the employee elects to port 50% of his or her insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be 50% of such amount(s).

The employee may port: (a) his or her insurance only; (b) his or her insurance and insurance of his or her covered spouse; (c) his or her insurance and the insurance of all of his or her covered dependents; or (d) if the employee is a single parent, his or her insurance and the insurance of all of his or her covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

To be eligible to port, a dependent must be insured as of the day the employee's coverage under this plan ends.

If An Employee Dies While Insured: If an employee dies while insured for dependent Optional term life insurance, the employee's spouse may port the insurance of the employee's dependents as described above. But, the spouse and dependents must be insured on the date of death. No dependents will be allowed to port if: (a) there is no surviving spouse; or (b) the surviving spouse has reached his or her 70th birthday on the day the employee dies.

The Portable Certificate of Coverage: The employee or surviving spouse can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits; (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group plan.

The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) the employee's and/or dependent's rate class under this plan; and (b) the employee's or surviving spouse's age bracket as shown in the Optional Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

How to Port: To get a portable certificate of coverage, the employee or surviving spouse must: (a) apply to us in writing: and (b) pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days from the date his or her coverage under this plan ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

Defined Term: As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

GP-1-R-LP-00 P273.0735

Option A

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

GP-1-R-LPN-95 P270.0300

Option B

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO EMPLOYEE BASIC TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

Option B

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

If Employment or Eligibility Ends: The employee's group life insurance ends if his employment ends, or if he stops being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, he can convert all or part of his group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy.

If The Group Plan Ends or Group Life Insurance is Dropped: The employee's group life insurance also ends if this group plan ends, or if life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for his class. If either happens and he's been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, he can also convert. But, the amount he can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) the amount of his insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits he becomes eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

The Converted Policy: The employee can convert to one of the policies we normally issue. It can't include disability benefits. And, it can't be a term policy.

The premium for the converted policy will be based on: (a) the employee's standard or sub-standard risk and rate class under this plan; and (b) his age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion.

How and When to Convert: To get a converted policy, the employee must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. He has 31 days after his group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he's insurable.

Death During the Conversion Period: If an employee dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay his beneficiary the amount he could have converted. We'll pay whether or not he applied for conversion.

GP-1-R-LCON-90 P270.0088

Option A

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO EMPLOYEE BASIC TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

Option A

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

If Employment or Eligibility Ends: The employee's group life insurance ends if: (a) his or her employment ends; or (b) he or she stops being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, the employee can convert his or her group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on the employee's disability status.

If the employee is not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", he or she can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. The employee can convert the amount for which he or she was covered under this plan, less any group life benefits he or she becomes eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If the employee: (a) is disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) has not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, he or she can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". The employee can convert the full amount for which he or she was covered under this plan.

If the disabled employee is later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

If The Group Plan Ends or Group Life Insurance Is Dropped: The employee's group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for his or her class. If either happens, the employee may be eligible to convert as explained below. Conversion choices are based on the employee's disability status.

If the employee: (a) is not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) the employee has been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, he or she can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount the employee can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) the amount of his or her insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits he or she becomes eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If the employee: (a) is disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) has not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, he or she can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. The employee can convert the full amount for which he or she was covered under this plan.

If the disabled employee is later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted Policy: The premium for the converted policy will be based on the employee's age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Interim Term Insurance: If the employee: (a) is disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium" and (b) has not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the employee has the option to convert his or her coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date the employee becomes disabled. During this year, if the employee is approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, we have not approved the employee for the Extended Life Benefit, he or she must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on the employee's age as of the date he or she converts from the interim term insurance policy.

How and When to Convert: To get a converted policy, the employee must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days after his or her group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

Death During the Conversion Period: If an employee dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay his or her beneficiary the amount he or she could have converted. We'll pay whether or not he or she applied for conversion.

Option A

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO EMPLOYEE OPTIONAL GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

Option A

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

If Employment or Eligibility Ends: The employee's group life insurance ends if: (a) his or her employment ends; or (b) he or she stops being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, the employee can convert his or her group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on the employee's disability status.

If the employee is not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", he or she can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. The employee can convert the amount for which he or she was covered under this plan, less any group life benefits he or she becomes eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If the employee: (a) is disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) has not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, he or she can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". The employee can convert the full amount for which he or she was covered under this plan.

If the disabled employee is later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

If The Group Plan Ends or Group Life Insurance Is Dropped: The employee's group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for his or her class. If either happens, the employee may be eligible to convert as explained below. Conversion choices are based on the employee's disability status.

If the employee: (a) is not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) the employee has been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, he or she can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount the employee can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) the amount of his or her insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits he or she becomes eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If the employee: (a) is disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) has not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, he or she can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. The employee can convert the full amount for which he or she was covered under this plan.

If the disabled employee is later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted Policy: The premium for the converted policy will be based on the employee's age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Interim Term Insurance: If the employee: (a) is disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium" and (b) has not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the employee has the option to convert his or her coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date the employee becomes disabled. During this year, if the employee is approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, we have not approved the employee for the Extended Life Benefit, he or she must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on the employee's age as of the date he or she converts from the interim term insurance policy.

How and When to Convert: To get a converted policy, the employee must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days after his or her group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

Death During the Conversion Period: If an employee dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay his or her beneficiary the amount he or she could have converted. We'll pay whether or not he or she applied for conversion.

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All Options

Employee Accelerated Life Benefit

IMPORTANT NOTICE: USE OF THE BENEFIT PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION MAY HAVE TAX IMPLICATIONS AND MAY AFFECT GOVERNMENT BENEFITS OR CREDITORS. THE EMPLOYEE SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER TAX OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR BEFORE APPLYING FOR THIS BENEFIT.

PLEASE NOTE: THE AMOUNT OF GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE IS PERMANENTLY REDUCED BY THE GROSS AMOUNT OF THE ACCELERATED LIFE BENEFIT PAID TO THE EMPLOYEE.

Accelerated Life Benefit: If an employee has a medical condition that is expected to result in his or her death within 6 months, such employee may apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. An Accelerated Life Benefit is a payment of part of an employee's group term life insurance made to him or her before he or she dies.

We subtract the gross amount paid to an employee as an Accelerated Life Benefit from the amount of his or her group term life insurance under this plan. The remaining amount of his or her group term life insurance is permanently reduced by the gross amount paid to the employee.

By "group term life insurance" we mean any Employee Basic Group Term Life Insurance for which an employee is insured under this plan. "Group term life insurance" does not mean Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits, any insurance provided under this plan for covered persons other than the employee or any scheduled increase in the amount of any Employee Group Term Life Insurance that is due within the 6 month period after the date the employee applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

By "gross amount" we mean the amount of an Accelerated Life Benefit elected by an employee, before the discount and the processing fee are subtracted.

For the purposes of this provision, "terminal condition" means a medical condition that is expected to result in the employee's death within 6 months.

The employee may use the Accelerated Life Benefit in any way he or she chooses. But he or she may receive only one Accelerated Life Benefit during his or her lifetime. If he or she lives longer than 6 months, or if he or she recovers from the condition, the benefit does not have to be repaid. But the amount of this benefit is not restored to the employee's remaining group term life insurance. And the employee may not receive another Accelerated Life Benefit if he or she has a relapse or develops another terminal condition.

Maximum Benefit Amount: The amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit for which the employee may apply is based on the amount of such employee's group term life insurance for which he or she is insured on the day before he or she applies for the benefit. The minimum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount. The maximum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $250,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount.

Discount: The amount for which the employee applies is discounted to the present value in 6 months from the date the benefit is paid, based on the maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate permitted in the state in which the employer is located.

A detailed statement of the method of computing the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit is filed with each state insurance department. This statement is available from The Guardian upon request.

Processing Fee: A fee of up to $150.00 may also be required for the administrative cost of evaluating and processing an employee's Accelerated Life Benefit. This fee is deducted from the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to the employee.

Payment of An Accelerated Life Benefit: If we approve an employee's application for an Accelerated Life Benefit, we pay the amount he or she has elected, less the discount and the processing fee.We pay the benefit to the employee in one lump sum. And what we pay is subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

How And When To Apply: To receive the Accelerated Life Benefit, the employee must send us written proof from a licensed doctor who is operating within the scope of his or her license that the employee's medical condition is expected to result in such employee's death within 6 months of the date of the written edical proof. We must approve such proof in writing before the Accelerated Life Benefit will be paid.

We can have the employee examined by a doctor of our choice to verify the terminal condition. We'll pay the cost of such examination. We will not pay the Accelerated Life Benefit if our doctor does not verify the terminal condition.

If we approve an employee to receive an Accelerated Life Benefit, we give the employee a statement which shows: (a) the amount of the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit for which the employee is eligible; and (b) the amount by which the employee's group term life insurance will be reduced if he or she elects to receive the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit; and (c) the amount of the processing fee.

Even if an employee is receiving an Extended Life Benefit under this plan, he or she can still apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. However, once an employee converts his or her group term life insurance, the terms of the converted life policy will apply. Any amount to which the employee could otherwise convert is permanently reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to the employee.

Please read "The Employee's Remaining Group Term Life Insurance" provision for restrictions that may apply.

If An Employee Has Assigned His or Her Group Term Life Insurance: If an employee has already assigned his or her group term life insurance, according to the terms of this plan, he or she can't apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit.

If The Employee Is Incompetent: If the employee is determined to be legally incompetent, the person the court appoints to handle the employee's legal affairs may apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit for the employee.

The Employee's Remaining Group Term Life Insurance: The remaining amount of group term life insurance for which an employee is covered after receiving an Accelerated Life Benefit payment is subject to any increases or cutbacks that would otherwise apply to the employee's insurance. Applicable cutbacks are applied to the amount of group term life insurance for which the employee is insured on the day before he or she applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The premium cost of the employee's remaining coverage is based on the amount of his or her group term life insurance for which he or she is insured on the day before he or she applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The employee may be required to provide proof of insurability for increased amounts. If he or she is, we must approve that proof in writing before the employee is covered for the new amount.

The total amount of group term life insurance the beneficiary would otherwise receive upon the employee's death is reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to the employee.

If the employee dies after electing the Accelerated Life Benefit, but before we send the benefit to him or her, the beneficiary will receive the amount of the employee's group term life insurance for which such employee is insured on the day before he or she applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

Restrictions: We will not pay an Accelerated Life Benefit to an employee who:

- is required by law to use the payment to meet the claims of creditors, whether or not the employee is in bankruptcy; or
- is required by court order to pay all or part of the benefit to another person; or
- is required by a government agency to use the payment to apply for, to receive or to maintain a governmental benefit or entitlement; or
- loses his or her coverage under the group plan for any reason after he or she elects the Accelerated Life Benefit but before we pay such benefit to him or her.

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Option A

Employee Accelerated Life Benefit

IMPORTANT NOTICE: USE OF THE BENEFIT PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION MAY HAVE TAX IMPLICATIONS AND MAY AFFECT GOVERNMENT BENEFITS OR CREDITORS. THE EMPLOYEE SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER TAX OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR BEFORE APPLYING FOR THIS BENEFIT.

PLEASE NOTE: THE AMOUNT OF GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE IS PERMANENTLY REDUCED BY THE GROSS AMOUNT OF THE ACCELERATED LIFE BENEFIT PAID TO THE EMPLOYEE.

Accelerated Life Benefit: If an employee has a medical condition that is expected to result in his or her death within 6 months, such employee may apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. An Accelerated Life Benefit is a payment of part of an employee's group term life insurance made to him or her before he or she dies.

We subtract the gross amount paid to an employee as an Accelerated Life Benefit from the amount of his or her group term life insurance under this plan. The remaining amount of his or her group term life insurance is permanently reduced by the gross amount paid to the employee.

By "group term life insurance" we mean any Employee Optional Group Term Life Insurance for which an employee is insured under this plan. "Group term life insurance" does not mean Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits, any insurance provided under this plan for covered persons other than the employee or any scheduled increase in the amount of any Employee Group Term Life Insurance that is due within the 6 month period after the date the employee applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

By "gross amount" we mean the amount of an Accelerated Life Benefit elected by an employee, before the discount and the processing fee are subtracted.

For the purposes of this provision, "terminal condition" means a medical condition that is expected to result in the employee's death within 6 months.

The employee may use the Accelerated Life Benefit in any way he or she chooses. But he or she may receive only one Accelerated Life Benefit during his or her lifetime. If he or she lives longer than 6 months, or if he or she recovers from the condition, the benefit does not have to be repaid. But the amount of this benefit is not restored to the employee's remaining group term life insurance. And the employee may not receive another Accelerated Life Benefit if he or she has a relapse or develops another terminal condition.

Maximum Benefit Amount: The amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit for which the employee may apply is based on the amount of such employee's group term life insurance for which he or she is insured on the day before he or she applies for the benefit. The minimum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount. The maximum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) $250,000.00; or (b) 50% of the inforce amount.

Discount: The amount for which the employee applies is discounted to the present value in 6 months from the date the benefit is paid, based on the maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate permitted in the state in which the employer is located.

A detailed statement of the method of computing the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit is filed with each state insurance department. This statement is available from The Guardian upon request.

Processing Fee: A fee of up to $150.00 may also be required for the administrative cost of evaluating and processing an employee's Accelerated Life Benefit. This fee is deducted from the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to the employee.

Payment of An Accelerated Life Benefit: If we approve an employee's application for an Accelerated Life Benefit, we pay the amount he or she has elected, less the discount and the processing fee.We pay the benefit to the employee in one lump sum. And what we pay is subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

How And When To Apply: To receive the Accelerated Life Benefit, the employee must send us written proof from a licensed doctor who is operating within the scope of his or her license that the employee's medical condition is expected to result in such employee's death within 6 months of the date of the written medical proof. We must approve such proof in writing before the Accelerated Life Benefit will be paid.

We can have the employee examined by a doctor of our choice to verify the terminal condition. We'll pay the cost of such examination. We will not pay the Accelerated Life Benefit if our doctor does not verify the terminal condition.

If we approve an employee to receive an Accelerated Life Benefit, we give the employee a statement which shows: (a) the amount of the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit for which the employee is eligible; and (b) the amount by which the employee's group term life insurance will be reduced if he or she elects to receive the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit; and (c) the amount of the processing fee.

Even if an employee is receiving an Extended Life Benefit under this plan, he or she can still apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. However, once an employee converts his or her group term life insurance, the terms of the converted life policy will apply. Any amount to which the employee could otherwise convert is permanently reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to the employee.

Please read "The Employee's Remaining Group Term Life Insurance" provision for restrictions that may apply.

If An Employee Has Assigned His or Her Group Term Life Insurance: If an employee has already assigned his or her group term life insurance, according to the terms of this plan, he or she can't apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit.

If The Employee Is Incompetent: If the employee is determined to be legally incompetent, the person the court appoints to handle the employee's legal affairs may apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit for the employee.

The Employee's Remaining Group Term Life Insurance: The remaining amount of group term life insurance for which an employee is covered after receiving an Accelerated Life Benefit payment is subject to any increases or cutbacks that would otherwise apply to the employee's insurance. Applicable cutbacks are applied to the amount of group term life insurance for which the employee is insured on the day before he or she applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The premium cost of the employee's remaining coverage is based on the amount of his or her group term life insurance for which he or she is insured on the day before he or she applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The employee may be required to provide proof of insurability for increased amounts. If he or she is, we must approve that proof in writing before the employee is covered for the new amount.

The total amount of group term life insurance the beneficiary would otherwise receive upon the employee's death is reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to the employee.

If the employee dies after electing the Accelerated Life Benefit, but before we send the benefit to him or her, the beneficiary will receive the amount of the employee's group term life insurance for which such employee is insured on the day before he or she applies for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

Restrictions: We will not pay an Accelerated Life Benefit to an employee who:

- is required by law to use the payment to meet the claims of creditors, whether or not the employee is in bankruptcy; or
- is required by court order to pay all or part of the benefit to another person; or
- is required by a government agency to use the payment to apply for, to receive or to maintain a governmental benefit or entitlement; or
- loses his or her coverage under the group plan for any reason after he or she elects the Accelerated Life Benefit but before we pay such benefit to him or her.

Option A

Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice: This section applies to the employee's basic life benefit. But, it does not apply to his or her accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of his or her dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent basic life insurance, the employee must convert his or her dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If an Employee is Disabled: An employee is disabled if he or she meets the definition of total disability, as stated below. If a disabled employee meets the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend his or her basic life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employee.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, an employee is:

(a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of any occupation, for which he or she is qualified for by training, education, or experience; and

(b) he or she is receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How and When To Apply: To apply for this extension, the employee must submit satisfactory written medical proof of his or her total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) the employee lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for the employee to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, the employee must:

(a) become totally disabled before he or she reaches age 60 and while insured by the group plan; and

(b) remain totally disabled for 180 consecutive days.

The employee is encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility For Extended Life Benefit: We may require periodic written proof that the employee remains totally disabled to maintain this extension. This written proof of the employee's continued disability and doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

We can require the employee to take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended his or her life benefits. But after two years, we can't have the employee examined more than once a year.

Until We've Approved an Employee for this Extended Life Benefit: An employee's life insurance under the group plan may end after he or she's become totally disabled, but before we've approved him or her for this extension. During this time period, the employee may either:

(a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until the employee is approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or

(b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

However, if this group plan terminates and the employee is totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, the employee must convert to an individual permanent or term policy and remain insured under such policy until he or she is approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop the employee from claiming his or her rights under this section. But if he or she converts and we later approve him or her for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once an employee is approved for this extended benefit, his or her group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employee.

When This Extension Begins: Once approved by us, an employee's extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

(a) 180 consecutive days from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or

(b) the date we approve the employee for this benefit.

Once an employee is approved for this extension, we'll refund all basic term life insurance premiums paid by the employee from the date of disability.

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Option A

When This Extension Ends: An employee's extension will end on the earliest of:

(a) the date he or she is no longer disabled;

(b) the date we ask an employee to be examined by our doctor, and he or she refuses;

(c) the date the employee does not give us the proof of disability we require;

(d) the date the employee is no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or

(e) the day before the date the employee reaches age 65.

If the extension ends, and the employee is not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, the employee can convert as if his or her employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If an Employee Dies While Covered By This Extension: If an employee dies while covered by this extension we'll pay his or her beneficiary the amount for which he or she was covered as of his or her last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had he or she stayed an active employee. The benefit amount is also subject to reduction which applies at retirement. We will use the employee's Social Security Normal Retirement Age, as defined in the 1983 amendment to the Social Security Act, to determine when to apply the retirement reduction to a disabled employee's extended life benefit.

Proof of Death: We'll pay as soon as we receive:

(a) written proof of the employee's death, that is acceptable to us; and

(b) medical proof that the employee was continuously disabled until his or her death. This must be sent within one year of the employee's death.

GP-1-R-LW-TD-99-2 P275.0060

Option A

Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice: This section applies to the employee's optional life benefit. But, it does not apply to his or her accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of his or her dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent optional life insurance, the employee must convert his or her dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If an Employee is Disabled: An employee is disabled if he or she meets the definition of total disability, as stated below. If a disabled employee meets the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend his or her optional life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employee.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, an employee is:

(a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of any occupation, for which he or she is qualified for by training, education, or experience; and

(b) he or she is receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How and When To Apply: To apply for this extension, the employee must submit satisfactory written medical proof of his or her total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) the employee lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for the employee to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, the employee must:

(a) become totally disabled before he or she reaches age 60 and while insured by the group plan; and

(b) remain totally disabled for 180 consecutive days.

The employee is encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility For Extended Life Benefit: We may require periodic written proof that the employee remains totally disabled to maintain this extension. This written proof of the employee's continued disability and doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

We can require the employee to take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended his or her life benefits. But after two years, we can't have the employee examined more than once a year.

Until We've Approved an Employee for this Extended Life Benefit: An employee's life insurance under the group plan may end after he or she's become totally disabled, but before we've approved him or her for this extension. During this time period, the employee may either:

(a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until the employee is approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or

(b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

However, if this group plan terminates and the employee is totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, the employee must convert to an individual permanent or term policy and remain insured under such policy until he or she is approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop the employee from claiming his or her rights under this section. But if he or she converts and we later approve him or her for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once an employee is approved for this extended benefit, his or her group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employee.

When This Extension Begins: Once approved by us, an employee's extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

(a) 180 consecutive days from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or

(b) the date we approve the employee for this benefit.

Once an employee is approved for this extension, we'll refund all optional term life insurance premiums paid by the employee from the date of disability.

GP-1-R-LW-TD-99-1-MO P275.0155

Option A

When This Extension Ends: An employee's extension will end on the earliest of:

(a) the date he or she is no longer disabled;

(b) the date we ask an employee to be examined by our doctor, and he or she refuses;

(c) the date the employee does not give us the proof of disability we require;

(d) the date the employee is no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or

(e) the day before the date the employee reaches age 65.

If the extension ends, and the employee is not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, the employee can convert as if his or her employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If an Employee Dies While Covered By This Extension: If an employee dies while covered by this extension we'll pay his or her beneficiary the amount for which he or she was covered as of his or her last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had he or she stayed an active employee. The benefit amount is also subject to reduction which applies at retirement. We will use the employee's Social Security Normal Retirement Age, as defined in the 1983 amendment to the Social Security Act, to determine when to apply the retirement reduction to a disabled employee's extended life benefit.

Proof of Death: We'll pay as soon as we receive:

(a) written proof of the employee's death, that is acceptable to us; and

(b) medical proof that the employee was continuously disabled until his or her death. This must be sent within one year of the employee's death.

GP-1-R-LW-TD-99-2 P275.0060

All Options

COMPUTATION OF GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PREMIUMS

Definitions:

"Plan" means the Guardian group life insurance plan purchased by the employer.

"We", "us", and "our" mean the Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

"You" and "your" mean the employer who purchased this plan.

How Group Life Rates Are Computed:

The "Table of Individual Rates" shown below will, subject to our rating methods, be used in computing the premium charges for this plan's group life insurance. As stated in this plan's "Premiums" section, we can change that table.

When this plan's group life insurance starts, we'll compute a preliminary monthly rate. We do this by: (1) multiplying the individual rates by the amounts of insurance in force at the respective ages, nearest birthday, of all employees; and (2) dividing the result by the total amount of insurance in force. Using the characteristics of your group, and our rating methods, we'll modify such preliminary rate and compute your final premium rate.

We may also compute your final premium rate by any other method we and you agree upon, which produces approximately the same total premium.

If We Provide Supplemental Term Life Insurance: If we provide Supplemental Term Life Insurance, we'll use the employee's rated age to compute premium rates, if the employee is placed in a substandard class.

If You Pay Monthly Premiums: If you pay monthly premiums, each monthly payment will be equal to the product of the total amount of insurance in force on the premium's due date and the monthly rate in effect for each employee.

If You Pay Annual, Semi-Annual, or Quarterly Premiums: If you pay annual, semi-annual or quarterly premiums, we'll compute the applicable rate by multiplying the monthly rate so obtained by 11.823, 5.956, or 2.985, respectively.

Table of Individual Rates
Group Term Life Insurance
Monthly Premiums Per $1,000.00 of Employee Life Insurance

Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate	Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate	Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate	Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate
15	$ .19	32	$ .28	49	$ .97	66	$ 4.11
16	.20	33	.29	50	1.06	67	4.48
17	.21	34	.30	51	1.16	68	4.89
18	.22	35	.32	52	1.26	69	5.34
19	.23	36	.34	53	1.38	70	5.81
20	.23	37	.36	54	1.51	71	6.32
21	.24	38	.38	55	1.65	72	6.84
22	.24	39	.41	56	1.80	73	7.38
23	.25	40	.45	57	1.97	74	7.95
24	.25	41	.49	58	2.14	75	8.56
25	.25	42	.53	59	2.32	76	9.24
26	.25	43	.58	60	2.51	77	10.00
27	.26	44	.63	61	2.72	78	10.86

Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate	Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate	Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate	Age Nearest Birthday	Monthly Rate
28	.26	45	.68	62	2.96	79	11.81
29	.26	46	.74	63	3.21	80	12.83
30	.27	47	.81	64	3.48		
31	.27	48	.89	65	3.78		

Upon request we will furnish rates for ages not shown.

Employee Contributions: Employees' required contributions towards the cost of this insurance may not vary solely by sex.

When Rates Can Be Changed: We or you may require appropriate rate changes on each Policy Anniversary after the effective date of this plan, or on any date on which the above table is changed.

GP-1-R-LRMP-86-1 P270.0023

Option A

Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Term Life Insurance

The Choices: The employee may choose one of the plans of dependent spouse optional term life insurance, and one of the plans of dependent child optional term life insurance offered by you. These plans are shown in the schedule. However, the employee can only be insured under one spouse plan and one child plan at a time. He or she must notify you of his or her elections, and pay the required premium.

The employee may switch to other plans of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. The employee must notify you of any desired switch.

The Benefit: Subject to the limitations and exclusions shown below, if one the employee's dependents dies while insured for this benefit, we pay the amount shown in the schedule for the plan the employee has elected. We pay this in a lump sum when we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. The employee must send the proof to us as soon as possible.

We pay the employee, if he or she is living. If the employee is not living, and the dependent was the employee's child, we pay the employee's spouse. If the employee's spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was the employee's spouse, we pay the spouse's estate.

Suicide Exclusion: We pay no benefits if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the dependent's optional term life insurance under this plan and we can show that the dependent intended suicide when he or she applied for this plan. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase and we can show that the dependent intended suicide when he or she applied for this plan.

Seatbelt and Airbag Benefits: If a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase the benefit amount by $5,000.00. And if a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase the benefit amount by an additional $2,500.00, for a total increase of $7,500.00.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent: If the beneficiary is a minor or not competent, we have the right to pay in monthly installments. We would pay the person who cares for and supports the beneficiary. We completely discharge our liability for any amounts paid this way.

GP-1-R-DOPT-96-MO P293.0327

Option A

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance

If the Employee's Group Life Insurance Ends or He or She Stops Being Eligible: Dependent term life insurance ends for all of an employee's dependents when his or her group life insurance ends. The employee's insurance ends when: (a) his or her active full-time employment ends; (b) he or she stops being a member of a class of employees eligible for employee group life insurance; (c) his or her group life insurance is extended under the Extended Life Benefit provision; or (d) he or she dies.

Dependent term life insurance ends when an employee stops being a member of a class of employees eligible for dependent term life insurance.

If one of the above happens, each dependent who was insured may convert all or part of his or her insurance.

If This Plan Ends or Life Insurance is Dropped: Dependent term life insurance also ends for all of an employee's dependents when this plan ends. And it ends if either employee or dependent term life insurance is dropped from this plan for all employees or for the employee's class.

If one of the above happens, and an employee's dependents have been insured by a Guardian group plan for at least five years, they can convert. But we limit the amount each dependent can convert to the lesser of: (a) $10,000.00; and (b) the amount of his or her insurance under this plan less any group life benefits for which he or she becomes eligible in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If a Dependent Stops Being Eligible: A dependent's term life insurance ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent as defined by this plan. If a dependent stops being eligible, that dependent can convert all or part of his or her insurance.

The Converted Policy: The dependent can convert to one of the individual life insurance policies we normally issue. That policy can't include disability benefits. And it can't be a term policy.

The premium for the converted policy will be based on; (a) the dependent's risk and rate class under this plan; and (b) the dependent's age when the converted policy takes effect. The converted policy takes effect at the end of the period allowed for conversion.

Write to us for details.

How and When to Convert: To get a converted policy, the dependent must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days after his or her group insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

If the dependent is a minor or not competent, the person who cares for and supports the dependent may apply for him or her.

Death During the Conversion Period: If a dependent dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we pay the amount he or she could have converted, as stated above. We do this whether or not he or she applied for conversion.

Notice of Conversion Right: If the dependent is entitled to obtain a converted policy under this section, full compliance with this provision for Notice of Conversion Right will be satisfied by written notice given: (a) to the employee by the employer; (b) mailed to the employee by the employer at the employee's last known address; or (c) mailed to the employee by us at the employee's last known address that is supplied to us by the employer.

The notice should be given at least 15 days before the end of the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described in "How and When to Convert." If the notice is not given at least 15 days before the end of such period, the dependent will have an additional period of 15 days from the date notice is given to apply for the converted policy and pay the required premium. But, in no event shall the additional period extend more than 60 days beyond the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described above.

Option A

Employee Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Benefit: We'll pay the benefits described below if an employee suffers an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while he or she is insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses: Benefits will be only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	**Benefit**
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

(a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.

(b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment of Benefits: For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary of the employee's basic group term life insurance.

For all other covered losses, we pay the employee, if he or she is living. If not, we pay the beneficiary of the employee's basic group term life insurance.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

GP-1-R-ADCL1-00 P310.1053

Option A

Exclusions: We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide while sane;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by infection, except pyogenic infections which result from an accidental bodily injury or bacterial infections which result from the accidental ingestion of contaminated substances;
- by unintentional or nonvoluntary inhalation of gas or taking of poisons;
- by the employee taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if the employee is an instructor or crew member; or has any duties at all on that aircraft;

- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while the employee is a member of any armed force;
- while the employee is a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if he or she does not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by the employee's legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, the employee's operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by the employee's voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for the employee by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

Option A

Employee Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Choices: The employee may elect to be insured for any of the plans of employee voluntary accidental death and dismemberment (ADD) insurance offered by you. These plans are shown in the schedule. However, the employee can only be insured under one plan at a time. The employee must notify you of his or her election and pay the required premium.

The employee may switch to another plan of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. The employee must notify you of any desired switch.

The Benefit: We'll pay the benefits described below if an employee suffers an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while he or she is insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses: Benefits will be paid according to the plan the employee has elected, only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	**Benefit**
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

(a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.

(b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment of Benefits: For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary described below.

For all other covered losses, we pay the employee, if he or she is living. If not, we pay the beneficiary described below.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

The Beneficiary: The employee decides who gets this insurance if he or she dies. He or she should have named a beneficiary on his or her enrollment form. The employee can change his or her beneficiary at any time by giving us notice, unless he or she has assigned insurance. But the change won't take effect until we give you confirmation of the change.

If the employee named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, his or her insurance will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless the employee tells us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when the employee dies, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) his or her estate; (b) his or her spouse; (c) his or her parents; (d) his or her children; or (e) his or her brothers and sisters.

GP-1-R-ADCL1-00 P310.2089

Option A

Exclusions: We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide while sane;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by infection, except pyogenic infections which result from an accidental bodily injury or bacterial infections which result from the accidental ingestion of contaminated substances;
- by unintentional or nonvoluntary inhalation of gas or taking of poisons;
- by the employee taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if the employee is an instructor or crew member; or has any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while the employee is a member of any armed force;
- while the employee is a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if he or she does not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by the employee's legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, the employee's operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by the employee's voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for the employee by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

GP-1-R-ADCL2-00-MO P310.2024

Option A

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Benefit: We'll pay the benefits described below if a covered dependent suffers an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while he or she is insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses: Benefits will be paid only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

(a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.

(b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment of Benefits: For all covered losses, we pay the employee, if he or she is living. If the employee is not living, and the dependent was the employee's child, we pay the employee's spouse. If the employee's spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was the employee's spouse, we pay the spouse's estate.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

GP-1-R-DADCL1-00 P310.2096

Option A

Exclusions: We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide while sane;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by infection, except pyogenic infections which result from an accidental bodily injury or bacterial infections which result from the accidental ingestion of contaminated substances;
- by unintentional or nonvoluntary inhalation of gas or taking of poisons;
- by a dependent taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if the dependent is an instructor or crew member; or has any duties at all on that aircraft;

- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while the dependent is a member of any armed force;
- while the dependent is a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if he or she does not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by the dependent's legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, the dependent's operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by the dependent's voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for the dependent by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

Option A

ELIGIBILITY FOR DISABILITY INCOME REPLACEMENT COVERAGE

P329.0002

Option A

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the Conditions of Eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the plan, all of your employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if they are active full-time employees.

For purposes of this plan, we will treat partners and proprietors like employees if they meet this plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions of Eligibility

An employee is eligible for coverage if he or she is:

(a) legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

(b) regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:

  (i) the employer's place of business;

  (ii) some place where the employer's business requires the employee to travel; or

  (iii) any other place the employee and the employer have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

Temporary or seasonal employees are not eligible.

Employees earning less than $8667 annually are not eligible.

GP-1-EC-90-1.0 P329.0648

Option A

Enrollment Requirement: If an employee must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure him or her until he or she enrolls and agrees to make the required payments. If he or she does this: (a) more than 31 days after he or she first becomes eligible; or (b) after he or she previously had coverage which ended because he or she failed to make a required payment, we will ask for proof that he or she is insurable. And the employee won't be covered until we approve that proof in writing.

GP-1-EC-90-2.0 P264.0070

Option A

Family Status Change: The employee may request an increase in his or her voluntary disability insurance amount, a decrease to his or her voluntary disability insurance amount, or the addition of voluntary disability for which he or she was not previously insured, if a change in family status has occurred. The employee must request the change to his or her voluntary disability insurance in writing within 31 days after the date of the family status change as described below.

Family status change will include one or more of the following: (1) marriage or divorce; (2) death of a spouse or child; (3) birth or adoption of a child; (4) the employee's spouse's termination of employment or a change in his or her spouse's employment that results in the loss of group coverage. The term "marriage" may also refer to civil unions and domestic partnerships, as recognized by the jurisdiction in which he or she resides.

Proof of insurability is not required for the change to voluntary disability insurance due to family status change as long as the change to the employee's voluntary disability insurance does not exceed the guarantee issue amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Proof of insurability will be required on changes that exceed the guarantee issue amount and if proof was previously submitted and declined.

GP-1-EC-90-2.0 P329.0859

Option A

Proof of Insurability Requirements: Part or all of an employee's insurance amounts may be subject to proof that he or she is insurable. The Schedule of Insurance explains if and when we require proof. An employee won't be covered for any amount that requires such proof until he or she gives the proof to us and we approve that proof in writing.

An employee whose active full-time service ends before he or she meets any proof of insurability requirements that apply to him or her will still have to meet those requirements if he or she is later re-employed by you or an associated company.

GP-1-EC-90-3.0 P264.0066

Option A

The Waiting Period: Employees in an eligible class are eligible for disability income replacement insurance under this plan after they complete the service waiting period established by the employer, if any.

GP-1-EC-90-4.0 P329.0003

Option A

Multiple Employment: If an employee works for both you and a covered associated company, or for more than one covered associated company, we will treat him as if only one firm employs him. And such an employee will not have multiple coverage under this plan. But, if this plan uses the amount of an employee's earnings to set the rates, determine class, figure benefit amounts, or for any other reason, such employee's earnings will be figured as the sum of his earnings from all covered employers.

GP-1-EC-90-5.0 P180.0328

Option A

When Employee Coverage Starts

An employee must be fully capable of performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation for the employer on a full-time basis at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time for his or her place of residence on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. Also he or she must have met all of the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her. If an employee is not fully capable of performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation on his or her scheduled effective date, we will postpone the start of his or her coverage. We will postpone coverage until he or she is so capable and is working his or her regular numbers of hours for one full day, with the expectation that he or she could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if the employee was performing the major duties of his or her regular occupation and working his or her regular number of hours on his or her last regularly scheduled work day, that employee's coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which an employee must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if the employee is on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for the employee under a prior plan which this plan replaced.

Whether an employee must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, he or she must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments. If he or she does this on or before the eligibility date, or within 31 days of his or her eligibility date, coverage is scheduled to start on the eligibility date. However, if he or she elects to enroll and agrees to make the required payments more than 31 days after his or her eligibility date, his or her coverage won't start until he or she sends us proof that he or she is insurable. Once we've approved it, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of his or her application.

Any part of an employee's coverage which is subject to proof that he or she is insurable won't start unless he or she sends this proof to us, and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, that part of his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of his or her application.

GP-1-EC-90-6.0 P329.0212

Option A

Delayed Effective Date For Disability Coverage: With respect to this plan's disability insurance, if an employee is not actively at work on a full-time basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to sickness or injury, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active full-time service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on he date the employee returns to active full-time service.

GP-1-DEF-97 P329.0048

Option A for Class 0001

When Employee Coverage Ends

When Employee Coverage Ends: An employee's short term disability insurance under this plan will end on the first of the following dates:

- the date an employee's active full-time service ends for any reason, except as noted below under "Continuation of Coverage During Disability".
- the date an employee stops being an eligible employee under this plan.
- the date an employee is no longer working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.
- the date the group plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of employees to which the employee belongs.
- the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the employee.

Continuation of Coverage During Disability

If an employee is disabled, as defined by this plan, when his or her active full-time service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the plan; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this plan's pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the plan. However, if no benefits are payable under this plan due to application of the plan's exclusion for a job related injury or sickness, coverage will remain in force until the earlier of the date: (a) the employee is terminated from employment with the employer; or (b) the employee has been disabled for six months.

GP-1-EC-90-8.0 P329.0749

Option A for Class 0001

When Employee Coverage Ends

When Employee Coverage Ends: An employee's long term disability insurance under this plan will end on the first of the following dates:

- the date an employee's active full-time service ends for any reason.
- the date an employee stops being an eligible employee under this plan.
- the date an employee is no longer working in the United States, unless he or she is on a temporary assignment: (1) not exceeding one year in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State; or (2) for which we have agreed, in writing, to provide coverage.
- the date the group plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of employees to which the employee belongs.
- the last day of the period for which required payments are made for the employee.

However, if an employee is disabled, as defined by this plan when his or her active full-time service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the plan; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this plan's pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the plan.

GP-1-EC-90-8.0 P329.0243

Option A

An Employee's Right To Continue
Group Short Term And Long Term Disability Income Insurance
During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice: This section may not apply to your plan. The employee must contact you to find out if you must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Which Coverage Can Be Continued: Short Term Disability and Long Term Disability income coverage may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. The employee must contact you to find out if he or she may continue this coverage.

If An Employee's Group Insurance Would End: Group Short Term Disability and Long term Disability income insurance may normally end for an employee because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may continue his or her group short term disability income insurance coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends: Insurance may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date the employee returns to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to the employee to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the employee under this section for all reasons. If the employee takes an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which the Employer's Plan is terminated or the employee is no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions: As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.

- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

GP-1-EC-90-7.0 P329.0854

Option A

Definitions

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-1 P180.0155

Option A

Employee means a person who works for the employer at the employer's place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-3 P180.0311

Class 0001

Full-time means the employee regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his employer's place of business.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-4 P180.0158

Option A

Plan means the Guardian group plan purchased by the employer, except in the provision entitled "Coordination of Benefits" where "plan" has a special meaning. See that provision for details.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-6 P180.0160

Option A

Proof or Proof of Insurability means an application for insurance showing that a person is insurable.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-7 P180.0161

Option A

We, Us, Our and **Guardian** mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-9 P180.0163

Option A

You and **Your** means the employer who purchased this plan.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-10 P180.0164

Option A

Short Term Disability Income Insurance

This insurance replaces part of a covered person's income if he or she becomes *disabled* due to a covered *sickness* or *injury.* What we pay is governed by all the terms of this *plan.*

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this *plan.* Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start: To start getting payments from this *plan,* a covered person must meet all of the conditions listed below.

(a) he or she must: (i) become *disabled* while insured by this *plan;* and (ii) remain *disabled* and insured for this *plan's elimination period.*

(b) he or she must provide proof of loss, as described in this *plan's* Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the *elimination period,* subject to all *plan* terms.

A covered person can satisfy the *elimination period* while working, provided he or she is *disabled* as defined by this *plan.*

Waiver of Premium: We waive a covered person's premiums for this insurance while he or she is entitled to receive a *weekly benefit* payment from this *plan.*

When Payments End: A covered person's benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

(a) The date he or she is no longer *disabled.*

(b) The date he or she fails to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan.*

(c) The date he or she earns, or is able to earn, the maximum earnings allowed while *disabled* under this *plan.*

(d) The date he or she is able to perform the major duties of his or her *own job* on a full-time basis with *reasonable accommodation.*

(e) The date he or she has been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 2 months in a 12 month period.

(f) The date he or she dies.

(g) The end of the *maximum payment period.*

(h) The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this *plan* that limits the *maximum payment period.*

(i) The date he or she is no longer receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor.*

(j) The date payments end in accord with a *rehabilitation agreement.*

(k) The date he or she refuses to take part in a *rehabilitation program.*

Option A

Maximum Payment Period: The *maximum payment period* is the longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan* for a covered person's *disability.*

But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the date the covered person was first treated for the cause of his or her *disability;* and (b) the length of time the covered person has been insured by this *plan.* See the section entitled "Pre-Existing Conditions" and the Schedule of Benefits.

For *disability* due to *injury,* the *maximum payment period* is 13 weeks.

For *disability* due to *sickness,* the *maximum payment period* is 13 weeks.

Option A

Recurring Disability: Benefits from this *plan* end if a covered person ceases to be *disabled.* But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability,* if all of the terms listed below are met:

(a) The covered person must return to *active work* right after his or her benefits end;

(b) The *disability* must recur less than two weeks after the covered person was last entitled to benefits;

(c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of the covered person's earlier *disability;*

(d) This *plan* must not end during the covered person's return to *active work;*

(e) The covered person must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time he or she returns to *active work;*

(f) During the time the covered person returns to *active work,* he or she must: (i) stay insured by this *plan;* and (ii) premium payments must be made on his or her behalf; and

(g) The covered person's benefits must not have ended because he or she has used up the *maximum payment period.*

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability,* the covered person will not need to complete a new *elimination period.* The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later *disability* will be treated as a new period of *disability.* The covered person will be required to complete a new *elimination period.* The new period of *disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the new period of *disability* occurs.

Option A

Calculation of Weekly Benefit: A covered person's benefit is governed by the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date *disability* occurs. Any changes to this *plan* that take place: (a) while the covered person is *disabled;* or (b) during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability;* will not affect his or her benefit.

We calculate a covered person's *gross weekly benefit* according to the Schedule of Benefits.

From the covered person's *gross weekly benefit,* subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that he or she receives or is entitled to receive. The result is his or her *weekly benefit.*

Option A

Redetermination: This *plan* redetermines *insured earnings* for each covered person on the date a change in a covered person's *insured earnings* occurs. The *plan sponsor* must report updates to all covered persons' *insured earnings* as they occur. Changes to a covered person's *insured earnings* are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this *plan.* As of this *plan's* redetermination date, we use a covered person's *insured earnings* on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this *plan.* However, the covered person must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If he or she is not, we do not do this until the date he or she returns to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability.*

GP-1-STD07-4.1 P340.0041

Option A

Other Income Benefits: A covered person may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will reduce his or her *gross weekly benefit* by such other income benefits to determine his or her *weekly benefit* from this *plan.*

- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.

We integrate a covered person's *gross weekly benefit* with income shown above that he or she is entitled to receive without regard to the reason he or she is entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce a covered person's benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

Option A

Other Income Not Subject to Deduction: We will not reduce a covered person's *gross weekly benefit* by any income he or she receives or is entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA);
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan;*
- Military pension and disability plans;
- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance, or Paid Time Off plan.

Lump Sum Payments of Other Income: Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent weekly rate stated in the award into account when we determine a covered person's *weekly benefit.* If no weekly rate is given, we divide the lump sum payment by the number of calendar days in the period for which it was awarded. This will determine the daily rate. Then, multiply the daily rate by seven. The result is the prorated weekly rate.

Cost of Living Freeze: A covered person may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce his or her *weekly benefit* by the amount of such increase.

Application for Other Income: A covered person must apply for other income benefits to which he or she may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, the covered person must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify him or her that no further appeals are required.

If we feel the covered person is entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to him or her. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine the covered person's *weekly benefit.* But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if he or she signs our reimbursement

agreement. In this agreement the covered person promises: (a) to apply for any benefits for which he or she may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

If we do reduce the covered person's *gross weekly benefit* by an estimated amount, we will adjust his or her *weekly benefit* when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid the covered person, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist the covered person in applying for other income benefits.

GP-1-STD07-4.3 P340.0091

Option A

Adjustment of Weekly Benefit for Disability Earnings: We adjust the *weekly benefit* for *disability earnings* as follows.

We pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

We reduce a covered person's *weekly benefit* by 50% of his or her *disability earnings.*

Method 2:

(a) Subtract the covered person's *disability earnings* from his or her *insured earnings.*

(b) Divide the result in (a) above by the covered person's *insured earnings.*

(c) Multiply the result in (b) above by the covered person's *weekly benefit.* This is the amount we pay.

If a covered person's *disability earnings* fluctuate widely from week to week, we may adjust his or her *weekly benefit* using an average *disability earnings* amount. The average *disability earnings* amount will be computed using the covered person's most current week's *disability earnings* and the prior two weeks *disability earnings.*

Maximum Allowable Disability Earnings: This *plan* limits the amount of income a covered person may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled.*

If the covered person's *disability earnings* are more than 80% of his or her *insured earnings,* payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if he or she is able to earn more than 80% of his or her *insured earnings.*

GP-1-STD07-5.0 P340.0094

Option A

Minimum Payment: The minimum weekly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is the larger of: (a) 15% of the covered person's *gross weekly benefit;* or (b) $$25.00.

GP-1-STD07-5.1 P340.0648

Option A

Pre-Existing Conditions: A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness,* for which, in the look back period, a covered person received medical advice or treatment from a *doctor.*

The "look back period" is the 3 months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of the covered person's insurance under this *plan;* (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan;* and (c) the effective date of a change in the covered person's benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan.*

For any *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition, we limit the *maximum payment period* to 2 weeks; unless the *disability* starts after the date the covered person is insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

A covered person's *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan;* or (b) a change in his or her benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan.* In this case, the covered person's benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if the covered person's *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before the covered person's insurance under this *plan.*

Option A

Prior Coverage Credit: If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to a covered person. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan.

If the covered person: (a) was covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enrolls for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan's* effective date; and (c) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* but (d) has not fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit a covered person's *maximum weekly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum weekly benefit for which he or she was insured under the old plan; (b) he or she becomes *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum weekly benefit* to the amount the covered person would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

Option A

Exclusions: This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

(a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;

(b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;

(c) a covered person taking part in a riot or civil disorder;

(d) a covered person's commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which he or she has been convicted;

(e) the covered person's voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for him or her by a *doctor;* and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by the covered person's use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time;

(f) intentional self-inflicted injuries while sane; or

(g) job-related or on-the-job injury.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability:*

(1) during which the covered person is confined to a facility as a result of his or her conviction of a crime;

(2) during which the covered person is receiving medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;

(3) which starts before the covered person is insured by this *plan;* or

(4) during which the covered person's loss of earnings is not solely due to his or her *disability.*

Option A

Services

Rehabilitation and Case Management: We will review the covered person's *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help him or her return to *gainful work.* If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer the covered person a *rehabilitation program.* We have the right to suspend or end his or her *weekly benefit* if he or she does not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) the covered person; (2) us; and (3) the covered person's *employer,* if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

(a) vocational assessment of the covered person's work potential;

(b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for the covered person's return to work;

(c) consulting with the covered person's *doctor* on his or her return to work and need for accommodations;

(d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;

(e) retraining; and

(f) assistance with family care expenses a covered person incurs in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program.* (See the Dependent Care Expenses section of this *plan.)*

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If the covered person accepts the *rehabilitation agreement,* we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *weekly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *weekly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

(a) The date the covered person's benefits from this *plan* end;

(b) The date the covered person violates the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement;*

(c) The date the covered person ends the *rehabilitation program;* and

(d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If the covered person ends a *rehabilitation program* without our consent, he or she must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care Expenses: While a covered person is participating in a *rehabilitation program,* we will pay a dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) the covered person incurs expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;

(b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon the covered person for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and a covered person's: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with him or her in a regular parent-child relationship; or (c) a family member age 14 or over who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) $100 per week per qualified dependent; not to exceed $300 per week for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual weekly day care expense incurred by the covered person.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date the covered person is no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a *rehabilitation program;* or (c) entitled to receive a *weekly benefit* from this *plan.*

Option A

Worksite Modification Benefit: In order to accommodate a covered person's *disability,* an employer may incur a cost to modify his or her worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to $2,500 for the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable the covered person to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

Option A

Claim Provisions

Authority: We have the sole discretionary authority to: (a) interpret the terms of this *plan;* and (b) determine a covered person's eligibility for: (i) coverage; and (ii) benefits under the *plan.* All such determinations are conclusive and binding, except that they may be modified or reversed by a court or regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

Notice: A covered person must send us written notice of his or her intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." Failure to give notice within the time required will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

For details, the covered person can call Guardian at 1-800-268-2525.

Proof of Loss: When we receive a covered person's notice, we will provide him or her with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the *employer,* the covered person, and the *doctor(s)* treating the covered person for his or her *sickness* or *injury.* Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If the covered person does not receive a claim form within 15 days after we receive any notice of claim under this *plan,* he or she will be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this *plan* as to proof of loss upon submitting within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions," written proof covering the occurrence, character and extent of the loss for which the claim is made. He or she should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at the covered person's expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate the covered person's benefits.

(a) The date *disability* began;

(b) The covered person's last day of *active work;*

(c) The cause of *disability;*

(d) The extent of *disability,* including limitations and restrictions preventing the covered person from performing the material and substantial duties of his or her *own job.*

(e) If the covered person's occupation requires that he or she carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of *disability;*

(f) *Objective medical evidence* in support of the covered person's limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date *disability* began;

(g) The prognosis of *disability;*

(h) The name and address of all *doctors,* hospitals and health care facilities where the covered person has been treated for his or her *disability* since the date *disability* began;

(i) Proof that the covered person: (i) is currently; and (ii) has been receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor,* from the date *disability* began;

(j) Proof of *insured earnings,* and, if applicable, *disability earnings;*

(k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;

(l) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which the covered person may be entitled, that may affect his or her payment from this *plan;* and

(m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect the covered person's payment from this *plan.*

The covered person must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not him or herself, his or her spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of the covered person's W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from the covered person's employer(s); (3) copies of the covered person's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which the covered person holds an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Short Term Disability Claims Department
P.O. 14331
Lexington, KY 40512

Authorization Required: The covered person must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this *plan.* The covered person must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate the covered person's benefits.

Right to Request Medical, Financial or Vocational Assessment: We may ask a covered person to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the *plan* are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if the covered person postpones a scheduled assessment without our approval, the covered person will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If the covered person does not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend his or her payments under this *plan.*

Ongoing Proof of Loss: To continue to receive payments from this *plan,* a covered person must give us current proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 90 days of the date we request it. Failure to give such notice within such time will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits: We pay benefits to the covered person, if he or she is legally competent. If he or she is not, we pay benefits to the legal representative of his or her estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

We pay benefits on a biweekly basis at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan's elimination period.*

Benefits to which the covered person is entitled may remain unpaid at his or her death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) his or her estate; or (b) his or her spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Week Payment: A covered person may be *disabled* for only part of a week. In this case, we compute his or her payment as 1/7th of the benefit to which he or she would be entitled for the full week times the number of days he or she is *disabled.*

Overpayment Recovery: If we overpaid a covered person, he or she must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce his or her payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

Option A

Definitions

Active Work, Actively-At-Work or Actively Working: A covered person is able to perform and is performing all of the regular duties of his or her work for his or her *employer*, on a full- time basis at: (a) one of his or her *employer's* usual places of business; (b) some place where his or her *employer's* business requires him or her to travel; or (c) any other place he or she and his or her *employer* have agreed on for his or her work.

Option A

Disability or Disabled: These terms mean that a current *sickness* or *injury* causes physical or mental impairment to such a degree that the covered person is: (a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of his or her *own job* and (b) not able to earn more than this plan's maximum allowed *disability earnings.*

The covered person may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, he or she is not *disabled* if he or she is able to work for 40 hours per week.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute *disability* under this *plan.*

Option A

Disability Earnings: The weekly income a covered person earns from working while *disabled.* It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When the covered person has an ownership interest in the business, *disability earnings* also includes business profits, attributable to him or her, whether received or not. It includes any income the covered person earns while *disabled* and returns to his or her *employer,* partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If the covered person has the ability to work on a *part- time* or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date he or she: (a) has been terminated from employment with the *employer;* (b) has been *disabled* for 3 months in a row; or (c) has been offered a job or workplace modification by the *employer* and he or she does not return to work; *disability earnings* also includes *maximum capacity earnings.*

Doctor: Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period: The period of time a covered person must be *disabled,* due to a covered *disability,* before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which the covered person returns to work earning more than 80% of his or her *insured earnings* will not count toward the *elimination period.* If he or she is or becomes eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while he or she is working during the *elimination period,* he or she will not be entitled to benefits from this *plan.*

We do not require a covered person to complete an *elimination period* if: (a) he or she was covered under a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer on the day before this *plan* starts; (b) the covered person's *disability* would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer: The business entity that employs a covered person and is: (a) the *plan sponsor;* or (b) associated with the *plan sponsor.*

Gainful Occupation or Gainful Work: Work for which a covered person is qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. When a covered person is able to perform such work on a full-time basis, he or she can be expected to earn at least 80% of his or her *insured earnings* within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan: Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Weekly Benefit: This *plan's weekly benefit* before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Injury: A bodily *injury* due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while a covered person is insured by this *plan.* We will cover a *disability* caused by an *injury* when the *disability* starts within 90 days of the date of such *injury.*

Option A

Insured Earnings: Only a covered person's earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings.*

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of the covered person's *insured earnings* as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of his or her *disability.* See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan.*

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 52.

(a) His or her compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions;

(b) His or her non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on his or her Return; and

(c) His or her contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

The covered person may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, the covered person's earnings are based on the weekly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of weeks that he or she was a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average weekly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of the covered person's Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) the covered person's average weekly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Weekly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. The covered person may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average weekly net profit and average weekly contributions using the full number of weeks that he or she was a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of weekly earnings determined from his or her annual contract salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of weekly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the *employer* for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 52 or the number of weeks the covered person worked for the *employer* during such calendar year, if less than 52.

(a) his or her earned income as reported on the 1099 form.

(b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040.

Insured earnings also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means a covered person's base weekly salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

GP-1-STD07-12.13 P340.1097

Option A

Maximum Capacity Earnings: The income a covered person could earn if working to the fullest extent he or she is able to in his or her *own job.* We decide the fullest extent of work a covered person is able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) his or her treating *doctor;* (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to the covered person's *disability.*

Maximum Payment Period: The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan.*

Objective Medical Evidence: May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; and (c) medical records of a *doctor's* exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Job: A covered person's job for the *employer.* We use the job description provided by the *plan sponsor* to determine the duties and requirements of the covered person's *own job.*

GP-1-STD07-12.14 P340.0162

Option A

Part-Time: The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings.*

Plan Sponsor: The *employer,* association, union, trustee, or other group to which this *plan* is issued.

Reasonable Accommodation: Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place; that an *employer* willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a *disabled* person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the *employer.*

Recurring Disability: A later *disability* that: (a) is related to an earlier *disability* for which this *plan* paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and Appropriate Care: Means, with respect to a covered person's: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect his or her disabling condition; he or she (i) visits a *doctor* as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) is receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a *doctor(s)* whose specialty is most appropriate for the covered person's: (a) *disability;* and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect the covered person's disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation Agreement: A formal agreement between: (a) a covered person; (b) us; and (c) the covered person's *employer,* if needed. It outlines the *rehabilitation program* in which the covered person agrees to take part.

Rehabilitation Program: A program of work or job-related training for a covered person that we approve in writing. Its aim is to restore his or her wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan: A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the *employer's* deposits for a covered person's benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans.

Retirement Plan **"retirement benefits"** are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some *retirement plans* make payments for *disability* (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are *retirement benefits.* When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are **"disability benefits."**

Sickness: An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan.*

We, Us, and Guardian: The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Weekly Benefit: This *plan's gross weekly benefit* reduced by other income. If a covered person is working while *disabled,* his or her *weekly benefit* will be further reduced based on the amount of his or her *disability earnings.*

Option A

The GUARDIAN LIFE Insurance Company of AMERICA

A Mutual Life Insurance Company
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001
Incorporated 1860 By The Laws of The State of New York

Amendment to Group Policy No. G-00463298-HC

(To be attached to and made a part of the Group Insurance Policy)

The Policyholder and the Insurance Company hereby agree that Group Policy No. G- 00463298-HC is hereby amended as follows:

Amendment Effective: January 1, 2015

This rider amends this policy's short-term disability "pre-existing conditions" provision so that minimum and / or maximum ranges for numeric values in policy form GP-1-STD07-6.1-MO are as shown below.

Pre-Existing Conditions: A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness,* for which, in the look back period, a covered person received medical advice or treatment from a doctor.

The "look-back period" is the 3 months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of the covered person's insurance under this *plan;* (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan;* and (c) the effective date of a change in the covered person's benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan.*

For any disability: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition, we limit the *maximum payment period* to 2 weeks; unless the disability starts after the covered person is insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

A covered person's *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan;* or (b) a change in his or her benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan.* In this case, the covered person's benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not take place. But, this does not apply if the covered person's *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before the covered person's insurance under this *plan.*

* * * * *

The foregoing amendment shall form a part of said Group Policy, provided both the Policyholder and the Insurance Company have hereto applied their respective signatures, and is subject to the agreements and covenants therein contained.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , _____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

PLEASE RETAIN THIS COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

GUR-1 P341.0006

Option A

Long Term Disability Income Insurance

This insurance replaces part of a covered person's income if he or she becomes *disabled* due to a covered *sickness* or *injury.* What we pay is governed by all the terms of this *plan.*

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this *plan.* Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start: To start getting payments from this *plan,* a covered person must meet all of the conditions listed below.

(a) he or she must: (i) become *disabled* while insured by this *plan;* and (ii) remain *disabled* and insured for this *plan's elimination period .*

(b) he or she must provide proof of loss, as described in this *plan's* Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the *elimination period,* subject to all *plan* terms.

A covered person can satisfy the *elimination period* while working, provided he or she is *disabled* as defined by this *plan.*

Waiver of Premium: We waive a covered person's premiums for this insurance and for short term disability insurance, if included in the *plan sponsor's* plan of insurance while he or she is entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* payment from this *plan.*

When Payments End: A covered person's benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

(a) The date he or she is no longer *disabled.*

(b) The date he or she fails to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan.*

(c) The date he or she has been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 2 months in a 12 month period.

(d) The date he or she dies.

(e) The end of the *maximum payment period.*

(f) The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this *plan* that limits the *maximum payment period.*

(g) The date he or she is no longer receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor.*

(h) The date payments end in accord with a *rehabilitation agreement.*

(i) The date he or she refuses to take part in a *rehabilitation program.*

Option A

Maximum Payment Period: The *maximum payment period* is the longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan* for a covered person's *disability.* It is determined by the table shown below.

But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the nature of the covered person's *disability;* (b) the date the covered person was first treated for the cause of his or her *disability;* and (c) the length of time the covered person has been insured by this *plan.* See "Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period" and "Pre-Existing Conditions."

For a *disability* starting before the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	65 and 2 months
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a *disability* starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	5.00 years
Age 61	4.00 years
Age 62	3.50 years
Age 63	3.00 years
Age 64	2.50 years
Age 65	2.00 years
Age 66	1.75 years
Age 67	1.50 years
Age 68	1.25 years
Age 69 or older	1.00 year

But if an employee whose *disability* starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he or she reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend the *maximum Payment* period until He or she reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

Option A

Recurring Disability: Benefits from this *plan* end if a covered person ceases to be *disabled.* But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability,* if all of the terms listed below are met:

(a) The covered person must return to *active work* right after his or her benefits end;

(b) The *disability* must recur less than six months after the covered person was last entitled to benefits;

(c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of the covered person's earlier *disability;*

(d) This *plan* must not end during the covered person's return to *active work;*

(e) The covered person must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time he or she returns to *active work;*

(f) During the time the covered person returns to *active work,* he or she must: (i) stay insured by this *plan;* and (ii) premium payments must be made on his or her behalf; and

(g) The covered person's benefits must not have ended because he or she has used up the *maximum payment period.*

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability,* the covered person will not need to complete a new *elimination period.* The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later *disability* will be treated as a new period of *disability.* The covered person will be required to complete a new *elimination period.* The new period of *disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the new period of *disability* occurs.

GP-1-LTD07-3.0 P383.0054

Option A

Calculation of Monthly Benefit: A covered person's benefit is governed by the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date *disability* occurs. Any changes to this *plan* that take place: (a) while the covered person is *disabled;* or (b) during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability;* will not affect his or her benefit.

We calculate a covered person's *gross monthly benefit* according to the Schedule of Benefits.

From the covered person's *gross monthly benefit,* subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that he or she receives or is entitled to receive. The result is his or her *monthly benefit.*

GP-1-LTD07-4.0 P383.0055

Option A

Redetermination: This plan redetermines *insured earnings* for each covered person on the date a change in a covered person's *insured earnings* occurs. The *plan sponsor* must report updates to all covered persons' *insured earnings* as they occur. Changes to a covered person's *insured earnings* are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this *plan.* As of this *plan's* redetermination date, we use a covered person's *insured earnings* on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this *plan.* However, the covered person must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If he or she is not, we do not do this until the date he or she returns to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability.*

GP-1-LTD07-4.1 P383.0057

Option A

Other Income Benefits: A covered person may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will reduce his or her *gross monthly benefit* by such other income benefits to determine his or her *monthly benefit* from this *plan.*

- Commissions or monies from the *employer:* (1) received; (2) payable but deferred; or (3) paid after *disability* benefits start. This includes: (a) vested and nonvested renewal commissions; (b) bonuses; (c) royalties; and (d) other distributions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the *plan sponsor;* or (2) the *employer.* This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to the covered person's *disability.* This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance or Paid Time Off plan, but only to the extent that such income plus the amount of the covered person's *gross monthly benefit* is more than 100% of his or her *insured earnings.* This applies whether such plan is sponsored on a formal or informal basis. This includes donated, lump sum and recurrent payments of accrued sick leave benefits. But, if a covered person is working while *disabled,* we will account for such income as described in this *plan's* "Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for Disability Earnings".
- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.

  (a) All disability benefits for which: (i) the covered person is entitled; and (ii) his or her spouse and children are entitled due to the covered person's disability;

  (b) All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) the covered person is entitled; and (ii) his or her spouse and children are entitled due to the covered person's entitlement; and

  (c) All reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) the covered person; and (ii) his or her spouse and children due to the covered person's receipt of such benefits.

We do not reduce the covered person's *gross monthly benefit* by the retirement benefits described in (b) and (c) above, to the extent that the covered person and his or her dependents were entitled to receive such income prior to the start of disability. We will reduce the *gross monthly benefit* by marginal increases in such income the covered person and his or her dependents were entitled to receive after *disability* begins.

We will reduce the covered person's *gross monthly benefit* by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above, net of attorney fees approved by the Social Security Administration.

We will reduce the covered person's *gross monthly benefit* by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above to which his or her spouse and children are entitled due to the covered person's receipt of, or entitlement for, disability benefits. We do this without regard to: (a) his or her marital status; (b) where he or she lives; (c) where his or her spouse lives; (d) where his or her child lives; or (e) any custody arrangements made on behalf of his or her child.

- Income of the type that is included in a covered person's *insured earnings* for purposes of determining his or her *gross monthly benefit* under this *plan.*
- That portion of *retirement plan retirement benefits* which the *employer* funds.
- That portion of *retirement plan disability benefits* which the *employer* funds.
- *Retirement benefits* or *retirement plan disability benefits,* due to the covered person's disability, from

any *government plan* other than those shown above.

- Payment or settlement, with or without admission of liability, from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure. If the covered person receives a payment net of attorney fees approved by the Workers' Compensation Board or similar authority, we reduce our benefit by the net payment.
- Unemployment compensation benefits.
- Payment from the covered person's *employer* as part of a termination or severance agreement.

We integrate a covered person's *gross monthly benefit* with income shown above that he or she is entitled to receive without regard to the reason he or she is entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce a covered person's benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

Option A

Other Income Not Subject to Deduction: We will not reduce a covered person's *gross monthly benefit* by any income he or she receives or is entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA);
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan;*
- Military pension and disability plans;

Lump Sum Payments of Other Income: Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent monthly rate stated in the award into account when we determine a covered person's *monthly benefit.* If no monthly rate is given, we pro-rate the lump sum over the lesser of: (a) 60 months; or (b) the expected remaining number of months for which the covered person would be entitled to benefits from this *plan,* based on the proof of loss submitted to us.

Cost of Living Freeze: A covered person may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce his or her *monthly benefit* by the amount of such increase.

Application for Other Income: A covered person must apply for other income benefits to which he or she may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, the covered person must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify him or her that no further appeals are required.

If we feel the covered person is entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to him or her and his or her spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine the covered person's *monthly benefit.* But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if he

or she signs our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement the covered person promises: (a) to apply for any benefits for which he or she may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

If we do reduce the covered person's *gross monthly benefit* by an estimated amount, we will adjust his or her *monthly benefit* when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid the covered person, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist the covered person in applying for other income benefits.

Option A

Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for Disability Earnings: We adjust the *monthly benefit* for *disability earnings* as follows.

For each of the first 12 months of payments, following the date the covered person first has *disability earnings,* add his or her *gross monthly benefit* and his or her *disability earnings.*

(a) If the sum is not more than 100% of the covered person's indexed *insured earnings,* we do not reduce his or her *monthly benefit.*

(b) If the sum is more than 100% of the covered person's indexed *insured earnings,* we reduce his or her *monthly benefit* by the amount over 100% of his or her indexed *insured earnings.*

For each month thereafter, we pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

(a) If the covered person's *disability earnings* are less than 20% of his or her indexed *insured earnings,* we do not reduce his or her *monthly benefit.*

(b) If the covered person's *disability earnings* are 20% or more of his or her indexed *insured earnings,* we reduce his or her *monthly benefit* by 50% of his or her *disability earnings.*

Method 2:

(a) Subtract the covered person's *disability earnings* from his or her indexed *insured earnings.*

(b) Divide the result in (a) above by the covered person's indexed *insured earnings.*

(c) Multiply the result in (b) above by the covered person's *monthly benefit.* This is the amount we pay.

If a covered person's *disability earnings* fluctuate widely from month to month, we may adjust his or her *monthly benefit* using an average *disability earnings* amount. The average *disability earnings* amount will be computed using the covered person's most current month's *disability earnings* and the prior two months *disability earnings.*

Maximum Allowable Disability Earnings: This *plan* limits the amount of income a covered person may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled.*

If the covered person's *disability earnings* are more than the limit shown below , payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if he or she is able to earn more than the limit shown below:

(a) During the *elimination period* and the *own occupation* period, the limit is 80% of the covered person's indexed *insured earnings.*

(b) After this *plan* has paid benefits for 36 months in a row, the limit is 60% of the covered person's indexed *insured earnings.*

Option A

Indexing: We apply an indexing factor to a covered person's *insured earnings* on the date he or she has received 12 consecutive monthly payments and each anniversary thereafter. This factor increases the amount of income the covered person may earn and still be considered *disabled.* This adjustment does not increase his or her *gross monthly benefit, monthly benefit,* or any other benefit under this *plan.*

To make the first adjustment, we multiply the covered person's *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for that year. To make adjustments in each later year, we multiply the amount of his or her last indexed *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for the current year.

The indexing factor is the lesser of: (a) 10%; or (b) one-half of the *CPI-W* from the prior December.

Minimum Payment: The minimum monthly payment for *disability* under this *Plan* is the larger of: (a) 15% of the covered person's *gross monthly benefit;* or (b) $100.00. The minimum monthly payment does not apply if the covered person is working while *disabled.*

Option A

Limitations and Exclusions

Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period: We limit the *maximum payment period,* if the covered person is *disabled* due to: (a) a *mental illness;* (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below. However, if the covered person has a coexistent condition, not subject to the limitations in this section, which is *disabling* in and of itself, we will not limit benefits as described below.

The *maximum payment period* for all periods of *disability* due to: (a) a *mental illness;* (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below is 24 months. This is a combined maximum for all such conditions and all periods of *disability.*

The specific conditions subject to a limited *maximum payment period* include the following:

- Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders including, but not limited to:
  - Sprains or strains of joints and muscles
  - Soft tissue conditions
  - Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
  - Fibromyalgia
- Chronic fatigue conditions including, but not limited to:
  - Chronic fatigue syndrome
  - Chronic fatigue immunodeficiency syndrome
  - Epstein-barr syndrome
- Chemical and environmental sensitivities
- Headache
- Chronic pain, Myofascial pain
- Gastro-esophageal reflux disorder
- Irritable bowel syndrome
- Vestibular dysfunction, vertigo, dizziness

This limitation will not apply to disabilities caused or contributed to by the following conditions:

- Arthritis
- Ruptured intervertebral discs

- Spinal fractures
- Osteopathies
- Spinal tumors, malignancy or vascular malformations
- Radiculopathies, documented by EMG
- Spondylolisthesis, Grade II or higher
- Myelopathies
- Demyelinating diseases
- Traumatic spinal cord necrosis

No benefits will be paid for *disability* due to a *mental illness* or drug or alcohol abuse if the covered person is not receiving treatment for the cause of the *disability* from a provider, or in a facility that is licensed by the state to provide treatment for such condition.

If payments under this *plan* would end due to the limits in this section, we may extend such payments, as shown below. But, the covered person must meet all of the following conditions: (a) he or she must be *disabled* due to a condition named above; (b) he or she must be an inpatient in a qualified institution because of his or her *disability;* and (c) he or she must have been treated as an inpatient for at least 14 days in a row. In such case, we extend payments until the earliest of: (i) 90 days from the date of his or her discharge; (ii) the end of this *plan's maximum payment period;* or (iii) the date his or her *disability* ends.

The term "qualified institution" means a legally operated hospital or other public or private facility licensed to provide inpatient medical care and treatment for the cause of the covered person's *disability*.

GP-1-LTD07-6.0 P383.1086

Option A

Pre-Existing Conditions: A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness,* for which, in the look back period, a covered person received medical advice or treatment from a *doctor.*

The "look back period" is the three months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of the covered person's insurance under this *plan;* (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan;* and (c) the effective date of a change in the covered person's benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan.*

No benefits are payable for *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition; unless the *disability* starts after the date the covered person is insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

A covered person's *disability:* (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan;* or (b) a change in his or her benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan.* In this case, the covered person's benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if the covered person's *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before the covered person's insurance under this *plan.*

GP-1-LTD07-6.1-MO P383.1100

Option A

Prior Coverage Credit: If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to a covered person. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre- existing condition provision of the old plan.

If the covered person: (a) was covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enrolls for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan's* effective date; and (c) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan;* but (d) has not fulfilled the requirements of any pre- existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit a covered person's *maximum monthly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum monthly benefit for which he or she was insured under the old plan; (b) he or she becomes *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum monthly benefit* to the amount the covered person would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

GP-1-LTD07-6.2 P383.0243

Option A

Exclusions: This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

(a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;

(b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;

(c) a covered person taking part in a riot or civil disorder;

(d) a covered person's commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which he or she has been convicted;

(e) the covered person's voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for him or her by a *doctor;* and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by the covered person's use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time; or

(f) intentional self-inflicted injuries while sane.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability:*

(1) during which the covered person is confined to a facility as a result of his or her conviction of a crime;

(2) during which the covered person is receiving medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;

(3) which starts before the covered person is insured by this *plan;* or

(4) during which the covered person's loss of earnings is not solely due to his or her *disability.*

GP-1-LTD07-7.0 P383.1925

Option A

Services

Social Security Assistance: This *plan* requires all *disabled* covered persons to apply for Social Security benefits. (See the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan* .) If we believe a covered person to be eligible for such benefits, we may offer to assist him or her in applying for them. Receiving Social Security benefits will protect a covered person's earnings record for retirement and enable him or her to qualify for Medicare coverage after 24 months.

Services we can provide include:

(a) Help in completing the covered person's application for such benefits, and any related forms;

(b) Assistance finding suitable legal counsel; and

(c) Copies of medical and vocational data needed to file the covered person's claim.

We may also provide these and other services if a covered person's benefits are under review for possible termination by the Social Security Administration.

The covered person must apply for all income benefits for which he or she may be eligible, whether or not he or she uses our help. Using our help does not cancel the covered person's duties shown in the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan.*

Rehabilitation and Case Management: We will review the covered person's *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help him or her return to *gainful work.* If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer the covered person a *rehabilitation program.* We have the right to suspend or end his or her *monthly benefit* if he or she does not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) the covered person; (2) us; and (3) the covered person's *employer,* if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

(a) vocational assessment of the covered person's work potential;

(b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for the covered person's return to work;

(c) consulting with the covered person's *doctor* on his or her return to work and need for accommodations;

(d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;

(e) retraining; and

(f) assistance with family care expenses a covered person incurs in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program.* (See the "Dependent Care Expenses" section of this *plan.)*

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If the covered person accepts the *rehabilitation agreement,* we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *monthly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *monthly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

(a) The date the covered person's benefits from this *plan* end;

(b) The date the covered person violates the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement;*

(c) The date the covered person ends the *rehabilitation program;* and

(d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If the covered person ends a *rehabilitation program* without our consent, he or she must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care Expenses: While a covered person is participating in a *rehabilitation program,* we will pay a dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) the covered person incurs expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;

(b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon the covered person for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and a covered person's: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with him or her in a regular parent-child relationship; or (c) a family member age 14 or over who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself; or (c) a family member age 14 or over who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) $350 per month per qualified dependent; not to exceed $1,000 per month for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual monthly day care expense incurred by the covered person.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date the covered person is no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a *rehabilitation program;* or (c) entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from this *plan.*

GP-1-LTD07-8.0 P383.2133

Option A

Worksite Modification Benefit: In order to accommodate a covered person's *disability,* an employer may incur a cost to modify his or her worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to $2,500 for the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable the covered person to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

GP-1-LTD07-8.1 P383.0252

Option A

Early Intervention Services: This *plan* includes Early Intervention services as part of our disability management program. The intent of these services is to: (a) assist *disabled* persons in reaching better outcomes; and (b) support the *employer's* absence management goals by promoting stay-at work and return-to work agendas where possible.

The key to success of an early intervention program is prompt notification of work absences which have the potential to exceed this *plan's elimination period.* With prompt notification, we are able to more effectively manage the potential claim.

When a covered person is *disabled* from one of the conditions listed below, a long term disability claim form should be completed as soon as possible following the date of *disability.* To facilitate an immediate intervention, the form should be submitted to us within one week of the date the covered person's *disability* begins.

- Chronic fatigue conditions, including Epstein-barr syndrome
- *Mental illness*
- repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
- Fibromyalgia
- Back pain/strain
- Neck pain/strain
- Chronic pain
- Diabetes
- Cardiovascular conditions

Upon receipt of the completed claim form, we will determine whether the claim is appropriate for Early Intervention services. The covered person will be notified of our decision. Examples of services, which we may provide, at our discretion, include, but are not limited to: (a) job accommodation; (b) ergonomic adjustments to workstations; (c) proactive case management consultations with a *disabled* covered person's *doctor* or other providers of medical care.

GP-1-LTD07-8.2 P383.0254

Option A

The Survivor Benefit: We may pay a survivor benefit if a covered person dies after he or she: (a) had been *disabled* for at least six months in a row; and (b) was entitled to receive at least one full *monthly benefit.* When we receive proof of the covered person's death, we pay his or her eligible survivor a lump sum benefit.

We pay a benefit equal to 3 times the amount of the covered person's last *monthly benefit* after it is reduced by *disability earnings.* But, we first apply such benefit to reduce any overpayment he or she may owe us.

If the covered person has no eligible survivor, no survivor benefit is paid.

The covered person's eligible survivor is his or her spouse, if living.

If the covered person's spouse is not living, his or her eligible survivor is his or her: (a) unmarried child under age 20; and (b) unmarried child under age 26 who is enrolled as a full-time student at an accredited school. If there is more than one such child when the covered person dies, this benefit will be paid to each child in equal shares.

Accelerated Survivor Benefit: If a covered person has a terminal illness, we may accelerate payment of this *plan's* survivor benefit.

For purposes of the accelerated survivor benefit, a terminal illness means a medical condition that is expected to result in the covered person's death within 6 months.

To receive an accelerated survivor benefit, the covered person must: (a) be entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from this *plan;* (b) request this benefit in writing; and (c) provide written proof of terminal illness from a *doctor.* However, we will not pay an accelerated survivor benefit if there are less than 6 months remaining in the *maximum benefit period.*

If the covered person elects to receive an accelerated survivor benefit, no survivor benefit is payable upon his or her death.

GP-1-LTD07-9.1 P383.0271

Option A

Claim Provisions

Authority: We have the sole discretionary authority to: (a) interpret the terms of this *plan;* and (b) determine a covered person's eligibility for: (i) coverage; and (ii) benefits under the *plan.* All such determinations are conclusive and binding, except that they may be modified or reversed by a court or regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

Notice: A covered person must send us written notice of his or her intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." Failure to give notice within the time required will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

For details, the covered person can call Guardian at 1-800-538-4583.

Proof of Loss: When we receive a covered person's notice, we will provide him or her with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the *employer,* the covered person, and the *doctor(s)* treating the covered person for his or her *sickness* or *injury.* Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If the covered person does not receive a claim form within 15

days after we receive any notice of claim under this *plan,* he or she will be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this *plan* as to proof of loss upon submitting within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions," written proof covering the occurrence, character and extent of the loss for which the claim is made. He or she should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at the covered person's expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate the covered person's benefits.

(a) The date *disability* began;

(b) The covered person's last day of *active work;*

(c) The cause of *disability;*

(d) The extent of *disability,* including limitations and restrictions preventing the covered person from performing the material and substantial duties of his or her *own occupation;*

(e) If the covered person's occupation requires that he or she carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of *disability;*

(f) *Objective medical evidence* in support of the covered person's limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date *disability* began;

(g) The prognosis of *disability;*

(h) The name and address of all *doctors,* hospitals and health care facilities where the covered person has been treated for his or her *disability* since the date *disability* began;

(i) Proof that the covered person: (i) is currently; and (ii) has been receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor,* from the date *disability* began;

(j) Proof of *insured earnings,* and, if applicable, *disability earnings;*

(k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;

(l) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which the covered person may be entitled, that may affect his or her payment from this *plan;* and

(m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect the covered person's payment from this *plan.*

The covered person must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not him or herself, his or her spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of the covered person's W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from the covered person's employer(s); (3) copies of the covered person's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which the covered person holds an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Long Term Disability Claims Department
P.O. 14331
Lexington, KY 40512

Authorization Required: The covered person must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this *plan.* The covered person must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate the covered person's benefits.

Right to Request Medical, Financial or Vocational Assessment: We may ask a covered person to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the *plan* are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if the covered person postpones a scheduled assessment without our approval, the covered person will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If the covered person does not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend his or her payments under this *plan.*

Ongoing Proof of Loss: To continue to receive payments from this *plan,* a covered person must give us current proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 90 days of the date we request it. Failure to give such notice within such time will not invalidate or reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to give such notice and that notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits: We pay benefits to the covered person, if he or she is legally competent. If he or she is not, we pay benefits to the legal representative of his or her estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

We pay benefits once each month at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan's elimination period.*

Benefits to which the covered person is entitled may remain unpaid at his or her death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) his or her estate; or (b) his or her spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Month Payment: A covered person may be *disabled* for only part of a month. In this case, we compute his or her payment as 1/30th of the benefit to which he or she would be entitled for the full month times the number of days he or she is *disabled.* Payment will not be made for more than 30 days in any month.

Overpayment Recovery: If we overpaid a covered person, he or she must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce his or her payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

Option A

Definitions

Active Work, Actively-At-Work or Actively Working: A covered person is able to perform and is performing all of the regular duties of his or her work for his or her *employer*, on a full- time basis at: (a) one of his or her *employer's* usual places of business; (b) some place where his or her *employer's* business requires him or her to travel; or (c) any other place he or she and his or her *employer* have agreed on for his or her work.

CPI-W: That part of the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index that measures the relative value of the cost of a typical urban wage earner's purchase of certain goods and services. If the Department of Labor stops publishing the *CPI-W,* we have the right to use some other similar standard.

GP-1-LTD07-12.0 P383.0101

Option A

Disability or Disabled: These terms mean a covered person meets either the Occupation Test or the Earnings Test as explained below.

Occupation Test of Disability

A covered person meets this test if he or she: (a) is not working in any occupation; and (b) has a current *sickness* or *injury* which causes physical or mental impairment to such a degree that:

(1) During the *elimination period* and the *own occupation* period, he or she is not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of his or her *own occupation.*

(2) After the end of the *own occupation* period, he or she is not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the material and substantial duties of any *gainful work.*

A covered person will not meet this test, if he or she is able to perform the material and substantial duties of: (a) his or her *own occupation;* or (b) any gainful work; with reasonable accommodation.

Earnings Test of Disability

For any month in which the covered person is working, he or she may meet this test, if: (a) he or she has a current sickness or injury which causes physical or mental impairment; and (b) such impairment causes the covered person to be unable to earn more than this *plan's* maximum allowable disability earnings, in any occupation for which he or she is qualified by education, training or experience.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute *disability* under this *plan.*

GP-1-LTD07-12.8-MO P383.1112

Option A

Disability Earnings: The monthly income a covered person earns from working while *disabled.* It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When the covered person has an ownership interest in the business, *disability earnings* also includes business profits, attributable to him or her, whether received or not. It includes any income the covered person earns while *disabled* and returns to his or her *employer,* partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If the covered person has the ability to work on a *part-time* or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date he or she: (a) has been terminated from employment with the *employer;* (b) has been *disabled* for 12 months in a row; or (c) has been offered a job or workplace modification by the *employer* and he or she does not return to work; *disability earnings* also includes *maximum capacity earnings.*

Doctor: Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period: The period of time a covered person must be *disabled,* due to a covered *disability,* before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which the covered person returns to work earning more than 80% of his or her *insured earnings* will not count toward the *elimination period.* If he or she is or becomes eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while he or she is working during the *elimination period,* he or she will not be entitled to benefits from this *plan.*

We do not require a covered person to complete an elimination period if: (a) he or she was covered under a similar income replacement plan the plan sponsor had with another insurer on the day before this plan starts; (b) the covered person's disability would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer: The business entity that employs a covered person and is: (a) the plan sponsor; or (b) associated with the plan sponsor.

Gainful Occupation or Gainful Work: Work for which a covered person is qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. When a covered person is able to perform such work on a full-time basis, he or she can be expected to earn at least 60% of his or her indexed insured earnings within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan: Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Monthly Benefit: This plan's monthly benefit before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Injury: A bodily injury due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while a covered person is insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an injury when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such injury.

Option A

Insured Earnings: Only a covered person's earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings.*

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of the covered person's *insured earnings* as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of his or her *disability.* See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan.*

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 12.

(a) His or her compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions;

(b) His or her non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on his or her Return; and

(c) His or her contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

The covered person may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, the covered person's earnings are based on the monthly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of months that he or she was a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average monthly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of the covered person's Federal Income Tax Returns, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) the covered person's average monthly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Monthly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. The covered person may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average monthly net profit and average monthly contributions using the full number of months that he or she was a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of monthly earnings determined from his or her annual contract salary. Insured earnings also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of monthly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the *employer* for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 12 or the number of months the covered person worked for the *employer* during such calendar year, if less than 12.

(a) his or her earned income as reported on the 1099 form.

(b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040.

Insured earnings also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means a covered person's base monthly salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

Option A

Maximum Capacity Earnings: During the *own occupation* period, the income a covered person could earn if working to the fullest extent he or she is able to in his or her own occupation. After the *own occupation* period, the income a covered person could earn if working to the fullest extent he or she is able to in any *gainful occupation.* We decide the fullest extent of work a covered person is able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) his or her treating *doctor;* (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to the covered person's *disability.*

Maximum Payment Period: The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan.*

Mental Illness: Means any mental disorder, regardless of cause, listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) currently in use by the American Psychiatric Association (APA). If the APA stops publishing the DSM, we have the right to use some other similar standard. A *mental illness* may be: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) result in; physical, biological or chemical factors or symptoms. For purposes of this *plan, mental illness* does not include: (a) irreversible dementia caused by Alzheimer's disease, stroke, trauma or viral infection; or (b) any other condition not typically treated by a psychiatrist, clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health practitioner with psychotherapy or psychotropic drugs.

Monthly Benefit: This *plan's gross monthly benefit* reduced by other income. If a covered person is working while *disabled,* his or her *monthly benefit* will be further reduced based on the amount of his or her *disability earnings.*

Objective Medical Evidence: May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; and (c) medical records of a *doctor's* exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Occupation: Means the occupation: (a) the covered person is routinely performing immediately prior to *disability;* (b) which is the covered person's primary source of income prior to *disability;* and (c) for which he or she is insured under this *plan.* Occupation includes any employment, trade or profession that are related in terms of similar: (i) tasks; (ii) functions; (ii) skills; (iv) abilities; (v) knowledge; (vi) training; and (vii) experience; required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation in the general labor market in the national economy. Occupation is not specific to a certain employer or a certain location.

Option A

Part-Time: The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings* during the *own occupation* period and between 40% and 60% of *insured earnings* after the *own occupation* period.

Plan Sponsor: The *employer,* association, union, trustee, or other group to which this *plan* is issued.

Reasonable Accommodation: Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place; that an employer willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a *disabled* person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the employer.

Recurring Disability: A later *disability* that: (a) is related to an earlier *disability* for which this *plan* paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and Appropriate Care: Means, with respect to a covered person's: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect his or her disabling condition; he or she(i) visits a *doctor* as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) is receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a *doctor(s)* whose specialty is most appropriate for the covered person's: (a) *disability;* and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect the covered person's disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation Agreement: A formal agreement between: (a) a covered person; (b) us; and (c) the covered person's *employer,* if needed. It outlines the *rehabilitation program* in which the covered person agrees to take part.

Rehabilitation Program: A program of work or job-related training for a covered person that we approve in writing. Its aim is to restore his or her wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan: A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the *employer's* deposits for a covered person's benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans. *Retirement Plan* **"retirement benefits"** are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some *retirement plans* make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are *retirement benefits.* When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are **"disability benefits."**

Sickness: An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan.*

We, Us, and Guardian: The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Option A

ELIGIBILITY FOR VISION CARE EXPENSE COVERAGE

P505.0053

Option A

EMPLOYEE COVERAGE

Eligible Employees

Subject to the Conditions of Eligibility set forth below, and to all of the other conditions of the plan, all of your employees who are in an eligible class will be eligible if: (a) they are active full-time employees; or (b) qualified retirees.

For purposes of this plan, we will treat partners and proprietors like employees if they meet this plan's conditions of eligibility.

Conditions of Eligibility

Full-time Requirement: We won't insure an employee unless he or she is an active full-time employee, or a qualified retiree.

GP-1-EC-90-1.0 P180.0173

Option A

Vision Enrollment Requirement: An employee must enroll and agree to make required payments within 31 days of his or her eligibility date. If he or she fails to do so, he or she can't enroll until this plan's next vision open enrollment period.

This plan's vision open enrollment period occurs from November 1st to November 30th of each year.

Once an employee enrolls in this plan, he or she can't drop his or her vision coverage until this plan's next vision open enrollment period. And if he or she drops his or her vision coverage, he or she can't enroll again until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the employee initially waived vision coverage under this plan because he or she was covered for vision care benefits under another group plan, and he or she wishes to enroll in this plan because his or her coverage under the other plan ends, he or she may do so without waiting until the next vision open enrollment period. However, his or her coverage under the other plan must have ended due to one of the following events: (a) termination of a spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under a spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of a spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan. But the employee must enroll in this plan within 30 days of the date that any of these events occur.

GP-1-EC-90-2.0 P505.0070

Class 0001

The Waiting Period: Employees in an eligible class are eligible for insurance under this plan after they complete the service waiting period established by the employer, if any.

GP-1-EC-90-4.0 P180.0936

Option A

Multiple Employment: If an employee works for both you and a covered associated company, or for more than one covered associated company, we will treat him as if only one firm employs him. And such an employee will not have multiple coverage under this plan. But, if this plan uses the amount of an employee's earnings to set the rates, determine class, figure benefit amounts, or for any other reason, such employee's earnings will be figured as the sum of his earnings from all covered employers.

GP-1-EC-90-5.0 P180.0328

Option A for Class 0001

When Employee Coverage Starts

An employee must be actively at work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start. And he or she must have met all of the conditions of eligibility which apply to him or her . If an employee is not actively at work on his or her scheduled effective date, we will postpone the start of his or her coverage until he or she returns to active work.

Sometimes, a scheduled effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But an employee's coverage will start on that date if he or she was actively at work, and working his or her regular number of hours, on his or her last regularly scheduled work day.

The scheduled effective date of an employee's coverage is as follows:

- If an employee must pay part of the cost of employee coverage, then he or she must elect to enroll and agree to make the required payments. If he or she does this on or before the eligibility date, or within 31 days of the eligibility date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on his or her eligibility date. If he or she does this more than 31 days after his or her eligibility date, his or her coverage is scheduled to start on the date he or she signs his or her enrollment form.
- On non-contributory plans, subject to all the terms of this plan, an employee's coverage is scheduled to start on his or her eligibility date.

GP-1-EC-90-6.0 P505.0605

Option A for Class 0001

When Employee Coverage Ends

When Employee Coverage Ends: Except as explained in the "When Active Service Ends" section of this plan, an employee's insurance will end on the first of the following dates:

- the last day of the month in which an employee's active full-time service ends for any reason other than disability. Such reasons include retirement (except for qualified retirees), layoff, leave of absence or the end of employment.
- the date an employee dies.
- the date the group plan ends, or is discontinued for a class of employees to which the employee belongs; or
- the day prior to the last premium due date for which required payments are made for the employee.
- the last day of the month in which an employee stops being an eligible employee under this plan for any reason not named above.

Also, an employee may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time after his or her coverage would otherwise end. The plan's benefit provisions explain these situations. Read the plan's provisions carefully.

GP-1-EC-90-8.0 P505.1582

Option A for Class 0001

When Active Service Ends: You may continue an employee's vision expense insurance under this plan after his active service with you ends only as follows:

- If an employee's active service ends because he is disabled you may continue his insurance subject to all of the terms of this plan.
- If an employee's active service ends because he goes on a leave of absence or is laid off, you may continue his insurance for the rest of the policy month in which the leave or layoff starts, plus 1 more full policy month(s). However, if the employee joins any armed force before this period ends, you may continue his insurance until the date he becomes a member of such armed force.
- If you continue an employee's benefits under this plan as set forth above, it must be based on a plan which prevents individual selection by you.
- And, any such continuation is subject to the payment of premiums, and to all of the other terms and conditions of this plan.
- The amount of an employee's insurance during any such continuation will be the amount in force on his last day of active service, subject to any reductions that would have otherwise applied if he had remained an active employee.

GP-1-EC-90-7.0 P505.0073

Option A

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice: This section may not apply to your plan. The employee must contact you to find out if you must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If An Employee's Group Coverage Would End: Group coverage may normally end for an employee because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the employee may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty(or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends: Insurance may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date the employee returns to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an employee who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the employee under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other employee; or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an employee who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which the employee's coverage would have ended had the employee not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions: As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.

- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.

- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.

- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.

- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating,

GP-1-EC-90-7.0 P449.0523

Option A

Definitions

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-1 P180.0155

Option A

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage".

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-2 P180.0156

Option A

Employee means a person who works for the employer at the employer's place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-3 P180.0311

Option A

Full-time means the employee regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the employer (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his employer's place of business.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-4 P180.0158

Option A

Plan means the Guardian group plan purchased by the employer, except in the provision entitled "Coordination of Benefits" where "plan" has a special meaning. See that provision for details.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-6 P180.0160

Option A

Qualified Retirees are covered as outlined in your company's benefit provisions. Please see your Plan Administrator for details.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-8 P180.0331

Option A

We, Us, Our and **Guardian** mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-9 P180.0163

Option A

You and **Your** means the employer who purchased this plan.

GP-1-EC-90-DEF-10 P180.0164

Option A

Dependent Coverage

GP-1-DEP-90-1.0 P200.0305

Option A

Eligible Dependents For Dependent Vision Care Benefits: An employee's eligible dependents are: (a) his or her legal spouse; (b) his or her unmarried dependent children who are under age 26; and (c) his or her unmarried dependent children, from age 26 until their 26th birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

An unmarried dependent child who is not able to remain enrolled as a full-time student due to a medically necessary leave of absence may continue to be an eligible dependent until the earlier of: (a) the date that is one year after the first day of the medically necessary leave of absence; or (b) the date on which coverage would otherwise end under this plan. The employee must provide written certification by a treating physician which states that the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury and that the leave of absence is medically necessary.

GP-1-DEP-90-2.0 P505.0649

Option A

Adopted Children and Step-Children: An employee's "unmarried dependent children" include his or her legally adopted children and, if they depend on the employee for most of their support and maintenance, his or her step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from the time the child is placed in the employee's home for the purpose of adoption. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible: We exclude any dependent who is insured by this plan as an employee. And we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

GP-1-DEP-90-3.0 P264.0005

Option A

Handicapped Children: An employee may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself or herself. Subject to all of the terms of this coverage and the plan, such a child may stay eligible for dependent benefits past this coverage's age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he or she stays unmarried and unable to support himself or herself, if: (a) his or her conditions started before he or she reached the age limit; (b) he or she became insured before he or she reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he or she reached such limit; and (c) he or she depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, the employee must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on the employee for most of his or her support and maintenance. The employee has 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when the employee's does.

GP-1-DEP-90-4.0 P489.0030

Option A for Class 0001

When Dependent Coverage Starts: In order for an employee's dependent coverage to begin, he or she must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this plan, the date an employee's dependent coverage starts depends on when he or she elect to enroll all of his or her initial dependents and agree to make any required payments.

If the employee does this on or before his or her eligibility date, his or her dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the date he or she signs the enrollment form and the date he or she becomes covered for employee coverage.

If the employee does this during the enrollment period, his or her dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the date the employee becomes insured for employee coverage.

If the employee does this after the enrollment period ends, he or she can't enroll his or her initial dependents until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once the employee has coverage for his or her initial dependents, he or she must notify us when he or she acquires any new dependents, and agree to make any additional payments required for the coverage. If the employee does this within 31 days of the date the newly acquired dependent becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent becomes eligible. If the employee fails to notify us on time, he or she can't enroll the newly acquired dependent until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once a dependent is enrolled for vision care expense insurance, the coverage can't be dropped until the next vision open enrollment period. And once coverage is dropped for a dependent, the dependent can't be enrolled again until the next vision open enrollment period.

GP-1-DEP-90-6.0 P505.0606

Option A

Exception: If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a hospital or other health care facility; or is unable to carry-out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his or her dependent benefits would otherwise start, we'll postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his or her discharge from such facility; or until he or she resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

GP-1-DEP-90-7.0 P200.0708

Option A

Newborn Children: We cover an employee's newborn child from the moment of birth if the employee is already insured for dependent vision coverage, and he or she notifies us within 31 days of the child's birth. If the employee fails to notify us on time, he or she can't enroll the child until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the newborn child is the employee's first eligible dependent, we cover the child from the moment of birth if the employee enrolls for dependent coverage and agrees to make any required payments within 31 days of the child's birth. If the employee fails to enroll on time, he or she can't enroll the child until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the newborn child is not the employee's first eligible dependent, but the employee did not previously enroll his or her other eligible dependents for vision care expense coverage, the employee can enroll the child during the next vision open enrollment period, if he or she also enrolls all of his or her other eligible dependents at this time.

GP-1-DEP-90-8.0 P505.0068

Option A

When Dependent Coverage Ends: Dependent coverage ends for all of an employee's dependents when his or her employee coverage ends. But if an employee dies while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent benefits for those of his or her dependents who were insured when he or she died. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group plan remains in force; (b) the dependents remain eligible dependents; and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his or her dependent benefits under this plan's "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this plan, if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent coverage also ends for all of an employee's dependents when the employee stops being a member of a class of employees eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this plan ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this plan for all employees or for an employee's class.

If an employee is required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and he or she fails to do so, his or her dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which he or she made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent. This happens to a child on the last day of the calendar year in which the child attains this plan's age limit, on the last day of the month in which he or she marries, or on the last day of the month in which a step-child is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance.

GP-1-DEP-90-9.0 P505.1815-R

Option A

It happens to a spouse on the last day of the month in which a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this plan carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

GP-1-DEP-90-9.0 P505.1786-R

Option A

Definitions

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-1 P200.0210

Option A

Eligibility Date for dependent coverage is the earliest date on which: (a) the employee has dependents; and (b) is eligible for dependent coverage.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-2 P200.0211

Option A

Eligible Dependent is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage."

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-3 P200.0212

Option A

Enrollment Period means the 31 day period which starts on the date that the employee is eligible for dependent coverage.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-4 P200.0213

Option A

Initial Dependents means those eligible dependents the employee has at the time he or she first becomes eligible for employee coverage. If at this time he or she does not have any eligible dependents, but later acquires them, the first eligible dependents he or she acquires are his or her initial dependents.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-8 P200.0217

Option A

Newly Acquired Dependent means an eligible dependent the employee acquires after he or she already has coverage in force for initial dependents.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-9 P200.0218

Option A

Plan means the Guardian group plan purchased by the employer.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-11 P264.0065

Option A

We, Us, Our and **Guardian** means The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-14 P200.0223

Option A

You and **Your** means the employer who purchased this plan.

GP-1-DEP-90-DEF-15 P200.0224

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE A PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G-00463298-HC

issued by

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

(herein called the Insurance Company)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

Effective January 1, 2013, this rider amends the "Dependent Coverage" provisions as follows:

An employee's domestic partner will be eligible for vision care coverage under this plan. Coverage will be provided subject to all the terms of this plan and to the following limitations:

To qualify for such coverage, both the employee and his or her domestic partner must:

- be 18 years of age or older;
- be unmarried, constitute each other's sole domestic partner and not have had another domestic partner in the last 12 months;
- share the same permanent address for at least 12 consecutive months and intend to do so indefinitely;
- share joint financial responsibility for basic living expenses including food, shelter and medical expenses;
- not be related by blood to a degree that would prohibit marriage in the employee's state of residence; and
- be financially interdependent which must be demonstrated by at least four of the following:
  a. ownership of a joint bank account;
  b. ownership of a joint credit account;
  c. evidence of a joint mortgage or lease;
  d. evidence of joint obligation on a loan;
  e. joint ownership of a residence;
  f. evidence of common household expenses such as utilities or telephone;
  g. execution of wills naming each other as executor and/or beneficiary;
  h. granting each other durable powers of attorney;
  i. granting each other health care powers of attorney;
  j. designation of each other as beneficiary under a retirement benefit account; or
  k. evidence of other joint financial responsibility.

The employee must complete a "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" attesting to the relationship.

The domestic partner's dependent children will be eligible for coverage under this plan on the same basis as if the children were the employee's dependent children.

Coverage for the domestic partner and his or her dependent children ends when the domestic partner no longer meets the qualifications of a domestic partner as indicated above. Upon termination of a domestic partnership, a "Statement of Termination" must be completed and filed with the employer. Once the employee submits a "Statement of Termination," he or she may not enroll another domestic partner for a period of 12 months from the date of the previous termination.

And, the domestic partner and his or her children will be not eligible for:

a. survivor benefits upon the employee's death as explained under the "When Dependent Coverage Ends" section; or

b. continuation of vision care coverage as explained under the "Federal Continuation Rights" section and under any other continuation rights section of this plan, unless the employee is also eligible for and elects continuation.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , _____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GP-1-A-DMST-96 P505.0084

Option A

VISION CARE EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of an Employee's and his or her covered dependent's vision care expenses. What we pay and the terms for payment are explained below.

GP-1-VSN-96-VIS P505.0010

Option A

Vision Service Plan
This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization

Vision Service Plan: This Plan is designed to provide high quality vision care while controlling the cost of such care. To do this, the Plan encourages a Covered Person to seek vision care from doctors and vision care facilities that belong to Vision Service Plan (VSP), a vision care Preferred Provider Organization (PPO).

This vision care PPO is made up of Preferred Providers in a Covered Person's geographic area. A vision care Preferred Provider is a vision care practitioner or a vision care facility that: (a) is a current provider of VSP; and (b) has a participatory agreement in force with VSP.

Use of the vision care PPO is voluntary. A Covered Person may receive vision care from any vision care provider. And, he or she is free to change providers at any time. But, this Plan usually pays more in benefits for covered services furnished by a vision care Preferred Provider. Conversely, it usually pays less for covered services not furnished by a vision care Preferred Provider.

When an Employee and his or her dependents enroll in this Plan, they will get an enrollment packet which will tell them how to obtain benefits and information about current vision care Preferred Providers.

What we pay is based on all the terms of this Plan. The Covered Person should read this material with care, and have it available when seeking vision care. Read this Plan carefully for specific benefit levels, Copayments, Deductibles, payment rates and payment limits.

The Covered Person can call VSP if he or she has any questions after reading this material.

Choice Of Preferred Providers: When a person becomes enrolled in this Plan, he or she will receive a list of VSP Preferred Providers in his or her area. A Covered Person may receive vision services from any VSP Preferred Provider.

Replacement Of Preferred Provider: If a Preferred Provider terminates his or her relationship with VSP for any reason, VSP shall be responsible for furnishing vision services to Covered Persons either through that provider or through another VSP Preferred Provider.

Pre-Authorization Of Preferred Provider Services: When a Covered Person desires to receive treatment from a Preferred Provider, the Covered Person must contact the Preferred Provider BEFORE receiving treatment. The Preferred Provider will contact VSP to verify the Covered Person's eligibility and VSP will notify the Preferred Provider of the 60 day time period during which the Covered Person may schedule an appointment. If the Covered Person cancels an appointment and reschedules it, it must be done within those 60 days. If the appointment is not rescheduled during the previously approved time period, the Covered Person must contact the Preferred Provider again to receive authorization.

What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

GP-1-VSN-96-PPOA P505.0012

Option A

Pre-Treatment Review For Necessary Contact Lenses: Subject to prior approval by VSP consultants, we will pay benefits for Necessary Contact Lenses provided to a Covered Person. A Covered Person's doctor must request approval for Necessary Contact Lenses from VSP.

No benefits will be paid for Necessary Contact Lenses if prior approval is not received from VSP.

What we pay for Necessary Contact Lenses is subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

GP-1-VSN-96-PTR2 P505.0017

Option A

Claim Appeals And Arbitration Of Disputes: If, under the provisions of this Plan, a claim for benefits is denied in whole or in part, a request, in writing, may be submitted to VSP for a full review of the denial.

The written request must be made to the Plan Administrator within 60 days following the denial of benefits. The request should contain sufficient information to identify the Covered Person whose benefits were denied. This includes the name of the Covered Person, the Employee's social security number and the Employee's date of birth. The Covered Person may state the reasons he or she believes that the denial of the claim was in error and may provide any pertinent documents which he or she wished to be reviewed. The Plan Administrator will review the claim and give the Covered Person the opportunity to review pertinent documents, submit any statements, documents or written arguments in support of the claim, and appear personally to present materials or arguments. The determination of the Plan Administrator, including specific reasons for the decision, shall be provided and communicated to the Covered Person in writing within one hundred twenty (120) days after receipt of a request to review.

Any dispute or question arising between VSP and any Covered Person involving the application, interpretation or performance under this Plan can be settled, if possible, by amicable and informal negotiations, allowing such opportunity as may be appropriate under the circumstances for fact finding and mediation. If any issue cannot be resolved in this fashion, it may be submitted to arbitration, if both parties agree. However, any mediation or arbitration is not required. The outcome of any arbitration will not be binding on the Covered Person.

Preferred Provider Grievance Procedures: Grievances are handled by VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action. The grievance process is designed to address Covered Person's concerns quickly and satisfactorily. The following grievance procedures have been established:

(1) The patient's written complaint will be referred to VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action. VSP's Professional Relations Vice President will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint within ten (10) working days.

(2) The complaint will be evaluated within twenty (20) working days and, if deemed appropriate, the original examining doctor will be contacted.

(3) If the complaint can be resolved within twenty (20) working days, the disposition of the complaint will be forwarded to the Covered Person. Otherwise, a notice of will be sent to the Covered Person advising the time for resolution. Complaints will be resolved within thirty (30) working days thereafter.

(4) Grievance procedures and complaint forms will be maintained in each Preferred Provider's office.

(5) All complaints will be retained in the Professional Relations Department.

Complaints or grievances may be sent to the Professional Relations Vice President at:

Vision Service Plan, Inc.
3333 Quality Drive
Rancho Cordova, California 95670
(877) 814-8970 or (800) 877-7195

GP-1-VSN-96-APP-MO P505.0104

Option A

How This Plan Works

We pay benefits for the covered charges a Covered Person incurs as follows. The services and supplies covered under this Plan are explained in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this Plan. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this Plan. Read the entire Plan to find out what we limit or exclude.

Services or Supplies From a Preferred Provider

If a Covered Person uses the services of a Preferred Provider, the Preferred Provider must receive approval from VSP prior to providing the Covered Person with any service or supply. See the "Pre-Authorization of Preferred Provider Services" section of this Plan for specific requirements.

Copayments: The Covered Person must pay a Copayment when he or she receives services from a Preferred Provider. We pay benefits for the covered charges a Covered Person incurs in excess of the Copayment. This Plan's Copayments are as follows:

For each visit to a Preferred Provider $20.00

Payment Limits: Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this Plan. When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates: Once a Covered Person has paid any applicable Copayment, we pay benefits for covered charges under this Plan as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

For Covered Charges 100%

Discounts: If a Covered Person receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a Preferred Provider, he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of additional prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from any Preferred Provider. The Covered Person may also receive a discount on the costs of evaluation and fitting of contact lenses. No discount applies to contact lenses or materials. The discount is available for 12 months after the initial examination.

The discounts are:

For Prescription Glasses	20% off of the Preferred Provider's Usual and Customary Fee
For Non-Prescription Sunglasses	20% off of the Preferred Provider's Usual and Customary Fee
For Contact Lens Evaluation and Fitting Costs	15% off of the Preferred Provider's Usual and Customary Fee

If a Covered Person receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a Preferred Provider, he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of additional prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the same Preferred Provider on the same day.

The discounts are:

For Prescription Glasses	30% off of the Preferred Provider's Usual and Customary Fee
For Non-Prescription Sunglasses	30% off of the Preferred Provider's Usual and Customary Fee

Option A

Services or Supplies From a Non-Preferred Provider

If a Covered Person uses the services of a Non-Preferred Provider, the Covered Person must submit the itemized bill to VSP for claims payment. All claims must be sent to VSP within 180 days of the date services are completed or supplies are received. The benefits we pay are subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

Cash Deductible For Services of a Non-Preferred Provider: There are separate cash Deductibles for each covered service provided by a Non-Preferred Provider. These cash Deductibles are shown below. The Covered Person must have covered charges in excess of the cash Deductible before we pay him or her any benefits for the service or supply.

For each visit to a Non-Preferred Provider $20.00

Payment Limits: Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this Plan. When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates: Once a Covered Person has met any applicable Deductible, we pay benefits for Covered Charges under this Plan as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this Plan.

For Covered Charges 100%

Option A

Covered Charges

Covered charges are the Usual and Customary charges for the services and supplies described below. We pay benefits only for covered charges Incurred by a Covered Person while he or she is insured by this Plan. Charges in excess of any payment limits shown in this Plan are not covered charges.

Covered Services and Supplies

This section lists the types of charges we cover. But what we pay is subject to all of the terms of this Plan. Read the entire Plan to find out what we limit or exclude.

All covered vision services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of an optometrist, ophthalmologist or other licensed or qualified vision care provider. The services or supplies must be the Usual and Customary treatment for a vision condition.

Vision Examinations: We cover charges for comprehensive vision care examinations. Such examinations include a complete analysis of the eyes and related structures to determine the presence of vision problems or other abnormalities. When a vision examination indicates that new lenses or frames or both are Visually Necessary and Appropriate for the proper visual health of a Covered Person, professional services covered by this Plan include:

- prescribing and ordering of proper lenses;
- assisting in the selection of frames;
- verifying the accuracy of finished lenses;
- proper fitting and adjustment of frames;
- subsequent adjustments to frames to maintain comfort and efficiency; and
- progress or follow-up work as necessary.

We don’t cover more than one vision examination in any 12 month period.

And if a Covered Person uses a Non-Preferred Provider, we limit what we pay for each vision examination to $50.00.

GP-1-VSN-96-LIST1 P505.0028

Option A

Standard Lenses: We cover charges for single vision, bifocal, trifocal or lenticular lenses. We cover glass, plastic or for dependent children to age 26, polycarbonate lenses.

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay to

- $48.00 for each pair of single vision lenses
- $67.00 for each pair of bifocal lenses
- $86.00 for each pair of trifocal lenses and
- $126.00 for each pair of lenticular lenses.

GP-1-VSN-05-SL P505.0333

Option A

We do not cover charges for more than one set of standard lenses in any 12 month period.

GP-1-VSN-05-SL P505.0335

Option A

Standard Frames: We cover charges for standard frames.

If a covered person uses a preferred provider, we cover charges up to a retail frame allowance of $130.00, plus 20% of any amount over the allowance

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay for each set of standard frames to $48.00.

We don’t cover charges for more than one set of standard frames in any 12 month period.

If the covered person chooses elective contact lenses, we do not cover standard frames for 12 months from the date the elective contacts are purchased.

GP-1-VSN-05-SF P505.1167

Option A

Necessary Contact Lenses: We cover charges for Necessary Contact Lenses upon prior approval by VSP. We cover charges, and charges for related professional services, only if the lenses are needed:

(a) following cataract surgery;

(b) to correct extreme visual acuity problems that cannot be corrected with spectacle lenses;

(c) for certain conditions of Anisometropia; or

(d) for Keratoconus.

We don’t cover charges for more than one pair of Necessary Contact Lenses in any 12 month period.

If a Covered Person receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a Preferred Provider, we pay 100% of covered charges. If he or she receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a Non-Preferred Provider, we limit what we pay to $210.00 in any 12 month period.

GP-1-VSN-96-LIST7 P505.0031

Option A

Elective Contact Lenses: We cover charges for elective contact lenses, but only in lieu of standard lenses and standard frames. We cover charges for hard, rigid gas permeable, soft, disposable, 30-day extended wear, daily-wear and planned replacement elective lenses.

If we cover charges for elective contact lenses, we will not cover charges for standard lenses for 12 months and standard frames for at least 12 months.

We limit what we pay for elective contact lenses to $130.00 once every 12 months.

GP-1-VSN-05-ECL P505.0347

Option A

Special Limitations

If This VSP Plan Replaces Another VSP Plan: If, prior to being covered under this Plan, a Covered Person was covered by another vision care plan with VSP under which he or she received a covered service within 6 months prior to the effective date of this Plan, the date he or she received such a covered service will be used as the last date of service when applying the Benefit Period limitations under this Plan. We apply this provision only if the Covered Person was enrolled in another VSP plan immediately before enrolling in this Plan.

GP-1-VSN-96-SL1 P505.0035

Option A

Exclusions

- We won't pay for Orthoptics or vision training and any associated supplemental testing.
- We won't pay for medical or surgical treatment of the eyes.
- We won't pay for any eye examination or corrective eyewear required by an employer as a condition of employment.

GP-1-VSN-96-EXC1 P505.0037

Option A

We will not pay for plano lenses (lenses with less than a .38 diopter power).

We will not pay for two sets of glasses in lieu of bifocals.

We will not pay for replacement of lenses and frames furnished under this plan which are lost or broken, except at normal intervals when services are otherwise available.

We will not pay for blended lenses.

We will not pay for oversized lenses.

We will not pay for the laminating of the lens or lenses.

We will not pay for a frame that costs more than the plan allowance.

We will not pay for UV (ultraviolent protected lenses).

We will not pay for cosmetic lenses or any cosmetic process, unless specifically shown as covered in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section.

We will not pay for progressive multifocal lenses.

We will not pay for the coating of the lens or lenses.

GP-1-VSN-05-EXC P505.0349

Option A

Charges not covered due to this provision are not considered covered vision services and cannot be used to satisfy this Plan's Copayments or Deductibles, if any.

GP-1-VSN-96-EXC17 P505.0040

Option A

Definitions

Anisometropia means a condition of unequal refractive state for the two eyes, one eye requiring different lens correction than the other.

GP-1-VSN-96-DEF1 P505.0041

Option A

Benefit Period means the time period beginning when a covered service is received and extending to the date on which, according to the time limitations contained in this Plan, the covered service is again available to a Covered Person.

Blended Lenses mean bifocals which do not have a visible dividing line.

Coated Lenses means substance added to a finished lens on one or both surfaces.

Copayment means a charge, expressed as a fixed dollar amount, required to be paid by or on behalf of a Covered Person to a Preferred Provider at the time covered vision services are received.

Covered Person with respect to vision care insurance, means an Employee or eligible dependent who meets this Plan's eligibility criteria and who is covered under this Plan.

Customary means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge for the covered vision condition isn't more than the usual charge made by most other doctors with similar training and experience in the same geographic area.

Deductible means any amount which a Covered Person must pay before he or she is reimbursed for covered services provided by a Non-Preferred Provider.

Incurred, or **Incurred Date** means the placing of an order for lenses, frames or contact lenses, or the date on which such an order was placed.

GP-1-VSN-96-DEF2 P505.0042

Option A

Keratoconus means a development or dystrophic deformity of the cornea in which it becomes coneshaped due to a thinning and stretching of the tissue in its central area.

Lenticular Lenses mean high-powered lenses with the desired prescription power found only in the central portion. The outer carrier portion has a front surface with a changing radius of curvature.

GP-1-VSN-96-DEF3 P505.0046

Option A

Preferred Provider with respect to vision care insurance, means an optometrist, ophthalmologist or optician or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has contracted with the Plan to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials on behalf of Covered Persons of the Plan.

Non-Preferred Provider with respect to vision care insurance, means any optometrist, optician, ophthalmologist, or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has not contracted with the Plan to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials to Covered Persons of the Plan.

GP-1-VSN-96-DEF6 P505.0048

Option A

Orthoptics means the teaching and training process for the improvement of visual perception and coordination of two eyes for efficient and comfortable binocular vision.

GP-1-VSN-96-DEF7 P505.0050

Option A

Oversize Lenses mean larger than a Standard Lens blank, to accommodate prescriptions.

Photochromic Lenses mean lenses which change color with the intensity of sunlight.

Plan means the Vision Service Plan group policy of vision care services described herein.

Plan Benefits with respect to vision care insurance, mean the vision care services and vision care materials which a Covered Person is entitled to receive by virtue of coverage under this Plan.

Plano Lenses mean lenses which have no refractive power (lenses with less than a +/- .38 diopter power).

Standard Frames mean frames valued up to the limit published by VSP which is given to Preferred Providers.

Standard Lenses mean regular glass or plastic lenses. See the Special Limitations for what we limit or exclude.

Tinted Lenses mean lenses which have an additional substance added to produce constant tint.

Usual means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge is the doctor’s standard charge for the service furnished. If more than one type of service can be used to treat a vision condition, "usual" refers to the charge for the least expensive type of service which meets the accepted standards of vision care practice.

Visually Necessary or Appropriate means medically or visually necessary to for the restoration or maintenance of a Covered Person’s visual acuity and health and for which there is no less expensive professionally acceptable alternative.

GP-1-VSN-96-DEF8 P505.0051

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

(herein called the Insurance Company)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

The Policyholder and the Insurance Company hereby agree that the Group Policy is hereby amended effective on the effective date of any Dependent Life Insurance as follows:

The Life Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

(a) an employee's dependent child is a child under age 26;

(b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to an employee's dependent child; except as stated in item (c);

(c) a handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if such child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and

(d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

The foregoing amendment shall form a part of said Group Policy, provided both the Policyholder and the Insurance Company have hereto applied their respective signatures, and is subject to the agreements and covenants therein contained.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , ____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____

Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

Option A

GROUP POLICY AMENDATORY RIDER

This Rider amends the Policy as follows and is effective on the Policy Date. If this Rider is added after the Policy Date, the Rider becomes effective on its issue date.

1. The Suicide exclusion in the section **Employee Optional Group Term Life Insurance,** if it appears in your Policy, is replaced by the following Suicide exclusion:

   Suicide Exclusion: We pay no benefits if the employee's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the *employee's* optional group term life insurance effective date under this *plan.* Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the employee's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the effective date of the increase.

   If the employee dies within one year from the *employee's* optional group term life insurance effective date under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the coverage.

   If the employee dies within one year from the date of any increase in his or her *employee* optional group term life insurance under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the increase.

2. The Suicide exclusion in the section **Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Group Term Life Insurance,** if it appears in your Policy is replaced by the following Suicide exclusion:

   Suicide Exclusion: We pay no benefits if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the effective date of the dependent's optional term life insurance under this *plan.* Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within one year from the effective date of the increase.

   If the dependent dies within one year from the effective date of the dependent's optional group term life insurance effective date under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the coverage.

   If dependent dies within one year from the date of any increase in the dependent's optional group term life insurance under this *plan,* we will promptly refund all premiums paid for the increase.

This Rider is part of the Policy. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GP-1-A-SUICIDE-MO P531.0663

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

(herein called the Insurance Company)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

The Policyholder and the Insurance Company hereby agree that the Group Policy is hereby amended effective on the effective date of any Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance as follows:

The Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

(a) an employee's dependent child is a child under age 26;

(b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to an employee's dependent child; except as stated in item (c);

(c) a handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if such child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and

(d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

The foregoing amendment shall form a part of said Group Policy, provided both the Policyholder and the Insurance Company have hereto applied their respective signatures, and is subject to the agreements and covenants therein contained.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , ____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

(herein called the Insurance Company)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

The Policyholder and the Insurance Company hereby agree that the Group Policy is hereby amended effective January 1, 2011 as follows:

The Vision Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

(a) an employee's dependent child is a child under age 26;

(b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to an employee's dependent child; except as stated in item (c);

(c) a handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if such child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and

(d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

The foregoing amendment shall form a part of said Group Policy, provided both the Policyholder and the Insurance Company have hereto applied their respective signatures, and is subject to the agreements and covenants therein contained.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , ____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____

Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

All Options

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

THE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

(herein called Guardian)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

This Rider amends the Policy as follows and is effective on its issue date:

- The "Non-Participating - No Dividends Payable" notice on the Policy face page is replaced with "Dividends Apportioned Annually, if Payable".
- The Dividends provision is added or replaced in its entirety within the General Provisions as shown below.

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by the Board of Directors of Guardian and will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any dividend under this Policy will be paid to the Policyholder in cash, or at the option of the Policyholder it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

In the event that the Employees are contributing toward the cost of the coverage under any group policy issued to the Policyholder and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other group policy or policies issued to the Policyholder are in excess of the Policyholder's share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by the Policyholder for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Finally, please note that it is not expected that any dividends will be payable under this Policy.

This Rider is part of this Policy. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

Dated at Bethlehem, PA This 23rd Day of September , 2021

Harris Oliner, Senior Vice President,
Corporate Secretary

Michael Prestileo,
Senior Vice President

P070.0043

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE A PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G-00463298-HC

issued by

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

(herein called the Insurance Company)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

As of January 1, 2011, this plan is amended, as explained below, with respect to any of this plan's provisions.

As used in this rider:

"Covered Person" means an employee or dependent, including the legal representative of a minor or incompetent, insured by this plan.

"Reasonable pro-rata Expenses" are those costs, such as lawyers fees and court costs, incurred to effect a third party payment, expressed as a percentage of such payment.

"Third Party" means anyone other than The Guardian, the employer or the covered person.

We will not pay any benefits under this plan, to or on behalf of a covered person, who has received payment in whole or in part from a third party, or its insurer for past or future medical or dental charges or loss of earnings, resulting from the negligence, intentional act, or no-fault tort liability of a third party.

If a covered person makes a claim to us for medical, dental or loss of earnings benefits under this plan prior to receiving payment from a third party or its insurer, the covered person must agree, in writing, to repay us from any amount of money they receive from the third party, or its insurer.

The repayment will be equal to the amount of benefits paid by us. However, the covered person may deduct the reasonable pro-rata expenses, incurred in effecting the third party payment, from the repayment to us.

The repayment agreement will be binding upon the covered person whether: (a) the payment received from the third party, or its insurer, is the result of a legal judgement, an arbitration award, a compromise settlement, or any other arrangement; or (b) the third party, or its insurer, has admitted liability for the payment; or (c) the medical or dental charges or loss of earnings are itemized in the third party payment.

This rider is a part of this plan. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this plan.

Dated at _____ This _____ Day of _____ , ____

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GP-1-TPL-90 P600.0003

* * * * *

The foregoing amendment shall form a part of said Group Policy, provided both the Policyholder and the Insurance Company have hereto applied their respective signatures, and is subject to the agreements and covenants therein contained.

Dated at Bethlehem, PA This 23rd Day of September , 2021

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
Full or Corporate Name of Policyholder

_____ BY: _____
Witness Signature and Title

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

PLEASE RETAIN THIS COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

GUR-1 P600.9002

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

A Mutual Company - Incorporated 1860 by the State of New York
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001

POLICYHOLDER: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

GROUP POLICY NUMBER	DELIVERED IN	POLICY DATE
G-00463298	Missouri	January 1, 2015

POLICY ANNIVERSARIES: January 1st of each year, beginning in 2012

GUARDIAN AGREES to pay benefits in accordance with and subject to the terms of this Policy. This promise is based on the Policyholder's Application and payment of the required premiums.

This Policy is delivered in the jurisdiction shown above and is governed by its laws.

This Policy takes effect on the Policy Date shown above.

IN WITNESS OF WHICH, GUARDIAN has caused this Policy to be executed as of September 23, 2021 which is its date of issue.

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GROUP INSURANCE POLICY
Providing
Critical Illness Insurance

Dividends Apportioned Annually

Please read this Policy carefully. If any error or omission is found, send full details with the number of the Policy to Guardian.

P023.1690

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Option A

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Definitions

The terms shown below have the meanings shown below.

Accident and Health Insurance: This term means any accidental death and dismemberment, critical illness, dental, long term disability income, short term disability income, vision care, accident, or cancer insurance provided by the plan.

Covered Person: This term means an Employee or dependent insured by this Policy.

Employee: This term means a person who meets the employment requirements established by You. This term may also include a Qualified Retiree.

Employer: This term means the entity that purchased the Plan.

Guardian, Our, Us and **We:** These terms mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Policy: This term means the Guardian group Accident and Health insurance Policy purchased by You.

Qualified Retiree: This term means an Employee who retires and meets Your retirement requirements for continuation of coverage

You and **Your:** As used in this Policy, these terms mean the Policyholder who purchased this group Policy. As used in the Certificate(s) attached to this Policy, these terms mean an insured Employee.

P023.0005

Option A

Incontestability

This Policy will be incontestable after two years from its Policy Date, except for non-payment of premiums.

This Policy may replace the group policy of another insurer. In that case, We may rescind this Policy based on misrepresentations made in Your or a Covered Person's signed application for up to two years from the Policy Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a Covered Person will be used to contest the validity of his or her insurance or to deny a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after his or her insurance has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime.

In the event a Covered Person's insurance is rescinded due to a fraudulent statement made in his or her application We will refund premiums paid for the periods such insurance is void. The premium paid by the Covered Person will be sent to his or her last known address on file with You or Us. If You pay all or part of the cost of a Covered Person's insurance Your part of the premium will be paid to You.

Associated Companies

An associated company is a business entity affiliated with You through common ownership of stock or assets.

If You ask Us in writing to include such a company under this Policy, We will treat Employees of that company like Your Employees. We must give Our written approval. Our approval will show the starting date of the company's coverage under this Policy. Each eligible Employee of that company must still meet all of the terms and conditions of this Policy before he or she will be insured.

You must notify Us in writing when a company ceases to be an associated company. On the date a company ceases to be such a company, this Policy will end for all of that company's Employees, except those covered by You or another associated company as Employees on such date.

P023.0016

Option A

Premiums

Premiums are payable by You as follows: (1) the first premium is due on the Policy Date; and (2) later premiums are, during the time this Policy remains in force, due on the first of each month.

Premiums due under this Policy must be paid by You: (1) at a Guardian office; or (2) to a representative that We have authorized. The premiums must be paid as shown above, unless by agreement between You and Us, the interval of payment is changed. In that event, adjustment will be made for payment annually, semi-annually, or quarterly.

The premium due under this Policy on each due date will be the sum of the premium charges for the insurance provided under this Policy. The premium charges are based on the rates set forth in the Schedule Of Premium Rates.

We may change such rates: (1) on the first day of any Policy month; (2) on any date the extent or terms of coverage for You are changed by amendment of this Policy; or (3) on any date Our obligation under this Policy with respect to You is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements.

We must give You 31 days written notice of the rate change. Such change will apply to any premium due on and after the effective date of the change stated in such notice.

Adjustment Of Premiums Payable Other Than Monthly Or Quarterly

A premium rate may be changed after an annual or semi-annual premium became payable with respect to insurance on and after the date of such change. In that case, the premium will be adjusted by a pro rata change for the rest of the period for which the premium became payable. If the adjustment results in a decrease, the amount of the decrease will be paid to You by Us. If the adjustment results in an increase, the amount of the increase will be considered a premium due on the date of the rate change. This Policy's grace period will apply to any such premium due.

Grace In Payment Of Premiums - Termination Of Policy

A grace period of 31 days, without interest charge, will be allowed for each premium payment except the first. If You give Us advance written notice of an earlier termination date during the grace period, this Policy will end as of such earlier date.

If this Policy ends during or at the end of the grace period, You will still owe Us premium for all the time this Policy was in force during the grace period.

This Policy ends on any date when a coverage under this Policy ends and, as a result, no benefits remain in effect under this Policy.

P023.0021

Option A

Term of Policy - Renewal Privilege

This Policy is issued for a term of one year from the Policy Date shown on face page. All policy years and policy months will be calculated from the Policy Date. All periods of insurance will begin and end at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time at Your place of business.

If this Policy provides coverage on a non-contributory basis, all of the Employees eligible for such insurance must be enrolled. If dependent insurance is provided, on a non-contributory basis, all dependents eligible for such insurance must be enrolled.

You may renew this Policy for a further term of one year on the first and each subsequent Policy Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as shown in Premiums.

We have the right to decline to renew this Policy, or any coverage under it, on any Policy Anniversary or premium due date, if, on that date the number of Employees is below Our minimum group size requirements.

P020.1081

You may cancel this Policy at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This notice must be sent to our Home Office. You will owe Us all unpaid premiums for the period this Policy is in force. We may cancel this Policy by giving You 31 days advance written notice.

The Contract

The entire contract between You and Us consists of: (1) this Policy; (2) the Schedule of Premium Rates; (3) the Certificate(s) which describe(s) the insurance for which the Covered Persons are insured; (4) any attached riders, schedule of benefits or amendments; and (5) Your application, a copy of which is attached. In the event of a conflict, the Policy shall reign.

We can amend this Policy at any time, without the consent of the insured Employee or any other person having a beneficial interest in it: (1) upon written request made by You and agreed to by Us; (2) on any date Our obligation under this Policy with respect to You is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements; or (3) on any date on which Our contractual relationship with any vendor supplying services or supplies with respect to this Policy changes.

If We amend this Policy, except upon request made by You, We must give You written notice of such change.

Any amendments to this Policy will be without prejudice to any claim arising prior to the date of the change.

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of Guardian, has the authority to act for Us to: (1) determine whether any contract, policy or certificate is to be issued; (2) waive or alter any provisions of any contract or policy, or any of Our requirements; (3) bind Us by any statement or promise relating to the contract issued or to be issued; or (4) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

P020.1346

You may cancel this Policy at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This notice must be sent to our Home Office. You will owe Us all unpaid premiums for the period this Policy is in force. We may cancel this Policy by giving You 31 days advance written notice.

P023.0090

Option A

Clerical Error - Misstatements Of Age

Neither clerical error by You or Us in keeping any records on the insurance under this Policy, nor delays in making entries, will invalidate insurance otherwise validly in force or continue insurance otherwise validly terminated. On discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

Premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to You will be limited to the period of 90 days before the date of Our receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

The age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, may be found to have been misstated. If premiums are affected due to this, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not an insurance risk would have been accepted by Us, or the amount of insurance, the true facts will be used to determine whether insurance is in force under the terms of this Policy, and in what amount.

Statements

No statement will void the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim unless: (1) in Your case, it is contained in the application signed by You; or (2) in the case of a Covered Person, it is contained in a written instrument signed by him or her.

All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

P023.0029

Option A

Assignment

For Accident and Health Insurance, The Employees Certificate and his or her right to benefits under this Policy are not assignable.

Assignment or transfer of Your interest under this Policy will not bind Us without Our written consent.

P023.0034

Option A

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by Our Board of Directors. It will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any such dividend will be: (1) paid to You in cash; or (2) at Your option it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

If the Employees contribute toward the cost of the insurance under any other group policy issued to You by Us and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other such group policy or policies are in excess of Your share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by You for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Payment of any dividend to You will completely discharge Our liability with respect to the dividend so paid.

P023.0039

Option A

Employees Certificate

We will issue to You, for delivery to each insured Employee, a certificate of insurance. It will state the essential features of the insurance to which the Employee is entitled and to whom the benefits are payable. In the event this Policy is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the certificate, a rider or revised certificate reflecting such amendment will be issued to You for delivery to affected Employees.

Employee Notice

From time to time We may provide You with notices that are needed due to state or federal requirements. You must deliver copies of these notices to each of Your Employees.

P023.0041

Option A

Claims Of Creditors

Except when prohibited by the laws of the jurisdiction in which this Policy was issued, the insurance and other benefits under this Policy will be exempt from execution, garnishment, attachment, or other legal or equitable process, for the debts or liabilities of the Covered Persons or their beneficiaries.

P023.0042

Option A

Records - Information To Be Furnished

You must keep a record of the insured Employees containing, for each Employees, the essential details of the insurance which apply to him or her. You must periodically forward to Us, on Our forms, such information concerning the Employees in the classes eligible for insurance under this Policy as may reasonably be considered to have a bearing: (1) on the administration of the insurance under this Policy; and (2) on the determination of the premium rates. For benefits which are based on an Employee's salary, changes in his or her salary must promptly be reported to Us. Your payroll and other such records which have a bearing on the insurance must be furnished to Us at Our request at any reasonable time.

P023.0044

Option A

Examination And Autopsy

We have the right to have a doctor of Our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this Policy as often as We may reasonably require during the pendency of the claim. We have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We will pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

P023.1851

Option A

Conformity With Law

If the provisions of this Policy do not conform to the requirements of any state or federal law or regulation that applies, any such provision is changed to conform with the requirements of that law or regulation.

New Entrants

Eligible new Employees may be added to the group originally insured in accordance with the terms of this Policy. Eligible new dependents may be added to the group of dependents originally insured in accordance with the terms of this Policy.

P023.0049

Option A

Critical Illness Claims Provisions

An Employee's right to make a claim for any Accident and Health benefits provided by this Policy is governed as follows:

Notice: The Employee must send Us written notice of an injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include his or her name and the Policy number. If the claim is being made for any other Covered Person, his or her name should also be shown.

Claim Forms: We will furnish the Employee with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. If We do not furnish the forms on time, We will accept a written description and adequate proof of the injury or sickness that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. The Employee must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made.

Proof Of Loss: The Employee must send written proof of loss to Our designated office. This proof must be sent within 90 days of the end of each period for which We are liable.

Late Notice Or Proof: We will not void or reduce the Employee claim if he or she cannot send Us notice and proof of loss within the required time. In that case, the Employee must send Us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible. In no event, except in the absence of legal capacity of the claimant, may proof of loss be sent later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required.

Payment Of Benefits: The Employee must submit written proof of loss as shown above. Any balance remaining unpaid at the end of Our liability will be paid as soon as We receive written proof.

We will pay all Critical Illness benefits as soon as We receive written proof of loss, but not more than 30 days after written proof of loss is received by Us.

Unless otherwise required by law or regulation, We pay all Critical Illness benefits to the Employee if he or she is living. If he or she is not living, We have the right to pay all Critical Illness benefits to one of the following the Employee: (1) estate; (2) spouse; (3) parents; (4) children; or (5) brothers and sisters. See the section in the applicable Certificate describing Critical Illness benefits for how Critical Illness benefits are paid.

Legal Actions: No legal action against this Policy shall be brought until 60 days from the date proof of loss has been given as shown above. No legal action shall be brought against this Policy after three years from the date written proof of loss is required to be given.

Workers' Compensation: The Accident and Health benefits provided by this Policy are not in place of and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

P023.1852

Option A

When An Employee's Active Service Ends

Critical Illness Coverage: You may continue an Employee's Critical Illness coverage after his or her active service with You ends only as follows:

- If an Employee's active service ends because he or she is disabled, You may continue his or her coverage subject to all of the terms of this Policy.
- If an Employee's active service ends because he or she goes on a leave of absence You have approved or is laid off, You may continue his or her coverage for the rest of the policy month in which the leave or temporary layoff starts, plus 1 more full policy month(s). But, if the Employee joins any armed force before this period ends, You may continue his or her coverage until the later of: (1) the date he or she becomes a member of such armed force; or (2) the date the Employee's optional continuance ends as provided under the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), as amended.

If You continue an Employee's insurance as set forth above, it must be on a policy which prevents individual selection.

Any such continuation is subject to the payment of premiums and to all of the other terms and conditions of this Policy.

The amount of an Employee's insurance during any such continuation will be the insurance amount in force on his or her last day of active service, subject to any reductions that would have otherwise applied if he or she had remained an active Employee.

P020.1340

SCHEDULE OF OPTION PACKAGES

This Policy's classes are shown below. The benefit option packages which are available to Covered Persons who are members of each class are also shown below.

Class Description

Class 0001 ALL OTHER ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES

P023.0077

Option A

Benefit Option Packages

Employees may choose from the benefit packages available to members of their class. Coverage for a benefit will not become effective until the Covered Person satisfies the eligibility requirements. Coverage for a benefit that requires payment from the Employee will not become effective until the Employee: (1) elects it in a form acceptable by Us; and (2) agrees to make any required payments. The benefits are described in the applicable Certificate(s) attached to and made part of this Policy.

P023.0081

Members of Class 0001 may choose from benefit option packages A.

P023.0079

Option A Employee and Dependent Critical Illness insurance.

P020.1084

ATTACHED CERTIFICATES

The Certificate(s) shown below are added to and made part of this policy.

P023.0128

Class 0001 A.

P023.0131

Option A

The Certificate(s) describe the Accident and Health Insurance benefits for which each class of Employees is eligible.

Each Employee's eligibility, effective date of insurance, plan of insurance, and termination date is determined by the option he or she has elected on his or her enrollment form, or other suitable documents approved by Guardian, and the provisions of the Certificate that apply to that option.

Certificate(s) will include any changes made by rider or amendments to this Policy.

P023.0130

Option A

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Schedule of Premium Rates

Critical Illness Insurance

The monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the benefits provided under the Policy are listed below. Guardian has the right to change any premium rate(s) set forth below at the times and in the manner set forth in the Premiums section of the Policy.

P023.1856

Option A — Premium Rates

Voluntary Critical Illness Coverage

P020.1110

Option A Class 0001

The following sets of rates represent the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Non-tobacco Rates

Age From	Age Through	Rate per Employee
15	29	$ 0.368
30	39	$ 0.680
40	49	$ 1.380
50	59	$ 2.496
60	99	$ 4.000

Tobacco Rates

Age From	Age Through	Rate per Employee
15	29	$ 0.062
30	39	$ 1.168
40	49	$ 2.900
50	59	$ 5.000
60	99	$ 8.000

P020.1113

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per Employee based on age for this Plan's optional benefits.

Non-tobacco Rates

Age From	Age Through

15	29	$ 1.50
30	39	$ 1.50
40	49	$ 1.50
50	59	$ 1.50
60	99	$ 1.50

Tobacco Rates

Age From	Through	
15	29	$ 1.50
30	39	$ 1.50
40	49	$ 1.50
50	59	$ 1.50
60	99	$ 1.50

P020.1125-R

Option A

"Age" means the Employee's age in years as of the Policy Issue Date.

P020.1330-R

Option A Premium Rates

Dependent Spouse Voluntary Critical Illness Coverage

P020.1194-R

Option A Class 0001

The following sets of rates represent the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Non-tobacco Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Insured Spouse
15	29	$ 0.368
30	39	$ 0.680
40	49	$ 1.380
50	59	$ 2.496
60	99	$ 4.000

Tobacco Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Insured Spouse
15	29	$ 0.620
30	39	$ 1.168
40	49	$ 2.900
50	59	$ 5.000
60	99	$ 8.000

P020.1198-R

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per dependent spouse based on age for this Plan's optional benefits.

Non-tobacco Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Insured Spouse
15	29	$ 1.50
30	39	$ 1.50
40	49	$ 1.50
50	59	$ 1.50
60	99	$ 1.50

Non-tobacco Rates

Age From	Through	Rate per Insured Spouse
15	29	$ 1.50
30	39	$ 1.50
40	49	$ 1.50
50	59	$ 1.50
60	99	$ 1.50

P020.1217-R

Option A

"Age" means the Employee's age in years as of the Policy Issue Date.

P020.1330

Option A Premium Rates

Dependent Child Voluntary Critical Illness Coverage

P020.1301

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per $1,000.00 of coverage.

Rate Per Child(ren) . . . . . $.00

P020.1303

Option A Class 0001

The following set of rates represents the rate per dependent child for this Plan's optional benefits.

Rate Per Child(ren) . . . . . $.00

P020.1309

Option A

The terms shown below have the meanings shown below.

P023.0113

Option A

Insurance Age: This term means the Covered Person's age in years as of his or her birthday which is nearest the Policy's insurance age redetermination date. We consider the Covered Person to attain that age on such date. And, We redetermine his or her premium rate on that date.

For example, if the insurance age redetermination date is June 1, a Covered Person who attains age 30 on May 15 will be charged the age 30 premium rate as of the following June 1. A Covered Person who attains age 30 on October 10 is charged the age 30 premium rate as of the preceding June 1.

Insurance Age Redetermination Date: This term means the Policy effective date at the time when this Policy takes effect. After that, it means the Policy Anniversary Date.

P023.0114

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

THE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

(herein called Guardian)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

This Rider amends the Policy as follows and is effective on its issue date:

- The "Non-Participating - No Dividends Payable" notice on the Policy face page is replaced with "Dividends Apportioned Annually, if Payable".
- The Dividends provision is added or replaced in its entirety within the General Provisions as shown below.

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by the Board of Directors of Guardian and will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any dividend under this Policy will be paid to the Policyholder in cash, or at the option of the Policyholder it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

In the event that the Employees are contributing toward the cost of the coverage under any group policy issued to the Policyholder and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other group policy or policies issued to the Policyholder are in excess of the Policyholder's share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by the Policyholder for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Finally, please note that it is not expected that any dividends will be payable under this Policy.

This Rider is part of this Policy. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

Dated at Bethlehem, PA This 23rd Day of September , 2021

Harris Oliner, Senior Vice President,
Corporate Secretary

Michael Prestileo,
Senior Vice President

P070.0043

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

A Mutual Company - Incorporated 1860 by the State of New York
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001

POLICYHOLDER: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

GROUP POLICY NUMBER	DELIVERED IN	POLICY DATE
G-00463298	Missouri	January 1, 2011

POLICY ANNIVERSARIES: January 1st of each year, beginning in 2012

GUARDIAN AGREES to pay benefits in accordance with and subject to the terms of this Policy. This promise is based on the Policyholder's application and payment of the required premiums.

This Policy is delivered in the jurisdiction shown above and is governed by its laws.

This Policy takes effect on the Policy Date shown above.

IN WITNESS OF WHICH, GUARDIAN has caused this Policy to be executed as of September 23, 2021 which is its date of issue.

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GROUP INSURANCE POLICY
Providing
Accident Insurance

Dividends Apportioned Annually

Please read this Policy carefully. If any error or omission is found, send full details with the number of the Policy to Guardian.

P023.0133

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Option A

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Definitions

The terms shown below have the meanings shown below.

Accident and Health Insurance: This term means any accidental death and dismemberment, critical illness, dental, long term disability income, short term disability income, vision care, accident, or cancer insurance provided by the plan.

Covered Person: This term means an Employee or dependent insured by this Policy.

Employee: This term means a person who meets the employment requirements established by You. This term may also include a Qualified Retiree.

Employer: This term means the entity that purchased the Plan.

Guardian, Our, Us and **We:** These terms mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Policy: This term means the Guardian group Accident and Health insurance Policy purchased by You.

Qualified Retiree: This term means an Employee who retires and meets Your retirement requirements for continuation of coverage

You and **Your:** As used in this Policy, these terms mean the Policyholder who purchased this group Policy. As used in the Certificate(s) attached to this Policy, these terms mean an insured Employee.

P023.0005

Option A

Incontestability

This Policy will be incontestable after two years from its Policy Date, except for non-payment of premiums.

This Policy may replace the group policy of another insurer. In that case, We may rescind this Policy based on misrepresentations made in Your or a Covered Person's signed application for up to two years from the Policy Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a Covered Person will be used to contest the validity of his or her insurance or to deny a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after his or her insurance has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime.

In the event a Covered Person's insurance is rescinded due to a fraudulent statement made in his or her application We will refund premiums paid for the periods such insurance is void. The premium paid by the Covered Person will be sent to his or her last known address on file with You or Us. If You pay all or part of the cost of a Covered Person's insurance Your part of the premium will be paid to You.

Associated Companies

An associated company is a business entity affiliated with You through common ownership of stock or assets.

If You ask Us in writing to include such a company under this Policy, We will treat Employees of that company like Your Employees. We must give Our written approval. Our approval will show the starting date of the company's coverage under this Policy. Each eligible Employee of that company must still meet all of the terms and conditions of this Policy before he or she will be insured.

You must notify Us in writing when a company ceases to be an associated company. On the date a company ceases to be such a company, this Policy will end for all of that company's Employees, except those covered by You or another associated company as Employees on such date.

P023.0016

Option A

Premiums

Premiums are payable by You as follows: (1) the first premium is due on the Policy Date; and (2) later premiums are, during the time this Policy remains in force, due on the first of each month.

Premiums due under this Policy must be paid by You: (1) at a Guardian office; or (2) to a representative that We have authorized. The premiums must be paid as shown above, unless by agreement between You and Us, the interval of payment is changed. In that event, adjustment will be made for payment annually, semi-annually, or quarterly.

The premium due under this Policy on each due date will be the sum of the premium charges for the insurance provided under this Policy. The premium charges are based on the rates set forth in the Schedule Of Premium Rates.

We may change such rates: (1) on the first day of any Policy month; (2) on any date the extent or terms of coverage for You are changed by amendment of this Policy; or (3) on any date Our obligation under this Policy with respect to You is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements.

We must give You 31 days written notice of the rate change. Such change will apply to any premium due on and after the effective date of the change stated in such notice.

Adjustment Of Premiums Payable Other Than Monthly Or Quarterly

A premium rate may be changed after an annual or semi-annual premium became payable with respect to insurance on and after the date of such change. In that case, the premium will be adjusted by a pro rata change for the rest of the period for which the premium became payable. If the adjustment results in a decrease, the amount of the decrease will be paid to You by Us. If the adjustment results in an increase, the amount of the increase will be considered a premium due on the date of the rate change. This Policy's grace period will apply to any such premium due.

Grace In Payment Of Premiums - Termination Of Policy

A grace period of 31 days, without interest charge, will be allowed for each premium payment except the first. If You give Us advance written notice of an earlier termination date during the grace period, this Policy will end as of such earlier date.

If this Policy ends during or at the end of the grace period, You will still owe Us premium for all the time this Policy was in force during the grace period.

This Policy ends on any date when a coverage under this Policy ends and, as a result, no benefits remain in effect under this Policy.

P023.0021

Option A

Term Of Policy - Renewal Privilege

This Policy is issued for a term of one year from the Policy Date shown on the face page. All policy years and policy months will be calculated from the Policy Date. All periods of insurance will begin and end at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time at Your place of business.

You may renew this Policy for a further term of one year on the first and each subsequent Policy Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as shown in Premiums.

P023.0022

Option A

The Contract

The entire contract between You and Us consists of: (1) this Policy; (2) the Schedule of Premium Rates; (3) the Certificate(s) which describe(s) the insurance for which Covered Persons are insured; (4) any attached riders, schedule of benefits or amendments; and (5) Your application a copy of which is attached. In the event of a conflict, the Policy shall reign.

We can amend this Policy at any time, without the consent of the insured Employees or any other person having a beneficial interest in it: (1) upon written request made by You and agreed to by Us; (2) on any date Our obligation under this Policy with respect to You is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements; or (3) on any date on which Our contractual relationship with any vendor supplying services or supplies with respect to this Policy changes.

If We amend this Policy, except upon request made by You, We must give You written notice of such change.

Any amendments to this Policy will be without prejudice to any claim arising prior to the date of the change.

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of Guardian, has the authority to act for Us to: (1) determine whether any contract, policy or certificate is to be issued; (2) waive or alter any provisions of any contract or policy, or any of Our requirements; (3) bind Us by any statement or promise relating to the contract issued or to be issued; or (4) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

P023.0027

Option A

Clerical Error - Misstatements Of Age

Neither clerical error by You or Us in keeping any records on the insurance under this Policy, nor delays in making entries, will invalidate insurance otherwise validly in force or continue insurance otherwise validly terminated. On discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

Premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to You will be limited to the period of 90 days before the date of Our receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

The age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, may be found to have been misstated. If premiums are affected due to this, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not an insurance risk would have been accepted by Us, or the amount of insurance, the true facts will be used to determine whether insurance is in force under the terms of this Policy, and in what amount.

Statements

No statement will void the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim unless: (1) in Your case, it is contained in the application signed by You; or (2) in the case of a Covered Person, it is contained in a written instrument signed by him or her.

All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

P023.0029

Option A

Assignment

For Accident and Health Insurance, The Employees Certificate and his or her right to benefits under this Policy are not assignable.

Assignment or transfer of Your interest under this Policy will not bind Us without Our written consent.

P023.0034

Option A

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by Our Board of Directors. It will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any such dividend will be: (1) paid to You in cash; or (2) at Your option it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

If the Employees contribute toward the cost of the insurance under any other group policy issued to You by Us and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other such group policy or policies are in excess of Your share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by You for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Payment of any dividend to You will completely discharge Our liability with respect to the dividend so paid.

P023.0039

Option A

Employees Certificate

We will issue to You, for delivery to each insured Employee, a certificate of insurance. It will state the essential features of the insurance to which the Employee is entitled and to whom the benefits are payable. In the event this Policy is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the certificate, a rider or revised certificate reflecting such amendment will be issued to You for delivery to affected Employees.

Employee Notice

From time to time We may provide You with notices that are needed due to state or federal requirements. You must deliver copies of these notices to each of Your Employees.

P023.0041

Option A

Claims Of Creditors

Except when prohibited by the laws of the jurisdiction in which this Policy was issued, the insurance and other benefits under this Policy will be exempt from execution, garnishment, attachment, or other legal or equitable process, for the debts or liabilities of the Covered Persons or their beneficiaries.

P023.0042

Option A

Records - Information To Be Furnished

You must keep a record of the insured Employees containing, for each Employees, the essential details of the insurance which apply to him or her. You must periodically forward to Us, on Our forms, such information concerning the Employees in the classes eligible for insurance under this Policy as may reasonably be considered to have a bearing: (1) on the administration of the insurance under this Policy; and (2) on the determination of the premium rates. For benefits which are based on an Employee's salary, changes in his or her salary must promptly be reported to Us. Your payroll and other such records which have a bearing on the insurance must be furnished to Us at Our request at any reasonable time.

P023.0044

Option A

Examination And Autopsy

We have the right to have a doctor of Our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this Policy as often as We feel necessary. We have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We will pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

P023.0045

Option A

Conformity With Law

If the provisions of this Policy do not conform to the requirements of any state or federal law or regulation that applies, any such provision is changed to conform with the requirements of that law or regulation.

New Entrants

Eligible new Employees may be added to the group originally insured in accordance with the terms of this Policy. Eligible new dependents may be added to the group of dependents originally insured in accordance with the terms of this Policy.

P023.0049

Option A

Accident and Health Claims Provisions

An Employee's right to make a claim for any Accident and Health benefits provided by this Policy is governed as follows:

Notice: The Employee must send Us written notice of an injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include his or her name and the Policy number. If the claim is being made for any other Covered Person, his or her name should also be shown.

Claim Forms: We will furnish the Employee or the Policyholder for delivery to such Employee with claim forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. If We do not furnish the forms before the expiration of 15 days the Employee making such claim shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this Policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in this Policy for filing proof of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, character, and extent of the loss for which claim is made.

Proof Of Loss: The Employee must send written proof to Our designated office within 90 days of the loss.

Failure to furnish such proof within such time shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to furnish such proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the absence of legal capacity of the claimant, later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required.

Payment Of Benefits: We will pay all Accident and Health benefits as soon as We receive written proof of loss.

Unless otherwise required by law or regulation, We pay all Accident and Health benefits to the Employee if he or she is living. If he or she is not living, We have the right to pay all Accident and Health benefits, except accidental death and dismemberment benefits when provided for under this Policy, to one of the Employee's following: (1) estate; (2) spouse; (3) parents; (4) children; or (5) brothers and sisters. For any accidental death and dismemberment coverages under this Policy see the section in the applicable Certificate describing accidental death and dismemberment benefits for how these benefits are paid.

When proof of loss is filed, the Employee or any other payee may direct Us, in writing, to pay dental and vision benefits, if any, to the provider who furnished the covered service for which benefits became payable. We may honor such direction at Our option. However, We cannot require that a particular provider furnish such care. The Employee or any other payee may not assign the right to take legal action under this Policy to such provider.

Legal Actions: No legal action against this Policy shall be brought until 60 days from the date proof of loss has been given as shown above. No legal action shall be brought against this Policy after three years from the date written proof of loss is required to be given.

Workers' Compensation: The Accident and Health benefits provided by this Policy are not in place of and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

P023.0052

Option A

When An Employee's Active Service Ends

P023.0053

Option A for Class 0001

Accident Coverage: You may continue an Employee's Accident coverage after his or her active service ends with You only as follows:

- If an Employee's active service ends because he or she is disabled You may continue his or her coverage subject to all the terms of this Plan,
- If an Employee's active service ends because he or she goes on a leave of absence or is laid off, You may continue his or her coverage for the rest of the policy month in which the leave or layoff starts, plus 1 more full policy month(s). However, if the Employee joins any armed force before this period ends, You may continue his or her coverage until the date he or she becomes a member of such armed force.
- The amount of an Employee's coverage during any such continuation will be the amount in force on his or her last day of active service, subject to any reductions that would have otherwise applied if he or she had remained an active Employee.

P023.0067

Option A

If You continue an Employee's insurance as set forth above, it must be on a policy which prevents individual selection.

Any such continuation is subject to the payment of premiums and to all of the other terms and conditions of this Policy.

The amount of an Employee's insurance during any such continuation will be the insurance amount in force on his or her last day of active service, subject to any reductions that would have otherwise applied if he or she had remained an active Employee.

P023.0075

SCHEDULE OF OPTION PACKAGES

This Policy's classes are shown below. The benefit option packages which are available to Covered Persons who are members of each class are also shown below.

Class Description

Class 0001 ALL OTHER ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES

P023.0077

Option A

Benefit Option Packages

Employees may choose from the benefit packages available to members of their class. Coverage for a benefit will not become effective until the Covered Person satisfies the eligibility requirements. Coverage for a benefit that requires payment from the Employee will not become effective until the Employee: (1) elects it in a form acceptable by Us; and (2) agrees to make any required payments. The benefits are described in the applicable Certificate(s) attached to and made part of this Policy.

P023.0081

Members of Class 0001 may choose from benefit option packages A.

P023.0079

Option A Employee and Dependent Accident coverage with a Wellness benefit included.

P023.0082

ATTACHED CERTIFICATES

The Certificate(s) shown below are added to and made part of this policy.

P023.0128

Class 0001 A.

P023.0131

Option A

The Certificate(s) describe the Accident and Health Insurance benefits for which each class of Employees is eligible.

Each Employee's eligibility, effective date of insurance, plan of insurance, and termination date is determined by the option he or she has elected on his or her enrollment form, or other suitable documents approved by Guardian, and the provisions of the Certificate that apply to that option.

Certificate(s) will include any changes made by rider or amendments to this Policy.

P023.0130

Option A

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Schedule of Premium Rates

Accident Insurance

The monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the benefits provided under the Policy are listed below. Guardian has the right to change any premium rate(s) set forth below at the times and in the manner set forth in the Premiums section of the Policy.

P023.1854

Option A — Premium Rates

Employee Accident Insurance

P023.0092

Option A Class 0001

Rate per Employee

$ 16.20

P023.0093

Option A — Premium Rates

Dependent Spouse Accident Insurance

P023.0094

Option A Class 0001

Rate per Insured Spouse

$ 6.96

GP-1-SPR-AH-12R-MO P023.0095

Option A — Premium Rates

Dependent Child Accident Insurance

P023.0096

Option A Class 0001

Rate per Insured Child Unit

$ 14.70

P023.0097

Option A

Definitions

The terms shown below have the meanings shown below.

P023.0113

Option A

Insurance Age: This term means the Covered Person's age in years as of his or her birthday which is nearest the Policy's insurance age redetermination date. We consider the Covered Person to attain that age on such date. And, We redetermine his or her premium rate on that date.

For example, if the insurance age redetermination date is June 1, a Covered Person who attains age 30 on May 15 will be charged the age 30 premium rate as of the following June 1. A Covered Person who attains age 30 on October 10 is charged the age 30 premium rate as of the preceding June 1.

Insurance Age Redetermination Date: This term means the Policy effective date at the time when this Policy takes effect. After that, it means the Policy Anniversary Date.

P023.0114

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

THE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

(herein called Guardian)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund
with respect to
COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

This Rider amends the Policy as follows and is effective on its issue date:

- The "Non-Participating - No Dividends Payable" notice on the Policy face page is replaced with "Dividends Apportioned Annually, if Payable".
- The Dividends provision is added or replaced in its entirety within the General Provisions as shown below.

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by the Board of Directors of Guardian and will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any dividend under this Policy will be paid to the Policyholder in cash, or at the option of the Policyholder it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

In the event that the Employees are contributing toward the cost of the coverage under any group policy issued to the Policyholder and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other group policy or policies issued to the Policyholder are in excess of the Policyholder's share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by the Policyholder for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Finally, please note that it is not expected that any dividends will be payable under this Policy.

This Rider is part of this Policy. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

Dated at Bethlehem, PA This 23rd Day of September , 2021

Harris Oliner, Senior Vice President,
Corporate Secretary

Michael Prestileo,
Senior Vice President

P070.0043

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

A Mutual Company - Incorporated 1860 by the State of New York
10 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001

POLICYHOLDER: COLUMBIA COLLEGE

GROUP POLICY NUMBER	DELIVERED IN	POLICY DATE
G-00463298	Missouri	March 1, 2017

POLICY ANNIVERSARIES: January 1st of each year, beginning in 2012

Important Notice: This is a limited plan of Hospital Indemnity insurance. It is a supplement to health insurance. It is not a substitute for hospital or medical expense insurance, a health maintenance organization (HMO) contract, or major medical expense insurance. Please read this Policy carefully to fully understand what it covers, limits, and excludes. This Policy does not meet the Federal requirement for health care coverage under the Affordable Care Act.

GUARDIAN AGREES to pay benefits in accordance with, and subject to, the terms of this Policy. This promise is based on the Policyholder's Application and payment of the required premiums.

This Policy is delivered in the jurisdiction shown above and is governed by its laws.

This Policy takes effect on the Policy Date shown above.

IN WITNESS OF WHICH, GUARDIAN has caused this Policy to be executed as of September 23, 2021 which is its date of issue.

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

GROUP INSURANCE POLICY
Providing
Hospital Indemnity Insurance

Dividends Apportioned Annually

Please read this Policy carefully. If any error or omission is found, send full details with the number of the Policy to Guardian.

P023.1816

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Option A

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Definitions

The terms shown below have the meanings shown below.

Covered Person: This term means an Employee or Dependent insured by this Policy.

Employee: This term means a person: (1) who works for You or an associated company at Your or such company's place of business; and (2) whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 or 1099 form.

Employer: This term means the entity that purchased the Plan.

Guardian, Our, Us and We: These terms mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Hospital Indemnity Insurance: This term means Hospital Indemnity Insurance provided by the Plan.

Policy: This term means the Guardian group Hospital Indemnity Insurance Policy purchased by You.

You and Your: As used in this Policy, these terms mean the Policyholder who purchased this group Policy. As used in the Certificate(s) attached to this Policy, these terms mean an insured Employee.

P020.1732

Option A

Incontestability

This Policy will be incontestable after two years from its Policy Date, except for non-payment of premiums.

This Policy may replace the group policy of another insurer. In that case, We may rescind this Policy based on misrepresentations made in Your or a Covered Person's signed application for up to two years from the Policy Date.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a Covered Person will be used to contest the validity of his or her insurance or to deny a claim for a loss incurred after his or her insurance has been in force for two years during his or her lifetime.

In the event a Covered Person's insurance is rescinded due to a fraudulent statement made in his or her application We will refund premiums paid for the periods such insurance is void. The premium paid by the Covered Person will be sent to his or her last known address on file with You or Us. If You pay all or part of the cost of a Covered Person's insurance Your part of the premium will be paid to You.

P020.1733

Option A

Associated Companies

An associated company is a business entity affiliated with You through common ownership of stock or assets.

If You ask Us in writing to include such a company under this Policy, We will treat Employees of that company like Your Employees. We must give Our written approval. Our approval will show the starting date of the company's coverage under this Policy. Each Eligible employee of that company must still meet all of the terms and conditions of this Policy before he or she will be insured.

You must notify Us in writing when a company ceases to be an associated company. On the date a company ceases to be such a company, this Policy will end for all of that company's Employees, except those covered by You or another associated company as Employees on such date.

P020.0034

Option A

Premiums

Premiums are payable by You as follows: (1) the first premium is due on the Policy Date; and (2) later premiums are, during the time this Policy remains in force, due the 1st of each month.

Premiums due under this Policy must be paid by You: (1) at a Guardian office; or (2) to a representative that We have authorized. The premiums must be paid as shown above, unless by agreement between You and Us, the interval of payment is changed. In that event, adjustment will be made for payment annually, semi-annually, or quarterly.

The premium due under this Policy on each due date will be the sum of the premium charges for the insurance provided under this Policy. The premium charges are based on the rates set forth in the Schedule of Premium Rates.

We may change such rates: (1) on the first day of any Policy month; (2) on any date the extent or terms of coverage for You are changed by amendment of this Policy; or (3) on any date Our obligation under this Policy with respect to You is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements.

We must give You 31 days written notice of the rate change. Such change will apply to any premium due on and after the effective date of the change stated in such notice.

Adjustment Of Premiums Payable Other Than Monthly Or Quarterly

A premium rate may be changed after an annual or semi-annual premium became payable with respect to insurance on and after the date of such change. In that case, the premium will be adjusted by a pro rata change for the rest of the period for which the premium became payable. If the adjustment results in a decrease, the amount of the decrease will be paid to You by Us. If the adjustment results in an increase, the amount of the increase will be considered a premium due on the date of the rate change. This Policy's grace period will apply to any such premium due.

Grace In Payment Of Premiums - Termination Of Policy

A grace period of 31 days, without interest charge, will be allowed for each premium payment except the first. If You give Us advance written notice of an earlier termination date during the grace period, this Policy will end as of such earlier date.

If this Policy ends during or at the end of the grace period, You will still owe Us premium for all the time this Policy was in force during the grace period.

This Policy ends on any date when a coverage under this Policy ends and, as a result, no benefits remain in effect under this Policy.

P020.1740

Option A

Term of Policy - Renewal Privilege

This Policy is issued for a term of one year from the Policy Date shown on face page. All policy years and policy months will be calculated from the Policy Date. All periods of insurance will begin and end at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time at Your place of business.

You may renew this Policy for a further term of one year on the first and each subsequent Policy Anniversary. All renewals are subject to the payment of premiums then due, computed as shown in Premiums.

We have the right to decline to renew this Policy, or any coverage under it, on any Policy Anniversary or premium due date, if, on that date the number of Employees is below Our minimum group size requirements.

You may cancel this Policy at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This notice must be sent to our Home Office. You will owe Us all unpaid premiums for the period this Policy is in force. We may cancel this Policy by giving You 31 days advance written notice.

The Contract

The entire contract between You and Us consists of: (1) this Policy; (2) the Schedule of Premium Rates; (3) the Certificate(s) which describe(s) the insurance for which the Covered Persons are insured; (4) any attached riders, schedule of benefits or amendments; and (5) Your application, a copy of which is attached. In the event of a conflict, the Policy shall reign.

We can amend this Policy at any time, without the consent of the insured Employee or any other person having a beneficial interest in it: (1) upon written request made by You and agreed to by Us; (2) on any date Our obligation under this Policy with respect to You is changed because of statutory or other regulatory requirements; or (3) on any date on which Our contractual relationship with any vendor supplying services or supplies with respect to this Policy changes.

If We amend this Policy, except upon request made by You, We must give You written notice of such change.

Any amendments to this Policy will be without prejudice to any claim arising prior to the date of the change.

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of Guardian, has the authority to act for Us to: (1) determine whether any contract, policy or certificate is to be issued; (2) waive or alter any provisions of any contract or policy, or any of Our requirements; (3) bind Us by any statement or promise relating to the contract issued or to be issued; or (4) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

P020.1752

Option A

Clerical Error - Misstatements Of Age

Neither clerical error by You or Us in keeping any records on the insurance under this Policy, nor delays in making entries, will invalidate insurance otherwise validly in force or continue insurance otherwise validly terminated. On discovery of such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made.

Premium adjustments involving return of unearned premium to You will be limited to the period of 60 days before the date of Our receipt of satisfactory evidence that such adjustments should be made.

The age of an Employee, or any other relevant facts, may be found to have been misstated. If premiums are affected due to this, an equitable adjustment of premiums will be made. If such misstatement involves whether or not an insurance risk would have been accepted by Us, or the amount of insurance, the true facts will be used to determine whether insurance is in force under the terms of this Policy, and in what amount.

Statements

No statement will void the insurance under this Policy, or be used in defense of a claim unless: (1) in Your case, it is contained in the application signed by You; or (2) in the case of a Covered Person, it is contained in a written instrument signed by him or her.

All statements will be deemed representations and not warranties.

P020.1756

Option A

Assignment

For Hospital Indemnity Insurance, the Employee's Certificate and his or her right to benefits under this Policy are not assignable.

Assignment or transfer of Your interest under this Policy will not bind Us without Our written consent.

P020.1757

Option A

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of the Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by Our Board of Directors. It will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any such dividend will be: (1) paid to You in cash; or (2) at Your option it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

If the Employees contribute toward the cost of the insurance under any other group policy issued to You by Us and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other such group policy or policies are in excess of Your share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by You for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Payment of any dividend to You will completely discharge Our liability with respect to the dividend so paid.

P020.0053

Option A

Employee's Certificate

We will issue to You, for delivery to each insured Employee, a certificate of insurance. It will state the essential features of the insurance to which the employee is entitled and to whom the benefits are payable. In the event this Policy is amended, and such amendment affects the material contained in the certificate, a rider or revised certificate reflecting such amendment will be issued to You for delivery to affected Employees.

Employees Notice

From time to time We may provide You with notices that are needed due to state or federal requirements. You must deliver copies of these notices to each of Your Employees.

P023.1831

Option A

Claims Of Creditors

Except when prohibited by the laws of the jurisdiction in which this Policy was issued, the insurance and other benefits under this Policy will be exempt from execution, garnishment, attachment, or other legal or equitable process, for the debts or liabilities of the Covered Persons or their beneficiaries.

P023.1832

Option A

Records - Information To Be Furnished

You must keep a record of the insured Employees containing, for each Employee, the essential details of the insurance which apply to him or her. You must periodically forward to Us, on Our forms, such information concerning the Employees in the classes eligible for insurance under this Policy as may reasonably be considered to have a bearing: (1) on the administration of the insurance under this Policy; and (2) on the determination of the premium rates. For benefits which are based on an Employee's salary, changes in his or her salary must promptly be reported to Us. Your payroll and other such records which have a bearing on the insurance must be furnished to Us at our request at any reasonable time.

P023.1834

Option A

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a doctor of Our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this Policy as often as We may reasonably require during the pendency of the claim. We have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We will pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

P020.1783

Option A

Conformity With Law

If the provisions of this Policy do not conform to the requirements of any state or federal law or regulation that applies, any such provision is changed to conform with Our interpretation of the requirements of that law or regulation.

P020.0058

Option A

New Entrants

Eligible new Employees may be added to the group originally insured in accordance with the terms of this Policy. Eligible new Dependents may be added to the group originally insured in accordance with the terms of this Policy.

P020.0060

Option A

Hospital Indemnity Claims Provisions

An Employee's right to make a claim for any Hospital Indemnity benefits provided by this Policy is governed as follows:

Notice: The Employee must send Us written notice of an injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include his or her name and Policy number. If the claim is being made for any other Covered Person, his or her name should also be shown.

Claim Forms: We will furnish the Employee with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. If we do not furnish the forms on time, We will accept a written description and adequate proof of the injury or sickness that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. The Employee must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made.

Proof of Loss: The Employee must send written proof of loss to Our designated office. This proof must be sent within 90 days of the end of each period for which We are liable.

Failure to provide proof within the specified time frame does not reduce or invalidate a claim if it was not reasonably possible to give such proof and the proof was provided as soon as reasonably possible. In no event, except in the absence of legal capacity of the claimant, may proof of loss be sent later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required.

Late Notice or Proof: We will not void or reduce the Employee claim if he or she cannot send Us notice and proof of loss within the required time. In that case, the Employee must send Us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits: The Employee must submit periodic written proof of loss as shown above. Any balance remaining unpaid at the end of Our liability will be paid as soon as We receive written proof.

We will pay all Hospital Indemnity benefits as soon as We receive written proof of loss.

Unless otherwise required by law or regulation, We pay all Hospital Indemnity benefits to the Employee if he or she is living. If he or she is not living, We have the right to pay all Hospital Indemnity benefits to one of the following, the Employee's: (1) estate; (2) spouse; (3) parents; (4) children; or (5) brothers and sisters. See the section in the applicable Certificate describing Hospital Indemnity benefits for how Hospital Indemnity benefits are paid.

Legal Actions: No legal action against this Policy shall be brought until 60 days from the date proof of loss has been given as shown above. No legal action shall be brought against this Policy after three years from the date written proof of loss is required to be given.

Workers' Compensation: The Hospital Indemnity benefits provided by this Policy are not in place of and do not affect requirements for coverage by Worker's Compensation.

P020.1784

Option A

When An Employee's Active Service Ends

"You may not continue an Employee's Hospital Indemnity insurance after his or he active service with You ends."

P020.1759

SCHEDULE OF OPTION PACKAGES

This Policy's classes are shown below. The benefit option packages which are available to Covered Persons who are members of each class are also shown below.

Class Description

Class 0001 ALL OTHER ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES

P023.0077

Option A

Benefit Option Packages

Employees may choose from the benefit packages available to members of their class. Coverage for a benefit will not become effective until the Covered Person satisfies the eligibility requirements. Coverage for a benefit that requires payment from the Employee will not become effective until the Employee: (1) elects it in a form acceptable by Us; and (2) agrees to make any required payments. The benefits are described in the applicable Certificate(s) attached to and made part of this Policy.

P023.0081

Members of Class 0001 may choose from benefit option packages A.

P023.0079

Option A

- Hospital Indemnity insurance

P020.1760

ATTACHED CERTIFICATES

The Certificate(s) shown below are added to and made part of this policy.

P023.0128

Class 0001 A.

P023.0131

The Certificate(s) describe the Hospital Indemnity Insurance benefits for which each class of Employees is eligible.

Each Employee's eligibility, effective date of insurance, plan of insurance, and termination date is determined by the option he or she has elected on his or her enrollment form, or other suitable documents approved by Guardian, and the provisions of the Certificate that apply to that option.

Certificate(s) will include any changes made by rider or amendments to this Policy.

P020.1761

Option A

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Schedule of Premium Rates

Hospital Indemnity Insurance

The monthly premium rates, in U.S. dollars, for the benefits provided under the Policy are listed below. Guardian has the right to change any premiums rates(s) set forth below at the times and in the manner set forth in the Premiums section of the Policy.

P020.1770

Option A **Premium Rates**

Hospital Indemnity Coverage

P020.1771

Option A Class 0001

Rate per Employee	per Employee and Insured Spouse with no Insured Child	per Employee and Insured Child(ren) with no Insured Spouse	per Employee and Insured Family
$ 16.26	$ 31.82	$ 26.02	$ 41.58

P020.1775

Option A

ATTACHED TO AND MADE PART OF GROUP INSURANCE POLICY NO. G -00463298-HC

issued by

THE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

(herein called Guardian)

to

Trustees of the Professional and Technical Services Industry Insurance Trust Fund with respect to COLUMBIA COLLEGE

(herein called the Policyholder)

This Rider amends the Policy as follows and is effective on its issue date:

- The "Non-Participating - No Dividends Payable" notice on the Policy face page is replaced with "Dividends Apportioned Annually, if Payable".
- The Dividends provision is added or replaced in its entirety within the General Provisions as shown below.

Dividends

The portion, if any, of the divisible surplus of Guardian allocable to this Policy at each Policy Anniversary will be determined annually by the Board of Directors of Guardian and will be credited to this Policy as a dividend on such anniversary, provided this Policy is continued in force by the payment of all premiums to such anniversary.

Any dividend under this Policy will be paid to the Policyholder in cash, or at the option of the Policyholder it may be applied to the reduction of the premiums then due.

In the event that the Employees are contributing toward the cost of the coverage under any group policy issued to the Policyholder and the aggregate dividends under this Policy and any other group policy or policies issued to the Policyholder are in excess of the Policyholder's share of the aggregate cost, such excess will be applied by the Policyholder for the sole benefit of the Employees.

Finally, please note that it is not expected that any dividends will be payable under this Policy.

This Rider is part of this Policy. Except as stated in this Rider, nothing contained in this Rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

Dated at Bethlehem, PA This 23rd Day of September , 2021

Harris Oliner, Senior Vice President,
Corporate Secretary

Michael Prestileo,
Senior Vice President

P070.0043

END OF POLICY DOCUMENT